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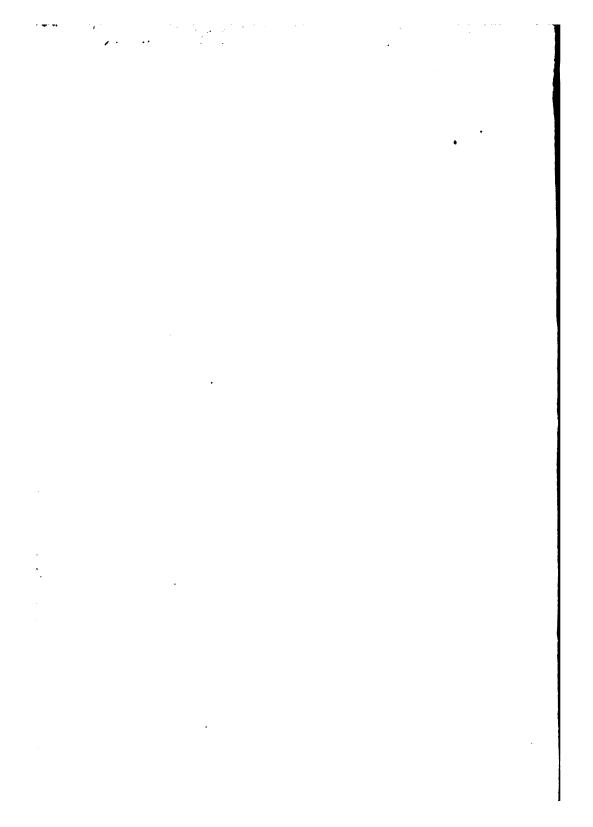
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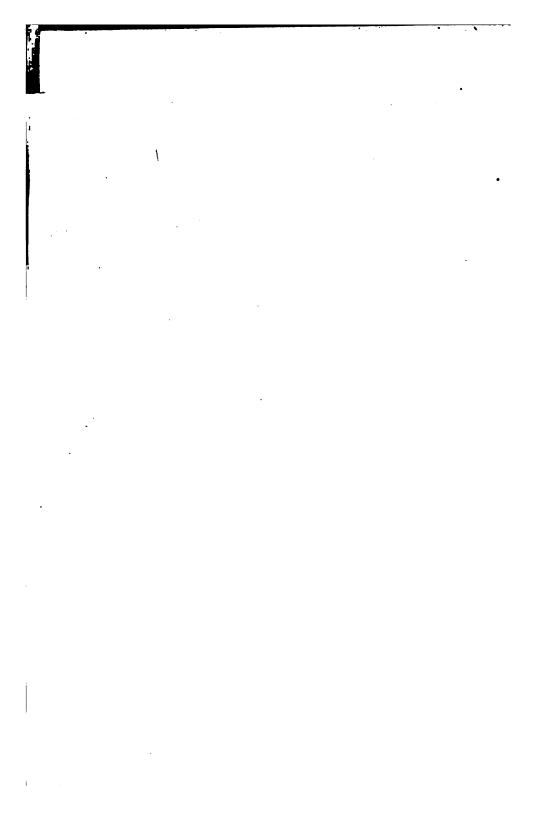


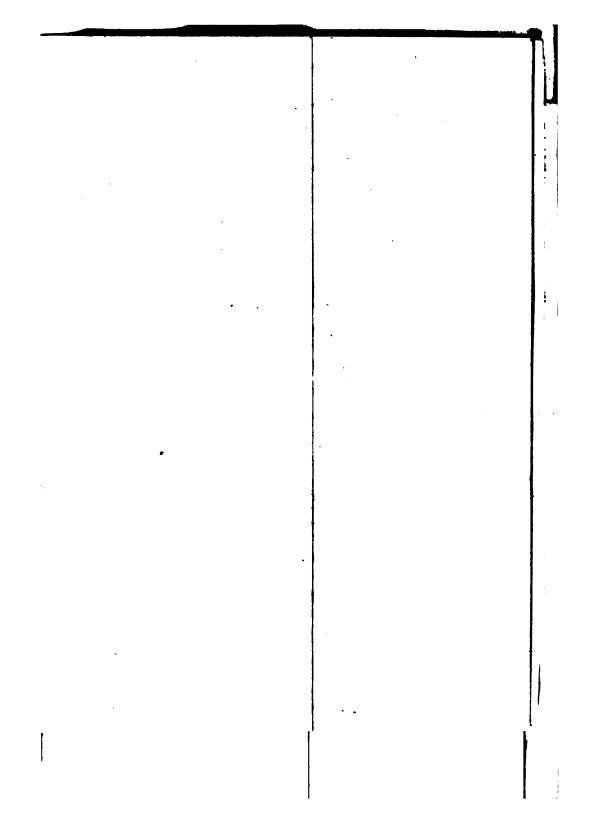
BULLETIN No. 61.

[Revised to September 1, 1893.]

1892.







#### EXPLANATIONS ON MAP-TRANSLATED.

Map of the Oriental Republic of Uruguay. (A reduction of the map drawn by Gen. Don José M. Reyes of the engineers corps, with amendments based on data and information on file in the archives of the Bureau of Public Works.)

This map, dated Montevideo, January, 1893, is the work of Don Severo A. Rodriguez. a member of the topographical division of the Bureau of Public Works, and is published under his signature. It also bears the approval of the Bureau, as witnessed by its seal and the signature of its Director.

#### REFERENCIAS.

Limite internacional. Caminos públicos.

Telégrafos.

Vias férreas en explotación y telégrafos.

Vias férreas en construcción.

l'erro-carriles en estudio.

Cable submarino.

l'aros fijos.

Faros flotantes.

Pasas. Capital.

Cabezas de departamentos.

Pueblos.

Centros de colonias.

Ciudad de Montevideo.

Bahia.

Vientos principales de la Bahía de Montevideo.

Dominante S. O. A S. Reinante S. B. Travesia sud.

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National boundaries.

Public roads.

Telegraph lines.

Railroads and telegraph lines in operation.

Railroads in construction.

Railroad lines under study.

Submarine cable.

Light-houses (stationary).

Light-houses (floating).

Passes.

Capital.
Capitals of departments.

Towns.

Towns.

Centers of colonies.

City of Montevideo.

Bay.

Direction of the principal winds in the bay of Mon-

tevideo.

Prevailing, S. W. A S.

Reigning, S. E.

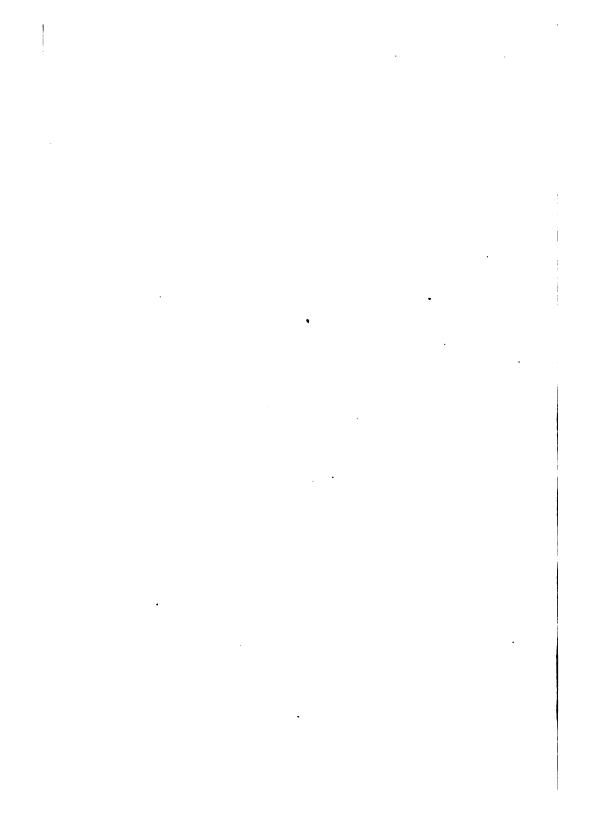
Cross wind, south.

Posición geográfica de varios puntos importantes con relación al meridiano de Paris.

Geographical position of some important places according to the meridian of Paris.

Polonia (Faro).
Cabo Santa María
José Ignacio (Faro).
Isia de Lobos.
Punta del Este (Faro).
Banco Inglés (P. Faro).
Isia de Flores (Faro).
Punta Brava (Faro).
Montevideo (Catedral).
Montevideo (Cerro-Faro).
Panela (P. Faro).
Farallón (Faro).
Farallón (Faro).
Paysandú (Muelle).

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José Ignacio Light-house, S. Lat. 34° 50′ 01″, Lon. W. 57° 02′ 14.4″.
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Paysandú (the wharf), S. Lat. 38° 18′ 30″, Lon. W. 60° 31′ 24″.



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WASHINGTON, D. C., U. S. A.

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Director.—CLINTON FURBISH.
Secretary.—FREDERIC EMORY.

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- 2. Hand Book of the American Republics, No. 2.
- Hand Book of the American Republics, No. 3.
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- q. Hand Book of Mexico.
- 31. Hand Book of Costa Rica.
- 32. Hand Book of Guatemala.
- 33. Hand Book of Colombia.
- 34. Hand Book of Venezuela.
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- 61. Hand Book of Uruguay.
- 5. Import Duties of Mexico.
- 8. Import Duties of Brazil.
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- 11. Import Duties of Costa Rica.
- 12. Import Duties of Santo Domingo.
- 20. Import Duties of Nicaragua.
- 21. Import Duties of Mexico (revised).
- 22. Import Duties of Bolivia.
- 23. Import Duties of Salvador.
- 24. Import Duties of Honduras.
- 25. Import Duties of Ecuador.
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- 36. Import Duties of Venezuela.
- 37. Import Duties of the British Colonics.
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- 44. Import Duties of the United States.
- 45. Import Duties of Peru.
- 46. Import Duties of Chile.
- 47. Import Duties of Uruguay.
- 48. Import Duties of the Argentine Republic.
- 49. Import Duties of Haiti.
- 13. Commercial Directory of Brazil.
- 14. Commercial Directory of Venezuela.
- 15. Commercial Directory of Colombia.

- 16. Commercial Directory of Peru.
- 17. Commercial Directory of Chile.
- 18. Commercial Directory of Mexico.
- 19. Commercial Directory of Bolivia, Ecuador, Paraguay, and Uruguay.
- 26. Commercial Directory of the Argentine Republic.
- 28. Commercial Directory of Central America.
- Commercial Directory of Haiti and Santo Domingo.
- 38. Commercial Directory of Cuba and Puerto Rico.
- Commercial Directory of European Colonies.
  - Commercial Directory of Latin America.
- 42. Newspaper Directory of Latin America.
  - Patent and Trade-Mark Laws of America.
- Money, Weights, and Measures of the American Republics.
- 6. Foreign Commerce of the American Republics.
- 30. First Annual Report, 1891.
  - Second Annual Report, 1892.
- 35. Breadstuffs in Latin America.
- 40. Mines and Mining Laws of Latin
  America.
- 41. Commercial Information Concerning the American Republics and Colonies.
- Immigration and Land Laws of Latin America.
- How the Markets of Latin America may be reached.
  - Manual de las Repúblicas Americanas, 1891.
- Monthly Bulletin, October, 1893—Coffee in America.

The above list includes publications of the Bureau from its organization to November, 1893. No requests based upon the above will be noticed.

On the following page will be found a list of publications issued by the Bureau, of which a limited number remain for distribution.

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- Import Duties of Mexico (revised).
- Import Duties of Bolivia.
- 'Import Duties of Salvador.
- Import Duties of Honduras.
- Import Duties of Ecuador.
- Import Duties of Colombia.
- Import Duties of Venezuela.
- 'Import Duties of Guatemala.
- ' Import Duties of the United States.
- 'Import Duties of Peru.
- Import Duties of Chile.
- Import Duties of Uruguay.
- Commercial Directory of Brazil.
- ' Commercial Directory of Venezuela.
- Commercial Directory of Colombia.

\*Commercial Directory of Mexico.

\*Commercial Directory of Peru.

Commercial Directory of Chile.

Commercial Directory of Bolivia, Ecuador, Paraguay, and Uruguay.

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## Chapter I.

## THE COUNTRY, ITS SITUATION, AREA, PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY, AND RESOURCES

Uruguay, officially known as "la República Oriental del Uruguay" [the Eastern Republic of the Uruguay], is situated on the eastern coast line of South America, in the temperate zone, and is the smallest of the independent States of that continent, but one of the most favored in climate, soil, and geographical situation. The country is also known as "Banda Oriental del Uruguay" and "Estado Oriental," from its position on the eastern side of the river Uruguay.

It lies between 30° and 35° south latitude and 53° and 58° 30′ longitude west of Greenwich; is bounded on the north, northeast, and east by Brazil, from which it is partly separated by the river Cuareim, the Cuchilla de Santa Anna, the river Yaguarón, Lake Merim, and the river Chuy. The Atlantic Ocean bounds it on the southeast and south, and the Rio de la Plata on the south and southwest, while the Argentine Republic, separated by the river Uruguay, stretches along the western confines.

The area of the country is officially stated to be 186,920 square kilometers, equivalent to 72,172 English square miles. It is an irregular polygon in shape, with a perimeter of about 1,075 miles, 355 miles of which extend along the Atlantic Ocean and the Rio de la Plata on the southeast and south, and 270 miles along the river Uruguay on the west, while the northern and eastern border has a length of 450 miles along the Brazilian border.

About five miles from the southern coast, in the Rio de la Plata,
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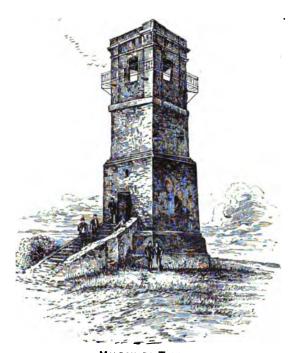
belonging to the department of Canelones, are three small islands, and upon one of them, Isla de Flores, there is stationed the lazaretto, comprising two large buildings capable of accommodating 1,000 persons. To the east of the coast, off Maldonado, are two islands belonging to that department. Garriti, one of these islands, about two miles from the port of Maldonado and protecting its harbor, was at one time a fortified place.

The island of Lobos, about four miles from the coast, in the Atlantic Ocean, is one of the principal seal islands of the country. On these several small islands and three groups off the coast of Rocha, some of which are employed for pasturage, seals are found in abundance in the winter season, and their capture, regulated by the State, forms one of the chief industries of the inhabitants along the coast. There are some small and unimportant islands in the Rio de la Plata off Colonia, on one of which, Faralón, there is a light-house of considerable size, and there are besides, numerous small ones along the course of the Uruguay, many of them suitable for agriculture and affording rich fields for pasturage.

The coast line possesses very few bays or natural harbors, that of Montevideo being the only one of any importance. Cabo Santa María, which divides the Rio de la Plata from the ocean, is the principal cape of the coast line.

The Atlantic coast is low and sandy. On the Rio de la Plata the shore, indented by several open bays, is high and rocky. The country along the Uruguay is generally low, though in places table lands of a moderate elevation skirt the shore. The interior of the country presents an almost continuous undulation formed by the numerous chains of low mountains and hills with grassy slopes extending in all directions, while luxuriant groves stretch along the banks of its principal rivers and streams, which, descending in great numbers from the hills and winding through the country, water its fertile pasture lands.

The country in the south and southeast is diversified and



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## BUREAU OF THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS,

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# URUGUAY.

miles to its mouth. This grand estuary is about 24 miles wide at the island of Martin García, near the mouth of the Uruguay; below, between Buenos Aires and Colonia, it measures 30 miles, while opposite Montevideo its width is 48 miles; and at Cabo Santa María, in Uruguay, where it empties into the Atlantic, it attains a width of 120 miles. In many places, the water is very shallow, and the tide, by reason of the winds, is scarcely noticeable. The tributaries of this great river drain a vast extent of country, including most of Paraguay, Uruguay, and the Argentine Republic, even extending to parts of Bolivia and Brazil; and its muddy waters can be traced on the Atlantic Ocean for almost 200 miles from its mouth.

The river Uruguay, rising in Brazil among the mountains of Santa Catarina and flowing west and then south, forms, when it reaches the territory of Uruguay, the boundary between it and the Argentine Republic till its junction with the Paraná. Where it first touches Uruguay, it receives the Rio Cuareim, a tributary 160 miles long. Here, it has a width of about 1,500 yards and is divided by a line of wooded islands. Its next important tributary is the Arapey. Here, the bed becomes rocky and the current swift, till it forms the Salto Chico, a cataract of considerable size. Below, the river, fed by many tributaries, grows rapidly, and about 80 miles from its mouth receives its largest affluent, the Rio Negro. Continuing its course, it unites, in latitude 34° south, with the Paraná and forms the Rio de la Plata. The length of the Uruguay is about 1,000 miles. Its waters are clear and it contains many islands in its course.

The annual freshets occur in September or October, with an average rise of about 20 feet; though in seasons of severe rains its waters reach a maximum of 40 feet above low water. The width of the river from its mouth to Fray Bentos is from 6 to 9 miles, its channels narrowing above by reason of the many small islands, which form narrow and deep canals; the normal width of the cur-

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rent is from 3 to 4 miles, gradually narrowing to its source. This river is navigable to Paysandú for large vessels, while vessels engaged in the coasting trade ascend as far as Salto. Further ascent is impossible except in seasons of flood, by reason of the cataract of Salto Chico, about 200 miles from its mouth; but beyond these falls, there is unimpeded navigation for vessels of light draught for about 300 miles.

The Rio Negro is the only important river in the interior of the country, which is practicably navigable for any distance. Rising in the Cuchilla de Santa Tecla in Brazil and crossing Uruguay from northeast to southwest, it divides the country into two nearly equal parts, and after a course of about 350 miles empties its waters, fed by many arroyos, into the Uruguay. This river is navigable for vessels of light draft for about 55 miles, and Mercedes, its principal port, has considerable river traffic.

The other thirteen rivers are the Cuareim, separating Uruguay on the north from Brazil, with a course of 160 miles; the Arapey, Daymán, and Queguay in the east, flowing into the Uruguay, and respectively 105, 80, and 115 miles in length; the Tacuarembó flowing 125 miles from the north into the Rio Negro, and the Yi emptying into the same river on the south, after a course of 135 miles; in the east the Yaguarón and the Tacuarí about 80 miles each in length, emptying into Lake Merim; the Olimar Grande with a course 82 miles long, uniting with the Cebollati, which flows for a distance of 95 miles into Lake Merim; on the south the San José running 93 miles into the Santa Lucía, the San Salvador flowing through Soriano for 50 miles into the Uruguay, and the Santa Lucía emptying its waters into the Rio de la Plata near Montevideo, after a course of 94 miles.

All these tributaries of the Uruguay or La Plata are navigable for small vessels for distances varying from 15 to 30 miles, and the whole river system of the country is fed by more than 500 "arroyos," which thoroughly irrigate the land.

The waters of the Rio Negro, the Uruguay, and some of the interior rivers have the property of petrifying animal and vegetable matter, and those of the Rio Negro and Santa Lucía are said to possess therapeutic qualities.

Uruguay contains some lagunas or shallow lakes of considerable size. In the southeast, near the coast, are the Castillo Grande, with an area of 162 square miles; Rocha, 27 square miles in area; Laguna de los Difuntos, San Ignacio, Santa Teresa, Sauce, and several others situated in the departments of Rocha and Maldonado; la Hermosa and la Gaucha in the northeast, in the department of Cerro Largo, and several small ones in the departments of Tacuarembó on the north and Florida on the south, together with Lake Buceo in Montevideo, and several others of less importance in other departments.

To the east of the country, is Lake Merim, which large body of water touches the departments of Rocha, Treinta y Tres, and Cerro Largo; this lake has a length of about 100 miles and is 20 miles in width; it lies wholly within the territory of Brazil, to which it belongs.

## Chapter II.

### HISTORICAL SKETCH.

On the 8th of October, 1515, Juan Diaz de Solís sailed with three caravels from the port of Lepe, in Spain, and early in the following year, reached the coast of Brazil, which by that time had been visited by several explorers. Continuing down the coast, he reached Cape Santa María, within the limits of the present Republic of Uruguay, and doubling its extremity, entered the large bay which lay beyond, and which it is said he had before visited in 1508. From this place, he continued his voyage along the coast to the west until he reached an island supposed to be that which is now called San Gabriel, not far from the present city and port of Colonia. of his vessels anchored at this island, he set sail with his smallest ship and arrived at the island in the mouth of the Rio de la Plata, to which he gave the name of his pilot, Martín García, which it has retained to this day. Determining to take possession of the country in the name of the Crown of Castile, and to explore the region of the coast, he disembarked with nine companions. band of natives from a place of concealment had watched their landing, and attacking them unexpectedly, killed Solis and eight of his men, and captured the remaining one, Francisco del Puerto, who had been badly wounded.

The natives of Uruguay at that time were divided into two powerful tribes or nations—the Charruas and the Yaros. It was to a band of the former that the great navigator Solis fell a victim. One account of the landing of Solis represents him and his

band as captured and devoured by the natives; but there is no other evidence that cannibalism was practiced by them.

The Charruas belonged to the great family of the Guaranies, and their character and disposition are indicated by their name, which in the Guarany language meant fierce and quarrelsome. As a general rule, the various South American tribes were named from some prominent characteristic. Their weapons were the rude arms common to all primitive races, and their utensils, such as are found buried all over the continent—stone hatchets, rough clay pottery, etc.

Three years later, Hernando de Magallanes set sail from the port of San Lucas and, following the same course as Solis, entered the Rio de la Plata, whose stream he ascended some distance and explored the waters of the Uruguay, Guazú, and Paraná rivers in an attempt to penetrate westward in his search of a route to the East Indies, which was the constant object of the explorers of that time. Abandoning the attempt, he left the river and continued his voyage down the coast of Patagonia, until driven back by the cold storms.

On the 1st of April, 1526, Sebastian Cabot left Seville for the Moluccas, but, deciding to follow in the route of Solis, reached the Rio de la Plata. He sent an expedition under his lieutenant, Juan Alvarez Ramon, to explore the country along the Uruguay, but the band was attacked by the Charruas, and its leader killed, with many of his followers. Cabot himself ascended the Plata, exploring the west shore, and entering the Paraná, pushed his expedition as far as the great falls called Salto de Agua. Returning, he entered the Paraguay, which he ascended as far as Bermejo.

After these explorations and against the fierce and determined opposition of the savages, who resisted desperately every advance of the strangers, the first attempts at occupation of the region were made by the establishment of military posts and settlements along the explored streams. In 1527, Cabot directed the erection of the

URUGUAY. 9

first fort constructed in the "Banda Oriental," or belt of country east of the Uruguay. It was situated on the river San Salvador as a protection against the attacks of the natives, and was held until 1580, when it was abandoned by its garrison.

In 1550, Capt. Juan Romero was sent from Asuncion to make the first settlement within the present limits of Uruguay, and established himself on the San Juan, giving to the settlement the name of San Juan Bautista. Two years later, the place was abandoned by the colonists, who had become disheartened and unable to resist the continued attacks of the savages. A settlement was begun in 1574 at the place where Cabot had established his fort, on the San Salvador, and was called by the name of that river. This colony also had been sent from Paraguay, and, like the last named, was abandoned by the settlers, who returned to Paraguay, worn out by the unrelenting warfare waged upon them by the natives, and lacking the means of subsistence.

In the meanwhile, the Spanish conquerors had established themselves firmly in Paraguay and were pushing their settlements into the country now known as the Argentine Republic, renewing, from time to time, their attempts to gain a solid foothold in the region east of the Uruguay, whose rich pastures attracted the raisers of cattle. The opposition of the natives was, however, so fierce and so successful that little or no progress towards occupation was made for a long time. In 1603, a veteran Spanish force under Saavedra was routed in a pitched battle by the Charruas.

It was not until 1624 that the first of the centers of population that now exist was founded. This settlement was made on the Rio Negro, about two leagues from its mouth, by a monk named Bernardo de Guzmán, and was called Santo Domingo de Soriano.

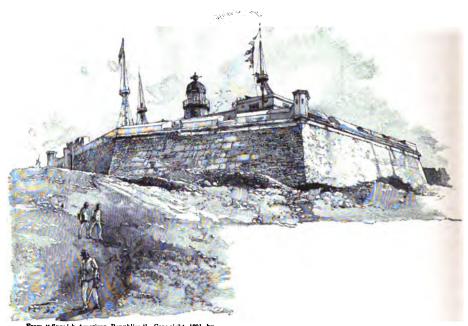
The Banda Oriental belonged nominally to the Government of Buenos Aires, but being in a territory whose jurisdiction was disputed by Spain and Portugal, and being almost entirely unoccupied by the Spaniards, the Portuguese, who had already established themselves firmly in Brazil, attempted the occupation of the country by the establishment, in 1680, of the colony of Sacramento (Colonia), on the Rio de la Plata, almost in face of Buenos Aires. A lively trade sprang up between the two places, and the inhabitants of the latter were enabled to obtain at a much lower price articles which they had been compelled to obtain from Peru under an exorbitant tax. Extending their possession in 1723, the Portuguese seized and fortified the heights surrounding the bay of Montevideo.

The Spaniards, menaced in their possessions and revenues, dispatched an expedition in 1724 against the Portuguese at Montevideo, who surrendered to the attacking force without resistance; and in January, 1726, Montevideo was founded by a settlement of six families under Marshal Bruno Mauricio de Zabula. These families came from Buenos Aires, and were joined during the same year by twelve more brought from the Canaries.

In 1735, Colonia was besieged by the Spaniards, and the investment of the place lasted till September, 1737, when the attacking force was compelled to withdraw. The attack was resumed in 1761, and this time the town was forced to capitulate, but was restored to the Portuguese in 1763 by the treaty of Paris. In 1762, the town of San Carlos was founded, and in the following year, Maldonado was settled by some families coming from Rio Grande, under the lead of Pedro Ceballos. Santa Lucia was founded in 1778 by immigrants from Asturias and Galicia, and in 1781, other Asturian families established the settlement of Pando. Other colonial centers were subsequently settled along the border and in the interior, as Paysandú in 1782, by twelve families from the Missiones; San José and Minas, in 1783; Rocha, in 1793, by Asturians and Galicians.

The Viceroy Zeballos, who was at the head of the Spanish colonies on the Plata, finding it impossible to enforce the old fiscal laws on account of the numerous frauds on the revenue, which

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he had no means of preventing, declared exempt from duty most of the merchandise coming from Spain, and imposed an export tax of 3 to 15 per cent on the products of the colonies sent to Spain, and collected on their arrival in that country. This measure was followed by considerable commercial activity in Buenos Aires and Montevideo, where the exportation of leather, salted meats, and wool had already reached some importance.

In 1806, an English fleet, under Commodore Popham, appeared before Montevideo, but, finding the place prepared for attack, proceeded to Buenos Aires, which was captured without much resistance on the 27th of June. The whole English force consisted of 5 vessels and only 1,500 men, and the slight resistance offered by the viceroy has been imputed to cowardice. The indignation excited by the surrender made it easy for Capt. Santiago de Liniers to collect a body of about 3,000 men for the recapture of the place. He attacked the English in Buenos Aires, who were under the command of Gen. Beresford, and after a fierce struggle, forced them to surrender on August 12, 1806. The news of the capture of Buenos Aires by Popham having reached England, it was determined to complete the conquest of the country, and a fleet with a force of 5,300 men was dispatched under Rear Admiral Sterling for the Plata. On their arrival, however, affairs were completely changed by the recapture of the city. Sterling made no attempt to carry out the object of the expedition.

Another fleet was sent out by the British Government with 11,180 men under Gen. Whitelocke, and in the meanwhile, Popham, who had remained in the river threatening the eastern shore, attempted to capture Montevideo, but was repulsed and retired to Maldonado. In January, 1807, a reënforcement having arrived, a second attack was made on Montevideo with 4,600 men, and on the night of February 2, after a vigorous assault by land and by sea, the city was taken by the English forces. Soon after this, the combined

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English forces in the river, under command of Gen. Whitelocke, made an attack on Buenos Aires, but were disastrously defeated, and, withdrawing from Montevideo, abandoned the Rio de la Plata.

Having successfully defended their soil from invasion, the people of the country had learned their own strength and were prepared to take their government into their own hands. On the 25th of May, 1810, the people of Buenos Aires, repudiating the authority of the Viceroy, chose a council to which they intrusted the conduct of public affairs; and this step was the beginning of the struggle that was to end with the extinction of Spanish dominion in South America.

A revolutionary party arose in Uruguay, at whose head was José G. Artigas. He left for Buenos Aires for the purpose of organizing a movement for the liberation of the Banda Oriental, and in April, 1811, appeared in that region with an armed force, to which rallied many of the inhabitants. On the 26th of April, Artigas routed a Spanish force of 600 men in San José, and on the 28th of the following month, gained a great victory over the Spanish army at Las Piedras. After varying fortunes and a succession of victories and defeats, the Uruguayans succeeded in expelling the Spaniards from their country, and a confederation of the provinces of the Uruguay was formed under Artigas, who was styled the Protector.

The country was not, however, long to enjoy its hard-earned independence. The Portuguese had never renounced their claim to the country up to the Plata, and at the invitation of certain malcontents, a force was sent from Brazil to overthrow Artigas. After a campaign of hard fighting it succeeded in capturing Montevideo. Maldonado was taken by a Portuguese fleet, but the country, for the greater part, still remained true to Artigas.

The Portuguese held possession of the places they had taken, and when, in 1822, Brazil became independent of Portugal and

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the Empire was proclaimed by Dom Pedro I, Uruguay was formed into the Cisplatine province of Brazil. Artigas continued the struggle against the invaders and revolting chiefs in his own party until, overcome by the superior force of his adversaries, he was forced to take refuge in Paraguay, where he remained until his death in 1850. The liberator of Uruguay and fervent patriot never returned to his native country.

The political condition of Uruguay was not yet settled. April, 1825, a band of thirty-three Uruguayan refugees left Buenos Aires and entered Uruguay with the hope of provoking a revolt against its rulers. Many of the inhabitants joined them and soon they were able to successfully engage a Brazilian force at San Salvador. The movement gaining strength, the insurgents proceeded to elect a constituent assembly, which met at Florida August 23, and issued a declaration of independence. The revolution gained strength. On September 24, the Brazilian cavalry was cut to pieces at Rincon, and on October 12, again defeated at Sarandí. The Brazilians were reduced to the garrisons of Montevideo and Colonia. The Argentine Government intervened, declaring that the latter province belonged to Buenos Aires, and the Brazilians declared war on that Republic, and sent a fleet which blockaded Buenos Aires. Admiral Brown, who commanded the Argentine flotilla, was repulsed in an attack on the Brazilian fleet on the 9th of February, 1826, and sustained heavy losses in an attempt on Colonia shortly after. On the 30th of July, the Brazilian Admiral Lobo gained an important victory over Brown, but an expedition sent by the former into the Uruguay River was annihilated by the latter early in February, 1827.

The Brazilian general, the Marquis of Barbacena, lost the battle of Ituzaingo on the 20th of February, and the bad conduct of the campaign by the Brazilian officers rendered the war unpopular in the Empire, and on the 27th of August, 1828, by a convention concluded by the mediation of England, both Brazil and the

Argentine renounced their claims to Uruguay, and created the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay. A constituent assembly was held, and on the 18th of July, 1830, it proclaimed the autonomy of the nation. The independence of the Republic was guaranteed by Brazil and the Argentine; but the long period of intestine strife could not end at once, and the struggle for ascendency between the "Colorados" and the "Blancos" kept the country in turmoil and stained it with bloodshed in the strife of ambitious military and political chiefs.

In the Argentine country, a similar condition prevailed under the dictatorship of Juan Manuel de Rosas, who espoused the cause of Gen. Oribe in Uruguay, joined forces with him, and reduced the government of that country to the city of Montevideo, to which Oribe laid seige in 1842. The English and French made an ineffectual effort to overthrow Rosas, but it was not until 1852 that a Brazilian force under the Duke of Caxias, in the battle of Monte Caseros, put an end to the power of the ambitious chief, who, fleeing the country, took refuge in England.

A period of comparative quiet and peace continued up to 1862, when Flores, an ex-President of the Republic, invaded the country and began a civil war, supported, as chief of the "Colorado" party, by Brazil. A Brazilian force joined with the army of Flores, captured Paysandú and laid siege to Montevideo, which was at same time blockaded by an imperial fleet. The allied forces entered the capital February 25, 1865, and Flores was established provisional ruler of the country. The Republic of Uruguay now became allied with Brazil in the war declared by the latter country against Francisco Solano Lopez, Dictator of Paraguay. In this war, which lasted until March, 1870, the Uruguayan forces numbered about 2,000 men, and Gen. Flores distinguished himself by the complete victory gained by him over a division of the Paraguayans at Yatay on the 17th of August, 1865.

In 1866, Vidal was elected President of the Republic, and in

February, 1868, Gen. Flores was assassinated during an insurrection at Montevideo, and ex-President Berro, who, though not one of the assassins, was arrested in the street with arms in his hands, was executed along with others who had taken part in this insurrection of the Blancos. In the same year, Gen. Lorenzo Battle assumed the Presidency, and in 1870, another revolution broke out, whose issue was not decided until 1873, when, by the triumph of the Colorados, José Ellauré was elevated to the Presidency. He was, however, subsequently deposed by his own party, and in 1875, Pedro Varela was chosen, who continued in office until March of the following year, when he was forced to resign and was succeeded by Gen. Latorre, who proclaimed a dictatorship.

Since that time, the country has enjoyed comparative quiet. The political agitations have lost much of their bitterness, and the people seem less inclined to sacrifice themselves and their welfare to the ambitions of military leaders. The Republic appears to have entered upon the path of constitutional progress and the régime of law and order. The presidents of later years have exhibited wisdom in government under difficult circumstances and a patriotic ambition to advance their country's welfare rather than their personal interests, and as the nation emerges from the cloud which a great financial storm had gathered over it, it can look to a future bright with prosperity and find in its promise the courage that is equal to the demands of modern civilization, and the energy that shall not falter in the work of building up a great republic on the banks of the Uruguay.

## Chapter III.

## POLITICAL ORGANIZATION.

The supreme political power resides in the people and the constitution is the present expression of its will. The form of government is republican and the delegated power of the nation is vested in three coördinate and independent branches—the legislative, the judicial, and the executive.

The legislative branch is composed of two chambers, the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies. The Senate consists of one member for each department, or province. The Chamber of Deputies is formed by one member for each 3,000 voters. The Congress thus constituted has the power of making laws; establishing courts and regulating the administration of justice; caring for the welfare, peace, and independence of the Republic, the protection of individual rights and the promotion of education, agriculture industry, and commerce; making appropriations for the support of the Government, establishing the taxes necessary for meeting these expenses, approving or disapproving, in whole or in part, the accounts presented by the Executive; contracting public debts, and, in general, regulating the public credit; declaring war, and approving or disapproving treaties of peace, alliance, and commerce, or any other which the Executive may make with foreign nations; fixing each year the number of the armed forces of the nation, land and naval, needed in time of peace or war; creating new departments, or provinces, establishing ports and custom-houses and import and export duties; fixing the weight, fineness, and value of coins, their kind and denomination, regulating the system of weights and measures; permitting or prohibiting the entry of foreign troops

into the territory of the Republic, and, in the former case, determining the time when they should leave the country; creating or abolishing public offices, determining their duties, and salaries; granting pensions or pecuniary or other rewards; bestowing public honors for great services; granting pardons or amnesties in extraordinary cases, by a vote of at least two-thirds of the chambers; making regulations for the national militia, and the time of their assembling, and their number; appointing the place of residence of the chief authorities of the nation; approving or disapproving of the creation of new banks, or the constitutions and rules of those already established; choosing in joint session the person who shall exercise the executive power and electing the members of the High Court of Justice.

The judicial power is vested in several courts of first instance, and in a High Court of Justice; but as the latter has not been established as yet, its functions are performed by the respective Courts of Appeals. There are 3 civil courts for ordinary cases, 2 for commercial cases; 1 for cases affecting the Treasury; 2 criminal courts; 1 police court; and 19 local or departmental courts. There are also justices of the peace elected by the people.

The executive power is vested in the President, chosen for a term of four years, by a majority of the General Assembly or Congress in joint session of its two chambers. He is ineligible for reëlection during the two successive terms. He is aided and advised in the execution of his official duties by a cabinet composed of five ministers. The following decree, dated February 6, 1891, will show the different ministries and their respective functions:

ARTICLE. 1. The cabinet offices spoken of in article 85 of the Constitution, shall be five, and shall be denominated Ministry of Government, Ministry of Fomento (Promotion of Public Welfare), Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of War and of the Navy.

Bull. 61---2

- ART. 2. To the Ministry of Government belong all matters relative to police, public safety, elections, justice, prisons, public beneficence, health, postal and telegraphic communication, and local and departmental government.
- ART. 3. To the Ministry of Fomento belong all matters relative to instruction and public works, internal communication, immigration, colonization, agriculture, and industries in general.
- ART. 4. To the Ministry of Finance belong all matters relative to Government expenses, collection of customs and internal revenue, accountancy, public credit, and the renting or selling of all kinds of fiscal properties.
- ART. 5. To the Ministry of Foreign Affairs belong all matters relative to the diplomatic and consular corps of the Republic and to negotiations with foreign governments and with the Holy See. To this ministry is further entrusted all matters concerning the exercise of the national church patronage and the religion of the State.
- ART. 6. To the Ministry of War and of the Navy belong all matters relative to the Army and Navy, the guarding of the coasts, administration of light-houses, and all fluvial and maritime regulations.
- ART. 7. In case one of the ministers is prevented from acting for any cause on any particular matter, the President of the Republic shall indicate the minister who shall act in his place, and the orders thus given by this substitute shall be countersigned by the chief clerk of the ministry to which the matter originally belonged.
- ART. 8. The secretaries of the ministries shall take charge of the archives respectively corresponding to the branches ascribed to each by the present decree.

ART. 9. Let this be communicated, etc.

HERRERA Y OBES.

A. M. FERRANDO.
ALCIDES MONTERO.
PEDRO CALDORDA.
OSCAR HORDENANA.
RAMON L. LOMBA.

There is a Vice President of the Republic, who ex officio is the President of the Senate, and who, in case of death or disability of the Chief Magistrate of the nation, acts in his place.

Congress meets annually and its sessions last from January to June. Each Department or province of the Republic has a governor appointed by the Executive, and an administrative council, whose members are chosen by popular vote. Foreign powers are represented in Uruguay by 16 ministers, 10 consuls-general, 24 consuls, 49 vice-consuls, and 17 commercial agents.

The Republic is represented abroad by 9 ministers, 18 consulsgeneral, 121 consuls, and 132 vice-consuls.

The religion established by the Constitution is the Apostolic Roman Catholic, but all other forms of worship are tolerated throughout the country in consequence of the liberality of the laws and tolerant disposition of the native inhabitants. This is evidenced by the existence of the English Protestant church in Montevideo, of an Evangelical church in the Swiss colony, and of the Protestant church in Salto.

The financial aid given by the Government to the Church is very limited, only \$19,712 appearing in the annual budget for that purpose. The contributions of the faithful in the different parishes is sufficient for the maintenance of the priest and the church expenses. In 1889, the number of churches in the country was given as 43, 13 of these being in Montevideo. Seven others were in course of erection. The number of officiating priests in the various places of worship was 161. There are 5 organizations of Sisters of Charity, devoted to the instruction of children and to service in the hospitals and asylums of the country. They have 15 houses in the capital and 10 in the other departments. The number of Sisters of Charity belonging to the order is 280.

A religious seminary, with 28 teachers and 50 pupils, also exists in Montevideo.

The charitable institutions are well conducted and are under the charge of a special commissioner. During the year 1889, the Hospital de Caridad admitted 5,308 patients, of whom 4,016 were foreigners. The Insane Asylum had 898 insane persons in its care. The Orphan Asylum, the Asylum for the Aged, and the British Hospital are well-managed institutions, supported by public aid and private subscriptions. 20 URUGUAY.

By the terms of the constitution, all citizens of the Republic are equal before the law; no distinction is recognized between them on account of birth or wealth, but all possess the same right to protection in the enjoyment of life, liberty, security, and property. No one can be deprived of these except by due process of law. The creation and existence of rights of primogeniture are forbidden; all kinds of entail are prohibited, and no authority of the Republic can confer any title of nobility, honor, or rank. The private acts of men, which are in no way injurious to the public welfare or to each other, are beyond the notice of the courts; and no person can be compelled to do that which is not demanded by the law, or be prevented from doing that which is not prohibited. The house of the citizen is an inviolable asylum, and may not entered at night without his consent; or by day, unless by express order of a competent judge, given in writing, and in cases determined by the law. No one can be punished or confined without due form of law and by legal sentence. The private papers of citizens and their correspondence are inviolable, and shall not be examined or intercepted except in such cases as the law provides.

The expression of thought is free, whether by speech, private writing, or the press, and shall not be subject to censorship; but the speaker, author, or publisher is responsible for abuses according to the law. Every citizen has the right of petition to all and any of the authorities of the State. The security of the individual can not be suspended without the consent of the Legislative Assembly, or, when this is not in session, of the permanent commission, in extraordinary cases of treason or conspiracy against the State, and then only for the apprehension of the offenders. The right of property enjoyed by all, except subjects of foreign governments, is inviolable. In case the nation needs the private property of any individual, he must receive from the public treasury a just compensation for the same; and the same is the case for expro-

priation of private property for railway lines. No one is obliged to furnish aid to the army without an order from the civil magistrate, and indemnity shall be given for any loss sustained in obedience to such order.

The inhabitants of the country may pursue any occupation not injurious to the public welfare or to that of other citizens. Any person may freely enter the territory of the Republic, and his stay and departure are unrestrained as long as he observes the police regulations and injures no one.

In all treaties made by the Republic with foreign powers for the extradition of criminals political offenses are excepted.

The army of the Republic, on a peace footing, is composed of 3,200 private soldiers, commanded by 21 superior and 211 inferior officers. It is divided into 4 battalions of infantry, 4 regiments of cavalry, 1 of artillery, and the garrisons of Fort General Artigas and the National Park. Its organization is considered as excellent, its discipline good, and it is well instructed in drill and tactics. The infantry is armed with Remington rifles, and the armament of the artillery consists of 67 pieces of cannon and mitrailleuses. One battalion of the line and all the cavalry are stationed in garrisons in the different departments, the remainder being held at the capital.

The National Guard consists of about 20,000 men, and the Government could probably put a force of 35,000 soldiers in the field in case of emergency.

The navy consists of 3 gunboats and 5 small steamers. Of the former, the General Artigas was built in Trieste and the General Rivera was constructed in the works of the School of Arts and Trades. These vessels are manned by 227 men under 15 officers, the entire navy being commanded by 11 superior officers. The armament consists of 7 large guns and 7 mitrailleuses.

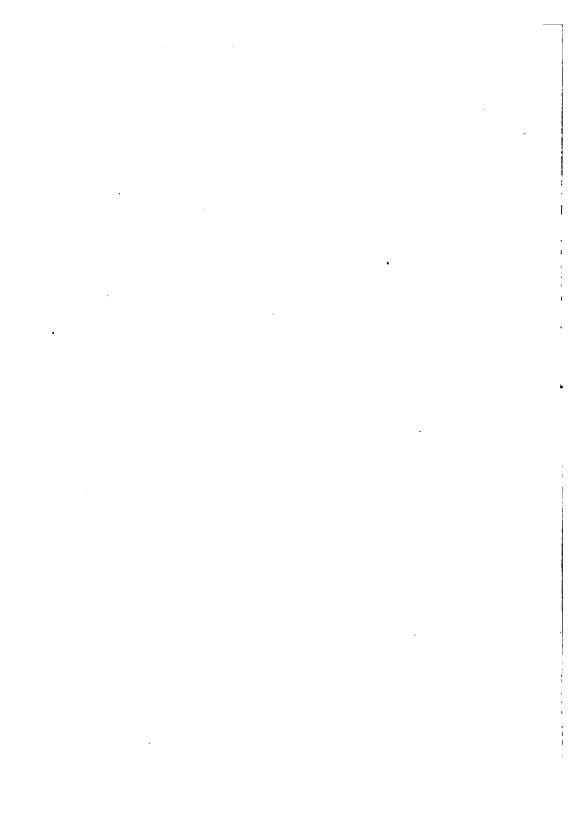
## Chapter IV.

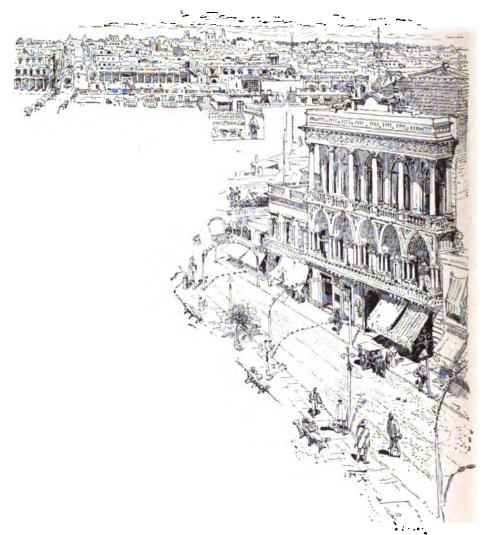
## POLITICAL DIVISIONS.

The Republic is divided into nineteen Departments or provinces, as follows: On the Atlantic, Rocha; on the Rio de la Plata, Maldonado, Canelones, Montevideo, San José, and Colonia; on the Uruguay, Paysandú, Salto, Rio Negro, and Soriano; Artigas on the Uruguay and Brazilian frontier; Rivera, Cerro Largo, and Treinta y Tres, on the Brazilian border, and Durazno, Florida, Minas, Tacuarembó, and Flores, in the interior. Artigas is the most northern of these Departments and forms the extreme northwest angle, and below it, as the country broadens, are situated Salto and Rivera. To the south of these last, lie Paysundú, Tacuarembó, and Cerro Largo. Rio Negro, Durazno, and Treinta y Tres occupy the region to the south of these last, and below them, lie Soriano, Flores, Florida, Minas, and Rocha. Colonia, San José, Canelones, Montevideo, and Maldonado occupy the southern territory of the country.

Up to 1880, there were but thirteen Departments, but in July of that year, there were created by law the six additional ones of Rocha, Rio Negro, Artigas, Rivera, Treinta y Tres, and Flores.

Montevideo, the smallest of the Departments, is the most populous, although it possesses an area of only 256 square miles. Its capital is the capital of the Republic. It occupies the southernmost part of the national territory and lies along the Rio de la





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CALLE 18 DE JULIO, MONTEVIDEO.

Plata. The population is generally concentrated in and around the capital, while a large part of its territory is but very sparsely inhabited and almost uncultivated, consisting, however, of beautifully undulating prairie lands, capable of sustaining a population many times as great. The Department, as far as yet known, possesses little or no mineral wealth.

Montevideo, the capital of the Department and of the Republic and the commercial emporium of the country, was founded in 1726. Its growth has been occasionally interrupted by civil wars and foreign occupations, but has, in the main, been continual-Its population in 1892, as officially given, is 238,080 inhabitants, thus having increased enormously, from 3,500 in 1818 and 9,000 in 1829. Until 1834, it was little more than a fortress, whose walls had withstood many a siege, but when these were demolished, the area of the city began to expand, new streets were opened and new squares laid out. In 1838, its population received a new impulse from foreign immigration which began at that time. It unfortunately occupied territory whose possession was disputed by the English, by the Argentines, and by the Brazilians, whose forces at various times occupied the city. The arrival of some 1,400 French and Italians in 1836 was followed by a current of immigration which contributed to the more rapid growth of the city and country. From 1838 to 1841, 28,245 Europeans immigrants are estimated to have entered the port.

The city in its extension beyond the ancient walled limits absorbed the adjacent villages, and its growth in population was correspondingly rapid, although not so great as to reach in 1860 more than 45,000 inhabitants. In 1872, however, the population had increased to 105,000, being an increase of 133½ per cent in twelve years.

The port or harbor of Montevideo is the best on the Plata. An elaborate and costly system of moles and docks for the shelter and accommodation of vessels has been projected. The plans include

the reclamation of a considerable area of land from the sea, as a valuable site for the building of warehouses and stores. The cost of such improvements is estimated at \$30,000,000, a sum nearly three times the entire customs revenue of 1888.

The entrance to the harbor is 4 miles wide and the water at that place is from 15 to 17 feet deep. In the outer roadstead, vessels of great draught find anchorage in water 25 feet deep, while within the harbor, the depth varies from 13 to 15 feet. The perimeter of the harbor measures about 6 miles. Vessels whose draught will not allow them to enter, discharge their cargoes outside on lighters.

The situation of the city, built on a chain of hills sloping gently to the shore, is favorable for efficient drainage, and the consequent cleanliness and salubrity. It overlooks the bay and the river, of which it commands a delightful view, and grand natural panorama, whose beauty consists not so much in marked diversity as in the harmonious blending of all its parts.

Being the capital of the Republic, Montevideo is naturally the center of political and social interest, whose activities are manifested in a degree only less than those that characterize its sole rival on the Plata. It is also the seat of the religious hierarchy of the country.

It has an active and increasing commerce with foreign countries and a thriving trade with the interior, and, being the only port of entry of importance, furnishes nearly all the revenue of the Government. The Montevideo Exchange and the French and Italian chambers of commerce are spirited centers of daily commercial transactions, and a Spanish chamber will soon be inaugurated.

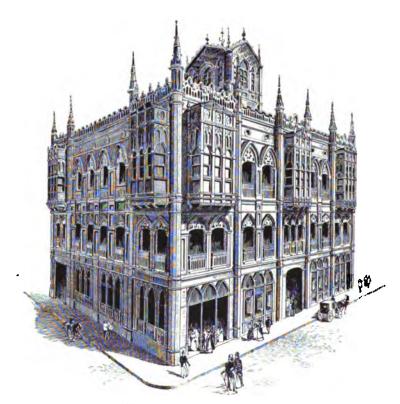
About 90 per cent of the entire foreign commerce of importation is carried on through this port, and 67 per cent of the total exports of the country leave its harbor.



URUGUAY CLUB, MONTEVIDEO.



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MUNICIPAL BUILDING, MONTEVIDEO.

The following table exhibits the forei	ign commerce of the city
during the ten years, 1880-1889:	•

Year.	Imports.	Exports.	
1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1884 1885 1886 1887	Dollars. 17, 655, 451 16, 530, 139 16, 514, 588 18, 713, 612 22, 656, 103 23, 644, 944 18, 903, 247 23, 322, 321 26, 196, 344 33, 476, 433	Dollars. 11, 011, 27 12, 865, 73 12, 874, 21 16, 090, 63: 14, 714, 98 15, 108, 02: 11, 822, 81 19, 188, 42 17, 415, 68	

The above figures do not agree in some respects with those of certain other tables professedly official, but are believed to represent very closely the real movement of the commerce of the country during the period covered by them.

The customs revenues, which in 1880 amounted to only \$3,677,531, rose in 1888 to \$8,860,449, and to \$10,622,000 in 1891. The greater part of the products which are exported are drawn from all parts of the country.

The public buildings of the city are well adapted for the purposes for which they were constructed, are of modern style of architecture, and generally of attractive exterior. Among them, may be mentioned the Parliament House, the Government Palace, the National Bank, the building of the Uruguay Club, the Lunatic Asylum, and the San Felipe and Solis theaters.

All the recent improvements of a modern metropolis are found here: Banking institutions, with abundant capital, commercial houses of every class, street railways, telegraphic and telephonic connections, extensive printing establishments, foundries, and workshops in general. The electric-light works, situated at the Arroyo Seco, supply the city with electric light.

In the environs, along the well-kept avenues, are beautiful res-

idences and suburban villas, surrounded by attractive grounds or gardens, and of varied and elegant styles of architecture. The roads leading to the city are well constructed and maintained, many of them being macadamized.

All the languages of the civilized world are heard in the streets and social circles of the capital, no city on the continent possessing a more cosmopolitan character, nor elsewhere are the different national elements more happily blended.

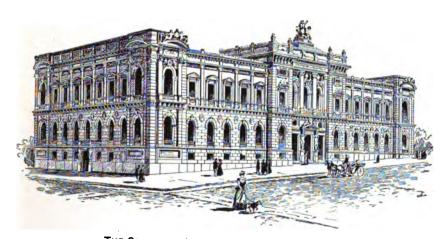
The streets are straight and wide and generally well kept. The city proper contains upwards of twelve thousand houses, of which about one-fifth are of three or four stories, and many handsome ones are in process of construction, for the city has at present a constant and steady growth.

The system of sewerage extends throughout the city, which is consequently well drained, and the water supply, obtained from the river Santa Lucia, about 12 miles from the city, is conducted to the different sections through mains whose total length is 112 miles.

On the elevated ground running through the middle of the city, are situated the plazas or public squares, sixteen in number, surrounded, for the most part, with sightly buildings. The most attractive among them are the Plazas de Zabala, Constitución, and Independencia.

As the seat of government Montevideo is also naturally the location of the leading educational, scientific, art, and charitable institutions of the Republic. The University of Uruguay has a faculty of twenty-seven native and nine foreign professors, and the medical faculty consists of eleven Uruguayan and eight foreign professors. The course of studies is extensive and the usual university degrees are conferred. Among the charitable institutions, may be named the Lunatic Asylum, the Orphans' Home, and the Hospital.

The new School of Arts, recently finished, is an immense structure, covering an entire square.



THE SCHOOL OF ARTS AND SCIENCES, MONTEVIDEO.



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From "Spanish-American Republics."

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SOLIS THEATER, MONTEVIDEO.

Among the five theaters, the most notable is the Solis, a large and beautiful building with seating capacity for 3,000 spectators.

Among the many banking institutions, may be mentioned the London and River Plate Bank, the English Bank of the River Plate, the Italian Bank, the Bank of Spain, and the French Bank.

About a league distant from the city, is a magnificent park, belonging to the municipality, called El Prado. It is adorned with beautiful groves and embellished with fountains and statues. It is much frequented by the populace of the capital, and is the favorite place for the festivities and celebrations of the local clubs and societies.

Mention should not be omitted of the three great dry docks, which admit the largest vessels for repairs.

At Villa del Cerro, reached by steamer or rowboat, some of the *saladeros*, where animals are slaughtered and meat packed for exportation, and the coaling stations can be visited.

Villa Colon, 6 miles from Montevideo, has a meteorological observatory, and Pocitos, a fashionable bathing place, is reached by tram cars running at intervals of ten minutes.

The Department possessed, in 1886, 11,382 landed properties, and an area of 61,587 acres of land under cultivation, and 38,513 uncultivated, the value of both being estimated at 94,510,882 pesos. During the year 1891, the sales of landed property in this Department exceeded three times the amount of those in the whole Republic in 1886. It may be remarked that two-thirds of said property is in the hands of foreigners. Twelve thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven taxpayers contributed to the municipal revenues, in 1886–'87, 494,107 pesos.

On the north lies the Department of Canelones, which, next to Montevideo, is the most important, as well as the most densely populated of the Departments. It covers an area of 1,834 square miles. It is crossed from east to west by a low chain of hills, but the rest of its surface is rolling. The soil is fertile, but the land

is poor in minerals; though in certain localities granite, slate, and other building stones are quarried. All the grains adapted to the latitude are successfully grown, and the production is greater than in any other part of the country. The raising of cattle has fallen off greatly from its former importance, when it was the almost exclusive occupation of the people. In 1887 it sent to the capital 18,775 head of cattle and 237 horses.

Villa Guadalupe, is the capital of the Department and the seat of its government. It is a town of about 3,500 inhabitants, 30 miles from Montevideo, on the Central Uruguay Railroad. Several flour mills are located at this place, and the town boasts of some fine buildings and a spacious public square.

About 5 miles off the coast is the island of Flores, belonging to this Department, where a quarantine hospital, or lazaretto has been established, connected by cable with Montevideo.

Pando and La Paz are commercial and manufacturing towns of some importance, and eleven other small centers of population have each its church and free schools.

Las Piedras, noted for the victory gained by the patriots over the royalists in 1811, has an ostrich farm.

Santa Lucía, a bathing resort on the river of the same name, possesses many fine residences, a public library, and an establishment for pork-packing.

The Department of Maldonado, east of Canelones and lying on the Plata, has an area of 15,850 square miles, and a population of 15,757 inhabitants. It is crossed in different directions by several mountain chains, whose highest peaks measure no more than 1,575 feet in altitude, and by valleys well watered by numerous streams bordered with forest growth. The climate is temperate and salubrious, and the soil is fertile and well suited to agriculture. The capital, Maldonado, founded in 1763, is a naval station, and possesses some good buildings and a public school, Escuela Ramirez, which is considered as one of the best in the country. It has a

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considerable coasting trade, and among other things supplies limestone to the capital, from which it is 60 miles distant.

In 1888, the entries of vessels in the harbor of Maldonado were 154, of which 34 were foreign, with a total tonnage of 16,916 tons.

There are four other towns in this Department, of which Villa de San Carlos is the largest.

The latest accessible statistics give the value of the real estate of the Department as 11,821,113 pesos, held by 4,693 proprietors. The municipal revenues for 1886–'87 amounted to 44,039 pesos.

There are several well-organized agricultural establishments, supplied with modern machinery, which have extensive tracts under cultivation. A large vineyard has been planted near Pan de Azúcar, and the Government and private enterprise have planted a few agricultural colonies, but by far the greater part of the land is uncultivated, tillage being confined to the vicinity of the towns.

In 1888, the number of neat cattle in the Department was estimated as 108,123; horses, 7,615; mules, 4,300; sheep, 277,372, and other domestic animals, 2,027.

The only indication of the business transactions is the number of licenses granted, which in 1888 were issued for 118 commercial houses and 206 other industries and branches of business. In the same year, there were entered at the port of Maldonado 2,211 tons of merchandise, and the exports were estimated at 6,995 tons.

Back of the town of Pan de Azúcar, on the coast, lies the mining district, in which several mines have been opened, the principal one of which, the "Oriental," has been extensively worked.

San José, another of the Departments of the southern group, lies on the Plata, between Canelones and Colonia. It has an area of 2,688 square miles.

A chain of hills traverses it from northwest to southeast. The

soil is fertile and well adapted to the raising of grain. Scattered over its surface, are the estancias for the raising of cattle, in the midst of the grass-covered prairies, where their herds find pasture.

The capital of the Department is San José, situated on a hill overlooking the river of the same name, and at about 57 miles from Montevideo, with which it has railroad connection. It possesses a historic interest derived from the victories of the patriots under Artigas, and during the war with Brazil in 1825, and 1826 it was the capital of the nation. Its population is about 7,000, and it possesses some fine buildings, among which is one of the most notable church edifices in the country. There are three small towns and three colonies in the Department.

Several mineral deposits of various kinds have been discovered, but have been but slightly worked. Among the minerals found there are iron, manganese, gold, copper, agate, and porphyry.

The low price of cereals and lack of means of transportation are chiefly responsible for the backward agricultural condition of this Department. The annual production of the leading crops is 116,700 bushels of wheat, 264,520 of corn, 6,224 of potatoes, and 20,000 watermelons.

The planting of several colonies in the Department has given a certain stimulus to agricultural development. The Paullier Brothers' Colony, two hours and a half journey from San José, occupies an area of 4,700 hectares, where about 400 cows are milked daily and cheese of the Gruyère kind is made. The milk is churned by machinery and the entire process and management are of the most improved sort. Flax, the vine, potatoes, tobacco, and the palma-christi are successfully cultivated by the colonists. The land is divided into 72 lots of 40 to 80 hectares each. This Department has 15 public and 32 private schools, with an attendance of about 2,000 pupils.

The Department of Colonia lies to the west of San José, on the Plata and the lower part of the river Uruguay, which separates it from the Argentine Republic. Its population in 1891 was estimated at 30,309, and its area is 2,193 square miles. The surface is gently undulating and is crossed from north to south by a range of hills. The land is well watered and the soil is fertile, producing ample returns for the labor bestowed on its cultivation.

Colonia del Sacramento, the capital, was founded by the Portuguese in 1680, as a military post, in assertion of their claim to the country up to the Plata, and in the changing fortunes of the strife between them and the Spaniards, passed alternately from the possession of the one to that of the other party. It was burned in 1705, taken by assault in 1762, and its fortifications razed in 1777. These were afterwards rebuilt and definitively demolished in 1859. The present population is about 3,000. Carmelo and Nueva Palmira are two other ports in this Department. The port entries of the former in 1887 were 2,175 vessels of an aggregate tonnage of 94,466, and of the latter, 2,032 vessels, of a total of 75,000 tons.

Colonia has two more towns of minor importance and several flourishing agricultural settlements, among which the most notable are the Vaudois Colony founded in 1858 and the Swiss Colony or Nueva Helvecia, founded in 1863. The Vaudois Colony consists of about 15,000 hectares, containing 2,200 inhabitants. The colony possesses 8 schools, 1 post-office, 2 churches and 1 public library.

The Swiss Colony forms, with the Quevedo and the Spanish Colonies, a district of 17,371 hectares. All these colonies have attained a reasonable degree of prosperity, which doubtless would have been much greater, but for the low price of cattle and cereals, which has retarded agricultural and pastoral development throughout the country.

The chief products are pastoral.

The other colonies are: the Cosmoplitan, the Star, the Arrúe, the Claré, the Belgrano, the Sauce, and the Riachuelo, all of

them founded in 1869, except the Cosmopolitan which dates only from 1875.

North of Canelones, between Flores and Minas, lies the Department of Florida, whose area is 4,740 square miles and population, in 1891, 29,078. It suffered severely in the civil wars from 1830 to 1867, and is still infested by lawless bands. Timber is not abundant, but water is plentiful and the pastures are rich in grass. The surface is undulating and is broken by several ranges of hills that cross it from north to south. A large tract of land, including several large estancias, was bought in 1825 at about 8 cents per acre, and now belongs to a single person. At these different estancias, 300,000 sheep are annually shorn.

The capital, Florida (or San Fernando), is situated on the Central Uruguay Railway, about 70 miles from Montevideo, near the Arroyo Pintado, which is crossed by a railroad bridge 570 feet long. It has 2,500 inhabitants, a church and schools, and is surrounded by attractive plantations and country residences. first legislature of Uruguay assembled here in 1825. The other centers of population are small and unimportant. Among them may be named: 25 de Agosto, 25 de Mayo, La Cruz, and Sarandí. About 4,100 acres are under cultivation in the Department, and on the various estancias were owned, in 1887, 175,881 horned cattle, 1,768,037 sheep, and 14,224 horses. The value of the property in the Department in the same year was stated at 10,262,222 pesos. In 1891, 1,945 pupils received instruction in 20 public and 8 private schools, and an agricultural institution has been recently established by the Government of the Department.

The Department of Minas is situated to the east of Florida, and has an area of 4,880 square miles. Its population is 22,500, many of whom are wild and lawless. Its surface is composed of successive mountain or hill ranges, between which lie green and fertile plains. The northern portion, near the basin of the Cebol-

lati, is particularly mountainous. As its name indicates, this Department is supposed to be exceedingly rich in mineral deposits, among which are gold, silver, copper, lead, iron, coal, porphyry, slate, quartz, crystal, etc. The mines worked by the Spaniards in the last century for silver proved to contain lead sulphide. The existence of coal of any value is problematical. There are, however, valuable quarries of slate, and talc, plaster, and sulphur are extracted. The formation of many of the hills is calcareous, and fine marbles and excellent limestone are obtained from them.

Minas, the chief town, was founded in 1783 by a colony of forty Spanish families. Its situation is picturesque, and it has a population of 5,000. It has a gristmill, belonging to a Frenchman, and the suburbs of the town produce annually about 200,000 bushels of grain. Certain caves near the town are worthy of the visitor's attention. One of them, the Salón, is 200 feet long by 50 high, and from it flows a clear stream to the valley below. The Pillar Cave is said by tradition to have been made in the last century by the Indians.

There are two other villages, Solis and Nico Perez, the former of which is on the road to Maldonado, and the latter on the railroad to Treinta y Tres. About 30 miles northwest of the capital, is the agricultural colony of Igualdad, the only one in the Department. In 1886, it was estimated that there were 7,500 acres of land devoted to agriculture, the greater part being in grain. The most of the land is pasture, and in 1887, there were said to be in the Department 291,646 neat cattle, 982,923 sheep, and 23,667 horses. In 1891, there were 17 public and 9 private schools in the Department, and the number of pupils was officially reported as 1,220.

The northern central portion of the Republic is occupied by the largest of all its Departments, Tacuarembó. Its area is 8,210 square miles, and its population 22,400. It is traversed in different directions by mountain chains, and the surface is generally

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broken and the country wild, but well watered. Agriculture is hardly known, and the inhabitants devote themselves for the most part to pastoral pursuits for which the pasture lands, rich and fertile, are admirably suited. Many of the estancias belong to Brazilians, who form about 40 per cent of the land-owners in this Department. Beautiful white marble is found in some of the hill ranges, and in the eastern part, basaltic and porphyritic are abundant. In 1886, scarcely 2,000 acres of land were reported as under cultivation, and more than two-thirds of the entire surface was devoted to grazing, there being reported 677,678 neat cattle, 1,040,153 sheep, and 47,220 horses.

Tacuarembó, otherwise called San Fructuoso, the capital, is a well-built town of 3,000 inhabitants, and has a church, schools, a hotel, and enjoys considerable frontier trade. It is connected by railway with Montevideo, from which it is distant 285 miles. San Gregorio and Santa Isabel are thriving towns. The former was founded by Gen. Suarez in 1860, and is situated on the right bank of the Rio Negro. It is also a station on the Northern Extension Railway. Santa Isabel is also situated on the Rio Negro, near the Paso de Toros, where the Central Uruguay Railway has large workshops. From this point, one line of railway goes to Salto and another to Rivera. The taxable property of the Department in 1886 was given as 12,191,994 pesos, on which 2,414 proprietors paid taxes. In 1891, there were twenty-four schools reported, with an attendance of 1,556 pupils.

The Department of Rivera lies to the north of the last described, along the Brazilian frontier. It was created in 1884 by taking a portion of the Department of Tacuarembo, and has an area of 3,792 square miles, and a population estimated in 1887 at about 19,000. The surface is generally rolling, with chains of hills in the northwest and southeast. In some of these, gold-bearing quartz exists. Some years ago, a strong French company began with extensive and expensive preparations to work the gold de-

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posits at Cuñapirú, but with unsatisfactory results for a long time, though at present with improved means of transportation and less lavish expenditures, the prospects of the company are brighter.

In the same region, a new English company, called "The Gold Fields of Uruguay," is at work, and in 1870, produced gold to the value of \$52,710,

An extension of the Central Uruguay Railway, which is now under construction, will pass through this mining region, and will doubtless aid greatly in its development. Besides gold, platinum, silver, copper, lead, iron, cobalt, and antimony are said to be found. This would seem to be an inviting field for foreign mining enterprise. Agate, marble, manganese, and opals are known to exist in this Department.

The soil is light, and the surface well watered by the abundant mountain streams. In some parts, excellent pasture lands are found. The vine and strawberry plant flourish on the uplands, and the cherry, the chestnut, the poplar, and orange tree abound. The capital, Rivera, is situated in the north, close to the frontier of Brazil, with which country it has considerable commerce. Its population is about 1,000.

The cereals are cultivated to some extent; the raising of cattle occupies the attention of a large part of the population. The latest available statistics give to the Department 428,444 head of neat cattle, 34,719 horses, and 292,341 sheep. One thousand four hundred and seventy-six proprietors paid taxes on landed property to the value of 6,853,585 pesos. In 1891, there were officially reported nineteen public schools in the Department, with 1,125 pupils of both sexes. The abundant and diversified resources of Rivera would appear to constitute sufficient inducement for a considerable immigration.

The Department of Artigas, the most northerly situated of all, lies along the Cuareim River, which separates it from the territory of Brazil. Its area is 4,393 squares miles, and a census made in 1887 gave its population as 17,652, of whom 11,457 were

Uruguayans, 4,057 Brazilians, and 1,048 Italians. Its surface is broken by numerous chains of hills, between which lie valleys of great fertility, and along the numerous streams, building woods are found in abundance. The capital, San Eugenio, on the Cuareim, has about 2,000 inhabitants and considerable commerce with Brazil. Santa Rosa, on the Uruguay, and the port of the Department, has some 2,000 inhabitants, and is connected by rail with Salto and other towns to the south. The tonnage of its port movement in 1887 was 6,135. There are several other villages of less importance; and in 1884, the colony General Rivera was founded with 100 families, who cultivate grain and tobacco. The most recent accessible statistics estimated the property of the Department at 10,093,398 pesos, with 1,259 taxpayers. Its schools, twenty public and six private, had, in 1891, an attendance of 1,118 pupils.

The western group of Departments, lying along Uruguay River, is composed of Salto, Paysandú, Rio Negro, and Soriano. first covers an area of 4,865 square miles and lies to the south of Artigas. Its population is variously estimated at from 10,000 to 24,000, and a recent census made by the head of the Department gives the number as 30,952, which is probably more nearly correct. The surface in the west is level, in the interior undulating, and in the east rocky and broken. Various minerals abound, as agate, sardonyx, chrysophase, and others are found and sent to Montevideo and thence exported, for the most part to Germany. The Department is crossed by several low mountain chains, and the river Arapey, which has numerous affluents from the south, flows across it to the west and empties into the Uruguay. The soil is generally fertile, but the leading occupations of the people are pastoral. In several agricultural colonies, the cereals are raised, and considerable attention is given to the cultivation of the grape. Salto, the capital, is situated on the Uruguay, opposite the Argentine port Concordia. It possesses several well-built public edifices,

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two spacious open squares, a theater, several colleges and schools, manufactories, and commercial houses. As vessels of heavy draft can not ascend the river above Salto, the place has become a landing and shipping point of considerable importance, much merchandise for and from Brazil passing overland through this port. Constitución and Belén are the most important of the smaller towns.

The number of neat cattle in the Department was last estimated at 489,015; horses 16,360, and sheep 233,224. The taxable property is put at 16,533,505 pesos and is owned by 2,426 tax-payers. In 1891, there were 33 public and private schools in the Department, attended by 2,782 pupils. The entries in the port of Salto in 1887 were 371 steamers, with a total tonnage of 176,565; 295 sailing vessels of an aggregate of 9,302 tons. The clearances were 369 steamers of 177,557 tons, and 284 sailing vessels with a tonnage of 8,471. The imports in the same year amounted to 440,696 and the exports to 577,125 pesos.

The Department of Paysandú, which lies next to Salto on the south, has an area of 5,116 square miles and had in 1887 a population of 28,417. The surface is generally undulating, and in the north and south, is broken by ranges of hills. The soil is adapted to the cultivation of cereals, vegetables, and fruits, being loamy or of a calcareous nature. The climate is mild and salubrious, like that of the neighboring Departments, and the country is well watered by the river Queguay with its many branches.

The mineral wealth of Paysandú is said to be considerable and varied. Gold, silver, copper, iron, lead, marble of several varieties, agates, chalcedony, and carnelian are found. Numerous quarries furnish large quantities of excellent building stones, which are exported to Buenos Aires. Paysandú, the capital, is situated on the Uruguay, 131 miles above Montevideo. It is considered to be the third city in importance in the Republic. Its streets are lighted by gas and are well drained, and it has street cars for passengers and merchandise.

Among the more notable buildings, are a hospital, two churches, a large theater, and a public library, and it has several clubs and other social and industrial societies. It is in telegraphic communication with Montevideo and other points of the country. Its harbor is visited by foreign vessels, and in 1887, the entries and departures were 1,452 steamers, with an aggregate tonnage of 807,640, and 1,066 sailing vessels of 25,137 tons.

An agricultural colony, with a population of 1,396, has been established near the capital, with a tract of about 10,000 acres under cultivation. It is divided into 256 farms, and has 4 mills, 664 dwellings, 2 brick works, and other buildings. The establishment of an extensive meat-packing establishment on the Uruguay, above Paysandú, has created the town of Guaviyú, which is composed of the dwellings of the workmen, and has postal facilities and communication by river with the capital.

The amount of property subject to taxation in 1887 was 16,466,316 pesos, and the number of proprietors was stated as 2,726. The total imports of the Department amounted to 298,881 pesos, and the exports were stated as 2,478,444 pesos. The greater part of the exports was of pastoral products.

In 1886, the animal wealth of the Department consisted of 646,485 horned cattle, 628,215 sheep, and 33,709 horses.

In 1891, the thirty-three public and private schools of this Department imparted instruction to 2,827 pupils.

The Department of Rio Negro is situated on the Uruguay, immediately south of Paysandú. Its area is 3,270 square miles, and its population in 1887 was 14,265. Its southern border is the Rio Negro, so that it enjoys facilities for river navigation along about half its entire perimeter superior to those of any other Department. Although it has no mountains, several chains of low hills give diversity to its surface, and the valleys between them afford much excellent land for cultivation and pasturage. The interior is chiefly composed of campos, or plains, which afford

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superior grazing. Among the mineral resources of the Department, iron, lead, and copper are said to exist.

Independencia, more commonly known as Fray Bentos, is the capital and seat of the Liebig establishment for the preparation and exportation of extract of meat. The population of the town is about 5,000, many of whom are employés in the Liebig works. From 1,000 to 1,200 cattle are slaughtered daily during the seven months of the killing season, and since the establishment of the works, about 3,000,000 animals have been slaughtered in its abattoirs. About 8,000 tons of coal and 4,000 of coke are annually consumed. The company has its own wharves and ships its products directly for Europe. Vessels ascending the Uruguay usually stop at this port, and in 1887, the number of steamers touching there was 1,082; sailing vessels 286, the aggregate tonnage of all being 465,855.

To the northeast of Fray Bentos, on the Uruguay, is the town of Nuevo Berlin, which is the center of a German agricultural settlement established in 1874. In 1886, the total property of the Department was estimated at 10,458,581 pesos. There were 379,352 neat cattle, 883,905 sheep, and 19,825 horses. The imports at Fray Bentos are stated to be about 200,000 and the exports are estimated at 2,300,000 pesos. There were in 1891 in this Department 13 public and 8 private schools, with an attendance of 1,279 pupils.

Next to Rio Negro to the south, and on the Uruguay River, is the Department of Soriano. It is separated from the former by the Rio Negro, and has therefore river navigation on two of its sides. Its area is 3,561 square miles and its population is about 27,000. The surface is undulating, broken here and there by ranges of hills and watered by numerous streams. The greater part of the land is devoted to grazing. Two agricultural colonies have been established in the Department, but no statistics in regard to them are accessible.

Mercedes, the capital, is situated on the Rio Negro, about 30 miles from its juuction with the Uruguay. It is picturesquely situated and contains some fine buildings and public places. The population is claimed to be 9,000. Although it can be reached only by vessels of light draught, it has considerable commerce, and in 1887, its port entries were 604 steamers and 304 sailing vessels, with an aggregate of 376,854 tons.

The port of San Salvador is situated on the river of the same name, south of Mercedes. It is accessible by vessels drawing 6 or 7 feet and the entries and clearances for the year 1887 were 844 vessels of 113,157 tons.

Soriano, a small town on the Uruguay, is the oldest settled place in the Republic, having been founded in 1624. An old Indian cemetery is near the town, and from it have been obtained interesting specimens of the pottery of the aboriginal inhabitants of the country. Among the mineral resources of the Department, iron, copper, lead, silver, and coal are said to have been discovered, but little definite is known as to the deposits of these minerals. The official statement of 1886 placed the property valuation of this Department at 12,463,065 pesos. There are about 23,000 acres of land under cultivation and upwards of 400 estancias, with 321,707 horned cattle, 2,299,303 sheep, and 30,660 horses. The total imports in 1887 were stated at 79,094 pesos and the exports were estimated at 239,286 pesos. In 1891, the number of public and private schools in the Department was 29 and the attendance was 2,144.

The eastern group of Departments is composed of Rocha, Treinta y Tres, and Cerro Largo.

The first of these is in the southeastern part of the country, on the coast of the Atlantic. Its area is 4,281 square miles, and its population was estimated at 17,549 in 1889. The northern portion is covered by low, wet lands, called bañados, unfit for agricultural purposes, and in the southern part are extensive lagoons;

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but the remainder of the surface consists of low plateaux and hills, in which lead, copper, iron, marble, jasper, and other minerals are said to be found, though none of the deposits are worked to any extent.

The capital, Rocha, is situated in the southern part, near the lagoon of the same name, and has a population of about 6,000. Its port, which is about 4 leagues distant, has some commerce. There are no other important towns in the Department, but there is an agricultural colony, Santa Teresa, established near the coast, which occupies about 50,000 acres of land. The leading occupation of the people is stock-raising. In 1886, there were estimated to exist in the Department 247,857 neat cattle, 511,278 sheep, and 20,159 horses. There were in 1887 only 505 pupils attending the public schools, but there were also eight private schools with a fair attendance. The commerce of the Department is limited and is conducted mainly with Brazil. The value of the landed property was, by the latest estimates, 6,779,329 pesos, and the number of tax payers 2,557. There were produced in this Department, in 1891, 17,298 bushels of beans and pease, 11,620 bushels of potatoes, 107,630 watermelons, 265,825 pounds of cheese, and 17,000 pounds of butter. There were harvested 84,512 bushels of wheat and 138,393 of Indian corn.

North of Rocha, is the Department of Treinta y Tres, so named from the number of persons composing a revolutionary movement in 1825. It was formed of sections taken from the adjoining Departments of Minas and Cerro Largo. Its area is 3,687 square miles and its population in 1887 was estimated at 15,748. It embraces one of the richest and most fertile regions of the country, the soil being of remarkable fertility and the surface watered by considerable streams and sufficiently well wooded.

Lead, copper, porphyry, and granite are found in certain parts, but the lack of laborers has prevented any systematic working of these deposits. There were produced in the Department, in 1891, 49,893 bushels of wheat. The attendance at the public schools in 1891 was: Males, 1,160; females, 220. The capital, Treinta y Tres, is the only considerable center of population in the Department. It contains upwards of 3,000 inhabitants, several schools and industrial establishments, and is the center of a considerable trade. The number of neat cattle, according to the latest accessible statistics, was 371,427; sheep, 575,990, and horses, 22,790.

The value of taxable property was stated as 7,170,052 pesos, many of the proprietors being Brazilians.

The Department of Cerro Largo occupies the extreme northeast portion of the country, bordering on Brazil. Its area is 5,754 square miles, and the most recent statement of its population puts it at 19,697, though by some as many as 28,000 are claimed for it. The surface is somewhat mountainous, and lead, copper, granite, porphyry, and coal have been discovered in certain districts. The greater part of the population is engaged in stock-raising, possessing, in 1886, 660,936 horned cattle, 551,920 sheep, and 34,445 horses. Many animals are sent into Brazil, amounting in value to 106,500 pesos in 1887. In the same year, the total exportation from the Department amounted to 623,030 pesos.

The most recent estimate of private property in the Department gives 3,405,565 pesos for 2,226 proprietors. The landed property was estimated at 11,440,507 pesos, on which taxes were paid by 2,966 proprietors, of whom 1,294 were Brazilians. Melo, the capital, is connected by telegraph with Jaguarão on the Brazilian border, where the telegraph system of Uruguay joins with the Brazilian system. Its population in 1887 was about 6,000. The town of Artigas on the river Yaguaron, opposite Jaguarão, has some 3,000 inhabitants, largely of Brazilian origin. In 1891, the Department had 45 public and private schools with 2,696 pupils.

The Departments of Durazno and Flores are situated in the

central part of the Republic; Durazno is the most central and the third in size in the country, having an area of 5,527 square miles, with a population which, in 1887, was estimated at 22,403. It is divided by a range of hills into two sections or basins, one of which extends to the Rio Negro on the north and the other to the river Yi, which forms the southern boundary of the Department. From this central chain of hills, flow numerous streams to the north or south, so that the whole surface is well watered. Most of the land is devoted to grazing; and in 1886, there were 576,714 horned cattle, 2,430,130 sheep, 32,802 horses, and 2,333 mules among the domestic animals reported from the Department.

Durazno, the capital, is situated in the southern part, a short distance from the river Yi. Its central position in the Republic and its situation on the Central Uruguay Railway, of which it is one of the principal stations, give it considerable commercial importance. It possesses some well-constructed buildings, a church, hotels, commercial houses, and industrial establishments, and near it is a fine bridge, over which the railroad crosses the Yi. Its population is about 2,000.

Sarandí, Nuestra Señora del Carmen, Farruco, and Polanco are other places of minor importance in this Department. The Department suffered severely from the civil wars and owes the revival of its prosperity to the opening of the Central Uruguay Railway. Some minerals, as marbles and sulphur, are said to exist within its limits. Its taxable property was estimated in 1886 at 10,906,087 pesos. There were, in 1891, 20 public and 14 private schools, with an aggregate attendance of 1,491 pupils.

The Department of Flores was formed in 1885 from a portion of San José. Its area is only 1,760 square miles and its population is estimated at 15,300. It is situated south of the rivers Yi and Negro, and its surface is broken by the hill chains of Porongos and Marincho. In agricultural importance it ranks fourth, having 100 square miles under cultivation and many rich pastures grazed

by cattle and sheep. In 1887, it sent to Montevideo 18,100 neat cattle and 24,632 sheep. Its wool production was estimated at 350,000 pesos, and the aggregate value of its annual pastoral production is 500,000 pesos. The production of wheat in 1891 was about 5,000 bushels. It possesses numerous fine granite quarries and marble deposits. Slate is also found, and iron, copper, plumbago, and limestone are sent from the Department to Montevideo in considerable quantities.

Trinidad, also called Porongos is the capital. It is situated on the right bank of the river Porongos and has a population of about 4,000, a church, schools, printing office, hotels, many fine stores, and a club. In 1891, there were in the Department 14 schools, with 850 pupils.

The following table exhibits the area and approximate population of the different Departments:

Department.	Area.	Population.
	Square miles.	
Salto	4, 270	<b>32</b> , 827
Artigas	3, 855	17, 367
Paysandú	4, 490	29, 902
Rio Negro	2, 870	15, 970
Soriano	3, 125	32, 617
La Colonia	1, 925	39, 300
San José	2, 359	26, 528
Flores		13, 737
Montevideo	225	234, 688
Canelones	1,610	64, 772
Maldonado	1, 301	15, 757
Rocha	3, 757	22, 237
Cerro Largo		25, 741
Treinta y Tres	3, 232	17, 297
Minas	4, 230	23, 466
Tacuarembó		25, 166
Rivera	3, 330	16, 620
Florida	4, 102	20, 078
Durazno	4, 850	25, 020
	63, 330	<b>7</b> 08, 16

These 19 departments contain 7 cities, 48 towns, and 39 villages and colonies.

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VILLA AT PASO DEL MOLINO, NEAR MONTEVIDEO.

# Chapter V.

### THE RESOURCES OF URUGUAY.

To no other country in the world has nature been more lavish of her favors than to the Eastern Republic of the Uruguay; nowhere has she gathered or distributed more favorable conditions of life or national prosperity than in the comparatively small Republic to which she has appointed as boundaries three fair rivers and a sunny sea. On her fertile plains grows the pasture for the countless herds that up to the present constitute the chief national wealth; in her valleys and on her hills are mingled the vegetations of the tropics and the temperate zones, and in the bosom of her mountains lie the stores of mineral wealth which are to contribute to the greatness and activity of her future. The luxuriance of the vegetation is rivaled only by its variety, and the only limit for centuries to the production of the soil is the amount of labor that can be devoted to its cultivation, and the scarcity of which hitherto has been the chief obstacle to the development of the boundless resources of the country.

Unfortunately, too little attention was given in former times to the gathering and publishing of statistics, so that any comparative exhibit of agricultural, commercial, or industrial operations must be unsatisfactory. In 1889, 1,725 tons of grain and 74 tons of flour, total value, \$151,000, and in 1890, 16,302 tons of grain and 50 tons of flour, total value, \$1,025,000, were exported.

In 1893 (June 25), the following table of crop production was published officially:

## Agricultural statistics.

	Cre	op.	Increase.
Departments.	1891- <sup>1</sup> 98.	1 <b>892-</b> '93.	1892-193.
Montevideo	Hectolitres.	Hectolitres.	Hectolitres.
Canelones	6, 573	6, 530 581, 259	225, 422
	355, 836		
San José	283, 647	412, 365	128, 717
Colonia	275, 797	507, 777	231, 976
Maldonado	38, 125	53, 939	15, 813
Rocha	17, 879	26, 470	8, 728
Soriano	43, 392	125, 917	82, 525
Rio Negro	3, 724	5, 522	1, 798
Paysandú	30, 118	98, 854	68, 734
Salto	5, 960	8, 617	2, 657
Artigas	4, 281	2,063	
Rivera		7, 137	
Cerro Largo	10, 491	22, 602	12, 200
Durazno	7, 238	15, 193	7, 954
Florida	31,664	43, 475	11, 810
Minas	17, 520	47, 648	30, 128
Tacuarembó	16, 630	24, 649	8,010
Treinta y Tres	8, 286	12, 487	3, 610
Flores		4, 238	1, 308
± 1010g	2, 930	4, 230	1, 300
•	1, 160, 631	2, 008, 869	840, 906

A hectolitre is equal to 2 bushels 3.35 pecks.

It is only during recent years that attention has been turned to the improvement of the breeds of animals in Uruguay, but already considerable progress has been made in this direction, through the importation of thoroughbred cattle from Europe.

Not only do the grazing lands support the herds raised in the Republic, but hundreds of thousands of young cattle are brought across the Uruguay from the Argentine to fatten on the rich pastures of the country. The Departments of Salto and Paysandú receive many animals from this source. Immense quantities of charque, or jerked beef, are shipped to Brazil and to Europe, and since the abolition of export duties, the trade in this article has greatly increased.

There were estimated to exist in 1891 in the Republic about 8,690,000 neat cattle, about 23,000,000 sheep, 599,000 horses, 11,000 mules, 24,000 goats, and 23,000 swine. From 1878 to

1888, there were slaughtered in Uruguay 7,423,725 cattle. In 1888, the number was 740,000; in 1889, 708,923; in 1890, 642,000; in 1891 (estimated) 667,100. The total exportation of jerked beef in 1888 was 92,962,976 pounds. The average price of this article for the five years ending with 1888 was \$3.25 per hundredweight. In 1889, the number of cattle in the country was estimated to be 5,281,522.

The Liebig works for the preparation of extract of meat have been mentioned in the description of the Department of Rio Negro. There are also other establishments of a similar kind in the country, one called "Cibils," at Salto, and a large one at Trinidad, but no information of their production is accessible.

Sheep farming is receiving increased attention latterly, and, apart from the value of the wool, it is becoming as important as the cattle industry. Frozen carcasses are shipped by steamer in large quantities to Europe. The improvement of the breeds of sheep will increase largely the value of the wool clip in the future. In 1889, the exports of wool amounted to 98,863,469 pounds, and in 1890, to 47,740,390 pounds. For the first quarter of the fiscal year 1891, the exportation of live stock, slaughter-house products, rural products, other products and provisions for vessels, amounted to \$3,592,783; same period 1892, \$3,520,447. But for the first quarter of the calendar year 1892, the exportation of these articles amounted to \$8,398,302; for same period 1893, \$8,234,594.

The exports of sheepskins increased from 7,964,361 pounds in 1881 to 15,129,974 in 1887. In 1889, the number of hides exported was 1,810,000 and in 1890, 2,506,202.

Of agricultural development in Uruguay, it may be said that the hopes of the future are not built upon the experience of the past; for up to the present time, growth in this branch has been quite unsatisfactory. There has been progress, but it has been feeble. The establishment of agricultural colonies, however, which is being pushed with much activity, promises better results, and the con-

sequent influx of labor to be devoted to the tillage of the fertile soil can not fail to change the present unsatisfactory condition.

In this branch particularly, statistical data are wanting or are so few and imperfect as to be of little value. Up to 1877, flour and wheat were imported into the country, and as since that time no importations have been made, enough grain has been raised for home consumption, and from 1885 to 1888, about 78,000,000 pounds of flour have been exported. The number of grist mills is given as 71, of which 60 are operated by steam and 11 by water.

The cultivation of the vine is increasing satisfactorily, and sufficient wine is already made to diminish sensibly the demand for foreign importation. The Department of Salto is pushing this industry with energy. An official report gives 756 acres planted in vineyards. One of the wine-growers already produces about 1,000 casks of red wine annually, its value being \$50 per cask. A company with a capital of \$100,000 has been formed in Montevideo for the development of this industry. A list of wine-growers, confessedly incomplete, gives the number of 78 for the whole country.

The Republic of Uruguay is becoming famous for the abundance, excellence, and variety of its fruit, and of late years, the exportation of pears and apples to Buenos Aires and Brazil has become of great importance. The fine strawberries of the country are to be seen in the markets of Rio de Janeiro, together with peaches and plums from the same source. Apples, pears, peaches, cherries, plums, lemons, limes, pomegranates, and grapes thrive throughout the entire territory, while in the northern part, near the Brazilian border, grow the banana, the cocoanut, the pineapple, the orange, and many other tropical and semitropical fruits. Quinces are so abundant as to form forests, and the making of preserves from this fruit constitutes a valuable industry.

The flora of the country is abundant and various. The flowers

are the admiration of all strangers, and the forests abound with woods, both cabinet and building, of great beauty and durability, which are unknown in Europe even by name. Medicinal plants also grow in great profusion.

Among the hard and durable woods, may be named the ñandubay, which, buried in the earth, becomes petrified; the urunday, the lapacho, the viraro, the coronilla, the espinello, the quebracho, the arazá, the algarroba, the guayaco or lignum vitæ; and among the softer and less durable, may be mentioned the willow, the amarillo, the acacia, the ceibo. Many others of equal value might be named, for the species and varieties are almost innumerable. In Paysandú, Minas, and Maldonado, palm trees abound, and im Rocha and on the upper Uruguay, immense groves of these trees are found. Almost everyone is familiar with the many uses to which this most valuable of trees is put, its fruit, bark, juice, pith, and leaves lending themselves to the sustenance or industry of man. The poplar, the pine, the cypress, the oak, the eucalyptus, the cedar, the magnolia, and the mulberry have been successfully acclimated.

Among the medicinal plants found in the country, are schinus, gigueron, the quinquina, the dragon's blood, the guaicum, the ysican, and others more or less known to the pharmacopeia. The bark of the schinus, the algarrobo, and the guaviyú are used in tanning, and from the leaves a black dye is prepared. The curupé and coronilla are valuable dyewoods; the batamá yields a rose-colored dye used in dyeing wools. Indigo grows wild in certain districts, and the hyssop and nopal are found in some regions.

The yerba mate, so important a plant in Paraguay, abounds also in its sister Republic, being indigenous in Minas, Tucuarembó, Maldonado, and Cerro Largo.

In the "Herbarium" of Dr. Francisco Salazar, and the "Flora del Uruguay" of Dr. Sobrón, 430 species of medicinal plants are mentioned.

Bull. 61-4

Among the cereals, wheat is the most extensively grown, yielding sometimes 30 bushels for 1 sown, and next comes Indian corn, producing 300 for one, and barley, which gives 18 to 36 for 1.

All the species and varieties of garden products thrive, as beans, peas, potatoes, lentils, sweet potatoes, carrots, radishes, melons, etc., and several varieties of berries produce abundantly. Alfalfa, the clover of the south, grows luxuriantly and is exported to some extent to Brazil.

Linseed, hemp, tobacco, and saffron are produced to some extent. Mention has already been made of the number of the principal domestic animals of Uruguay, and it needs only to be said that the facilities for the raising of these can not be surpassed elsewhere, since nowhere else exist superior conditions of climate, pasturage, and water. The horse, cow, sheep, and pig were introduced by the early Spanish conquerors. The merino sheep was imported in 1833, and later the Saxon, Negretti, and Rainbouillet. The Angora goat was brought to the country in 1834.

Among the wild animals, are deer of several kinds, the otter, the wild boar, the carpincho, the ounce, the wildcat, the fox, the ant-eater, and the capivara.

The feathered tribe is almost innumerable, over 500 species being known. Among them, the stork, the crane, the wild turkey, and swan are the most notable of the larger birds, and the magpie, woodpecker, spoonbill, grouse, duck, partridge, pigeon, parrot, parroquet, kingfisher, and many varieties of humming birds are representatives of the smaller kinds. Among the song birds, the linnet, the lark, the goldfinch, the thrush, and the turtle dove may be named; and among the birds of prey, the most conspicuous are the eagle, the hawk, the falcon, the crow, the vulture, and several varieties of owls. All the domestic fowls have their representatives here.

Thirty species of reptiles are known to exist in the country, among them lizards, vipers and other snakes, and tortoises.

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Fourteen species of mollusks are found and seven of crustaceous animals. The oyster, introduced from Brazil, thrives along the coast; periwinkles, cockles, and crabs abound. Thousands of tons of fish are annually sent from Montevideo to Buenos Aires. About 130 species of salt and fresh-water fish are enumerated. Among the former, the brotola, the conger, and the kingfish are most esteemed. From the rivers, are taken bagre, shad, goldfish, cavalla, eels, and fish of immense size called monguruyó and pati, which are peculiar to the country.

The hills of Uruguay are undoubtedly rich in most of the valuable minerals. Apart from the fabulous stories of abundant deposits of gold, silver, and diamonds, whose falsity has been proved, enough is surely known to substantiate the claim that the Republic is one of the most favored of countries in mineral as well as in agricultural resources. Among the metals, gold, silver, copper, iron, tin, and mercury are found. The inspector-general of mines reports a yield in 1890 from two mines of \$72,449, and this with limited means for the extraction of the metal.

A lead mine has been discovered in the Department of Minas. The mineralogist Petivenit found gold, topaz, and diamonds in the bed of the San Francisco, in the same Department. Amethysts and agates are found in the northern districts, and exported to Europe to be used in the manufacture of jewelry.

Mr. Lettsom, late British Minister at Montevideo, discovered agates and marbles of several varieties, slate, alum, asphalt, gypsum, and cobalt. The same gentleman states that the silver ores of the country yield 87 per cent of metal; copper ore, 56 per cent; and magnetic iron, 72 per cent. The average yield of gold per ton of auriferous quartz from three distinct districts, in 1886, was 22.6 grams.

Limestone is abundant in Minas, Maldonado, and Florida, and marble in several Departments, as has been mentioned in the descriptions of them. No coal mines are worked in the Republic, but deposits of this mineral are said to exist in Cerro Largo and Maldonado.

The climate of Uruguay is mild and healthful, the usual range of the thermometer being from 32° to 88° F. On the table lands, frosts occur in July and August, and in the lowlands, the temperature sometimes rises to or above 100° in February. The rainfall is abundant in all seasons, but is greatest in May and October. The little snow that falls on rare occasions rapidly disappears. The prevailing winds are from the north, northeast, east, and southeast.

Endemic diseases are almost unknown and epidemics are very rare. The hardy race that peoples the interior has seldom need of the physician or his medicines.

# Chapter VI.

#### POPULATION AND IMMIGRATION.

The population of the Banda Oriental in the year 1769, is supposed to have been about 31,000 souls. At the time of the declaration of independence, the number was put at 74,000. A census taken in 1852, gave 131,969 inhabitants, and in 1860, a second census showed 229,480 people. In 1879, the population was 438,245.

From 1882 to 1892, the following estimates have been published by the Uruguayan Bureau of Statistics:

1882 505, 207	1888 648, 297
1883 520, 536	1889 683, 943
1884 559, 668	1890 706, 524
1885 582, 858	1891 708, 168
1886 596, 463	1892 728, 447
1887 614, 257	

The proportion in 1891 between the foreign and the native elements was 70 per cent for the latter and 30 per cent for the former. The density of the population is about 4 inhabitants per square kilometer.

The increase of the population, apart from immigration, is remarkable, as is shown by the following official statistics:

1883 13, 261	1888
1884 11, 503	1889 14, 619
1885	
1886	1891 16, 277
	1892 16, 067

According to these figures, the average increase of the population, apart from immigration, during ten years, from 1883 to 1892, was at the rate of 21 per thousand. This rate is larger than in Buenos Aires, England, Norway, Scotland, the German Empire, Prussia, Denmark, Sweden, the Netherlands, Belgium, Bavaria, Ireland, Italy, Austria, Switzerland, China, Hungary, and France.

The rate in Buenos Aires is 14 per thousand, in England 13.7, in Norway 13.6, in the German Empire 12.4, and in Prussia 12.3.

In the blending of races that accompanied the conquest of the country the pure native element has almost disappeared, and even the "Gaucho," who represented the cross of the European and the aboriginal, has begun to adopt the civilized customs and garb and to lose himself in the growth of the modern and distinctive national type, formed by the infusion of European blood, through immigration, into the population of mixed Spanish and native origin.

The people of Uruguay are not devoid of energy and enterprise, and, but for the unfortunate political dissensions and civil wars, would have already reached a higher stage of progress. They are hospitable to excess, welcoming strangers with unaffected kindness; liberal and tolerant towards religious and political opinions different from their own; gay in disposition and fond of festivities; eager for instruction and appreciative of excellence in the arts and literature.

Like all other people of the race, they are very sensible to the charms of poetry, fond of imaginative literature, and easily moved by forensic or pulpit eloquence or the productions of dramatic and operatic art. Nowhere have the great actors and singers of the world been received by more appreciative audiences than in the theaters of Montevideo. Rossi, Salvini, Bernhardt, Tamberlik, Mario, Tamagno, and Patti have left in the capital of the Republic many enthusiastic admirers of their talent and have carried away many souvenirs of that appreciation.

The people possess the special characteristics of the races of

their origin, and are, in the main, honest and courageous, hospitable and enterprising. That the race possesses the elements capable of building up national greatness is indisputable. The proof lies in the constant progress it has made against obstacles of uncommon difficulty in the earlier times, and in spite of the civil and international wars that have so often swept over the young nation.

## IMMIGRATION, COST OF LIVING, WAGES, ETC.

One of the most pressing needs of the Republic of Uruguay is labor to till the soil and supply the various branches of industry on which its prosperity, present and future, must depend; and the General Government has given some attention to attracting to the country a current of European immigration. The results of the measures thus far adopted have not been as successful as was desired, but considerable numbers, chiefly of agricultural colonists, have been induced to settle in various parts of the country, and the success of the different experiments in colonizing has been such as to encourage strong hopes for the future.

Up to 1888, the tide of immigration had not in any considerable degree been diverted from Brazil and the Argentine, owing to the superior inducements held out or supposed to be possessed by those countries, but in the year mentioned and in the succeeding one, a notable change was perceived, the arrivals being 16,581 in 1888 against 12,867 in 1887, and in 1889, the number of immigrants rose to 27,349.

The financial crisis of 1890 turned the tide backward, and in 1891, against 10,256 arrivals, there were 18,982 departures for Europe, constituting a loss of 8,726 persons. This loss was, however, partly compensated by an excess of 5,000 in the arrivals from the Argentine over the departures for that country.

It is probable, as remarked by Consul Hill in a recent report, that the greater part of the departures for Europe was composed of the floating foreign population, whom the financial stringency left without means of "floating" any longer in Montevideo.

The following table shows the arrivals and departures of European immigrants and emigrants during the years comprised in the same:

Years.	Arrivals.	Departures.
1884 1885 1886 1887 1888	15, 679 12, 291 12, 867 16, 581	6, 040 6, 729 6, 541 6, 252 7, 601
1896	24, 117 11, 916	19, 852 18, 982 82, 659

The above statistics are for Montevideo alone; the arrivals and departures at the other ports, being comparatively insignificant, do not figure in the official reports. The movement of population between Uruguay and its neighbors, Brazil and the Argentine, is thought to be in favor of the first. The total number of arrivals of passengers in Montevideo from 1885 to 1889, inclusive, was 317,766, but only such as reported to the Commission of Immigration were considered as immigrants.

Immigration into Uruguay is principally from southern Europe, the Italians preponderating, and the Spaniards coming next in number. From 1866 to 1871, nearly half the immigrants were Italians, many being without means of supporting or establishing themselves; but after that period, though the numbers fell off considerably, those who arrived generally possessed means of self-subsistence.

The Government has encouraged the founding of colonies as centers of agricultural development, and considerable success has followed its efforts in this direction. These settlements are made up in general of immigrants of the same nationality, and several have been made in various parts of the country. Among them may be named the Vaudois Colony, settled in 1857 by Protestant

immigrants from Piedmont, who established themselves at first in Florida and afterwards in Colonia.

The Swiss Colony, in the same Department, was founded in 1861. In 1884, it contained 420 families in a prosperous condition, and had under cultivation about 27,000 acres of land, with 15,000 devoted to grazing.

The Quevedo, Cosmopolita, Sauce, Riachuelo, and Española, are flourishing settlements. The Paullier Hermanos, in San José, the General Artigas in Soriano, the Porvenir, in Paysandú, and others in various Departments are of less importance.

For the near future the success of colonization will largely depend on the acquisition by purchase or appropriation of lands now in the hands of speculators and large proprietors and opening them on easy conditions to settlers, and on the efforts of the Sociedad de Colonisacion y Formento del Uruguay, a company formed with a capital of \$5,000,000 for the colonization of lands under its control. The scheme of this company is the cession of lands in stated amounts to actual settlers, advancing means and implements, to be paid for in small annual installments.

The price of land has about doubled in the last twenty-five years, and varies from \$7 to \$100 per quadra (1.77 acres), according to locality, but the cost of the necessaries of life is still reasonably low. The following estimate is given by an English authority of the cost of settlement and opening to cultivation of 100 hectares (247.1 acres) of land:

Purchase money of land	\$2,000
Four horses, at \$12 each	48
Twelve oxen, at \$15 each	180
Twenty-four milch cows, at \$15 each	360
Six hogs, at \$2 each	12
A brick or stone house, roofed with corrugated galvanized iron, and containing three rooms, outhouses, furniture, well, a cart (no barns or stables	
necessary)	600
Two plows, at \$20; I harrow, at \$20, and other tools	100
Seeds for first year	10
Total	A 070

The moving and current expenses up to harvest will swell the amount to say \$4,000.

It is only in the second year that the harvest gives good results on the newly opened prairie lands, and the following is the estimate for the said 100 hectares for the first year:

Two thousand one hundred and fifty pounds cheese	\$258
The six fattened hogs will sell for \$12 each	72
Twenty-four calves, at \$2 each	48
Indian corn (minimum product)	400
Total	778

In the second year, the Indian corn will yield more than \$1,000, and the products of the farm should give a total of \$1,400 as an average. Of course the value of the farm products would depend largely on the vicinity of means of transportation to market, and localities would naturally be selected in view of such facilities.

In estimating the cost of subsistence, the following table of values of various eatables, etc., will be of aid. The prices are given per kilogram (2.2 pounds).

Cents,	Cents.
Beef 12	Milk (liter)
Flour 9	Candles (tallow)
Wheat bread 10	Soap 12
	Salt 6
Rice 14	Tobacco
Sugar 12 to 18	Oil (liter) 40
	Cheese40
Wine (liter) 18	

The General Government has placed at the disposition of the Commissioner of Immigration a large and well-constructed building, measuring 131 feet square, for the reception, lodging, and feeding of such immigrants as desire such aid. The Commission furnishes them free transportation to the colony where they intend to settle.

All contracts made with immigrants for employment are supervised by the Commission, in order to prevent abuses. The fol-

lowing presents the wages usually paid in the various trades and industries. Apprentices, in general, receive lodging, board, and clothing:

Servant maids, \$6 to \$12 per month and board; bakers, \$18 to \$36 per month; brewers, \$40 to \$50 per month; brickmakers, \$1 to \$1.20 per day and board; chairmakers, \$1.60 to \$2 per day; hatmakers, \$18 to \$22 per month; cart drivers, \$16 to \$24 per month; boilermakers, \$50 to \$80 or \$100 per month; cigarmakers, \$1.20 to \$1.50 per day; coachmen, \$20 to \$25 per month; hair cutters, \$14 to \$20 and board; conductors of diligences, \$35 to \$40; confectioners, \$20 to \$40 and \$60; shoemakers, \$15 to \$20; overseers, \$30 to \$35; seamstresses, 6 to 8 reales per day and board; cooks, male, \$15 to \$35. per month, bed and board; cooks, female, \$12 to \$16 per month, bed and board; servants (general), \$10 to \$18 per month, bed and board; gilders, \$2 per day; harvesters, \$10 to \$15 per month and board; restaurant waiters, \$15 to \$20 per month, bed and board; watchmakers, \$15 to \$20 per month, bed and board; lackeys, \$40 to \$60 per month; gardeners, \$18 to \$30; day laborers, 80 cents to \$1 per day; mattress-makers, \$12 to \$15 per month and board; sailors, \$15 to \$25 per month and board; mechanics, \$60 to \$100 and \$150 per month; modistes, \$20 to \$30 per month; nurses, \$20 to \$30 per month; pastry cooks, \$25 to \$40 per month; fishermen, \$20 to \$25; painters, \$1.20 to \$2.50 per day; photographers, \$35 to \$55 per month; posters, \$10 to \$12 per month and board; potters, 15 to 20 reales daily and board; teachers, \$30 to \$60 per month and board; bookbinders, \$30 to \$35 per month; sawyers, 18 to 20 reales daily; tailors, \$20 to \$30 per month; locksmiths, \$1.50 to \$1.80 per day; stonecutters, 12 to 16 reales per day; bookkeepers, \$50 to \$200 per month; turners, 18 to 25 reales per day; dyers, \$15 to \$25 per month; coopers, 12 to 15 reales per day; glaziers, 12 to 15 reales per day; printers, \$40 to \$45 per month.

The workday comprises eleven hours.

The demand for mechanical labor in its different branches is good in Uruguay, but the subdivision of these branches has not been carried so far as in the United States, and all-round skill in each is most required.

The liberal professions, as in all the Latin-American countries, are overcrowded with natives, so that there are few or no inducements, except in special cases, for foreign lawyers, physicians,

teachers, etc., to settle in Uruguay. The immigrant who, fairly equipped for the industry to which he proposes to devote himself, will resign himself to endure the first hardships inseparable from settlement in a new country, and will arm himself with patience and perseverance, can not fail, on the fertile soil of the Oriental Republic, to reap an abundant reward for his trials and efforts.



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## Chapter VII.

### INTERNAL COMMUNICATION, FINANCE, BANKING, EDUCATION.

The numerous water ways throughout the Republic, both those which have already sufficient depth for navigation and those which, by a little dredging, can be made navigable, afford abundant facilities for internal communication by steamboat and sail. The principal of these streams have been mentioned in the descriptions of the various Departments.

The Government, in view of the difficulty of transportation of heavy machinery and materials to and from the mining districts, and of developing more rapidly some agricultural sections, has, during recent years, given considerable attention to the construction of railways, as a means of communication where none existed, and as affording facilities more direct and rapid, even where water communication was possible.

Uruguay possesses six main lines of railway (1,567 kilometers, about 930 miles, in length) in actual in operation. They are: the Central, the Northeastern, the Eastern, the Northern, the Northewestern, and the Midland Railroads. Extensions are making to all the above lines, and branches are under construction. The roads were all built under guaranty of a rate of interest, generally 7 per cent on the capital employed in their construction. No laws are in force regulating railway rates. All the roads are in the hands of private corporations.

The Central Uruguayan Railway starts at Montevideo and runs through the whole territory of the Republic, until it reaches the Brazilian frontier at the town of Santa Ana do Livramento, the 62 URUGUAY.

whole length of the line being 575 kilometers.\* This road has a branch, 32 kilometers long, to the city of San José.

The Northeastern Railway runs from Montevideo to the city of Minas. Its length is 122 kilometers.

The Eastern Railroad starts from the Toledo station of the Northeastern Railway and reaches Nico Perez. Its length is 206 kilometers.

The Northern Railway connects Montevideo with Barra de Santa Lucía, where the principal stock yards are situated. Its length is 23 kilometers.

The Northwestern Railway starts at the city of Salto, and, after crossing the Department of the same name and that of Artigas, stops at the river Cuareim, where it makes connection with the Brazilian Railroad called "Uruguayana." Its length is 178 kilometers.

The Midland Railway connects the Central with the Northeastern Railways. The junction with the former is made at El Paso de los Toros, and with the latter at the city of Salto. Its length is 317 kilometers.

When the extensions and branches contemplated for the present leading systems shall have been completed, Uruguay will be possessed of adequate facilities for the development of many of her agricultural and industrial resources which as yet lie unemployed; and it can not be doubted that, with all her other advantages of climate, soil, and geographical situation, she will at least keep pace with her sister Republics of the southern continent.

The capital had, in 1891, 9 lines of tramways in operation, with a total length of 173 kilometers, and the number of passengers carried in that year was 18,000,000. The various companies employ in the service 3,622 horses and 507 cars, have 14 stations, and give employment to 1,019 men.

Uruguay is connected with the great network of submarine cables that puts her in telegraphic communication with the great

<sup>\*</sup> A kilometer is equal to 0.62137 of a mile

cities of the world. Cable messages may be sent by the Eastern Company, via Lisbon, to Europe and North America. The two cables between Lisbon and Pernambuco, Brazil, touch at Montevideo, between which city and Buenos Aires there are two telegraph routes. Messages may be sent (and at present this is the cheaper route) by the land line across the continent to Valparaiso, thence up the west coast and across the Isthmus to Galveston.

The system of land lines of the Republic has a total length of 4,406 kilometers. It connects at Jaguarão with the Brazilian telegraph lines, so that messages may be transmitted by land to all points on the Brazilian coast or to the United States through the French cable which at Ceará connects with the Brazilian land lines, and with the Western Union in Cuba.

The subjoined table represents the condition and business of the telegraph lines for 1891:

Lines.	Extent of line.	Numbers of offices.	Number of telegrams.
National	Kilometers.	22	
Platino-Brasilero		15	31, 218 67, 127
Oriental		23	36, 036
Platense Brasilero		23	• •
River Plate		ا ي	34, 940 37, 738
Western Brazilian		2	8. 350
Telephonic, of the Plata	184	3	17, 188
Direct United States	250		
Totals	4, 406	79	232, 597

Montevideo has two telephone companies, the "Uruguaya" and the "Coöperative." The former has 1,796 subscribers, and the latter, a newly organized rival, has 430 wires. The number of subscribers is said to be greater, in proportion to the population of the city, than in any other American city, except Detroit, in North America, and Rosario and Providencia, in South America.

The capital invested in these two companies is \$320,000. They have 9 stations and employ 163 persons in their service.

Being a member of the Universal Postal Union, Uruguay enjoys all the advantages afforded by that institution for international postal communications. The national postal service is well conducted, and in 1889, there were in the country 488 post-offices with 709 employés; 141 of these being in the general office and the remainder in its local branches. The post routes cover 701 kilometers of railway lines, 150 of sea, and 1,125 of river service. The remaining service is performed by coaches and carriers. The mail movement in 1891 comprised 20,105,295 pieces. Of these, 6,152,654 were private letters, 423,178 official correspondence, 543,127 samples, 55,955 postal cards, and 12,930,381 pieces of printed matter. The postal revenues for 1891 were \$203,585.73.

#### FINANCE.

One of the leading journals of Montevideo, in its annual retrospect for 1891, says:

In spite of the losses suffered by the nation's revenues in the sharp financial crisis through which the country is passing, the finances of the nation might be placed on a tolerable footing, thanks to the arrangement made in London, with the exercise of a little economy and order in the management of the Treasury.

Reference is made here to the financial disasters of 1890, which continued in 1891, and to the efforts made by the Government to improve the financial condition by a reorganization of the National Bank, whose failure had precipitated the crisis in 1890, and by a consolidation and conversion of the national debt at a reduced rate of interest. This debt was composed of obligations held abroad, indebtedness to railways arising from guaranties, and guaranteed liabilities of the National Bank—in all, about \$113,-225,000.

The capital necessary for the reorganization of the bank could not be raised in London, but the Banco Popular, of Rio de Janeiro, loaned \$3,000,000, with the option of \$5,000,000, for the period of two years from Mach 5, 1891. This was really a loan

to the Government, since as security for the payment of the interest at 9 per cent, an additional duty of 5 per cent, pledged to such payments, was levied on imports. This loan in some measure relieved the financial stress and aided in carrying out the plan of consolidation of the national indebtedness. This plan contemplated the issuance of bonds to the amount of \$96,350,000 at 3½ per cent to replace the existing obligations, and Consul Hill, in his report dated March 8, 1892, states that the majority of the bondholders had deposited their holdings in accordance with the conditions of the act authorizing the consolidation; so that the success of the measure seemed assured. According to a report made to the British Foreign Office, the financial position of Uruguay June 30, 1892, was as follows: Internal debt, \$11,840,000; external (consolidated) debt, \$90,710,000; international debt, \$1,881,725; total, \$104,431,725.

The falling off in the revenues owing to the diminished imports has embarrassed the Government considerably in its efforts to restore the financial equilibrium.

The expenditures for 1891--'92 were estimated as follows:

Service of debt	\$7, 286, 941
Government expenses	2, 100, 724
War and navy	1, 765, 311
Pensions	
Miscellaneous	2, 659, 880
	Tr 046 707
Total	15, 240, /9/
The revenues for 1891-'92 were estimated as follows:	
The revenues for 1891-'92 were estimated as follows:	
The revenues for 1891-'92 were estimated as follows:	<b>\$</b> 10, 622, 000

The revenues, however, fell far short of the estimates owing to decreased imports, and the President places the deficit at \$3,000,000; but the fear that the 45 per cent of the customs re-

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ceipts set aside for the service of the new consolidated debt may prove inadequate appears to be unfounded, as the imports in 1892 show an increase over 1891.

The condition of the banks of Montevideo reflects the effects of the financial depression in 1890 and 1891. At the end of 1889, the reserve held by the various banks amounted to \$14,094,100, and the emission to \$15,989,180; in November, 1890, the reserve had fallen to \$8,131,453, and at the end of 1891, to \$4,926,880; while the emission declined respectively to \$9,337,881 and \$2,392,712. Of this latter amount, the part credited to the National Bank and to the English Bank of the River Plate (also suspended), being a total of \$760,452, was withdrawn from circulation; so that the entire business of the country was transacted on a paper currency of less than \$2,000,000, the same amount in silver coin of the country, and the small quantity of foreign gold that remained in circulation.

The following table shows the reserve and emission of the several banks for 1891:

Banks.	Reserve.	Emission.
National Bank London and River Plate Bank English Bank of the River Plate Spanish Bank of the River Plate Italian Bank of Uruguay Italian-Oriental Bank	3, 820, 199, 41 377, 408, 02 320, 164, 84	Dellars. 742, 182. 10 1, 535, 000. 00 18, 270. 00 126, 720. 00 138, 100. 00 32, 440. 00
Total	4, 926, 879. 65	<b>2</b> , 392, 712. 10

The deposits in bank for 1890 amounted to \$23,489,969, but in 1891, fell off to \$15,171,184. The failure of the English Bank which took place in July, 1891, gave a blow to confidence in the banking institutions of the country from which recovery must be slow. Fortunately, the other banks were strong enough to meet the demand upon them that followed.

The total monetary circulation in July, 1892, is stated as \$5,000,000, of which \$2,388,000 was paper. The total circulation and reserve were estimated at \$20,000,000.

The following is a list of the banks with their capital in 1889:

•	_
Banco de Crédito Auxiliar	. 2,000,000
Banco de Crédito Unido	. 5, 000, 000
Banco Italo-Oriental	. 8, 000, 000
Banco de la Bolsa	. 3, 000, 000
Banco Departmental de la Colonia	. 1,000,000
Banco General Uruguayo	. 10, 000, 000
Banco del Monte de Piedad y Caja de Ahorros de Montevideo	. 10,000,000
Banco Trasatlántico del Uruguay	. 22, 000, 000
Banco de Cobranzas, Locacion y Anticipios	400,000
Banco del Plata	20, 000, 000
Banco Monte de Piedad y Caja de Ahorro	10, 000, 000
Banco Hipotecario y Constructor de Tacuarembó	. 1,000,000
Banco Agricola Comercial del Uruguay	. 10, 000, 000
Banco del Comercio Minorista	. 1,000,000
Total	\$700 400 000

Besides the fourteen banks enumerated above, there were nineteen companies and forty-two associations of different kinds authorized to do business in securities and credits, with an aggregate capital of \$144,791,000.

## PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, EDUCATION, ETC.

The number of public and private schools in the several Departments has already been mentioned.

In the public schools, primary instruction is compulsory between the ages of six and fourteen years, and the attendance is quite up to that in other States, in proportion to the population. The statistics for 1891 show the existence of 483 public schools, with 43,676 pupils. The number of teachers employed in these was 863, of whom 272 were male and 591 female; 688 natives and 175 foreigners.

The normal school for girls was attended by 33 students, and during the year, there was established a similar institution for boys, at which the attendance was 41. The statistics of private schools

for 1891 show that there were then 375. The total attendance at these schools was 21,945.

It will be seen, then, that the total attendance at the public and private schools of the Republic in 1891 was 65,621.

The average of salaries paid to male teachers in the public schools in 1891 was \$36.27 and to females \$35.71 per month.

The number of public schoolhouses was 94, and the amount expended in support of primary instruction in 1890 was \$690,574. The amount of capital invested in public-school buildings in 1891 was \$663,362.

The University of Uruguay has been alluded to elsewhere.

The Military School had 79 students of 14 to 24 years, 16 professors, and 11 adjuncts.

The School of Arts and Trades is a flourishing institution, and conducted on a military plan. Each pupil who enters is bound to remain for a term of years, and must not be more than 14 years old. The plan of instruction embraces a wide range. Commencing with simple carpentry, the pupil is gradually conducted to more difficult and artistic work, such as wood and metal carving and engraving. Painting, drawing, music, etc., represent the fine arts in the course.

The gunboat Rivera, which afterwards did good service, was constructed by the workmen of this school.

The institution had in 1889 172 pupils, bound for four, five, or six years.

Almost every town in the Republic has one or more daily newspapers, the total number in 1891 being 105.

Naturally, the most important and influential of these are published at the capital, and are:

El Siglo (two editions daily), La Nacion (semiofficial), La Razón (two daily editions), El Bien-Publico (Catholic organ), El Telégrafo Maritimo (commercial), The River Plate Times (English), The Express (English), El Ferrocarril (evening), La

Tribuna Popular (evening). Besides, there are others of less circulation in Spanish, French, and Italian.

Several interesting reviews are published at the capital, and scientific, artistic, and literary societies and clubs are numerous. Mention may be made of the Uruguay Athenæum, the Catholic Athenæum, the University Athenæum, the Military Athenæum, the Society of Arts and Sciences, the Musical Association, and the Lycée.

The different nationalities have their respective clubs in Montevideo, at which lectures, balls, and receptions are given, and the Montevideans have enjoyed the pleasure of listening to the world's best singers and actors. The Solis Theater rivals in decoration and arrangement the best of Europe and of North America.

The National Museum at Montevideo contains 14,124 different objects in the sections devoted to archeology, history, zoölogy, botany, mineralogy, etc., among which are many interesting relics of the races that peopled the country before the Spanish conquest.

The National Library contains more than 20,000 volumes and 2,300 manuscripts, and the University Library possesses some 5,000 volumes.

### MONEY, WEIGHTS, AND MEASURES.

The Republic has no gold currency of national coinage, but the coins of foreign countries circulate freely. The following are the legal values of the several gold coins in circulation:

Twenty-mark piece (Germany)	<b>5</b> 4. 60
Argentine \$5	4. 66
Eight florins (Austria)	3- 73
Twenty milreis (Brazil)	10. 56
Condor (Chile)	8.82
Twenty pesos (Colombia)	18.66
Doblon of 100 reales and 10 escudos (Spain)	4.82
Twenty-five pesetas piece (Spain)	4.66
Eagle (United States of America)	9.66
Twenty francs (France, Italy, etc.)	3.73
Pound sterling (Great Britain)	

Twenty sols (Peru)	18. <b>6</b> 6
Corona (Portugal)	10. 45
Twenty pesos (Venezuela)	

There are about \$2,000,000 in silver in circulation, coined in the mint at Buenos Aires.

The monetary unit is the peso, or dollar of silver, of 100 centenas, or cents, whose approximate value compared with the United States silver dollar, is \$1.035.

The notes of the various banks of issue make up, with the abovementioned coins, the circulating medium of the currency. The amount of their issues has been stated elsewhere. The notes of the banks, except the National Bank, are redeemable on demand in coin.

The Metric System has been officially adopted in Uruguay, but, as in other South American countries, the majority of the people still use the old weights and measures.

The following tables exhibit the weights and measures of Uruguay, with their metric equivalents:

## Weights and measures.

#### LINEAL MEASURE.

	Meters.				
I Légua lineal	<b>=</b> 5. 154				
T Cuadra	<del>=</del> 85.				
I Vara	= .859				
r Pié	= .286333				
r Cuarta	= .214750				
r Pulgada	= . 073861				
r Linea	= .001988				
r Punto	= .000166				
LAND AND SUPERFICIAL MEASURES.					

			Square meters.
I	Légua cuadrada	<b>== 26,</b>	563, 716.
I	Cuadra cuadrada	=	7, 378. 81
I	Vara cuadrada	=	. 737881
I	Pié cuadrado	=	. 081987
	Pulgada cuadrada		. 000569
	Linea cuadrada		. 000004
I	Suerte de estancia	= 10.	022, 787.

# Weights and measures-Continued.

CUBIC OR SOLID MEASURES.
Cubic meters.  z Vara cúbica = .633839779
I Pie cúbico
r Pulgada cúbica =. 000013585
I Linea cúbica =. 000000008
MEASURES OF CAPACITY.
Liquid Measures.
I Pipa =455. 424
I Cuarterola
I Barril 75. 904
I Frasco 2. 372
1 Cuarta = .503
I Octava = .2065
r Galón* 3.805
1 Galou 3.005
DRY MEASURES.
Hectoliters.
I Fanega doble=2. 74544
I Fanega sencilla
I Cuartilla
I Media cuartilla
MEASURES OF WEIGHT.
Kllograms,
I Tonelada=918.8
I Quintal = 45.94
I Arroba = II.485
1 Litra = .4594
I Onza = .0287125
1 Adarme = .0017945
I Gramo = .0000498
r Pesada de cueros secos de 40 libras = 18. 376
I Pesada de cueros salados de 75 libras = 34.455
MEDICINAL MEASURES.
Kila,
I Libra === 34455
I Onza == .0287125
I Dracma =. 00358906
I Escrúpulo =. 00119635
I Grano =. 00004985

<sup>\*</sup> In use, but not a legal measure.

# URUGUAY.

# Comparison of the metric and United States standards.

# [Length: 1 metre=100 centimetres.]

N	letric.	Uni	United States.			
Millimetre = r centimetre = r metre = r kilometre =	.0393 inch. .3937 inch. 39.3707 inches.	I inch = I foot = I yard = I mile =	2.5399 centimetres. 30.4794 centimetres. .9143 metre. 1.6093 kilometre.			
geographical mile	0.6213 mile. e or knot = 1.152 mile = niles = 1 degree.					
	[Square: 1 are=1	oo square metres.]				
I square centimetro I square metre I square metre I are I hectare	e= .1550 sq. in. = 10.7642 sq. ft. = 119.6033 sq. yds. = 2.4711 acres.	I square inch = I square foot = I square yard = I acre =	6.4513 square cent0928 square metre8360 square metre4046 hectolitre.			
	[Cubic: Cubic metre	a,also called "stere."]				
r cubic metre =	35.3165 cubic feet.	I cubic foot =	.02831 cubic metres			
r cubic metre == 1 United States ton 1.1326 cubic m	of shipping = 40 cub etres.	I cubic foot = pic feet = 32.143 U	.02831 cubic metres inited States bushels =			
I United States ton 1.1326 cubic m  I gramme = I kilogramme =	of shipping = 40 cub etres.	oic feet = 32.143 U	.02831 cubic metres inited States bushels =  .4535 kilo. 50.8023 kilos 1,016.0475 kilos			
I United States ton 1.1326 cubic m	Weight: z kilogram  15.4323 grains. 2.2046 pounds. 2,204.62 pounds.	ine=1,000 grammes.]  I pound = I cwt. ==	.4535 kilo. 50.8023 kilos			
I United States ton 1.1326 cubic m  I gramme = 1 kilogramme =	Weight: z kilogram  15.4323 grains. 2.2046 pounds. 2,204.62 pounds.	ine=1,000 grammes.]  I pound = I cwt. = I ton =	.4535 kilo. 50.8023 kilos			
I United States ton I.1326 cubic m  I gramme = I kilogramme = I tonneau = I tonneau = I centilitre = I litre = I litre	Weight: z kilogram  15.4323 grains. 2.2046 pounds. 2,204.62 pounds.  [Dry measure: z li .0181 pint9081 quart. 2.8379 bushels.	ine=1,000 grammes.]  I pound = I cwt. = I ton = tre=100 centilitres.]	.4535 kilo. 50.8023 kilos 1,016.0475 kilos 35.0580 centilitres 1.1011 litres.			

# Chapter VIII.

#### COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION.

The ports of entry of Uruguay on the Rio de la Plata are Montevideo, through which by far the greater part of the foreign commerce of the Republic is carried on, Maldonado, and Colonia, and of less importance, Paloma, Coronilla, Castillo Grande, Buceo, and Ensenada del Inglés. On the Uruguay, are Nueva Palmira, Carmelo, Independencia or Fray Bentos, Paysandú, Salto, Constitución, and Santa Rosa. On the Rio Negro, are Soriano and Mercedes. San Salvador is on the river of the same name.

Through these ports, is carried on the foreign trade of the country, which is estimated at \$50,000,000 per annum, a magnificent total for a nation of 700,000 people. The increase has not been so great as in some other countries, but it has been constant and healthy. Few other countries can show a foreign commerce that averages \$70 per inhabitant. The report of the Special Commission sent by the Government of the United States to study South American commerce shows Uruguay to be the most actively commercial nation of Latin America.

Of the exports in 1891, Great Britain took 18.37 per cent; France, 23.27 per cent; Germany, 5.45 per cent; Spain, 0.84 per cent; and the United States, 6.85 per cent.

Of the imports, 28.85 per cent came from Great Britain, 13.05 from France, 9.72 from Germany, 9.63 from Spain, and 4.89 from the United States.

Each successive year up to 1889 shows an increase in the entries and clearances of steamers and sailing vessels in the ports of the Republic. In 1889, the number of these reached 35,582, and their aggregate tonnage was 12,444,462, being an increase over the preceding year of 329 vessels, and 1,892,838 tons. In 1890, the number of vessels entered was 32,213, with a total tonnage of 11,442,894. In 1891, the number of vessels was 27,207 and the tonnage 9,482,644.

The following table exhibits the entries and clearances for Montevideo for the year 1891:

Class of vessels.	Entered.		Cleared.		Total.	
Chas of Vessels.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
Steamers	658 434	1, 154, 477 275, 184	635 324	1, 074, 036 209, 013	1, 293 758	2, 228, 513 484, 197
Total Total in 1890	I, 092 I, 43I	1, 429, 661 1, 812, 361	959 1, 362	I, 283, 049 I, 779, 277	2, 05 I 2, 793	2, 712, 710 3, 591, 638
Decrease	339	382, 700	403	496, 228	742	878, 928

Of the vessels arriving in 1891, there came in ballast 15 steamers of 14,355 tons register and 12 sailing vessels of 5,876 tons; and 43 sailing vessels of 22,752 tons register made no operation in this port, proceeding with all their cargo up the river Plate. Of the clearances of 1891, there left in ballast 41 steamers of 26,690 tons register and 176 sailing vessels of 147,169 tons.

Table showing the coast and river trade of Montevideo in 1891.

Class of vessels.	Arrivals.		Departures.		
CIRSS OF VESSER.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	
Steamers	1,'261 1, 680	1, 217, 106 85, 542	1, 315 1, 785	1, 315, 194 143, 750	
Total	2, 941	1, 302, 648	3, 100	1, 458, 944	

Of these, 102 steamers of 31,254 tons and 171 sailing vessels of 8,346 tons entered in ballast, and 72 steamers of 22,461 tons and 519 sailing vessels of 42,507 tons cleared in ballast.

At all the other ports of the Republic there arrived in 1891, 9,637 vessels (5,180 steamers and 4,457 sailing vessels) of a registered tonnage of 2,009,951 tons, of which, however, nearly three-fourths were in ballast. The proportion of vessels coming from foreign ports contained in the above figures can not now be obtained.

The great increase in navigation will be seen when it is considered that in 1886 the number of steamers arriving in Montevideo was 611, and of sailing vessels 545, with a total of 1,232,-416 tons burden.

Montevideo has excellent steam communication with the following European ports by regular lines: Liverpool, Pacific Steam Navigation Company, Houston Line, Lamport & Holt's Line. London, Houlder Bros., Holland & Co., etc. Southampton, Royal Mail Company, and Belgian Mail. Antwerp, Belgian Mail, Lamport & Holt, Houston Line. Havre, Chargeurs Réunis. Bordeaux, Messageries Maritimes. Marseilles, Société des Transports Maritimes. Genoa, La Veloce and General Haitian Navigation Company. Barcelona, Compañia Transatlantica Española, and Marqués de Campo Line. Glasgow, Lamport & Holt, Allan Bros., Bell & Co., etc.

With its comparatively long coast line, where ports may be opened; with the large and navigable rivers that form the greater part of its boundaries, where already exist ports whose capacity has not begun to be tested; with its internal waterways deep enough for interior navigation, the Republic of Uruguay possesses all the facilities that nature can give a nation for a commerce that must continue to increase with the development of its industrial resources.

Little more than twenty years ago, communication between

Uruguay and foreign countries was almost entirely dependent on sailing vessels, the arrival and departure of steamers being one or two per month; but to-day, there is hardly a port in the world better provided than Montevideo with steam communication with the great commercial centers of the world.

FOREIGN COMMERCE.

The following table shows the value of imports into Uruguay, by countries from 1886 to 1892, inclusive:

Countries.	<b>188</b> 6.	1887.	z888.	
_		Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Great Britain		5, 610, 784	6, 710, 971	9, 526, 774
France		3, 410, 384	4, 114, 045	4, 531, 988
Brazil		1, 486, 983	1,826,870	2, 623, 939
Spain		2, 015, 066	2, 149, 133	2, 200, 030
Italy		1, 492, 102	1, 697, 276	2, 400, 466
United States		1, 246, 819	1, 701, 964	1, 584, 908
Germany		2, 098, 809	2, 839, 296	3, 042, 014
Belgium		861, 937	1, 195, 562	1, 594, 266
Cuba		193, 008	216, 458	189, 954
Argentine Republic	<del>.</del> .;	517, 562	442. 897	763, 347
Chile		197, 712	97, 379	119, 819
Holland		133, 084	64, 316	27, 985
Paraguay		174, 065	151, 398	130, 953
Norway and Sweden		535		
Denmark		2, 282		
Portugal		62, 332	24, 875	23, 378
India, China, Japan		12, 107	7, 982	20, 994
Peru and Ecuador			884	
Switzerland	. <b></b> .	55, 491	24, 155	13,676
Colombia	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,605		
Mauritius		7, 430	13, 639	
Austria-Hungary			406	320
Canary Islands		Í, 739	2, 573	1,495
Russia				
Not specified	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	602, 401	1, 334, 575	671, 842
Total		20, 194, 655	24, 615, 944	29, 477, 448
Countries.	1889.	t890.	1891.	1892.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dell'ann	Dellana
Great Britain	10, 471, 610	8, 802, 378	<i>Dollars</i> . 5, 477, 000	Dollars. 5, 647, 479
France	5, 515, 915	5, 099, 456	2, 476, 000	2, 259, 36I
Brazil	2, 504, 692	2, 472, 786	1, 685, 000	1, 313, 195
Spain	2, 615, 153	2, 174, 181	1, 826, 000	I, 313, 195
Italy	3, 260, 524	2, 628, 663	1, 056, 000	
United States			928,000	2, 020, 052
Omico Claics	3,411,001	<b>2, 444, 9</b> 36	920,000	1, 104, 772

Countries.	1889.	1890.	1891.	r892.
_	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Germany	3, 431, 830	2, 809, 315	1, 844, 000	2, 091, 625
Belgium	1, 625, 894	1, 495, 667	731,000	
Cuba	186, 373	192, 588		
Argentine Republic	1, 450, 057	2, 643, 328	1, 578, 000	1, 073, 476
Chile	878, 273	278, 410		
Holland	105, 988	93, 223		
Paraguay	84, 436	129, 784		
Norway and Sweden	16	10, 714		
Denmark	523			
Portugal	35, 841	40, 761		
India, China, Japan		7, 958		
Peru and Ecuador				
Switzerland	8, 220			
Colombia				
Mauritius				
Austria-Hungary				
Canary Islands	8, 349			
Russia	206, 665	11,677		
Not specified	1,020 098	1, 027, 504		
		-, 02/, 304		4, 449, 733
Total	36, 823, 863	32, 394, 627	18, 978, 420	18, 404, 296

The port of Montevideo alone received 88.54 per cent of the imports and cleared 57.1 per cent of the exports in the foreign commerce of the country in 1890. Its proportion in 1887, was 94.74 and 63.31 per cent respectively.

In 1891, the imports show a decrease from those of 1890 of about 40 per cent, as is seen by the following table:

Articles.	1890.	1891.
Liquors		\$2, 998, 361 4, 317, 318
Tobacco		273, 131
Dry goods	3, 370, 977	2, 561, 557
Ready-made clothing	1, 532, 206	1,007,733
Machinery	8, 677, 114	4, 577, 257
MiscellaneousLive stock	6, 608, 430	2, 539, 572 764, 488
Total	32, 564, 627	18, 978, 420
Decrease		13, 586, 207

The falling off in imports in 1890, 1891, and 1892 is due to the financial crisis prevailing in the country, but an increase in the exports, except in 1892, will be noticed in the following table, as the result of necessity for the payment of foreign indebtedness.

The following exhibits the value of exports from Uruguay by countries:

EXPORTS	FOR	188a	7800	T80T	AND	1802.
EVLOKIS	FUK	1009,	IOQU,	TOGI,	MIND	roga.

Countries.	1889.	1890.	1891.	rêşe.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
Great Britain	3, 551, 623	3, 946, 347	4, 961, 000	4, 479, <b>24</b> I
France	5, 223, 743	6, 120, 965	6, 284, 000	4, 410, 379
Germany		1, 019, 575	1, 473, 000	2, 006, 656
Argentine Republic	2, 289, 552	2, 550, 740	2, 472, 000	2, 985, 304
Italy		358, 646	562,000	
Brazil	3, 295, 485	3, 278, 774	4, 712, 000	4, 514, 074
United States		2,004,217	1,849,000	2, 214, 398
Spain	366, 746	241,646		
Belgium		3, 140, 624	3, 580, 000	
Chile		353, 266		3, 44, 933
Cuba	240 017	234, 131		
Paraguay	249, 9-7			
Holland				
Portugal		224 558		
Canary Islands		334, 330		
Russia Norway and Sweden		• • • • • • • • • • •		
India, China, and Japan				
Barbados		1, 701	j	
Mauritius		59, 053		
Antilles				
Not specified	3, 743, 484	5, 405, 322	878, 148	2, 146, 834
Total	25, 954, 107	29, 085, 519	26, 298, 268	25, 951, 819

Of the total importation from the United States in 1890, lumber, kerosene, and wheat (including flour) formed about 60 per cent. Out of a total importation of \$3,770,977 of dry goods, only \$48,355 were from the United States, and the same country supplied comestibles to the value of only \$188,324 out of a total importation of \$6,777,837.

In the imports from Great Britain for 1890, cotton goods figure for \$1,153,087, while the importation of the same from the United States amounted to only \$20,529.

For the first six months of 1892, the imports at Montevideo amounted to \$9,116,729.59 and the exports to \$15,828,262.04. Official statistics show that during the first quarter of the calendar

year 1893, the imports of the Republic amounted to \$5,069,854.51 and the exports to \$8,234,594.87. For the same period in 1892, the imports were \$4,796,936 and the exports \$8,398,302.

The following figures (cents omitted) show the customs returns of the Republic of Uruguay for the past half of the current year, 1893, as compared with the corresponding period of 1892:

	1892.	t893.
January February Márch April May	\$708, 055 775, 836 893, 982 871, 161 772, 912 624, 712	\$769, 107 745, 193 822, 820 874, 492 734, 138 672, 945
Total	4, 646, 658	4, 618, 695

There is, it thus appears, a decrease for the current year of 27,-293, The Montevideo Times condenses some remarks on this subject by the Siglo as follows:

"The result might be disheartening to those who had hopes for a rapid reaction, without counting on three successive years of bad harvests and low prices, but it is not so for those who held the opinion that when the foreign debt was rearranged in London bottom had not been touched and further falls in revenue and consumption were to be feared. Facts have now shown that, were it not for such natural calamities as drought, locusts, etc., which defy human forethought, there would certainly have been an increase of revenue, for even with this, it has remained practically stationary. But even with the revenue in this stationary condition, the result should be tranquilizing for the great problems of financial regularity, so long as during the remainder of the present presidency and in that which follows, restraint is practiced in public expenditure, and some advance is made, even if slowly, in the great task of establishing administrative morality. With the \$8,500,000 yielded by the custom-house and nearly \$5,000,000 arising from other sources, there is sufficient to attend

to the payment of all the national obligations and even enough to prepare to take advantage of the first increase in the revenue to relieve the country from the burden of some of the recent taxes which hinder the development of its resources."

## COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES WITH URUGUAY.

The statistics of Uruguayan commerce divide the imports into the following classes:

Liquors, comestibles, tobacco and cigars, dry goods, readymade clothing, machinery, etc., and miscellaneous. The following is a table published officially at Montevideo, showing the commerce of Uruguay with the United States from 1882 to 1891:

IMPORTS.

Year.	Liquors in general.	Comestibles, cereals, and spices.	Tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes.	Dry goods.
1882	Dollars. 66, 733 57, 614 20, 826 8, 107 11, 849 12, 207 7, 432 3, 896 5, 796	Dollars. 80, 036 57, 923 81, 075 93, 125 73, 097 60, 538 48, 980 1, 008, 650 188, 581	Dollars. 36, 300 28, 235 21, 692 31, 510 25, 136 24, 386 19, 122 26, 234 25, 018	Dollars. 39, 874 47, 849 74, 862 86, 230 87, 942 118, 346 72, 011 99, 599 61, 471
Year.	115	2I, 239  Ready-made	Material for manufacturing	Miscellaneous
1882 1883		Dollars. 593 3, 562 1, 809	Dollars. 843, 069 623, 170 959, 800	Dollars. 370, 10 355, 28

1,013,824

1,660,774

1, 730, 105

404, 659

3, 011 3, 155 1, 316

2, 562

1,675

2, 844

422, 223

609, 895

432, 390

443, 675

#### EXPORTS.

Year.	Cattle products and salted meats.	Agricultural products.	Other pro- ducts.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
1882	2, 344, 794		2, 200
1883	2, 185, 125		2, 036
1884	1, 781, 766		3, 387
1885	4, 365, 929		4, 661
1886	2, 714, 172	6	4, 906
1887	1, 519, 267	30	3, 558
1888	2, 322, 854	17	4, 128
188g	1, 436, 348	25	4, 939
189ó	2, 003, 739		477
18q1	1,839,922	24	9, 412

## STATISTICS OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The following table shows the exports from Uruguay, by articles, for 1890, to the United States, England, and France:

Articles.	United States.	England.	France.
Hornsnumber		496, 556	993, 018
Horsehairkilos	386, 515	57, 899	186, 486
Bones and bone ashdo			l
Hides:		' ' ' '	
Drynumber	813, 796	<b></b>	l
Heifer and kipdo			l
Salteddo			
Hide cuttingskilos		46, 670	
Terked beefdodo			
Wooldo			8, 264, 882
Hoofsdo			
Ostrich feathersdodo			1
Old irondo			
Common stonetons.			1
Preserved meatkilos		124, 952	
Extract of beefdodo		602, 525	
Guanodo			
Tongue, preserveddodo		167, 146	
Horn pithsdo		2, 325, 638	
Tallowdo			1, 915, 097
Agricultural products:		0,000,295	2, 9-3, 09/
Oilcakedo		40, 700	1
Sandtons.			

The official statistics of the several countries mentioned below trading with Uruguay furnish the following synopses of their commerce:

Domestic exports from the following countries to Uruguay.

Articles	1887.	r888.	z 88g.	1890.	1891.
From the United States:	ì	1			l
Wood and manufactures	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
of	428, 420	412, 754	578, 360	833, 652	165,890
Breadstuffs	3, 248	2, 033	283, 258	705, 463	2, 368
Mineral oils (refined)	256, 089	241, 276	273, 425	395, 108	332, 366
Iron and steel, and man-		l		1	
ufactures of	151,611	143, 898	187, 889	294, 712	98, 402
Agricultural implements.	45, 171	66, 788	125, 382	230, 280	97, 704
Cotton, manufactures of.	188, 358	112, 932	113, 946	157, 585	53, 399
Chemicals, drugs, dyes,			1		
etc	25, 653	40, 832	52, 284	42, 835	35, 641
Provisions, comprising		1	1		
meat and dairy prod-	1	į.	}	i	İ
ucts	86, 290	42, 900	42, 521	61,806	35, 782
All other articles	269, 335	274, 017	370, 318	488, 671	211, 385
	J, 555				
Total	1, 303, 715	1, 337, 430	2, 027, 383	3, 210, 112	1, 032, 937
	7373773		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	
From the United Kingdom:	l .		1	1	ĺ
Cottons	3, 407, 583	2, 349, 152	2, 423, 556	2, 436, 657	1, 926, 755
Iron and steel, and man-	0, 1,1,5	1,31,7, 3	1 7 7 5 5 5 5	13 . 37	1
ufactures of	1, 114, 385	1,828,738	2, 451, 082	1, 880, 961	823, 470
Woolens	1, 007, 337	1, 153, 658	1, 250, 107	1, 130, 863	434, 104
Coal, cinders, and fuel	594, 930	694, 620	1, 530, 018	999, 618	802, 948
Machinery and millwork.		288, 233	566, 300	629, 530	357, 697
Apparel and haberdash-	1 -9-, 5	, -55	300,300	1 229, 332	3377-97
ery	185, 195	173, 428	154, 073	115, 161	53, 517
Hardware and cutlery		165, 646	163, 899	118, 261	46,660
All other articles		1, 968, 464	3, 181, 390	2, 631, 724	1, 224, 758
	2, 0/2, 400	1, 900, 404	3, 101, 390	2, 031, 724	1, 254, 750
Total	8, 516, 433	8, 621, 939	11, 720, 425	9, 942, 775	5, 669, 726
	-, 5, 455	-,, 959	, /, 4-5	3, 34-, 113	3, ,, ,
From France:	J			1	1
Wine	1, 512, 560	1, 852, 493	1, 916, 988	2, 267, 229	
Wool, manufactures of		214, 652	420, 666	552, 394	
Cotton, manufactures of.		223, 838	507, 697	476, 902	
Hides and leather, and	, 449	5, 050	] 307, 097	4/0, 900	
manufactures of	198,016	453, 548	744, 660	298, 241	l
Fancy goods	184, 656	324, 460	700, 660	421, 768	
Ready-made clothing	190, 252	111,602	280, 025	350, 314	1
Sugar, refined	128, 500	344, 553	662, 150	599, 780	1
All other articles	991,037	1, 127, 916	1, 665, 516	1, 206, 356	
	992,037	2, 12,, 910	2, 003, 310	12, 200, 350	
Total	3, 708, 833	4, 653, 062	6, 898, 371	6, 172, 984	
Total	3, 708, 833	4, 653, 062	6, 898, 371	6, 172, 984	

URUGUAY.

Imports into the following countries from Uruguay.

Articles.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
Into the United						
States:						
Hides and skins (other than fur).	Dollars.	Dollars. 2, 118, 189	<i>Dollars.</i> 2, 116, 142	<i>Dollars</i> . 1, 908, 012	Dollars. 1, 472, 993	Dollars.
Wool, raw	3, 094, 945 1, 336, 870	428, 810				
Hair, unmanufac-	1, 330, 070	420, 019	303, 703	032, 907	30, 034	150, /40
tured	209, 629	106, 794	91, 655	106, 897	118, 825	154, 939
Fertilizers	120, 172	99, 949				
All other articles.	164, 232	65, 510	58, 569	59, 529	76, 319	115, 232
Total	4, 925, 848	2, 818, 761	2, 711, 521	2, 986, 964	1. 754, 903	2, 356, 139
Into the United						
Kingdom:						.00.
Hides, raw	502, 310	399, 309	623, 472	452, 059	<b>274</b> , 354	483, 487
Meats (preserved, other than salted)	305, 071	146, 852	361, 235	328, 975	433, 308	418, 821
Tallow and stearin	381,052	66, 540	345, 478		77, 742	
Wool, raw	182, 226	97, 019			70, 968	
Skins and furs	246, 984		222, 730			
Bones (except	, , , ,					-
whale fins)	90, 191	61, 245	73, 041			
Hair, horse	113, 049	109, 070				
Guano	39, 273	36, 187			19, 646	
All other articles.	155, 563	150, 251	232, 220	160, 066	489, 493	301, 442
Total	2, 015, 719	1, 403, 146	2, 229, 529	2, 192, 509	1, 660, 489	1, 821, 241
Into France:						
Wool, unmanu-						
factured	2, 018, 639					
Hides and skins	2, 999, 826		1, 963, 895			
Grease of all kinds	302, 416	247, 609	640, 075	212, 229	173, 825	• • • • • • •
Feathers, orna- mental	20 504	102, 934	48, 868	117, 674	268 506	
Bones, hoofs, and	39, 524	102, 934	40, 000	117,074	300, 520	
horns	92, 486	54, 799	146, 703	99, 535	102, 008	
Meats and meat	9-, 400	37,199	-4-, ,-5	99, 333	, ,,	
extracts	408, 504		15, 492			
All other articles.	125, 648	130, 048	208, 418	85, 325	233, 549	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Total	5, 987, 043	4, 683, 594	6, 023, 377	7, 825, 047	7, 621, 839	

The following tables showing the respective percentage of the imports and exports of Uruguay by countries has been published officially by the Uruguayan Government:

# Imports into Uruguay by countries:

	1887.	r888.	1889.	1890.	1 <b>8</b> 91.
	Per cent.				
England	27. 26	32. 32	28.44	27. 17	28. 85
France		15.37	14. 98	15.74	13.05
Brazil	7.42	8.96	6. 8o	7.64	8.88
Spain	8. 73	7.49	7. 10	6.71	9.63
Italy	6.89	8. 14	8. 86	8. 12	10. 31
United States of America	6.91	5.37	9. 26	7- 55	4.89
Germany	11.53	10. 32	9. 32	8.67	9. 72
Belgium	4.86	5.41	4. 42	4. 59	3. 85
Cuba		. 64	. 51	. 60	1. 10
Argentine Republic	1.80	2. 58	3.93	8. 16	8. 31
Chile	. 39	. 40	2. 38	. 86	. 67
Holland	. 26	.09	. 29	. 29	.09
Paraguay	. 61	. 44	. 23	.40	. 51
Norway and Sweden				. 03	
Portugal	. 10	. 08	. 09	. 13	. 13
India, China, and Japan	. 03	. 07	10.	. 03	
Peru and Ecuador	. 03		<b></b>		! •••••••
Switzerland	. 10	.04	. 02		
Mauritius	. 05				
Austro-Hungary	.01				
Canary Islands			. 03	. 10	.or
Russia	ļ		. 56	.04	
Various ports			2. 77		l
Totals	100	100	100	100	100

# Exports from Uruguay by countries:

	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
	Per cent.				
England	22.09	18. 17	13.69	13. 56	18. 37
France	13. 29	16. 27	20. 13	21.04	23. 27
Brazil	13.76	19.30	12.60	11.27	17.55
Belgium	17.96	12. 25	15.84	10.80	13. 29
United States of America		8. 31	5. 55	6.89	6.8
Cuba	5, 12	2. 22	. 96	. 81	I. 20
Spain		. 82	1.41	. 83	. 84
Italy		1. 32	I. 47	1. 23	2.08
Germany		4. 44	5. 01	3.51	5. 45
Argentine Republic		7. 34	8. 82	8. 77	0.16
Chile			1.66	I. 22	. 62
Paraguay		1. 39		1.22	
West Indies, Mauritius, and La Réunion.			,5		
	1	.11	. 02		
Peru		. 04			
Portugal		1.04	• 77	1. 15	. 68
Islas Malvinas			10.		
Canary Islands					
West Indies				.02	.08
Mauritius				. 20	.04
Barbados	.03		.01	.01	.01
Various ports	7. 67	6.83	11.93	18.58	- 45
Totals		100	100	100	100

#### TREATY OF COMMERCE.

The treaties of commerce entered into, respectively, on the 4th of July and the 19th of August, 1892, between the Republic of Uruguay and the Argentine Republic with the French Republic were proclaimed at Paris on the 10th of June, 1893. France and Uruguay reciprocally guarantee to each other treatment upon the footing of the most favored nation in everything relating to the "domiciliation and settlement of their respective citizens in their respective territories, and in all matters connected with commerce, navigation, the importation, exportation, and transit of merchandise, the assessment and payment of customs duties, and all acts and operations required for the carrying out of commerce or of any industry, and the payment of taxes or charges."

But the Republic of Uruguay reserves the right to grant for her own benefit, and whenever deemed by her to be advisable, for any one of her neighbors—Brazil, the Argentine Republic, or Paraguay—special commercial favors and advantages without thereby entitling France to claim the same privilege. This exception does not apply, however, to a certain number of articles, such as wines, manufactures of silk, wool, or cotton, passementerie articles, refined sugar, prepared skins and furs, leather or skin articles, house furniture, implements, machinery, and in general all articles of merchandise similar to the French, which shall always fall under the general provision.

The coastwise trade in each country is also exempted from the operation of the treaty and left subject exclusively to the respective municipal legislation.

The Franco-Argentine treaty, which substantially contains no more than one provision, stipulates expressly that no favor or immunity of any kind shall ever be granted by either nation to the flag or the commerce of another nation without the same favor or immunity being per se and ipso facto granted to the flag or the

commerce of the Argentine Republic or of France, and that in consequence thereof citizens, as well as vessels and merchandise, of either country, in the territory or within the jurisdiction of the other, will ever be treated, especially in so far as customs duties are concerned, upon the same footing as the citizens, vessels, and merchandise most favored either by law or treaty.

Both treaties shall remain in force until the expiration of one year subsequent to the date in which either contracting party gives notice to the other of its desire to terminate the agreement.

# APPENDIX A.

# Commercial Directory.

#### INDEPENDENCIA.

#### Bank.

Banco Nacional.

#### Storekeepers.

Bullo, Nicolas, commission, wool, dry hides, produce.

Casaretto, Miguel.

Cardonnet & Co., A. T.

Chichizola, A. S.

Corvetto, José.

Fourodono & Co., Francisco.

Nadal & Co., Jaime.

#### Exporter,

Liebig's Extract of Meat Co., limited.

#### MALDONADO.

### Retail merchants, general stores.

Alegre & Co.

Booth, Juan.

Bordas, Casimiro.

Camino, José M.

Devicenzi, José.

Hurbin, Hes.

Lagistra, J.

Mantaras, Eufrasio.

Martinotti, I.

Mier, Francisco.

Pintos, Saturnino.

Pou, Jaime.

Tassano, Domingo.

#### MONTEVIDEO.

### Bankers.

Bastos & Co.

Carrau & Co.

Ferrés, Salvador.

#### Ranks.

Banco Comercial.

Banco Constructor Oriental.

Banco Constructor Uruguayo.

Banco Crédito Real Uruguayo.

Banco de Crédito Auxiliar.

#### MONTEVIDEO—Continued.

#### Banks-Continued.

Banco de España y Rio de la Plata.

Banco Español Uruguayo.

Banco Francés.

Banco de Lóndres y Rio de la Plata.

Banco Lloyd del Plata.

Banco Nacional.

Banco Mercantil del Rio de la Plata.

English Bank of the River Plate, limited.

English Bank of Rio de Janeiro, limited. London and Brazilian Bank, limited.

Sociedad de Crédito Hypotecario.

Sociedad General de Crédito.

#### Booksellers and stationers,

Adsarias, R.

Arandi, F.

Arroyo, Francisco.

Barreiro & Ramos.

Berot, Andrés. Caccia, Emilio.

Cores, Vazquez.

Cuspinera, Teix & Co.

Cuspinora, Terr or

Gadea & Co., J. Galli & Co.

Ibarra, Francisco.

Jacobson & Co.

Pittaluga & Co.

Radici, Alejandro.

Rius, Andrés.

Schmit, J. J.

Seiger, A. E.

Teix & Co.

Toloza, Z.

Valle, Marcelino.

Vicites, Manuel.

#### Furniture merchants.

Acquarone & Co.

Acquarone, F.

Ballestreri & Co.

Bascain, Juan.

Bovidier & Treglia,

Furniture merchants—Continued. Brelier é Hijo, P. Calvo, B. Canepa & Franco. Caviglia Hermanos. Ceitan, J. Cerri & Morfino. Dubine, Luis. Durandean, J. Elena, J. Esquenole, J. Ferier, C. Ferro, A. L. Fontana, C. Gargallo, Francisco. Giorello Hermanos. Introini, E. Irgio, T. Jens & Co. Junio, A. Lanza, Francisco. Licor, J. Livio, J. Martino, A. Mezzera, Virginio. Mollese, J. B. Monteverde, F. L. Monti, Casal. Morelli & Siandra. Nacino & Elena. Paladino, M. Pisante, D. Revello, J. Sueca & Hermano. Taboada, Ricardo. Talasco, J. Tassistro, A. J. Toscano & Co., V. Urtado, B. Zignago, J. Grain merchants. Badetto, C. Baffo & Hermanos, J. Bonaldi, E. Carbonelli, J. Coll & Co., L Durán, José. Fita, M. Giude, Leon. Gomez & Co., M. Lascazes, Victor. Levrero & Co. Riera, Pedro. Roquetta, Gaspar. Rosses, Joaquin.

Tuvio, B.

#### MONTEVIDEO—Continued.

Importers, exporters, and commission merchants. Aguiar y Braga, importers, wines. Alarcon y Brito, commission merchants. Aliseris, C., importers. Alvarez y Iglesias, importers arms, hardware, machinery, etc. Alvarez Hnos., importers hardware. Alvariza y Cia., importers dry goods. Ameglio y Hijos, importers wines. Amezaga, Diez y Ca., importers dry goods. Ashworth y Ca., importers general merchandise. Ayerbe y Ca., importers cloth. Ballefin, P. C., commission merchant. Bally, C. F., importer shoes, leather, etc. Barclay, Mackintosh y Ca., importers dry goods. Barberouse y Perez, importers dry goods. Barreiro y Brunengo, importers printing presses and paper. Barrére, Grassie & Co., importers kerosene, lard, and general merchandise. Barreta y Mesquita, commission merchants. Bates, Stokes & Co., general importers and exporters. Beduchaud, A., commission merchant. Behrens, C., importer saddlery, harness, and Bell, Towers & Co., importers hardware and agricultural implements. Benvenuto, L. M., commission merchant. Bonomi y Ca., Juan, importers hardware and agricultural implements. Bonomi, Morelli y Ca., L., importers hardware and agricultural implements. Bottini y Ca., M., ship chandlery. Broqua, Scholberg y Ca., arms, etc. Casal, Maeso y Ca., commission merchants. Casaravilla, Sieura y Ca., importers fancy goods, electroplate, statuary, bric-à-brac, paintings, etc. Citterio y Ca., importers general merchandise. Conti. José, importers dry goods. Costa, F. D., importers. Costa y Crovetto Hnos., importers. Dauree, E., importer wines, liquors, preserved fruits, etc. Delsarte, D., importer wines and liquors. Diaz y Carrico, importers wines, liquors, sapolio. etc.

Elliot, Maccio y Ca., general importers and

Farriols, N., importer and wholesale grocer.

Farini y Hijos, general importers, kerosene,

exporters.

lard, starch, etc.

Importers, exporters, and commission merchants—Continued.

Ferber y Thode, importers dry goods. Ferrer, Galeano, Guani y Ca., general import-

Fidauza, Planavia y Ca., importers dry goods. Franchi, A., importer arms.

Fribolini, C., exporter.

Frugoni Hnos., importers dry goods.

Furest y Ca., importers dry goods.

Galibert, J., exporter fruit.

Galli y Ca., importers paper, stationery, etc. Gaminara, L., importer.

Garabelli é Hijo, A., importers dry goods. Garavagno Hnos. y Ca., importers dry goods.

Gerson Hnos., A., importers jewelry.

Goldaracena y Ca., importers dry goods. Gonzalez, Francisco, general importers,

Gonzalez, Francisco, general importers. Garostiza, E., importers and wholesale gro-

cers.
Granara y Ca., J., general importers.
Groscurth, H., importer machinery.

Harley, Viuda de, importer machinery, boilers, etc.

Helguera, F. B., importer and wholesale grocer.

Howard y Ca., T. W., exporters.

Humphreys y Ca., F. L., commission merchants.

Irisari y Otero, general importers.

Kock Jeune, importer jewelry and dia-

Laimann y Reimer, general importers.

Lamaison, Juan, ship chandlery and hard-

Lamp, Th., general importer.

Lansac, Julio, importer tapestries and upholstery.

Latorre, D., commission merchant.

Lena y Recalde, commission merchants.

Leunda Hnos., importers Spanish wines.

Libert Frères, general importers and export-

ers. Lozano, E., importer dry goods.

Machado y Ca., F., importers and wholesale grocers.

MacLennan, C. E., importer and exporter.
Mailhos, J. M., importer arms.

Mallmann y Ca., importers and exporters.

Manito y Ca., M. J., importers wines.

Martinez y Ca., M., importers.

Martinez y Barras, L., commission merchants.

Mas, V., importer wines.

Masañes y Ca., importer wines.

Masurel Fils, exporters.

Mendoza y Duval, C., commission merchants.

#### **MONTEVIDEO**—Continued.

Importers, exporters, and commission merchants—Continued.

Menet y Ca., importers dry goods.

Minelli, Gonzalez y Ca., importers and wholesale grocers.

Mir, García y Ca., importers dry goods.

Monte y Ca., importers and exporters.

Moratorio, A., importer dry goods.

Moreau, Julian, commission merchant.

Musante y Cia., J., importers and wholesale grocers.

Noboa y Lafarge, commission merchants. Noguera y Ca., S., importers wines. Ohrt, Adolfo, importer wines, beer, etc.

Otero, P. S., commission merchant.

Otto, Feller R., importer jewelry.

Oyenard, Etchebarne y Ca., importers and wholesale grocers.

Pagés y Rosés, general importers.

Pal na, Juan A., importer dry goods.

Peiramale Hnos., importers dry goods.

Peixoto, Morales y Ca., importers wines.

Petit, Seré, Bolondo y Ca., importers, export-

ers, and commission merchants. Pietracoprina, importer dry goods.

Potenze y Ca., L. M., importers and export-

Poulade, P., importer,

Primo Liendo, importer dry goods.

Quierolo, F. G., importer.

Quierolo, E., importer. Quierolo Hijo, Mateo, importer.

Quierolo y Ca., E., importers.

Quincke, E., importer agricultural machinery.

Rabe, Adolph, importer agricultural machinery.

Ramos, Pereira y Ca., importers agricultural machinery.

Recalde y Lena, commission merchants.

Rein y Ca., importers dry goods.

Repetto, I. Lacaste, importers dry goods.

Ricart y Rosasco, importers.

Rivara y Milans, importers dry goods.

Rodriguez y Ca., J. M., importers dry goods.

Rolando y Ca., importers dry goods.

Rossi y Ca., importers and wholesale grocers. Rueté, F. L., general importer and exporter.

Russi, Crosignani y Leira, commission merchants.

Salvo y Ca., Solari, importers dry goods. Sanguinetti Hnos., importers dry goods.

Saralabós, commission merchant. Saunders, R. P., commission merchant.

Serejo y Etchepare, commission merchants.

Importers, exporters, and commission merchants-Continued. Shaw, J., general importer and exporter. Stephano Risso Hijo, importer. Steinhauser y Ca., J., importers jewelry. Stünz, Ernesto, commission merchant. The Central Agency, importers sewing machines, thread, etc. Theobald y Ca., J. K., importers and exporters agricultural implements. Tornquist y Ca., importers. Trabucati y Ca., importers hardware. Vazquez y Ca., importers. Verninck y Desteves, importers arms. Vleati Cayetano, importer. Viana, Canale y Ca., importers dry goods. Vidiella y Ca., importers dry goods. Vieira, R. Manuel, importer wines. Vilaró y Ca., F., general importers. Villamil y Ca., importers wines. Vivo y Ca., importers wines. Wattinere, Bossut, exporter. Weisse & Evans, importers coal. Westerich, R., importer. Williams & Co., exporters.

Leather manufacturers and merchants.

Aguilera, Juan.\*
Ball, C. F.†
Cambiaso, C.\*
Frarcara Hermanos.†
Lauza Herm. & Prat.
Marexiano Hermanos.†
Sartori, R.†
Sartori, Trillo T.†
Veiga, Ant.†
Zanoletti & Co.†

Merchants, general, wholesale.

Adami, C. Aguerre, J. L. Aguiar, Braga & Co. Alixeris, Cárlos. Alvarez Hermano. Alvarez é Iglesias. Alvirira & Co. Amezaga, Diez & Co. Arostegui, M. Ayerbe & Co., A. Balparda, José P. Bally, C. F. Barberousse, Perez & Co. Barclay, Campbell. Barrat, N Barrere, Grassie & Co.

\* Manufacturers.

#### MONTEVIDEO—Continued.

Merchants, general, wholestile-Continued. Barrero & Brunego. Baroso & Co. Bastos & Co. Bayolo, Massa & Co. Beduchaut, A. Bolondo & Co. Bompet Hermanos & Co. Bonatti, Martinez. Bonifacio & Co. Braga & Co., A. Brandao & Lopez. Broglia, P. Giacobino. Bulla, Fernando. Cardoso & Co. Carlisle, Smit & Co. Carrau & Co. Casabal & Co., D. Casal, Riveiro & Co. Casal, Eusebio. Casaravilla, Sienra & Co. Caseaux. R. Castillo, Grela & Co. Cavales, Carrillo & Co. Ceresola & Finochetti. Charlet & Co. Chide & Philipot. Chlaepfer, Ferber & Co. Citerio & Co. Conti, José. Corbacho Hermanos. Corres, F. Costa di Gio Batta. Costa, F. D. Danieri, G. Danrée, E. Delorenzi, José. Del Ré & Co. Delsarte, D. Del Aqua & Hus, E. Deville & Co., A. Diaz & Carrico. Dufrechou, Hijo & Co. Duplesis, L. Engelbrecht & Koh. Escaderoso, P. Falcone, C. Farriols, Narciso. Ferber & Thode, F. Ferrere, J. B. Ferres, Pedro. Furest & Rivera. Gallardo & Co., C. Galli & Co. † Merchanta.

Merchants, general, wholesale—Continued.

Gaminara, L.

Gandos, Leoncio.

Garabelli é Hito.

Garavagno Hermanos & Co.

Garcia & Carbonell.

Gasparini, J. M.

Gerson Hermanos, A.

Guilani Hermanos.

Goldaracena & Co.

Galerons, C. B.

Gomez, P. E.

Gonzalez & Sofiora,

Gonzalez, Francisco,

Gonzalez & Co.

Gorostiza, E.

Granara, J.

Guerin & Co.

Guido, S.

Helguera & Co.

Heiguera, F. B.

Horse, J. I.

Howard & Co., F.

Huxan & Co., R.

Imbert Hermanos.

Imenes & Co.

Irrisari, J. A.

Laens, Sagori.

Laimaun & Reynier.

Lamberte & Co., Levi.

Lanieri, G.

Lanza & Prat.

Leunda Hermanos.

Liebet Frères.

Linck, Augusto C.

Llaguno Hermanos. Lopez, Abella & Co.

Lozano, E.

MacGregor, Aitken & Co.

MacLemaman, C. E.

Mallmann & Co.

Manito & Co.

Marini & Co.

Martins & Co.

Mascinas & Co.

Marurel Fils.

Matthew, Piresent & Co.

Mihomenes & Co.

Mir, Garcia & Co.

Miralles, V.D.

Musente & Co.

Muxi, J.

Olarte, Requena & Co.

Orepuela & Co., J. F.

Ortuno, Francisco.

Osorio, Azpiazu & Co.

#### MONTEVIDEO—Continued.

Merchants, general, wholesals-Continued.

Oyenard, Etchevarne.

Pagés & Roses.

Palet & Co., P.

Palma, Feijoo & Co.

Payse, J. M.

Peiramale Hermanos.

Peirano Hermanos.

Peixoto, Morales & Co.

Primo, Liendo.

Queirolo Hermanos.

Queirolo, E.

Queirolo, J. G. Queirolo Hijo, Mateo.

Quineque, E.

Quintella, Angel.

Rabe, Adolph.

Repetto, J.

Reyes, Anaut & Co.

Rios & Co.

Rissig, T.

Risso & Co., E.

Rivara & Millano.

Rivera & Co., R.

Rodriguez, Puig & Co.

Rodriguez & Co., J. M.

Rolando & Co.

Rosciano, Valdés & Co.

Rosell Hermanos.

Roses, Rius.

Roure & Co., J. Rubio, Hijos de A.

Rubio & Garcia, M.

Saigado & Co., L.

Seijo & Co.

Shaw, J. Sienza, R.

Sienra & Co., Rafael. Silva, Irmão.

Sofiora, C.

Spangemberg & Co. Stefano Riso, Hijo de.

Storace Hermanos, Nicolas.

Sugasti é Hijos.

Tocarent, José. Toruquist & Co., E.

Trabucati & Co.

Tremoleras é Hijos.

Varci & Co., V. de.

Vecino, José.

Viana, Canale & Co.

Vidiella & Co.

Vignale, Parma & Co.

Vilaro Hijo.

Villamil & Co. Vivo & Co., A.

Merchants, general, wholesale—Continued. Wattiné, Bossout & fils, Wedekind, Feher & Co. Wielle, H. B.

Sieel merchants.
Espino, A.
Etchevetz & Munyo.
Halty, M.
Munyo & Co., J.
Reventós, José A.

Tobacco manufacturers.
Abal, Juan.
Bossio, L. M.
Cavadini, Pascual.
Crespo, Antonio.
Gamba, E.
Lois, A.
Mailhos, Julio.
Mandarano, N.
Medina, B. de.
Poretti, J. B.
Rodriguez, A. M.
Triay, B.

Triay, Onofre.

Wine merchants.
Aguiar, Braga & Co.
Almar, Marti & Co.
Bastos & Co., Manuel.
Dávila & Co.
Martins & Co.
Mas, Vicente.
Matarredona & Ozomi.
Noguera & Co.
Pino & Mors.
Sociedad Central de Consumos,
Villamil & Co.

Wood merchants. Aguerre, Bartolo. Aguerre, Bernardo. Bonomi Hermanos. Bonomi é Hijos. Carrére & Fynn. Chiappi, Juan. Deambrosi, J. Etchepareborda & Co. Favaro & Co., Alejandro. Matto, Pijuan & Co. Monge, Leoncio. Montero, Wentuises F. Otaegui & Narizano. Panario, Ponce & Co. Pastorino, José. Quartino & Lapuente. Queirolo é Hijos.

#### **MONTEVIDEO**—Continued.

Wood merchants—Continued.
Ravera Hermanos.
Spangemberg & Scaglia.
Sucenua, Antonio.

#### PAYSANDÚ.

Banks.

English Bank of River Plate, limited. National Bank of the Republic Uruguay.

Exporters of preserved meats, dried meats, and extract of meat.

Argentó, V.

Elizondo, Sebastian.

McCall & Co., William.

Santamaria & Co.

Zorrilla & Co., Garcia.

Exporters of wool.

Carzolio, Juan.

Corbet, Eugenio.

Etchemendy, Pedro.

Fontano, José.

Hufnagel, Piottier & Co.

Iraburá Hermanos.

Importers of hardware.
Bernasconi, José.
Colombo Hermanos.
Pedoja, Santiago.
Pedoja, Veracundo.

Merchants, exporters of hides, tallow, and other animal products.

Argento, Vicente.
Carzolio, Juan.

Corbet, Eugenio. Elizondo, Sebastian. Etchemendy, Pedro. Fontaus, José. Hufnagel, Plottier & Co. McCall & Co., Wm.

Santamaria & Co., A. Iraburú Hermanos. Zorrilla & Co., Garcia.

Merchants, importers of general merchandise.

Chaplin & Taylor.

Horta & Hermano, Miguel.

Horta & Hermano, Miguel. Hufnagel, Plottier & Co.

Merchants, importers of furniture.

Branca, L. Civelli, B. Piaggio, S.

Merchants, importers of boots and shoes.

Ferrero, Francisco. Marro & Co., Pedro. Podesta, Leonardo.

#### ROSARIO DE STA. FÉ.

Merchants.

Machado & Co., J.

Recaguo, Olcese & Cazeneura.
Sabathie é Hijos, J.

#### SALTO.

#### Banks.

Banco Comercial. Banco Inglés del Rio de la Piata, Banco Nacional. Caja de Ahorros.

Cutlery merchants. Fabier, Francisco. Studier, Emilio.

Merchant, commission. Noguerra, Ventura.

Merchants, general.

Abascal, Ramon.
Avellanal & Co.
Comas, José.
Fernandez, Domingo.
Fernandez, Hermanos.
Gallino, Luis.
Lluveras, José.
Orcasitas & Arteta.
Scarella, Nicolas.
Solari Hijos, Pedro.
Viacava, Nicolas.

#### SAN JOSE

### Bankers.

Abelé & Co.
Galan & Co.
Garcia Hermanos.
Illa & Co.
Martinez, Bacca.
Perez, N.

# SAN JOSÉ—Continued.

Hardware and iron ware. Maglia & Co. Prata, Agustin. Roverti, P. Villamil Bros. Storekeepers. Arenas, A. Arismendi, M. Altonoga, R. Cabrera, F. Calzada Hermanos, Canet, Manuel. Clavel, J. Corbacho, J. Diaz, Pedro. Egusquiza, M. Fariña, M. Fernandez, A. Ferret, J. Freire, F. Galan, Pedro. Garcia, S. Garrido, C. Lamaison, José. Lopez, C. Menendez, J. Menendez & Gonzales. Munichon, L. Pastoriza, A. Perez, Adolfo. Perez, I. M. Quesada, G. Sainz, S. Seijas, I. M. Seijas, J. R. Seijas, M.

Seijas, P.

Tireno & Co.

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# APPENDIX B.

# Import Duties.

## DERECHOS DE IMPORTACIÓN DEL URUGUAY.

The collection of duties in Uruguay is based upon the official valuation of the various articles of merchandise established by a commission composed of the Director-General of Customs, the collector, inspectors, and an equal number of merchants, and two manufacturers selected by the Minister of the Treasury from those licensed and engaged in active business. The general rate of duty imposed is 31 per cent on the official valuation, but certain articles are taxed at the rates of 8, 12, 20, 44, 48, and 51 per cent on the same valuation. There are also a few articles which are subject to a specific rate of duty irrespective of their value and other articles which are admitted free. Articles not included in the tariff are valued by the customs officers taking articles on deposit as the basis of valuation.

The metric system of weights and measures is required to be used in making out invoices and other custom-house papers. In the following pages the Uruguay gold dollar is valued at \$1.034 in United States currency, that being the valuation estimated by the Director of the Mint of the United States in pursuance with requirements of law, but this estimate will, of course, vary according to the price of silver.

Following are the principal equivalents appearing in the tariff:

```
      I kilogram
      = 2. 2 pounds.

      I centimeter
      = .3937 inch.

      I meter
      = 39. 37 inches.

      I square meter
      = 10. 764 square feet.

      I gram
      = 15. 4323 grains.

      I liter
      = 1 quart.

      I hectoliter
      = 2. 83 bushels.
```

# SECCIÓN PRIMERA.—EFECTOS DE ALMACÉN.

		Dere	echo.
Artículos.	Avalúo.	Por ciento.	Espe- cífico.
A ceite-	Pesos.		Pases.
de olivo en botellas hasta medio litrobotella		1	. 08
de idem en general en casco ó latas, peso netokilo			
A ceitunas—	. 30		. 10
	٠		ŀ
en salmuera, en barriles, en garrafones, peso brutokilo			
en tarros, frascos ó latas, peso brutokilo			
secas en cajones ó cascos, peso brutokilo			
secas en tarros, latas ó frascos, peso brutokilo		1	
en aceite, incluso envasekılo	. 50		. 25
Afrecho—	ĺ	1	
peso brutokilo	. 02	31	
Agua—	}		
refrescante al gengibre, en medias botellasdocena	1. 20	31	
Aji—		1	ł
en rama, peso brutokilo	. 20		.00
molido, incluso envasekilo	. 45	1	. 14
Ajosc. ciento	. 50	31	
Alcaparras—	1	3-	
incluso envasekilo	. 20		. 10
Algarróba—		1	١
peso brutokilo	-	27	ł
Almendras—	.09	31	
sin cáscaras, incluso envasekilo		1	l
	. 36		. 11
con cáscaras, peso brutokilo	. 20		. 00
Alpiste—	1	Į.	l
peso brutokilo	. 10		.0
Almidon—	!	1	l
peso brutokilo	. 11		.0
Anchoas—	Ì	1	i
en aceite, incluso envasekilo			. 30
en salmuera, en frascos, latas ó tarros, incluso envasekilo	. 20		. 10
en salmuera, en barriles ó cajas, peso brutokilo	. 20		. 07
Anis en grano, peso brutokilo	. 25	31	
Afii—	-	1	1
fino de cualquier procedencia, peso brutokilo	1.00	31	l <b></b> .
Arbejas—		-	
secas, peso brutokilo.	. 10	l. <b></b>	. 09
Arcos—	1	1	, , ,
de madera para cajones ciento	1.00	31	<b></b> .
Arenques—	1.00	3^	
secos en cajas de una docenadocena	20		
Arrow root—	. 30	31	
peso brutokilo		1	١
	. 11		.0
Arroz—		1	١ .
descortezado en general, peso brutokilo	.09		٠.٥٠
con cáscaras idem idem, peso brutokilo	ad valor.		.0
A vellanas—	1	ļ	l
peso brutokilo	. 13		Ι.α
A zafrán—		l	
incluso envasekilo	16.00	Libre.	1

# FIRST SECTION .- GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

		I	outy.
Articles.	Value.	Per cent.	Specific.
Oil—	Dollars.		Dollars.
Olive, in bottles, up to 1/2 literbottle	. 25		. 08
Olive, in casks or cans, net weightpound	. 141		. 047
Pickled, in barrels or demijohns, gross weightdo	. 047	31	
In crocks, jars, or tins, gross weightdo	. 075		
Dried, in boxes or barrels, gross weightdo	. 094	31	
Dried, in crocks, tin, or jars, gross weightdo	. 094	51	
In oil, including the vesseldo	. 235		
Bran, gross weightdo	. 009	31	<b></b>
Ginger ale— Half bottlesdozen Pepper—	1. 24	31	
Cayenne, in pods, gross weightpound	. 136		. 042
Cavenne, ground, including packagedo	. 212		
Garlichundred	. 517		
Garlic	. 094		t .
Carob pods, gross weightdo	. 042	31	
Almonds—			
Shelled, including packagedo	. 169		
In shell, gross weightdo	• 94		
Canary seed, gross weightdo	. 047		. 023
Starch, gross weightdo	. 051		. 032
Anchovies—			
In oil, including packagedo	. 235		
In brine, in flasks, tins, or crockspound	. 094		
In brine, in barrels, or boxes, gross weightdo	. 094		
Anise seed, gross weightdo	. 117	31	
Indigo, fine quality, gross weightdo	· <b>4</b> 77	31	
Pease, dried, gross weightdo	. 047		. 023
Hoops, wooden, for boxeshundred	1.03	31	
Herrings, dried, in boxes of one dozendozen	. 31	31	
Arrowroot, gross weightpound	. 051		. 032
Rice-		1	1
Hulled, all kinds, gross weightdo	. 042	<b> </b>	. 018
Unhulled, all kinds, gross weightdo			
Hazel nuts, gross weightdo			
Saffron, including packagedo	7, 52	Free.	l

Bull. 61——7

URUGUAY.

# SECCIÓN PRIMERA.—EFECTOS DE ALMACEN Continua.

		Derecho.	
Artículos.	Avaitio.	Por ciento.	Espe- cífico.
Azúcares—	Pesos.	ļ	Peses.
refinados en general, peso brutokilo	. 10	l	. 06
no refinados idem idem, peso brutokilo	. 00		. 05
de papas ó glucosa, peso brutokilo	. oś	31	
Azul		1	ļ
de Prusia ordinario para lavandera, peso brutokilo	. 04		. 01
idem en bolitas, peso brutokilo	. 12	31	
Bacalao—		1	İ
seco y pezpalo en generalkilo	. 15		. 09
Barajas—	_	l	1
en generalgruesa	8. oo	} • • • • •	. OI
Barricas—			İ
desarmadasuna	. 20	Libre.	¦ <b></b>
Bizcochos—		ŀ	! .
incluso envasekilo	• 35		. 16
Cacao—		1	
molido, encluso envasekilo	. 50	1	. 16
en grano, peso brutokilo	. 40	;• • • • • •	. 12
Café—		1	-0
en grano, peso brutokilo	. 24		. 08
molido, incluso envasekilo	. 50		. 24
achicoria suelto ó en paquetes, incluso envasekilo	. 125		.06
Cajones—			
desarmados para fideos y para una docena de botellas,		<b> </b>	ļ
ciento	20.00	Libre.	1
los mismos armadosciento desarmados para diferentes usos,	25. 00	31	
	. 30	Libre.	i
los mismos armadosm. c. por 3½ cent. de espesor	. 38	31	
		-	
Canela—		1	
en rama, peso bruto kilo	1.00	31	. <b></b>
y canelón molido, incluso envasekilo	. 70	31	
Canelón—			i
en rama, peso brutokilo	. 27	31	
Caramelo—			
líquido para colorante, peso brutokilo	. 24	96	
Carne—			
de cerdo, tocino y carne de vaca cocida, peso brutokilo	. 25		· · · · · •
de vaca en salmuera, peso brutokilo	. 10	51	
Castañas—			
frescas y secas, peso brutokilo	. 11	31	. <b></b>
Cebada—			
común, fermentada para cerveceros, peso brutocien kilos	9.00	31	
en grano, peso brutocien kilos Cebadilla—	4. 50	31	•
perlas, en cascos, ó damajuanas, peso brutokilo Cebollasciento	. I2		
Centeno—	. 50	31	
peso brutokilo	~		
peso orato	. 05	1 31	· · · · • •

URUGUAY.

# FIRST SECTION .- GENERAL MERCHANDISE-Continued.

		r	Out <del>y</del> .
Articles.	Value.	Per cent.	Specific.
Sugar	Dellars.		Dollars.
Refined, gross weightpound	.047	l	. 028
Not refined, gross weightdo	. 042		. 023
Potato, or glucose, gross weightdo	.037	31	
Bluing— Prussian, ordinary, for laundry work, gross weight,		ļ -	
pound	.018		. 004
Same, in balls	. 056	31	
Dry, and stock fish, in general, gross weightpound	. 07		. 042
Cards, playinggross	8. 27		10. 34
Casks, knocked downeach	. 207	Free.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Biscuit, including packagepound	. 164	. <b></b>	. 075
Cocoa—			
Ground, including packagedo	. 235		. 075
Whole, gross weightdo	. 188		. 056
Unground, gross weightdo	. 112		. 037
Ground, including packagedo Chicory, loose or in packages, including package,	. 235		. 112
Boxes—	• 057	<b> </b> -	. 028
Shooks, for vermicelli, and of one dozen bottles ca-		1	
pacityhundred	20. 68	Free.	
Set updo Shooks, for various uses, square meter by 3½ centime-	25. 85	31	
ters of thickness	. 31	Free.	 
Set up, for various uses, square meter by 3½ centime-	• 3.	1	
ters of thickness	. 392	31	•••••
Stick, gross weightpound	· 47	31	!. <b></b>
And the bastard, ground, including package do	. 329	31	<b></b>
Same, stick, gross weightdo	. 126	31	
Caramel coloring, liquid, gross weightdo	. 112	96	
Pork, bacon, and beef, cooked, gross weightdo	117	51	
The desired seconds and the		51	
Beef, corned, gross weightdo Chestnuts, fresh and dry, gross weightdo	. 047 . 051	31	
Barley—			
Common (malt), for beer, gross weight100 pounds	4. 70	31	
In grain, gross weight, 100do	2. 115	31	
Pearl, in casks or demijohns, gross weightdo	. 056	31	· · · · · · · •
Onionshundred	.51	31	
Rye, gross weightpound			

URUGUAY.

# SECCIÓN PRIMERA.—EFECTOS DE ALMACÉN—Continua.

,	İ	Der	echo.
Artículos.	Avalúo.	Por ciento.	Espe- cínco.
Cerveza—	Pesos.		Penes.
en botellas de 250 mililitros hasta 500botella		ļ	. 08
en botellas de 501 mililitros hasta un litrobotella			. 16
en cascoslitro.	. 18	· • • • • •	. 16
Chocolate—		1	.10
en pasta, incluso envasekilo	. 60	1	. 30
molido, incluso envasekilo	1		-
Chufas—	. 70	44	
peso brutokilo	10		}
•	. 10	31	
Chuño-		1	1
en general, incluso envasekilo	. 20	31	
Cidra—	i	1	
en botella de 251 mililitros hasta 501 idembotella			. 06
en botella de no más de un litrohotella	. 21		. 12
en cascoslitro	. 15		. 10
Cigarros—	{		1.
en cajetillas, incluso envasekilo	2.50	ļ	6.∞
	ł	i	
de tabaco negro, incluso la latakilo	1.00		6.00
de hoja, de la Habana de toda procedencia, incluso en-	Į		l
vasekilo	4.50		6.00
idem de cualquier otra clase sueltos ó en paqueteskilo	.90		3.00
Ciruelas—	1	ì	1
secas, en cajas de madera, peso brutokilo	. 15	31	
idem en tarros, latas, o cajas de cartón, incluso envase,		"	
kilo	. 26	31	
Clavos—	1	]	i
de comer, peso brutokilo	.40	31	
Cohetes-	1	3-	
de la China en cajas hasta 40 paquetes	1. 10	1	.60
voladoresciento		51	
Cominos—	10.00	3*	
peso brutokilo	. 22	2.5	
Conservas—	. 22	31	i · · · · · · ·
de legumbres en general, incluso envasekilo		1	30
de legumbles en general, meluso envase	. 30		. 30
de cualquier otra clase, incluso envasekilo		1	- 20
Cocos—	. 50		. 30
		l	l
del Brasilciento	3.00	20	· · · · · · ·
Confites—	ĺ	1	l
de sorpresa, en cartuchos ó envoltorios de papel, incluso			1
envasekilo	, 60	44	
Coquitos—	ł		l
de Chile y otras procedencias, peso brutokilo	. 10	31	
Damajuanas—	1	J	
vacias de cualquier tamañocien litros	1.50	Libre.	
Dátiles—		1	1
en general, peso brutokilo	. 25	31	
Dulces-	1	1	l
secos, confites, bombones, incluso envasekilo	.80	1	. 40
idem y frutas, en jugo, almibar ó cualesquier otras clases,	i	1	ŀ
incluso envasekilo	. 50	1	. 25

URUGUAY.

## FIRST SECTION .- GENERAL MERCHANDISE-Continued.

		Duty.	
Article	Value.	Per cent.	Specific.
Beer—	Dollars.		Dollars.
In bottles from ½ to I pintbottle	. 113	l	. 08
In bottles from I pint up to I quartdo	. 227		.16
In casksquart	. 18	1	. 16
Chocolate—	. 10		
In paste, including packagepound.	. 282		. 141
Ground, including packagedo	•		•
	. 329	44	· · · · · · · ·
Cyperus, gross weightdo	. 047	31	· · · · · · · · ·
Potato, dried (chuño), including packagedo	•094	31	· · · · · · · · ·
Cider—			
In bottles of from ½ pint to 1 pintbottle	. 104	l. <b>.</b>	. 06
In bottles not over I quartdo	. 217	1	. 124
In casksquart.	.15		. 103
Cigarettes—	. 15		. 103
In small packages, including same pound	1. 175		2. 82
Cigars— Black tobacco, including the tin boxdo	• 47		2. 82
Havana leaf, wherever manufactured, including pack-			
agepound	2. 115		2. 82
Any other kind, loose or in packagesdo Prunes—	. 423		1.41
Dry, in wooden boxes, gross weightdo In crocks, tins, or pasteboard boxes, including pack-	. 07		
agepound Cloves—	. 131	31	
Gross weightdo	. 188	31	<b></b>
Chinese, in boxes, up to 40 packagesbox	1. 13		. 62
Rocketshundred.	10. 34		.02
Cumin seed, gross weightpound.		51	· · · · · · · •
Cumin seed, gross weightpound	. 103	31	· · · · · · · ·
Vegetables— Preserved, including packagedo	. 141	l	. 141
Preserved goods—			
Of all other kinds, including packagedo	. 235		. 141
Brazilianhundred	<b>3.</b> 10	20	<b></b>
Candies—			
Prize, in cartouches or paper wrappings, including	282		
packagepounds Coquilla nuts—	. 282	44	
Chilean, and others, gross weightpounds	.047	31	
Demijohns—			F
Empty, any sizehundred quarts	1. 551		Free.
In general, gross weightpound	. 117	31	1
Sweetmeats—	• • • /	32	
Dry, candies, bonbons, including packagedo In juice, syrup, or any other form, including package,	. 376		. 188
pound	235	1	. 117

URUGUAY.

SECUIÓN PRIMERA.—EFECTOS DE ALMACÉN—Continúa.

		Dere	cho.
Artículos.	Avalúo.	Por ciento.	Espe- cítico.
Encurtidos—	Pesot.		Pesos.
en general, incluso envasekilo,.	. 20		, I
Especias—	•		•••
molidas, incluso envasekilo	. 50	31	
Farifia—	. ,-	1 3-	
peso brutokilo	. 04	l	.0
Fideos—			
peso brutokilo	. 16	l <b></b>	ا . ما
Fósforos—	•		[
en general, incluso envasekilo	. 60	l	1.30
Frutas—			5
en agua ó aguardiente, incluso envasekilo	, 20		. 10
naranjas frescasciento	. 50	20	
duraznos y manzanas hectolitro	1.00	20	
bananas	. 20	20	
sandias y cidras	3, 00	20	
ananásuno	. 20	20	
tomates, ajies, pepinos, y membrillosciento	. 50	20	
uvas frescaskilo	. 20	20	
Galletas—			
común, peso brutokilo	. 12	44	
Galletitas—	• • • •	77	
y bizcochos, incluso envasekilo	. 35	1	. 16
Garbanzos—	. 33	1	٠.,
de toda procedencia, peso brutokilo	. 13	1	. 05
Ginebra—			. •:
en grano, peso brutokilo	. 06	31	l <b></b> .
Grasa—	. 00	J*	
de cerdo, incluso envasekilo	. 28		. 14
de vaca, caracú, incluso envasekilo	. 15	51	
Guayaba—		l	
incluso envasekilo	• 45		. 20
Habas—	l	İ	i
secas, peso brutokilo	. IO		. 05
Harina—		1	i
de trigo en barricas ó bolzascien kilos			2. 70
Nestle, Defresne, y similares kilo	. 10	31	
de centeno, maiz, garbanzos u otra materia comestible, peso	l	ļ	i
brutokilo	. 10	31	
Hielokilo	.04	31	
Higos—	l	ł	
secos, peso brutokilo	. 14	31	•
Hongos-	Į.		
secos, incluso envasekilo	. 70	31	
Huevosciento	I. 20	31	. <b></b>
Jabón	•		-
comun, en general, peso brutokilo	.09	1	. 08
Jamones—	_	1	
incluso envasekilo	. 46		. 24
Kerosene—	_		i
itro	. 048	J	. 025
sin depurar, en cascoslitro	. 02	1	.01

URUGUAY.

# FIRST SECTION.—GENERAL MERCHANDISE—Continued.

	Value.	Duty.	
Articles.		Per cent.	Specific.
Pickles—	Dollars.		Dollars.
All kinds, including packagepound	. 094	] <i>.</i>	. 047
Spices—	•		
Ground, including packagedo	. 235	31	· • • • • • •
Farina— Gross weightdo	0		
Vermicelli, gross weightdo	.018		. 005
voimicent, gross weight.	.0/5		. 037
Matches-			
All kinds, including packagedo	. 282	ļ	.611
Fruits—	•		
In water or brandy, in packagesdo	. 091		. 045
Oranges, freshhundred	. 517	l .	<b></b>
Peaches and apples	1.03	20	· · · • · • ·
Bananasbunch	. 207	20	<b></b> -
Watermelons and citronhundred	3. 10	20	· • • • • • •
Pineappleseach Tomatoes, peppers, cucumbers, and quinces hundred	. 207	20	
Grapes, fresh	. 517	20	
Crackers—	. 094	. 20	
Common, gross weightdo	. 056	44	  - • • • • • • •
And biscuits, including packagedo	. 164		. 075
Pease— From all places, gross weightdo	. 061		
uniper berries—	.001		.023
Gross weightdo	. 028	31	
ard—		3-	
Including packagedodo	. 131		. 065
Tallow—	_		`
Beef (caracu), including packagedo	.07	51	
Guavas—		)	i
Including packagedo	. 211		.09.
Beans—		1	l
Dried, gross weightdo	. 047		.023
Flour— Wheat, in barrels or sacks100 pounds	6	1	1. 260
Nestle's, Defresne's and other foodspound	3. 76		1. 200
Rye, corn, bean, or other edible substances, gross	<b>€</b> 047	31	
weightpound	. 047	31	
ce	.018	31	Ì
Figs—		J-	
Dried, gross weightdo	. 065	31	
Mushrooms-	J	1	İ
Dried, including packagedo	. 329	31	
Eggshundred	I. 24	31	
Soap-			1
Common, all kinds, gross weight pound	. 042		. 03
Hams—	_		
Including wrappingdo			. 11:
Kerosenequart	. 048		. 02
Courts in seales			
Crude, in casksdo	. 02	1	01

URUGUAY.

# SECCIÓN PRIMERA.—EFECTOS DE ALMACEN—Continua.

	1	Derecho.	
Artículos.	Avalúo.	Por ciento.	Espe- cífico.
Leche-	Pesos.		Pess.
condensada, incluso envasekilo	. 60	51	
Lenguas—		1	
en salmuera, peso brutokilo	. 10	51	٠.٠٠.
secasdocena	1. 20	51	
de bacalao, peso brutokilo	. 30	31	
Lentejas-			•
peso brutokilo	. 12		. 05
Levadura—			
incluso envasekilo	· 44	31	· · · · · ·
y jarabes en general en cascoslitro	. 50	l	1
en botellas desde 51 centilitros hasta un litrobotella.	. 58		
en botellas desde 26 centilitros hasta 40 litrosbotella	. 29		. 31
en botellas hasta 25 centilitrosbotella.	. 15		. 155 . 0775
Maiz			. 80
Mandioca—	uu vuioi.		. ••
suelta, peso brutokilo	. 05	27	
en paquetes, incluso envasekilo	, 12		
Mani—		3.	
peso brutokilo	. 07	31	
Manteca-	,	J-	
de leche, incluso envasekilo	. 63		. 35
Masacotes—	5		
peso brutokilo	. 15	44	
Miel—	3	1 77	,
de cafia, peso brutokilo	. 06	31	
Mijo-		)	
ó millo, peso brutokilo	. 02	31	l
Mostaza-		-	1
comestible de cualquier procedencia en general, incluso		ľ	
envasekilo	. 26	31	,   <b></b>
Nueces-		-	į
peso bruto kilo	.09		. 03
Orejones—			:
de cualquier clase de fruta, peso brutokilo	. 15		. 05
Ostras—		l	
y langostas, incluso envasekilo	. 30		<b>.</b> 30
Palitos-	•	ł	ļ
para dientes, incluso envasekilo	. 20	31	
Papas—		Ì	İ
en general, peso brutocien kilos	4.50	12	<b></b>
Pasas— de uva, peso brutokilo		ł	
de uva, peso brutokiio	. 14		. 05
de Corinto Sultamina y similares, nose haute	••		
de Corinto, Sultamina y similares, peso brutokilo  Pábilo—	. 20	31	· · • • •
en general, peso brutokilo	. 40	Libre.	i
Pescado—	. 40	Libie.	İ
en salmuera, en cajas ó cascos, peso brutokilo	. 20		
en frascos, latas ó tarros, incluso envasekilo	. 20	1	. 07 . 10
		1	1
	TE	1	
seco en frascos, latas ó tarros, incluso envasekilo	. 15		. 30

URUGUAY.

# FIRST SECTION.—GENERAL MERCHANDISE—Continued.

1	Value.		outy.
Articles.		Per cent.	Specific.
Milk—	Dollars.		Dollars.
Condensed, including packagepound	. 282	51	
Tongues-			
Pickled, gross weightdo	- 47		
Smokeddozen	1. 24	51	· · • • • • •
Codfish, gross weightpound  Lentils—	. 141	31	
Gross weightdo	. 056		.023
Yeast—	.050		.023
Including packagedo	. 206	31	l <b></b> .
Liquors—		] ]-	
And syrups, all kinds, in casksquart	. 517		. 31
In bottles from 1 pint to 1 quartbottle	. 599	l	. 32
In bottles from ½ pint up to I pintdo	. 299		
In bottles up to ½ pintdo	. 155		. 0775
Corn	ad valor.		. 376
Mandioca—			
Loose, gross weightpound	. 023		<b></b> .
In packages, including package, gross weightdo	. 056	31	:· • • • • • •
Peanuts—			
Gross weightdo	. 032	31	· · • • • • •
Butter— Including packagedo			-6.
Massicot—	. 296		. 164
Gross weightdo	07		l <b></b>
Molasses—	. 07	44	
Gross weightdo	. 028.	31	
Millet, gross weightdo	.009		
, 5			i
Mustard—	_		
Edible, all kinds, including packagedo	. I22	31	<b></b>
NT4-			
Nuts— Gross weightdo	040	i	.014
Fruits—	.042		.014
Dried, all kinds, including packagedo	.07	l	. 023
Oysters—	,		
And lobsters, including packagesdo	. 141	l	. 141
Toothpicks—	•		1
Including packagedo	. 094	31	
Potatoes-			
All kinds, gross weight100 pounds	2. 115	12	¦
Raisins—			
Gross weightpound	. 065		.023
Currants—			i
Gross weightdo	094	31	
Snast—	-00	F	
In general, gross weight	. 188	r ree.	{
- <del></del>	. 04	l	000
Pickled, in boxes or casksdodo In jars, cans, or crocks, including packagedo			1
Dried, in jars, cans, or crocks, including package,	• 94		. 047
Dried, in jars, cans, or crocks, including package, pound.	.07		. 141
In casks or boxes, gross weightdo			023

Tapioca-

Te-

URUGUAY.

SECCIÓN PRIMERA.—EFECTOS DE ALMACÉN—Continúa.

#### Derecho. Artículos. Avalúo. Por Especiento. cífico. Pimentón-Peses. Peses. incluso envase ......kilo.. . 08 . 25 Pimientaen grano, peso bruto......kilo.. . 32 . 10 molida, incluso envase.....kilo.. . 16 . 50 Piñonesy pistachos, incluso envase.....kilo... . 30 31 con cáscaras, incluso envase ......kilo. . 15 31 . . . . . . Porotosde cualquier procedencia, peso bruto .....kilo.. . 075 . 05 Quesoen general, incluso envase ......kilo.. . 38 . 4I Salcomún, refinada en tarros ó paquetes, incluso envase, . IO 31 fina, suelta en general, peso bruto.....cien kilo.. 2, 80 31 Salchichóny mortadella en general, incluso envase ......kilo.. . 70 . 40 Salsay pasta de tomates en general, incluso envase.....kilo. 31 otras clases en botellas ó frascos, incluso envase...kilo.. . 40 51 Sardinasen aceite, incluso envase.....kilo.. . 50 prensadas, peso bruto ......kilo.. . 05 . 15 en salmuera, en cajas ó cascos, peso bruto ......kilo.. . 20 . 07 idem en frascos, latas ó tarros, incluso envase.....kilo.. . 20 . 30 Semillas-de flores y hortalizas, peso bruto......kilo.. I. 00 8 . 05 31 de alfalfa .....kilo.. . 25 Libre. Sémolaincluso envase.....kilo.. . 15 31 |..... Tabacoesencia liquida ó pichuá, incluso envase ......kilo.. . 40 31 de hoja de la Habana, idem ......kilo... . 60 , 50 idem de Bahia, idem.....kilo.. . 50 . 355

de hoja de Virginia, idem.....kilo..

idem del Paraguay, Rio Grandey Porto Alegre, idem. kilo...

los mismos picados idem, incluso envase......kilo.

negro del Brasil en rollos, pacotes ó barricas, incluso envase.....kilo...

idem idem en lata, incluso envase ..... kilo...

idem idem picado, incluso envase......kilo...

otras clases, incluso envase ..... kilo..

incluso envase ......kilo.

en general, peso neto ......kilo...

. 355

. 145

I. 20

. 41

. 4I

**. 6**0

. 355

. 20

. 80

. 50

. 50

1.00

. 50

. 50

1.00

. 50

31

URUGUAY.

FIRST SECTION.—GENERAL MERCHANDISE—Continued,

		D	uty.
Articles.	Value.	Per cent.	Specific.
Pepper	Dollars.		Dollars.
Cayenne, ground, including package pound	. 117		. 03
In grain, gross weightdo	. 15		. 04
Ground, including packagedo	. 235		
And pistachio nuts, including packagedo	. 141	31	
In shell, including packagedodo	. 07	31	
From any place, gross weightdo	. 035	·····	. 02
All kinds, including packagedo	. 192		. 17
Common, refined, in jars or packages, including package	. 047	27	
Fine, loose, all kinds, gross weight100 pounds	1.316	31	
Sausages— Bologna and other, including packagepound	. 329		. 18
Sauces—	. 329		
Tomato or catsup, all kinds, including packages,			1
Other kinds in bottles or jars, including package,	. 117		
Sardines— pound	. 188	51	¦
In oil, including packagesdo	. 235		. 14
Pressed, gross weightdo	. 07		1
Pickled, in boxes or casks, gross weightdo  Pickled, in jars, cans, or crocks, including package,	. 094		.03
pound.	. 094		. 14
Seeds— Vegetable and flower, gross weightdo	• 47	8	
Hempdo	.023		
Alfalfado	. 117		ļ <b></b> .
Groats—			
Including packagedodo	.07	31	
Liquid essence, including packagedo	. 188	31	
Leaf, from Havana, including packagedo	. 282		
Leaf, from Bahia, including package do	. 165		
Leaf, from Virginia, including packagedo	. 165		. 23
From Paraguay, Rio Grande and Porto Alegre, includ-	. 066	1	
ing packagepound			1
Same, cut, including packagedo Black, from Brazil, in rolls, bundles, or casks, includ-	. 564	1	•47
ing packagepound.	. 192	l	- 23
Same, in tin, including tindo	. 192		
Same, cut, including packagedo	. 282		
Other kinds, including packagedo	. 165		
Tapioca— Including packagedo	_	i	
Tea—		-	1
All kinds, net weightdo	. 376	1	

URUGUAY.

### SECCIÓN PRIMERA. -- REFECTOS DE ALMACÉN-Continúa.

	1	Dere	cho.
Artículos,	Avalúo.	Por ciento.	Espe- cífico.
Ticholos—	Pesos.		Pesos.
en general, incluso envasekilo		44	
Trigocien kilos Velas—	i. <b></b>		1. 35
de cera y sus imitacioneskilo	. 8o	44	
estearinas ó similares, incluso envasekilo	. 30		. I4
de sebokilo	. 20	44	
Vinagre—			
en cascos ó damajuanaslitro	. 07		. 03
Vino—		1 !	
de cualquier clase en botellas ó frascos hasta un litro,	•••••		. 23
finos en cascos ó damajuanas, como ser del Rhin, Oporto,			
Jerez, Madera, Ajerezado, Moscatel y Borgognalitro	. 50	!	. 23
comunes en general en cascos ó damajuanaslitro			. 06
Yerba—	•••		. 00
mate de cualquier procedencia, peso brutokilo	. 10		. 04
en hoja sin niuguna elaboración, peso brutokilo			.01

#### DERECHOS ESPECÍFICOS.

Bebidas alcohólicas y Vermouth, Fernet y similares-

en cascos hasta 20 grados pagarán 0.37 cent el litro.

las de mayor graduación, en proporción.

las mismas en botellas desde 51 centilitros hasta 1 litro, hasta 20 grados, botella 0.37 cents.

las de mayor ó menor tamaño ó mayor fuerza alcohólica, en proporción.

#### Aguardiente-

hasta 20 grados el litro o. ro cents.

de 20 grados para arriba en proporción con aumento de medio centésimo por grado el litro.

#### NOTAS REFERENTES Á ARTÍCULOS DE ALMACÉN.

- (1ª) Los avalúos expresados en esta sección, se refieren á artículos en cajas ó botellas comunes.
- (2º) Si viniesen en cajas, botellas ú otro cualquier envase de fantasia, éste se aforará por separado del contenido.
  - (3ª) En los artículos avaluados peso bruto, están comprendidos todos sus envases.
  - (4ª) En los artículos avaluados incluso envase, se entiende sólo el interior.
- (5º) Los artículos avaluados incluso envase, y que no tengan más que uno solo, se despacharán como peso bruto.
- (6a) Los artículos en que no se menciona peso bruto ni incluso envase, se entiende peso neto.

URUGUAY.

#### FIRST SECTION .- GENERAL MERCHANDISE .- Continued.

Articles. Val		I	Out <del>y</del> .
	Value.	Per cent.	Specific.
"Ticholos"—	Dollars.		Dollars.
In general, including packagekilo	. 141	44	
Wheatroo pounds	<b></b>		. 634
Candles-	i		1
Wax and imitationsdo	. 376	44	
Sperm and similar kinds, including packagedo	. 141		. 065
Tallowdo	.094	44	
Vinegar—			
In casks or demijohnsquart	.072		. 031
Wine—			1
All kinds, in bottles or flasks, up to I literbottle	<b></b>		. 237
One-half bottles in proportion.			1.
Fine, in casks or demijohns, such as Rhine, Port, Sherry,	•	}	l
Madeira, Ajerezado, Muscatel, and Burgundy, quart			. 237
Common, in general, in casks or demijohnsdo			
Yerba mate—		1	
From all countries, gross weightpound	.047		.018
In leaf, unmanufactured, gross weightdo			. 005

#### SPECIFIC DUTIES.

Alcoholic beverages and Vermouth, Fernet and the like, in casks, up to 20°, will pay 37 cents per liter; higher strength in proportion.

The same in bottles, from 51 centiliters to 1 liter, up to 20°, per bottle, 37 cents.

Those of larger or smaller size, or higher alcoholic strength, in proportion.

Rum, up to 20°, 10 cents per liter; from 20° and upwards, in proportion, adding a half centesimo for each degree in each liter.

#### NOTES REFERRING TO GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

- 1st. The valuations in this section refer to articles in ordinary boxes or bottles.
- 2d. Should they come in fancy boxes, bottles, or any other package, the latter will be appraised without reference to the contents.
  - 3d. Articles whose valuation is on the gross weight include all the packages.
  - 4th. Articles whose valuation includes package mean only the inner container.
- 5th. Articles whose valuation includes package, and which have only one, will be dispatched as gross weight.
- 6th. In the case of articles where no mention is made of gross weight, or including package, net weight will be understood.

## SECCIÓN SEGUNDA.—TIENDA Y MERCERÍA.

Articulos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Abalorios— chaquiras 6 cuentas de vidrio ordinariaskilo Abanicos*—	Peses. . 80	Por ciento. 31
de madera, país de género de algodón ó papel, inferiores, barillas		1
sin barnizardocena	. 30	31
los mismos, barillas barnizadasdocena de madera, país de géneros de algodón ó papel, barillas barniza-	. 80	31
das ó pintadas, finos ó regulares,docena de madera, país de seda ó mezcla, barillas barnizadas ó pintadas,	3.00	31
docena.	8.00	31
de hueso, país de seda ó mezcladocena	7.00	31
de idem, idem de algodón ó papeldocena.los mismos con aplicaciones de puntillas, varillas caladas ó lisas,	3.00	31
docena	18.00	31
de hueso, de baraja, lisos y caladosdocena de nácar, marfil ó carey, país de seda ó mezcla, género de algodón	8. 00	31
6 papeldocena	50,00	31
los mismos con aplicación de puntillas 6 bordadosdocena de carey, marfil 6 nácar, de baraja sin incrustaciones ni calado,	78.00	31
docena	130.00	31
los mismos, con incrustaciones ó calado†docena	190.00	31
Abridores— de madera para guantes	3.00	31
Acolchado— de algodón blanco ó negrokilo bruto	. 60	31
Agarradores— comunes, con elástico para ropaciento	. 80	
idem, sin alambre y sin elástico, para ropaciento.	. 15	31
Agujas—	1.00	
con cabo de alambre para crochetgruesaestuche de hueso ó acero de 4 á 6 agujasdocena cajas	.60	31
para crochet, cortas ó largas, sueltasmillar.	3, 00	31
de madera ó hueso, largas para crochetciento en latas, paquetes ó cajitas de cualquier clase, para costura,	3. 50	31
millar	. 45	31
para máquinas de cosermillar	8, 00	31
para bordarmillarAgujetas—	1. 20	31
de hilo ó hilo y algodón, para corsées de 3 metros cada una,	4	
de seda ó seda y algodón, de 3 metros cada unaciento	4.00 6.00	31
de trencilla de algodón	1,00	31
de hueso	18, 00	31
de maderadocena	· 12.00	31
de marfil docena	120,00	31

<sup>\*</sup> Los abanicos para niñas, se aforarán # partes del avalúo respectivo.
† Los avalúos se entienden en cajas generales, lo mismo en este artículo como en todos los demás.
Si viniesen en cajas de fantasía se recargará el aforo por el valor de la caja.

#### SECOND SECTION, -DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Bugles—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Glass beads, etc., commonpound	. 376	31
Fans*—	. 3/0	3-
Wooden, covered with common cotton or paper, ribs unvar-		
nisheddozen	. 31	31
Same, ribs varnisheddodo	. 827	31
Wooden, cotton or paper covered, ribs varnished or painted	,	J-
fine or mediumdozen	3. 10	31
Wooden, covered with silk or silk-mixed goods, ribs varnished	, ,,,,,	]
or painteddozen	8. 27	31
Bone, silk covered, or mixeddodo	7. 24	31
Same, covered with cotton or paperdo	3. 10	31
Same, plain or open-worked, covered with lacedo	18. 61	31
Same, folding, plain or open-workeddo Mother-of-pearl, ivory, or tortoise shell, covered with silk or silk	8. 27	
mixture, cotton or paperdozen	51.70	27
Same, with lace or embroiderydo	80.67	31
Tortoise shell, ivory, or mother-of-pearl, folding, without open-	80.07	31
work or incrustationsdozen	704 40	
Same, open-worked or with incrustations †do	134.40	31
Glove-stretchers—	196. 50	31
Woodendo		
Quilts—	3. 10	31
Cotton, white or blackpound, gross	. 282	31
Straps or loops—		
Ordinary, with elastic, for clothinghundred	. 827	31
Without metal or elastic, for clothingdo	. 155	31
Needles-		
Crochet, wire handlesgross	1.03	. 31
Bone or steel case, containing from 4 to 6 needles. dozen boxes	. 62	31
Crochet, short or long, separatethousand	3. 10	31
Wood or bone, long, crochetinghundred	3, 610	31
In tins, packages, or boxes, all kinds for sewingthousand	. 465	31
36 11 1		i
Machinedo	8. 27	31
Embroiderydo	I. 24	31
Strings— Corset, of linen or linen and cotton, 3 meters eachhundred	4. 14	31
Silk, or silk and cotton, 3 meters eachdo	6, 20	31
Cotton braiddo	1.03	31
Chess men—		31
Bonedozen	18. 61	31
Woodendo	. 12.41	31
Ivorydo		31

<sup>\*</sup> Fans for children are rated at two-thirds of the respective class.
† These valuations are on ordinary boxes, not only in this case, but on all other articles. If they are put up in fancy boxes the value of the box will be added to the appraisement.

URUGUAY.

Articulos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Alamares-	Pesos.	Por
de lana con borlasdocena	2,00	ciento.
de idem, con ó sin borlas, ordinarios, para ponchodocena		31
de seda, con borlaskilo	. 50 15. 00	31
de seda, sin borlaskilo	_	31
Alambre—	20.00	31
forrado en algodón ó papel, para modistakilo	2.00	31
Alas—	2.00	,
de cartón engomadas, para sombrerociento	6.00	31
Albums*— de pana, tela, cuero ó imitacion cuero, para 50 retratosdocena	8.00	31
idem, idem, idem, idem 100 idemdocena	12.00	
idem, idem, idem, idem idem 200 idemdocena	18.00	31
de cuero ó terciopelo con incrustaciones para 50 idemdocena	12.00	31
idem, idem, idem 100 idemdocena		31
idem, idem, idem 200 idemdocena	18.00	31
de nacar, marfil, carey 6 cuero de Rusia, para 50 idem, docena	25.00	31
de nacar, marm, carey o cueto de Rusia, para 50 idemdocena	45.00	31
los mismos para 100 idemdocena		31
idem, idem 200 idemdocena	132.00	31
Alemanisco— de algodónkilo	1.20	31
de hilo ó hilo y algodónkilo	1.60	
Alfileres—		ı
cabeza de metal ó composición en cajas ó en paquetes (incluso		1
envase)kilo	. 70	31
con cabeza de vidrio ó pajaritos, con ó sin adornos ó colores, chi-	.,,	]
cos y ordinarios y los para nodrizasgruesa	. 30	31
de talco con dos puntas, para sostener la gorradocena	.40	31
grandes de todas clases, para la cabezadocena	I. 20	31
Alfileteros—		1
de palo, ordinariosgruesa	1.00	31
de hueso ó madera, labrados ó con mostacillagruesa	6.00	31
de hueso, lisosgruesa	3.00	31
Anillos— de acero, hierro ó vidriokilo	1.00	31
de metal ordinario con piedras falsasgruesa	4.00	31
Anteojos-	•	
de larga vista hasta 12 lineas ó sean 27 milimetrosdocena	20, 00	31
de idem idem, mayores de 12 lineas ó sean 27 idemdocena	40. <b>0</b> 0	31
gemelos para teatro, de latón imitación carey ó forrados con cuero,		
docena	18.00	31
idem, idem de carey, nácar ó marfildocena para marina ó campaña, hasta 19 lineas ó sean 43 mílimetros,	50.00	31
	40.00	31
los mismos mayores de 19 lineas ó sean 43 milimetrosdocena	40, 00 66, <b>0</b> 0	31
	40	27
de rejilla de colores con elásticodocena	. 40	31

<sup>\*</sup>Cada tarjeta grande vale por dos chicas, y 4 los que contengan música, se aumentará un 50 por ciento sobre el aforo respectivo.

URUGUAY.

### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND PANCY GOODS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
E		Per
Frogs-	Dollars.	cent.
Woolen, with tasselsdozen	2.07	31
Woolen, with or without tassels, ordinary for ponchosdo	.517	31
Silk, with tasselspound	7. 05	31
Silk, without tasselsdo	9.40	11
Wire—		ļ
Covered with cotton or paper, for dressmakersdo  Hat brims—	- 94	31
Of pasteboard, glazedhundred	6, 20	31
Albums*—	0.20	32
Of velveteen, cloth, leather, or imitation leather, for 50 photos,		
dozen.	8. 27	31.
Same, for 100 photosdo	12.41	3T.
Same, for 200 photosdo		31
Leather or velvet with incrustations, for 50 photosdo	12. 41	31
Same, for 100 photosdo	18. 61	
		31
Same, for 200 photosdo	25. 85	3L
Mother-of-pearl, ivory, tortoise shell, or Russia leather, for 50		l
photosdozen	46. 57	3r
Same, for 100 photosdo	93. 10	31
Same, for 200 photosdo	136.49	31.
Damask—	_	1
Cottonpound	. 564	31:
Linen or linen and cottondo	.752	31.
Pins—		
Metal or composition heads in boxes or packages, including		į .
packagepound	. 329	31
Glass heads, or fancy pins ornamented with birds, etc., colored	1	İ
or plain, and safety pinsgross	. 31	31
Hat, talc, double pointed,dozen	.41	31
Hair, all kindsdo	1. 241	31
Pin cases—		
Wooden, ordinarygross	1.03	31
Bone or wood, carved or bead-studed	6. 20	31
Bone, plaindo		31
Rings—	3. 10	J-
Steel, iron or glasspound	47	31
Metal, ordinary, with imitation stonesgross	. 47	_
	4. 14	31
Spyglasses— Up to 12 lines or 27 millimetersdozen	20, 68	
		31
Over 12 lines or 27 millimetersdo	41.40	31
Opera glasses—		
Of brass, imitation tortoise shell, or leather covereddo	18.61	31
Tortoise shell, mother-of-pearl, or ivorydo	51.70	31
Marine and field glasses—	1	
Up to 19 lines or 43 millimetersdo	41.40	31
Larger, over 19 lines or 43 millimetersdo	68. 244	31
Goggles—	1 00. 244	]-
Colored glasses, with elasticdo	41.40	31
# Pach large sized out is equal to two small ones and albums with music will be	7	, 3-

<sup>\*</sup>Bach large-sized card is equal to two small ones, and albums with music will be assessed 50 per cent additional in their respective class.

Anteojos—Continúa.  de patilla con caja	Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
sin patilla		Pesos.	Por ciento.
de oro 6 plata			31
Argollas— de marfil para criaturas			31
Aros— de plata para servilletas ú objetos de igual metal	Argollas—	Vista.	31
Arpillera—		.80	31
Arpillera—  común	de plata para servilletas ú objetos de igual metalgramo	. 05	31
Común	de madera, hueso y marfil ó composición	Vista.	31
engomada para entretela kilo bruto género especial para bolsas de carbón kilo bruto 20  Arquitos— de madera para jugar docena 1. 20 Baberos— de algodón lisos docena 2. 00 Baleros— de madera para niños docena 1. 20 de marfil docena 9. 60 Ballenas— pulidas ó sin pulir kilo 6. 00 imitación kilo 2. 00 de caña teñida kilo 2. 00 de acero para corsé kilo 50 de acero forradas para miriñaques y tontillos kilo 40  Barbijos— de algodón docena 25 de lana docena 50 de seda kilo 30. 00 Bareje— pura seda kilo 30. 00 Bastidores— de falda para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena docena docena docena docena de pie alto, para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena docena docena docena docena docena docena docena docena de pie alto, para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena doce			20
género especial para bolsas de carbónkilo bruto			31
Arquitos—  de madera para jugar	rénero especial para holese de carbón bilo bruto		20
de madera para jugar		. 20	20
de idem, con adornos	de madera para jugardocena	1. 20	31
Baleros—  de madera para niños	de algodón lisosdocena	1.00	48
de marfil	Baleros—	2.00	48
de marfil	de madera para niñosdocena	1, 20	31
imitación kilo 2.00 de caña teñida kilo 80 de acero para corsé kilo 50 de acero forradas para miriñaques y tontillos kilo 40 de acero forradas para miriñaques y tontillos kilo 40 Barbijos— de algodón docena 25 de lana docena 50 de seda 8ilo 20.00 Bareje— pura seda kilo 30.00 Bastidores— de falda para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena 6.00 de pie alto, para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena 6.00 de pie alto, para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena 36.00 cabo de marfil, nácar ó carey docena 24.00	de marfildocena	9.60	31
imitación kilo 2.00 de caña teñida kilo 80 de acero para corsé kilo 50 de acero forradas para miriñaques y tontillos kilo 40 de acero forradas para miriñaques y tontillos kilo 40 Barbijos— de algodón docena 25 de lana docena 50 de seda 8ilo 20.00 Bareje— pura seda kilo 30.00 Bastidores— de falda para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena 6.00 de pie alto, para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena 6.00 de pie alto, para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena 36.00 cabo de marfil, nácar ó carey docena 24.00	pulidas ó sin pulirkilo	6.00	31
de acero para corsé		2.00	31
de acero forradas para miriñaques y tontillos	de caña teñidakilo	. 80	31
Barbijos—  de algodón	de acero para corsékilo	. 50	31
de algodón	de acero forradas para miriñaques y tontilloskilo	.40	31
de lana docena 50 de seda 610 20.00 Bareje— pura seda 610 30.00 Bastidores— de falda para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena 6.00 de pie alto, para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena 6.00 Bastones— de ballena* docena 36.00 cabo de marfil, nácar ó carey docena 24.00	Barbijos—		31
de seda	de lana docena		31
Bareje— pura seda			
Bastidores—  de falda para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior,  docena  docena  docena  docena  docena  docena  24.00  Bastones—  de ballena **	Bareje-		31
docenadoc	Bastidores—	30.00	31
de pie alto, para bordar, de 30 á 80 centímetros de largo interior, docena		1 -	١.
Bastones—		6.00	48
cabo de marfil, nácar ó careydocena 24.00		24.00	48
cabo de marfil, nácar ó careydocena 24.00	de ballenadocena	36,00	31
			31
otros puños, de caña, junco, madera y semejantes docena 4.80			31
ordinarios, todos de madera ó cañadocena 2.40			31

<sup>\*</sup>En los aforos de bastones, no están comprendidos los de puño de oro ó plata. Los con estoque pagerán en sus clases respectivas 51 por ciento.

### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Spectacles—Continued.	D. "	Per
With sides in casedozen	Dollars.	cent.
	2. 585	31
Without sidesdo	5. 17	31
Gold or silverdo	Sight.	
Rings—		
Ivory, for infants.,do	. 827	31
Napkin rings—		l
Silver; other silver articlespennyweight	. 08	31
Rings—		1
Of wood, bone, ivory, or composition	Sight.	31
Packing cloth—	_	
Ordinary, gross weightpound	. 065	20
Stiffened for lining, gross weightdo	. 080	31
Bagging—	, , ,	J-
For charcoal, gross weightdo	. 094	20
Hoops—	• 594	-
Wooden, for toysdozen	1. 24	31
Bibs—	2. 24	J-
Cotton, plaindo	1.03	48
Same, trimmeddodo		48
	2. 07	40
Balls—		
Wooden, for toysdo	1. 24	31
Ivorydo	9. 93	31
Whalebone—		
Smooth or rough pound	2. 82	31
Imitationdo	- 94	31
Stay bones—	_	
Of cane, dyeddo	. 376	31
Corset bones—		
Steel	. 235	31
Steels—		
Covered, for bustles and dress-supportersdo	. 188	31
Mufflers—		_
Cottondozen	. 258	31
Woolendo	.517	31
Silkpound	9.40	31
		J -
Barège—	14 10	21
Barège— All silkdo	14. 10	31
Barège—		-
Barège— All silkdo	14. 10 6. 20	
Barège— All silkdo Embroidery, lap frames— From 30 to 80 centimeters long insidedozen		
Barège— All silkdo Embroidery, lap frames— From 30 to 80 centimeters long insidedozen	6. 20	48
Barège— All silkdo Embroidery, lap frames— From 30 to 80 centimeters long insidedozen  Embroidery, stand frames— From 30 to 80 centimeters, inside measurementdo		48
Barège— All silkdo Embroidery, lap frames— From 30 to 80 centimeters long insidedozen  Embroidery, stand frames— From 30 to 80 centimeters, inside measurementdo  Walking sticks—	6. 20 24. 82	48
Barège— All silk	6. 20 24. 82 37. 224	48
Barège— All silk	6. 20 24. 82 37. 224 24. 82	31 48 48 31 31
Barège— All silk	6. 20 24. 82 37. 224 24. 82 4. 96	48

<sup>\*</sup>The tariff on cames does not include those with gold or silver heads. Sword cames will pay in their respective classes 51 per cent.

URUGUAY.

Artfculos.	Avaltio.	Dere- cho.
Batas * de algodón lisas para señoradocena	<i>Pesos</i> . 6, 00	Por ciento. 48
idem idem bordadas, con puntillas ó festonadas, cualquier clase, para señoradocena	12.00	48
de hilo ó hilo de algodón, lisas ó festonadas, para señora.docena las mismas bordadas, para señoradocena Batoncitos—	18.00 36.00	48 48
punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla lana y algodónkilo los mismos con sedakilo Batones—	4. 00 6. 00	31 31
de zaraza ó percal liso	2, 00 4, 00	48 48
género de hilo ó percal ordinario, lisos ó con bordados de trencilla	I. <b>3</b> 0 4. 00	48 48
de género de lana, ó lana y algodón lisos	3. 00 4. 00	48 48
los mismos con seda	4. 00 6. 00	31
Bayeta † — de cualquier clase, peso neto	1.00	
Blusas—  de brin de hilo, de algodón, ó hilo de algodón con ó sin forros, ordinarias y finas	10. 80	48
Boas— ó chales, ó pañoletas, punto de lana, punto de algodón, ó mezcla		
de lana y algodónkilo las mismas con sedakilo de felpa de algodónkilo	4. 00 6. 00	31 31
las mismas con sedakilo punto de sedakilo	3. 20 5. 30 30. 00	31 31 31
de seda y algodónkilo Boinas—	15.00	31
de lanadocena Bolsas—	3.00	48
se aforarán por lo que señale la tarifa, para el material de que ellas se compongan, más 20 por cientodocena  Bolsitas—	<b></b>	48
de punto de algodón ó seda para dinero docena	4. ÓO	31
de algodón, blanco ó crudo, liso ó pintado, ó tartán ó franela de algodón	.90	31
para cilindros de prensas tipo-litográficaskilo  Bonetes—	I. 20 Vista.	31 31
punto de lana, punto de algodón,ó mezcla de lana y algodonkilo los mismos con sedakilo	4. 00 6. 00	31 31
de sedakilo Boquillas—	20.00	31
de acero ó metal amarillo ó blanco, para bolsitasdocena  *Batas para nifios, 30 por ciento menos.  †Específico .31.	1, 20	31

URUGUAY.

## SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FARCY GOODS-Continued.

Articles,	Valuation.	Duty.
Wrappers *-	Dollars.	Per cent.
Ladies', cotton, plaindozen	6. 20	48
Same, embroidered, trimmed with lace, frills, any kinddo	12.41	48
Same, embioidered, trimmed with face, frins, any kinddo	12.41	40
Linen or linen and cotton mixed, plain, or with lace or flounces,	-0 6-	
Same, embroidereddododo	18.61	48
Sacks—	37. 224	48
Woolen, cotton, or mixed woolen and cotton lacepound	1.88	22
Same, mixed with silkdo	2. 82	31
Gowns—	2,02	3.
Chintz or percale, plaineach	2, 07	48
With lace or frillsdo		48
Linen or percale, ordinary, plain, or braid trimmeddo	. 4. 14	48
Linen or percare, ordinary, plain, or braid trimmeddo	1.24	40
White peignoirs, cotton embroidered or trimmed with lace .do	4. 14	48
Woolen or woolen and cotton mixed, plaindo	3. 10	48
Same, embroidered or trimmed with laceeach.	4. 14	48
Knit, wool or cotton, or mixture of wool and cottonpound	1.88	31
•	1.00	3.
Same, with silkdodo	2. 82	31
Any kind, net weightdo	. 45	
Blouses—		ì
Of linen duck, of cotton, or cotton and linen, lined or unlined,		
ordinary and finedozen	11. 167	48
Boas-		
Shawls, scarfs, neckerchiefs of woolen and cotton lace, or		
mixture thereofpound	1.88	31
Same, mixed with silkdo	2, 82	31
Cotton plushdo	I. 504	31
Silk plushdo	2.491	31
Silk lacedo	14. 10	31
Silk and cottondo	7. 05	31
Caps—		ł
Woolendozen	3. 10	48
Pouches-		4
Will be rated according to the material of which they are made		1
with 20 per cent additional		48
Purses-		ļ
Of cotton or silken mesh for carrying moneydozen	4. 14	31
Bombazin-		]
Cotton, bleached or unbleached, plain or figured, plaid cotton		Į.
flannel (for lining)pound	. 423	31
Quilteddo	. 564	31
For cylinders of typo-lithographic presses	Sight.	31
Caps, bonnets—		{
Cotton or woolen lace or mixture thereofpound	1.88	31
Same, with silkdo	2. 82	31
Silkdo	9.40	31
Clasps—		1
Of steel or white or yellow metal, for pursesdozen	I. 241	31
40111		

<sup>\*</sup> Children's wrappers 30 per cent less. † Specific .31.

URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Boquillas—Continúa.  de ámbar ó sus imitaciones, finas con ó sin estuche, las de espuma	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de mar y las imitaciones finas, con ó sin estuche, para cigarros,	13.00	31
de vidrio, cauchou y demás composiciones, ordinarias, para fumar,	_	-
todás de madera para idemdocena  Botincitos—  punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón,	. 80 . 30	3I 3I
kilo	4.00	31
los mismos con sedakilo	6.00	31
de merino ordinarios y regularesdocena	2.40	48
de merinos finosdocena Botones—	8. ọo	48
de hueso, vidrio, ó metal con pie, para camisasgruesa	. 80	31
los mismos con resorte, para idem, finosgruesa	1,60	31
de metal con resorte, para pechera, ordinarios é inferioresgruesa	1.20	31
hormillas para botonesgruesa	. 03	31
de loza, para pantalóngruesa	. 05	31
de idem, para camisasgruesa	6.00	31
para tiradoresgruesa de paresde loza ó pasta para botinesgruesa	.07	31 31
de hueso para pantalonesgruesa	.05	31
metal, para idemgruesa.	. 07	31
de nacar, para camisasgruesa	. 10	31
de nácar sin pie, para chalecosgruesa	. 50	31
idem, idem, idem, para chaponasgruesa	1.00	31
de nácar con pie para pechera de camisagruesa de todas menas, regulares y ordinarios, para militaresgruesa	2.00 .50	31 31
idem, idem, idem, finos para militaresgruesa	2.00	31
idem relieve superiores, de todas menasgruesa	8.00	31
para puños de camisa, ordinarios é inferioresdocena pares	. 50	31
con resorte, regulares y finos, para puños de camisadocena pares	1. 20	. 31
idem, idem ordinarios é inferiores para idemdocena	. 80	31
de nácar para calzoncillosgruesa de género lana, lana y algodón, de algodón y seda, regulares, finos,	. 30	31
de idem idem, idem idem, idem, de algodón y seda, metal y los.	Vista.	31
de prunela, ordinarios é inferiores	. 30	31
vidrio, loza y porcelanas, piedra 6 maderagruesa Brillantina—	. 25	31
de algodón pintada ó lisa sin frisakilo	1.00	31
de hilo ó hilo y algodónkilo Brin—	2. 40	31
de algodón de cualquier clase, liso, pintado ó de color, ó los llamados brin de angola y dril, peso netokilo	. <b>8</b> o	(*)
de hilo ó hilo y algodón de cualquier clasekilo idem idem idem idem, azul inferiorkilo	1. 10	25 25
* Derecho específico, es centárimos	- •	-

<sup>\*</sup> Derecho específico, 25 centésimos.

## URUGUAY.

## SECOND SECTION.—DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Cigar-holders— Of amber, or imitations, fine, with or without case; meerschaum,	Dollars.	Per cent.
and fine imitations, with or without casedozen.	13. 44	31
Of glass, rubber, and other compositions, ordinarydo	. 827	31
Wooden		31 31
Same, with silkdo		31
Merino, ordinary and medium		48
Merino, finedo	8. 27	48
Bone, glass, or metal, with shankgross	. 827	31
Same, spiral, fine, grossdo		31
Metal, spiral, commondo		31
Buttons— Bone, glass, or metal, with shank, for shirts		31
Same, with spring, fine		31
Metal, with spring, for shirt bosoms, ordinary and inferior.do		31
Molds	. 03	31
Porcelain, for trousersdo		31
Same, for shirtsdodo		31
Suspendergross pairs		31
Porcelain or paste, for gaitersgross.		31
Bone, for trousersdododo		31
Mother-of-pearl, for shirtsdodo		31
Same, without shank, for vestsdo		31
Same, for "chaponas"do	1.03	31
Same, with shank, for shirt frontsdo	2.07	31
Military, all sizes, ordinary and standarddo		31
Same, finedo		31
Same, in relief, superior, all sizesdo	8. 27	31
Cuff, common and inferiordozen pairs  Spring, cuff, medium and finedo		31
Same, common and inferiordodo		31
Pearl, for drawers	.31	31
and fine	Sight.	
Composition, for vest or coat, ivory nut, bone or imitations,	.31	31
glass, china, or porcelain, stone or woodgross	. 258	31
Cotton, figured or plain, without nappound	.47	31
Linen, or linen and cottondo		31
uck, cotton, all kinds, plain, figured, or colored, and that known as	l .	
drill and Angola, net weightpound	. 376	(*)
Or tickings, linen or linen and cotton, all kindsdo	. 517	31
The same, blue, inferiordo		

#### URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Brin—Continua.		Por
de hilo crudo ó blanco, para entretelakilo	<i>Peses</i> , 60	ciente.
de into citudo o bianco, para entretera	. 60	31
de Rusiakilo Broches—	. 60	31
para vestidos, en cajas de ocho paresgruesa cajas	. 70	31
los mismos, en idem en más de idem idem	En pro'n	31
colocados en cinta, pieza de 12 metrospieza	.80	31
de metal para pantalonesgruesa pares	.60	31
To more particular par		3-
Cabellos-		
humanos, hasta 50 centimetroskilo	11.00	31
idem, de 51 á 60 centimetroskilo	25.00	31
idem, frizados ó rizados de 45 á 60 centímetroskilo.	30.00	31
Cabezas—		
de cartón, para tiendas de modascada una de idem, para peluqueríascada una .	. 80	31
de madera, para peluquerias	.60	31
Cajas—		3.
de madera, peltre ó vidrio con polvos de arroz, con ó sin cisne,		
	4,00	51
de idem ó vidrio, vacías, para idemdocena	2.00	31
de zinc, peltre ó porcelana decorada para polvosdocena	4.00	31
de madera, para rapé	.90	31
idem idem, ordinarias ó de plomo ó zinc para idemdocena	.40	31
de metal amarillo plateado para idem docena	4.00	31
de cartón vacías, para sombrerosciento	20.00	31
idem idem comunes, para cualquier otro objetokilo	. 50	31
Calcetines *—		
de hilo ó hilo y algodón, para hombre docena	3. 50	31
de lana ó lana y algodón finos, para idemdocena	3, 60	31
de idem, idem idem inferiores, para trabajadoresdocena	1.00	31
de idem, idem, idem regulares y ordinariosdocena de algodón y las imitaciónes hilo sin costura ó los finos con cos-	1.80	31
tura, ó tejido circular, para hombredocena	1.70	
de algodón sin costura, ó tejido circular, regulares inferiores,	1. /	31
	1.00	31
de seda, borra de seda ó seda y algodónkilo	15.00	31
Calentadores—		
ordinarios de cuero para los piésuno	1.50	31
los mismos regulares y finosuno	3.00	31
Calzoncillos †—		
de hilo ó hilo y algodón, para hombredocena	8.00	48
de idem é idem ó idem finos, con y sin pretinas bordados,		
de bombasi para hombredocenadocena	12.00 6.00	48 48
de género de algodón de cualquier clasedocena		48
Caicetines para nifios, 30 por ciento menos del aforo respectivo.	, 4.00	1 49

Calcetines para niños, 3o por ciento menos del aforo respectivo.
 Calzoncillos para niños, dos terceras partes del aforo respectivo.

URUGUAY.

SECOND SECTION.—DRY GOODS AND FARCY GOODS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Duck—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Linen, unbleached or white, for lining pound	. 282	
Russiado	. 282	3
Hooks and eves—	. 202	3
		۱
For dresses, in boxes of 8 pairs eachgross boxes The same, in boxes containing more than the above, in pro-	. 724	31
portion	0	31
Buckles—	. 827	3
Metal, for trousers, pairsgross	. 62	3
Human, up to 15 inchespound	5. 17	3
Same, from 15 to 24 inchesdo	11. 75	3
Same, frizzed or curled, from 45 to 60 centimetersdo	14. 10	3
Heads-		l
Pasteboard, for milliners' shopseach	. 827	3
Same, for hairdressers' shops	. 206	3
Wooden, for hairdressers' shopsdo	. 62	3
Powder boxes—		-
Wooden, metal, or glass, with rice powder, with or without		
powder-puffsdozen	4. 14	3:
Same, or glass, emptydo	2. 07	3
Zinc, metal, or porcelain, decorateddo	4. 14	3
Sauff boxes—		
Woodeneach	. 931	31
Same, ordinary, or lead or zincdozen	.414	3
Brass, plated do	4. 14	3
Hat boxes—		
Pasteboard, emptyhundred	<b>20.</b> 68	3
Boxes-		
Ordinary, any other usespound	. 235	3
Socks *	_	1
Linen, or linen and cotton mixeddozen	3. 619	3
Men's, wool or wool and cotton, finedo	3. 722	3
Workmen's, inferiordo	1.03	3
Men's, standard and ordinarydo	1. 861	3
Men's, cotton and imitation linen, seamless, or the best seamed,		l
or round wovendozen	1. 758	3
Cotton, seamless, or round woven, medium or commondo	1.03	3
Silk, floss-silk, or silk and cottonpound	7. 05	3
oot-warmers—		l
Leather, ordinaryeach	1. 551	3
Same, standard and finedo	3. 10	3
Drawers †—		1
Men's, linen, or linen and cottondozen	8. 27	4
Same, fine, with or without embroidered waistbandsdo	12. 41	4
	•	
Men's, dimitydo	6. 20	4
Cotton, all kindsdo	4. 14	1 4

<sup>\*</sup>Children's socks 30 per cent less in respective class. Children's drawers two-thirds of the respective duty.

URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Colon allos Continto		Por
Calzoncillos—Continúa.	Pesos.	ciento.
de francia de lana ó mezcla, de cualquier clasedocena	11.00	48
de punto de algodón	6.00	31
de punto de lana ó mezcla de algodón	10.00	31
de punto de algodón para bañodocena	r. 80	31
de seda, borra de seda, ó seda y algodónkilo Calzones *—	20.00	31
de algodón lisos ó con alforsas, para señoradocena	6.00	48
idem, idem bordados ó con festones, para idemdocena	8.00	48
de hilo ó hilo y algodón, de todas clasesdocena.	10.00	48
Camisas †—		} `
de Crimea, lana ó lana y algodón lisas ó adornadas, finas para		1
hombredocena	18.00	48
las mismas regulares y ordinariasdocena	8.00	48
de bayeta ó bayetóndocena	9.00	48
de hilo de todas clases, para hombredocena	24.00	48
de algodón vistas de hilo ó mezcla de hilo y algodóndocena	10.00	48
de algodón blancas y de color cualquier clase, para hombre,		4.
	6,00	48
de algodón lisas, para señoradocena	6.00	48
•		
idem idem bordadas, festonadas ó con puntillas, para idem,	i	
docena	14.00	48
de hilo, lisas y festonadas, para idemdocena	20.00	48
de idem, bordadas, para idem docena Camisetas ‡—	30.00	48
punto de hilodocena	8. oo	31
idem de algodóndocena	3. 50	31
idem, idem, idem con felpa y las llamadas tricotdocena punto de lana, ó lana y algodón y las llamadas tricot ordinarias,	6.00	31
docena	8.00	31
tricot finasdocenatricot finas, con solapas, y adornos de seda y mangas de seda,	12.00	31
de franela, lana, ó lana y algodón	24.00	31
	14.00	48
de idem, idem ó idem é idem bordadas ó con aplicaciones,	-0 -0	
de paño, lana ó mezcla, azules ordinariasdocena	18.00	48 48
para señora, como las de hombre.	12.00	40
punto de seda ó seda y algodónkilo		l
	20,00	31
Canabá—	Vista.	48
de algodón, de un metro de anchometro	. 28	31
de sedametro	1.00	31
de género de lana y algodón bordado ó labrado regular para za-	1	1
patillas, de un metro de anchometro		31
muy inferior, para zapatillasmetro	. 50	31
Canutillos—	1	
para adorno de vestidokilo	.87	31
encarchados, hilados, hijuela ó lentejuela de plata u oro. gramo	.07	31
los mismos de oro ó plata falsoskilo	14.00	31

<sup>Calzones para nifias, 30 por ciento menos del mismo.
Camisas para nifios, 30 por ciento menos del mismo.
Camisetas para nifios, 30 por ciento menos del aforo respectiva.</sup> 

# URUGUAY.

#### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS -- Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Drawers—Continued.	n	Per
Flannel, wool or mixture, all kindsdozen	Dollars.	cent.
	11. 37	48
Cotton stockinettedo	6. 20	31
Woolen, or cotton and woolen stockinettedo	10. 34	31
Cotton, stockinette, for bathingdodo	1. 861 9. 40	31
Women's cotton, plain or tucked*dozen	6. 20	48
Women's, cotton embroidered or ruffleddo	8. 27	48
Women's linen or linen and cotton, all kindsdo	10. 34	48
Men's, Crimea, wool or wool and cotton, plain or adorned, fine qualitydozen	18. 61	48
Men's, medium and ordinarydo	8. 27	
	,	48
Men's, baize or friezedo	9. 31 24. 82	48
Men's, linen, of all kindsdo		48
Men's, bosoms of linen or linen and cottondo  Men's, white and colored cotton, all kindsdo	10: 34 6. 20	48 48
Chemises—		
Cotton, plaindodo Same, embroidered, ruffled, or trimmed with edgingdo	6. 20 14. 48	48 48
Linen, plain or ruffleddo	20.68	48
Same, embroidereddo	31.02	48
Lisle threaddo	8. 27	31
Cotton, stockinettedo	3.619	31
Canton flannel and tricotdodo Woolen stockinette, or wool and cotton mixed, known as com-	6, 20	31
mon tricotdozen	8. 27	31
Fine tricotdo	12.41	31
Fine tricot, silk lapels, trimmings, and sleevesdo	24. 82	31
Flannel, wool or wool and cotton mixeddo	14.48	48
Same, embroidered or trimmeddo	18.61	48
Cloth, wool or woolen mixture, blue, ordinarydo  Women's (same as men's)		48
Silk stockinette or silk and cottonpound. Shirt fronts, dickies	9.40	31 48
Canvas—	l .	1
Cotton, I meter wideyard	. 265	31
Silkdodo Wool and cotton, embroidered or worked for slippers, I meter	• 945	31
wide	. 794	31
Ordinary, for slippersdo  Bugle—	473	31
For trimming dressespound	. 400	31
		31
		31
For trimming dresses	. 112	

<sup>†</sup> Children's shirts 30 per cent less in respective class.

2 Children's undershirts 30 per cent less than respective duty.

URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Caretas—	Pases.	Por
de cartón ordinariasgruesa	2.00	ciente.
las mismas con barba de lana ó cerdagruesa	7. 20	31
	1.80	31
de alambre, tela de algodón, seda ó ceradocena		31
de terciopelo, con ó sin barbadocena	<b>3. 6</b> 0	31
Carpetas— en general se aforarán al peso y según el material de que se com- pongan, con más un 20 por ciento para las que vengan con fleco.		
Carteras—		1
de cuero imitación, ó hule, para colegiodocena	4.00	31
ó tarjeteras de tafilete, finas para bolsillodocena	8.00	31
6 idem de idem, ordinarias y regulares, para idemdocena	3.00	31
ó tarjeteras de cartón, para bolsillodocena	, 60	31
ó tarjeteras de cuero de Rusia ó imitación, regulares y finas para		-
bolsillodocena	18, 00	31
con ó sin correa, para guardatréndocena	12,00	31
ó bolsas de cuero para viaje, surtido de dos ó tres tamaños, clase		٠,
comúndocena	24. 00	31
6 bolsas de género para viajedocena	18.00	
o boisas de genero para viaje	20.00	31
de cuero ó imitación, de mano, finas para señorasdocena	10,00	31
las mismas ordinarias para señoradocena	4.00	31
Casimir—		
de algodón, peso neto *	. 90	
de lana v algodón †, peso neto ikilo	r. 00	
de lana, peso neto §kilo	3.00	l
Casineta—	•	1
de algodón, peso neto *kilo	. 90	l <b></b> .
de lana y algódon, peso neto ‡kilo.	I, 20	
6 género de lana, peso neto§kilo	3.00	
Casquetes-	<b>J</b>	
punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón,		1
kilo.	4.00	31
los mismos con sedakilo	6,00	31
Cepillos-	0, 00	<b>J</b> -
de paja ó cerda, finos para ropadocena	7. 20	48
idem, idem, ordinarios	2. 50	48
para sombreros	4.80	48
para somotoros	4.00	45
finos para cara, barba y cabello y pinceles para jabonardocena	7. 20	48
los mismos regulares y ordinarios, idem idemdocena	2.40	48
para dientes y limpia-peinesdocena	. 60	48
para uñas	2. 40	48
con incrustados de nacar ó marfil, para el cabello ó para ropa,		"
docena	15.00	48
de paja ó paja y cerda, regulares y ordinariosdocena	2. 50	48
Chalecos—		•
WARRANCE I		ه ا
	40 nn	
terciopelo sin mezcla  docena	30, 00 12, 00	48

<sup>Derecho específico 31 centésimos. § Derecho específico 93 centésimos. 
Chalecos para niños, 30 por ciento menos del aforo respectivo.</sup> 

#### URUGUAY.

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Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Masks— Pasteboard, common	Dollars. 2. 07 7. 45 1. 861 3. 722	Per cent. 31 31 31
Portfolios—		
Imitation leather or of oil cloth, for schoolsdozen	4. 14	31
Pocketbooks or card-cases— Morocco, finedo	8. 27	31
Same, medium and commondo	3. IO	31
Cardboarddo	. 62	31
Russia leather or imitation, finedo	18. 61	31
Conductors', with or without strapsdo	12.41	31
Leather, assorted, two or three sizes, ordinarydo	24. 82	31
Clothdo	18. 61	31
Hand satchels—		_
Leather or imitation thereof, fine, for ladiesdo	.10, 34	31
Same, ordinarydo	4. 14	31
Cassimere—		ł
Cotton, net weight*pound	. 423	
Cotton and wool, net weight	· 47	
Wool, net weight §do	1.41	
Cassinette—		ŀ
Cotton,* net weight	. 423	
Cotton and wool, net weight ‡	. 564	
Caps—	1.41	
Stockinette, wool, cotton, and cotton and wool mixeddo	1. 88	31
0 11 11		
Same, with silkdo	2. 82	31
Brushes— Bristles or straw, fine, for clothesdozen		
Same, ordinarydo	7. 45	48 48
Hatdo	2. 585 4. 967	48
Fine, for face, beard, and hair, and shaving brushesdo	7.45	48
Same, medium and ordinarydo	2. 482	48
Toothbrushes and brushes for cleaning combs do	. 62	48
Naildo	2. 482	48
Hair and clothes, inlaid with mother-of-pearl and ivorydo	15. 51	48
Straw, or straw and bristle, medium, commondo	2. 582	48
Vests—		
Pure velvet	31. 02	48
Cloth or cassimere mixeddodo	12. 41	48

<sup>&</sup>quot;Specific duty 38 cents.

Cassimere and wool and cotton cloth are such as have cotton warp and wool.

Specific duty 37 cents. Specific duty 93 cents.

Children's vests 30 per cent less than the respective duty.

URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Chalecos—Continúa.	Pesos.	Por
		ciento.
de casimir pura lanadocena		48
de brin de hilo, hilo y algodón y puro algodóndocena. de paño de seda, pique de seda, seda y algodón ó raso de seda y	-	48
algodóndocena Chalones—	-	48
de lana ó lana y algodónkilo		31
de merino de lana ó lana y algodón, lisoskilo	3. 20	31
de idem de idem 6 idem é idem, bordadoskilo	5.00	31
imitación casimir ordinarios y regularesuno		31
idem, idem, finosuno	40.00	31
Chaquetones—	40.00	, ,,
de pelo de lobo ó paño piloto mezcla, con ó sin forro y los de	1	1 .
bayetauno Cigarreras—	2. 50	48
y portamonedas de cartón, paja ó cuero, ordinariasdocena	.80	31
y portamonedas de cartón, paja ó cuero, regularesdocena idem, idem, de cuero de Rusia y otros, finos y regulares,		31
	7. 20	31
y portamonedas de carey, nácar, marfil ó metal, finosdocena Cintas—		31
de algodón y seda, elásticas, surtidas para ligascien metros	5.00	
		31
de algodón, para idemcien metrosde hilera de algodón, hilo ó hilo y algodónkilo	1	31
• • • •	. 90	31
de seda de 6 hasta 19 milimetros de ancho, para sombreros,	4.00	
de seda, con algodón, para sombreroscien metros		31
de pequin, raso, gró, faille, de seda ó mezcla y listonería, por cen-	2,00	31
timetro de anchocien metros.		31
de terciopelo ó pana, por centímetro de anchocien metros	2.00	31
de crespon ó gasa, idem idem de ancho cien metros	1.00	31
de cualquier clase para prensa tipográfica ó litográfica	Vista.	
de cuero y sus semejantes sin adornosdocena		31
de algodón para hombres y niñosdocena		31
de seda ó mezcladocena Cisnes—		31
sueltos para polvos	. 80	31
de algodón estampado, muletónkilo	.60	31
de lana y algodónkilo		31
de lanakilo	1.50	31
de lana y algodón ó puro algodón, grises ordinarioskilo	1 .	
borra de sedakilo	42	31
Coco—	1	31
de algodón, de cualquier clase con excepción del punzókilo	.90	31
punzó liso ó asargadokilo Colchas—		31
de algodón imitación crochetdocena	10.00	31
de zaraza colchadas, camerasuna	3.00	48

URUGUAY.

### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS -- Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Vests—Continued.	D	Per
	Dollars.	cent.
Pure wool cassimeredozen	24. 82	48
Linen duck, linen and cotton and pure cottondo Silken cloth, silk piqué, silk and cotton or silk and cotton	3. 722	48
satindozen Shawls—	31.02	48
Woolen or wool and cotton pound	1.41	31
Merino, or wool and cotton mixed, plaindo	1. 504	31
The same, embroidereddo	2. 35	3
Imitation cassimere, medium and ordinaryeach	10. 34	
		31
Same, finedodo	41.40	3
Wolfskin or pilot cloth mixed, lined or unlined, and those of	]	1
baizeeach	2. 585	41
Cigar cases and pocketbooks—	505	1 4
Of pasteboard, straw, or leather, commondozen	. 827	۱ ۵.
Cama madium	.02/	31
Same, mediumdodododododo	3. 10	3
Russia leather and others, tine and mediumdo	7. 456	31
Mother-of-pearl, tortoise shell, ivory, and metal, finedo	18.61	31
Silk and cotton elastics, assorted, for garters100 yards	4. 728	3
, , ,		
Cotton elastic, for gartersdo	1.891	31
Tape—		Ì
Cotton, linen or cotton and linen mixedpound	• 423	31
Ribbons—		
Silk, from 6 to 19 millimeters wide, for hats100 yards	3. 782	31
Silk mixed with cotton, for hatsdo  Pekin, satin, gros grain, faille, silk, or mixed, etc., by centimeter		31
of widthoo yards	1.513	31
Velvet or velveteen, by centimeter of widthdo	I. 891	31
Canton crape or gauze, by centimeter of widthdo		31
Tapes—		"
All kinds, for printing or lithographic presses	Sight.	l
Belts-	_	1
Leather and the like, unadorneddozen	1. 551	31
Cotton, for men and childrendo	. 827	31
Silk or mixeddo	3. 10	31
Powder puffsdo	. 827	31
Coverlets-	_	l
Cotton, stamped, molletonpound	. 282	31
Wool and cottondo	· 47	31
Wooldo	. 705	31
Wool and cotton or pure cotton, gray, ordinarydo	. 197	3
Floss silk	1.88	31
Cloth—		1
Cotton, all kinds, excepting reddo	. 423	3
Red, plain or twilleddo		31
Counterpanes—		J 3'
Counterpanes—  Cotton, imitation crochetdozen	10.04	۱ ۵.
		31
Chintz, quilted, for bedseach	3. 10	1 48

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URUGUAY.

Artículos,	Avahio.	Dere- cho.
Colchas—Continua.	Pesos.	Por
idem, idem para una persona*una	2.00	48
de algodón labradas ó adamascadas	1.00	31
Coleta—	2	] ]-
de algodón ó hilokilo	. 90	31
Collares—	. ,	"
de vidrio 6 mostacilla	Vista.	31
Coral	Vista.	31
Corbatas-		-
en general, de seda ó seda y algodón, de gró, pequin, raso ó tafetán,		
lisas ó adamascadas al telar, con ó sin fleco, sin armarkilo	18,00	31
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_
as mismas armadas, con cartón ú otras materiaskilo	8,00	31
de piel, para señoras y niñasdocena	3.60	31
Cordón—		_
blanco de algodónkilo	. 90	31
de hilo ó hilo y algodónkilo	1, 20	31
elástico angostito, de seda ó seda y algodóncien metros	1.00	31
el mismo de puro algodóncien metros	. 80	31
de hilado de oro ó plata finogramo	. 10	31
Coronas—		, ,
de cuentas ó mostacilla, hasta 40 centímetrosdocena	6.00	31
las mismas de 41 á 60 centímetrosdocena	18.00	31
de cuentas ó mostacilla, de 61 á 100 centímetrosdocena	36.00	31
de otras clases	Vista.	
de imitación azahar, para noviadocena	6,00	31
Corpiños—	-,	<b>J</b> -
ó sobre corset para señora †docena	4.00	48
Corsés—	4	-
finos para señora‡docena	14.00	48
regulares, ordinarios ó inferiores, para señorasdocena	6. 50	48
de seda, para idemdocena	36.00	48
Cortes—	30.00	40
de vestido, cualquier clase	Vista.	31
Cotin—		, ,-
de algodón, hilo ó hilo y algodón, liso ó adamascadokilo	- 75	31
Crespón—	- 73	<b>J</b> -
de seda ingléskilo.	15.00	31
de seda francéskilo.	30.00	31
de algodón kilo	10.00	31
Cretona—		<b>J</b> -
de algodónkilo	1.00	31
Cribos—		
de algodón, surtidos hasta 30 centímetros de anchometro	. 05	31
Crucifijos—		3-
de hueso, marfil 6 metal ordinarios	Vista.	31
de plomokilo	1.00	31
Cubiertos-		"
de platagramo	. 05	31
*Se considerán colchas para una persona hasta 1.61 por 1.44. Las que excedan d		

considerate consideration and personas.

† Corpiños para niños 30 por ciento menos del aforo respectivo.

‡ Corsés para niños 30 por ciento idem idem.

URUGUAY.

#### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Counterpanes—Continued.	D. 77-	Per
Same, for one person*	Dollars.	cent.
Cotton, figured or damaskedpound	2.07	48
	· 47	31
Nankeen— Cotton or linendo		
	. 423	31
Necklaces— Glass or small beads	C!ba	
	Sight.	31
Coral	Sight.	31
Cravats—		
In general, silk, silk and cotton, gros grain, Pekin, satin, or taffeta, plain or loom-figured, with or without fringe, not made		ĺ
uppound	8. 46	31
Same, made up, with cardboard or other staysdo	3. 76	31
Fur, for women and childrendozen	3. 722	31
Cord—		ŀ
White cottonpound	. 423	31
Linen, or linen and cottondo	. 564	31
Narrow elastic, silk or silk and cotton100 yards	• 945	31
Same, pure cottondo	. 756	31
Fine gold and silver twistpennyweight	• . 16	. 31
Coronets or wreaths—	•	1
Of beads or small bugles, up to 40 centimetersdozen	6. 20	31
Same, from 41 to 60 centimetersdo	18. 61	31
Same, from 61 to 100 centimeters do	37. 224	31
Other kinds	Sight.	
Imitation orange blosom, for bridesdo	6. 20	31
Corset covers—		
Women's †do	4. 14	48
Corsets—	_	_
Women's, fine ‡do	14. 48	48
Medium, ordinary, or inferiordo	6. 717	48
Silkdo	37. 224	48
Dress patterns, all kinds	Sight.	31
Bed-ticking—		
Cotton, linen or linen and cotton, plain or damasked pound	. 352	3 r
Crepon—		
English silkdo	7. 05	31
French silkdo	14. 10	31
Cottondo	4. 70	31
Cretonne—		
Cottondo	· 47	31
Sieves-		
Cotton, assorted, up to 30 centimeters wideyard	. 047	31
Crucifixes—		
Bone, ivory, or metal, ordinary	Sight.	31
Lead pound	- 47	31
Knives and forks—		
Silver pennyweight.		31
* Quilts for one person are held to measure up to 1.61 by 1.44. All over this madered as bedspreads or for two persons.	essurement :	are con-

Tunts for one person are need to measure up addered as bodspreads or for two persons.

† Corset covers or children 30 per cent less.

† Corsets for children 30 per cent less.

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URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avaluo.	Dere- cho.
Cuellos*—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de algodón, con puños lisas ó estampados, para señoras ó finas,	7 8808.	CIUMED.
docena,	3.00	4
algodón bordados, para señoras ó niñas	4.00	! 4
idem, idem, con valencianas ó similaressolos ó puños solos. (Se aforarán según calidad por la mitad del valor de los con cuello.)	15.00	4
de algodón, para hombredocena		4
de hilo y algodón, para hombredocena	1.50	4
de papelciento	. 50	3
de goma, para hombres y niñosdocena	1. 20	3
Cuentas—		
de metal amarillo y blancokilo	1. 10	3
Dados—		ı
de hueso		3
de marfilciento	3.60	3
Damasco		1
de algodónkilo		3
de hilo ó hilo y algodónkilo		3
de lanakilo	2. 50	3
de lana yı algodónkilo	2.00	3
de sedakilo		3
de seda y algodón ó lana y sedakilo .	15.00	3
de madera, finosdocena	15.00	3
de idem, ordinariosdocena		1 3
Dedales—	0.00	3
de platagramo	. 05	3
amarillos de acero y composiciónciento		3
de plata alemana, electro plateadosciento		3
forrados para sastreciento		1 3
sin forro para sastre		1 3
de huesociento		3
de nacar ó marfilciento		3
Delantales—		1 -
de hule sin forro para señoradocena	4.80	ه ا
de hule forrados ó dobles con ó sin ribetedocena	8,60	4
de tela impermeabledocena	10.80	4
de género de algodón, seda, lana ó mezcla	Vista.	1 4
Oominós—		i
de hueso, para juegodocena juegos	4.80	1 3
de marfil, para idemdocena juegos	18.00	1 3
mbutidos—		
ó festones bordados, por un centímetro de bordadometro	.02	1 3
naguas †—		1
de algodón, lisas ó con alforsasuna		4
de idem bordadas, festonadas ó con embutidosuna	1.80	4
punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón,		1
finaskilo	4.00	3
punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón, or-	١.	1
dinarias é inferioresdocena		] 3
de paño ó pasta, para señoradocena		1 4
<ul> <li>Cuellos hasta 35 centímetros para niños 30 por ciento menos del valor de los p</li> <li>†Enaguas para niñas, 30 por ciento del aforo respectivo.</li> </ul>	ara hombre	3.

URUGUAY.

## SECOND SECTION.—DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Collars* and cuffs— Cotton, plain or figured, for ladies and childrendozen	Dollars. 3. 10	Per cent.
Same, embroidered, for ladies and childrendo Same, with Valenciennes or similar lacedo Separate or cuffs only (will be valued according to quality and charged half of the rate).	4. 14 15. 51	48 48
Men's, cottondozen	1.03	48
Men's, cotton and linendo	1.551	48
Men's, paperhundred	. 517	31
Rubber, for men and childrendozen	1. 241	31
Metal, white and yellowpound	. 517	31
Bonehundred	1. 241	31
Ivory	3. 722	31
Damask—	3. /22	] 3-
Cottonpound	. 705	31
Linen or linen and cottondo	. 94	31
Woolendo	1. 175	31
Wool and cottondo	. 94	31
Silkdo	11.75	31
Silk and cotton or wool and silkdo	7. 05	31
Checker boards—	7.05	3.
Wooden, finedozen	15. 51	31
Same, ordinary	6. 20	_
Thimbles—	0. 20	. 31
Silverpennyweight.	. 047	31
Brass, steel, and compositionhundred	. 62	31
German silver, electro plateddo	2. 585	31
Tailor's, lineddo	. 517	31
Tailor's, not lineddo	. 31	31
Bonedo	1. 758	31
Mother-of-pearl or ivorydo	8. 27	31
Aprons— Rubber, for ladies, unlineddozen	4 06	48
Rubber, lined or double, with or without bindingdo	4. 967	
Weterwood	8. 89	48
Waterproofdo Cotton, silk, wool, or mixeddo	I. 167	48
Dominos—	Sight.	j 48
	6	_۔
Bonedozen games	4. 96	31
Ivorydo	18. 61	31
Frills or ruffles— Embroidered, 1 centimeter embroideryyard	.018	31
Petticoats †—		
Cotton, plain or tuckedeach	1.03	48
Same, embroidered, scalloped, or puffeddo	1.861	48
Woolen or cotton stockinette, or woolen and cotton mixed, fine,	_	[
pound.	1. 88	31
Same, ordinary and inferiordozen	6. 20	31
Felt or shoddydo	6. 20	48

URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avalto.	Dere- cho.
Encajes—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
puntillas de algodón blancas, imitación valencianas por centi- metro de anchocien metros puntilla de algodón, otras clases, por centímetro de ancho,	. 50	31
puntilla de lana ó lana y algodón, por centímetro de ancho,	1.00	31
cien metros.	1.50	31
de hilo, por centímetro de anchometro	. 02	31
de seda ilusión, por centímetro de anchometro	. 03	31
de guipiur de seda kilo	30.00	31
Esterilla—	3-1	] -
paja de arroz ó de Italiakilo Estuches—	2. 50	31
vacios para espejuelos	. 50	31
análogos	2, 40	31
docenadocenadocenado terciopelo ó seda vacios para anillos, carabanas, prendedores y	3. <b>6</b> 0	31
tamaños análogos	4.00	31
análogosdocena	6.00	31
Fajas—		1
de lana y algodón ó puro algodónkilo	2,00	31
de lanakilo	3.00	31
de sedakilo	20, 00	31
de seda y algodón kilo	15.00	31
de algodón para enseñar á caminar criaturasdocena	3.60	31
Faldones	Vista.	48
Felpa—		
de algodón para sombreros, metro de anchometro	. 60	31
de seda, para idemkilo	20, 00	31
de seda y algodónkilo	15.00	31
de idem, usada y lavada, para sombreroskilo Felpilla—	10.00	. 3I
de idem, para adornar y bordarkilo Felpudos—	20.00	31
de esparto, ordinariosdocena	3.60	31
de coco con ó sin borde, surtido generaldocena	10,00	31
Fichas—		"
de marfilkilo.	15.00	31
de otras clases	10.00	31
Flores*—		-
artificiales en ramos sencillos, ordinariasdocena	. <b>6</b> 0	31
idem en idem idem, regulares y finasdocena	2.40	31
Fideoskilo	5.00	31
Fondos—  de algodón para forro de gorrasdocena	. 20	31
Forros—		, ,,
de seda, seda y algodón ó puro algodóndocena	, 80	48
		, -
de papel, para idemciento	. 50	31

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### SECOND SECTION.—DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS—Continued.

	Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
* -			Per
Lac	es— White cotton, imitation Valenciennes, by centimeter of width,	Dollars.	cent.
	white cotton, initiation varienciennes, by centimeter of width,	. 472	3
	Cotton, other kinds, by centimeter of widthdo	. 945	3
	Wool, or wool and cotton, by centimeter of widthdo	1.418	31
	Thread, by centimeter of widthyard	.018	3
	Silk illusion, by centimeter of widthdo	. 028	3
Bra	Guipure, silk pound	14. 10	3
Cas	Rice or Italian strawdo	1. 175	3
Cas	es— Spectacle, emptydozen Leather, empty, for rings, breastpins, and like trinkets, small,	. 517	3
	dozen	2. 482	3
	Same, for bracelets and ornaments of like sizedo	3. 722	3
	Velvet or silk, empty, for rings, brooches, breastpins, and orna-		
	ments of like sizedozen	4. 14	3
	Same, for bracelets and ornaments of like sizedo	6, 20	3
ir.	illes or sashes—		_
	Wool and cotton or pure cottonpound. Wooldo	. 94	3
	Silkdo	1.41 9.40	
	Silk and cottondo	7. 05	3
	Cotton, baby leadersdozen	3. 722	
	rskirtsdododo		4
	Cotton for hats, 30.3707 inches wideyard	. 567	
	Silk for hatspound	9.40	3
	Silk and cottondo	7. 05	1 3
	Silk, second hand and washed, for hatsdo	4. 70	3
Cor	ded silk for trimming and embroideringdo	9.40	
/a	8-		1
	Grass, common	3. 722	
٠٠:	inters or chips—	10. 34	:
,,,	Ivorypound	7. 05	1 :
	Other kindsdo		
lo	wers*—	1	1
	Artificial, in branches, simple, ordinarydozen		1
_	Same, medium and finedo	2. 482	
/eı	micellipound	2. 35	
Lin	ings—		
	Cotton, for bonnetsdozen	. 207	:
•	Silk, silk and cotton, or pure cottondo		1
	Paper, for caps and bonnetshundred		1 :
	Same, to go under the liningdo	2.482	1 :

<sup>\*</sup>Double or triple wreaths will pay in proportion in their respective classes.

URUGUAY.

	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Profession		Por
Fosforeras—	Pesos.	ciento.
de nácar ó marfil lisas ó labradasuna	1.00	31
de platagramo de cuero de Rusia y sus imitaciones y composición, ordinarias ó	. 05	31
finasdocena	6.00	31
de lata ó maderadocena Franela*—	. 80	31
y tartán de lana, peso neto †kilo	2.40	
idem, idem, idem algodón, idem ‡	2.00	l
idem, idem de algodón idem §kilo	. 90	
Galón—	, ,,	
de lana y algodón para coches, de 4 á 7 centímetros de ancho,		1
metro.	. 12	31
de lana para ribete	2, 30	31
de algodón de 5 á 7 centímetros de ancho, para fajasmetro	.08	_
		31
de otros anchosmetro		
de lana de 4 á 7 centímetros de ancho, para cochemetro	. 24	31
de lana, para ribete de cochecien metros	4,60	31
de lana y seda, de 4 á 7 centimetros, para cochemetro	. 35	31
de oro y plata, finogramo	. 07	31
de hilo plateado ó dorado falso, ordinariokilo	3.00	31
Género—	۱ ـ	
de algodón de un metro de ancho para vestidosmetro	l	31
de lana y algodón, idem, idemmetro	. 22	31
de lana, algodón y seda, idem, idemmetro		31
de lana de un metro de idem, idem, idemmetro  de lana y seda, hilo y seda ó algodón y seda de un metro de ancho,	. 30	31
para vestidometro de hilo ó hilo y algodón, de un metro de ancho, para vestido,	. 40	31
metro	. 22	31
de algodón blanco moteado, para tohallaskilo	1.00	31
idem, idem é hilo ó hilo purókilo	1.50	31
Globos—	i	1
de goma para inflardocena	. 25	31
de goma, con ó sin boquillasgruesa	1.80	31
Gorras— de punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón,		
kilo	4.00	31
las mismas con sedakilo	6.00	31
lisas, de merino ó raso para niñasdocena	4.00	48
de merino ó raso, acolchadas ó con adornosdocena	6.00	48
de algodón, para sol, para niñasdocena	2.40	48
de linón ó muselina con ó sin embutidos inferiores para niñas,		1
docena	. 8o	48
de clases mejores armadas ó sin armardocena	2. 50	48
de linón, con valencianas de hilodocena	15.00	48
6 sombreros de seda, terciopelo 6 paja fina, para señoras,	-	1
docena	80.00	48
las mismas regularesdocena		48
'Francia para traies de hombre considerada casimir.		-

Francia para trajes de hombre considerada casimir.
Derecho específico, 75 centésimos.
Derecho específico, 62 centésimos.
O Lerecho específico, 28 centésimos.
De estas clases para niñas, 30 por ciento menos del aforo respectivo.

URUGUAY. SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Match boxes—	Dollars.	cent.
Mother-of-pearl or ivory, plain or carvedeach	1. 03	31
Silverpennyweight  Russia leather or imitation and composition, common or fine,	. 08	31
dozen	6, 20	31
Tin or wooddo	. 827	31
And tartan plaid, woolen, net weight †pound	1. 128	
Same, cotton, 1 net weightdo	. 94	
Same, cotton, § net weightdo		
Galloon—	. 423	
Wool and cotton, for carriages, from 4 to 7 centimeters wide,		
		l
Wash for hinding	. 113	31
Wool, for binding	2. 164	31
Cotton, from 5 to 7 centimeters wide, for girdles yard	. 075	3
Other widths, in proportiondo		31
Wool, from 4 to 7 centimeters wide, for carriagesdo	. 226	31
Wool, for finishing carriages100 yards	4.349	31
Wool and silk, from 4 to 7 centimeters wide, for carriages .yard	. 328	31
Gold and silver, finepennyweight	. 112	3
Thread, plated or gilt, commonpound	1.41	3
Cotton, for dresses, 1 meter wideyard.	7.57	
Wool and cotton, for dresses, same widthdo	. 151	31
Wool, cotton, and silk, for dresses, same widthdo	. 208	31
	. 283	3
Wool, for dresses, same widthdodo Wool and silk, linen and silk, or cotton and silk, for dresses,	. 283	3
same width yard	. 378	3
Linen or linen and cotton, for dresses, same widthdo	. 208	3
White, cotton huckaback, for towels pound.	• 47	31
Same, and with linen or pure linen huckabackdo	. 705	3
Balloons—		-
Rubber, for inflatingdozen	. 258	3
Same, with or without mouthpiecesgross	I. 861	3
Caps or bonnets—	2.001	J.
Cotton or woolen lace or mixture of cotton and woolpound	1.88	3
	2.00	,
Same, with silk	2, 82	3:
Plain, of merino or satin, for childrendozen	4. 14	
Merino or satin, quilted or trimmeddo	6, 20	4
Sunbonnets, cotton, for childrendo		
Cambric or muslin, with or without edging, common, for chil-	2. 482	48
drendozen	. 827	4
Good quality, trimmed or untrimmeddo	2. 585	4
Cambric, with linen Valenciennes lacedo	15. 51	48
Bonnets, women's, of silk, velvet, or fine strawdo	82. 70	4
Same, medium qualitydo	24. 82	4

<sup>\*</sup>Flannel for men's clothing is considered as cassimere.
† Specific duty, 75 cents.
† Specific duty, 26 cents.
§ Specific duty, 28 cents.
§ Girls' hats or bonnets of this class, 30 per cent less.

URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Gorras—Continúa. de pana, viruta ó paja ó imitación, clase ordinaria, para señora,	Pesos.	Por ciento.
	12.00	48
de hule forradas de algodón, para hombres ó niños*docena	1.80	48
de hule con forro seda, para idem, idem, idemdocena	3.00	48
de pieles y sus imitaciones, para hombres ó niñosdocena	2.40	48
de paja desarmados, para señora	4.00	48
niñosdocena de casimir y paño con galón de seda ó mezcla, para marina,	3.00	48
docena	5.00	48
de generitos de lana y algodón, ordinarias, para niñasdocena	2.40	48
de seda ó tafetán, para hombres ó niñosdocena	6.00	48
de punto de sedakilo	20.00	31
de lana ó catalanes, para marinerodocena	4.00	31
de algodón, ordinariosdocena pares de seda ó borra de seda, de todos tamaños y de cualquier clase,	1.00	31
kilo	30, 00	31
de idem y algodónkilo de cabritilla de cordero y piel de castor, para hombres, señoras y	15.00	31
niñosdocena pares	6.00	
los mismos largos ó con adornos, para señoradocena pares		31
	12.00	31
de paño ó casimir, para hombres y niñosdocena pares	2.40	31
de hilo y sus imitaciones, para idem, idemdocena pares	2.40	31
de punto de lana, finos y regulareskilo	4. 50	31
de seda ó mezcla, forro de bombasídocena de punto de filet de seda, bordados ó lisos y los de media mano,	4.00	31
hilo de Francia é imitación la managara a financia.	30.00	31
hilo de Escocia ó imitación, largos para señoradocena	4. 50	31
de punto de lana para trabajadorkilo	2.00	31
para tirar el florete y jugar á la pelotadocena pares	9.60	31
de algodón para hombre ó señora, regularesdocena pares Guardamanos—	1.60	31
manchonesGuardapiernas—	Vista.	31
de seda con gomadocena pares	20.00	31
de goma ó tela barnizadadocena pares Granadina—	8.00	31
de seda lisa ó labradakilo	30.00	31
de seda y algodón ó seda y lanakilo Hebillas—	12.00	31
de acero ó hierro estañadas ó sin estañar para pantalones ó chale-		1
cosgruesa Hilo—	. 25	31
en carreteles en general docena de carreteles de 100 metros	. 14	31
en ovillos, paquetes ó madejas, y el para puntear ó bordar .kilo	1.40	31
para marcarkilo Hormas—	3.00	31
de linón, para gorras de señoradocena	I. 20	31
para sombrerosdocena	6.00	31
	٥. ٠٠	J.

URUGUAY.

### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Caps or bonnets—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Women's, velveteen, chip or straw, or imitation, ordinary,	2000	55.55
dozen	12.41	4
Rubber, cotton-lined, for men and boys*do	1.861	4
Rubber, silk-lined, for men and boysdo	3. 10	4
Fur or imitation fur, for men and boysdo	2.482	4
Bonnets, women's, untrimmeddo	4. 14	. 4
Cassimere or cloth, for men and boys do	3. 10	4
Cassimere and cloth, with silk or mixed silk galloon, for naval		
usedozen	5. 17	4
Wool and cotton stuff, common, for girlsdo	2, 482	4
Silk or taffeta, for men and boysdo	6. 20	4
Silk lacepound	9.40	3
Sailors', woolendozen	4. 14	3
Gloves—		
Cotton, ordinarydozen pairs	1.03	3
Silk or floss silk, all sizes and all kindspound	14. 10	3
Same, with cottondo	7. 05	3
Kid, goat, and castor, for men, women, and children, dozen pairs	6. 20	3
Same, long or adorned, for ladiesdo	12.41	3
Cloth or cassimere, for men and boysdo	2.482	3
Linen and imitation linen, for men and boysdo	2, 482	3
Woolen, knitted, fine and mediumpound	2. 402	; 3
Silk or silk mixture, lined with bombazinedozen		
Or mittens, silk or silk floss, embroidered or plainpound		1 3
or mittens, sink of sink moss, embloidered of plantpound	14. 10	3
Scotch or imitation Scotch linen, long, for ladiesdozen	4.657	3
Woolen, woven, for workmenpound	. 94	3
Fencing or playing balldozen pairs	9.93	3
Cotton, for men and women, mediumdo	1.654	3
Sword-guards	Sight.	3
Silk and rubberdo	20, 68	3
Rubber or varnished leatherdodo	8. 27	3
Grenadine—	0.2/	1 3
Silk, plain or figuredpound		
Silk and cotton or silk and wooldo	14. 10	3
Buckles—	5. 64	3
Steel or iron, plated or not, for trousers and waistcoats gross	. 258	3
Thread—	İ	
On spoolsdozen spools of 100 meters	744	1
In balls, packages, or skeins; also lace and embroidery thread,	. 144	; 3
pound.		1 2
Markingdo	1.41	
Bonnets and cap frames—	1	3
Lawn, for women's caps or bonnetsdozen	1. 241	3
Hat molds		1 3

<sup>\*</sup> Girls' caps, 30 per cent less in respective class.

URUGUAY.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Horquillas— en cajitas ó en paquetes, para el cabello, incluso envase interior,	Pesos.	Por ciento.
kilo	. 40	31
Hule— de seda, en pieza de un metro de anchometro		
Irlanda—	• 35	31
de hilo ó hilo y algodónkilo	3.00	31
Jacquets—		١.
de paño ó casimir mezcladocena	48.00	48
de idem 6 idem pura lanadocenade brin de hilo, hilo y algodón 6 puro algodóndocena	96.00 14.40	48
de lustrina y alpacadocena	24.00	48
Jergas—	<b>24.</b> 00	40
de algodón ó cáñamo, bajeras y entre-caronaskilo	. 50	31
de lana y algodón, idem, idem, idemkilo	. 8o	31
de lana, idem, idem, idemkilo	1,00	31
Jergón-		
de lana y algodón, de un metro de anchometro	• 75	31
de idem de un idem de idemmetro  de algodón, cáñamo ó cáñamo y algodón ó chuse, de un metro	1. 20	31
de anchometro	. 25	31
para marcar, bordar ó tejerkilo Lenteiuelas—	2. 50	31
de oro ó plata falsakilo Lentes—	7.00	31
finos con ó sin estuchedocena	12.00	31
ordinariosdocena Levitas—	3. 60	31
de casimir ó paño, pura lanadocena	120.00	48
de idem ó idem, lana y algodóndocena	60.00	48
Libros—  de misa con tapas de carey, nacar, marfil, metal fino y cuero de Rusia ó sus imitaciones		
Lienzo-	36.00	31
de algodón en general, crudo y blanco, peso neto*kilo	. 50	!
mezcla, peso neto †kilo		
Ligas—		
de algodón, comúnes, con ó sin broches, para señoras y niñas,		1
de seda ó seda y algodón lisas, con broche, incluso las de estam- bre y las elásticas de cabritilla, para señoras y niñas,	. 40	31
docena pares	1.00	31
de seda con adornos y otras clasesdocena pares de algodón, ó seda y algodón, para mangas de camisa,	2.00	31
docena pares	, 60	31
Linón— para forro, bougrán ó capricho de algodón, de un metro de ancho,		
metro	. 08	31
Listado — Oxford, gingham bordado de algodón y similares mayadores,		
casolina, lienzo mezcla y lienzo listado, peso neto †kilo  * Derecho específico, 155 centésimos.	.70	

<sup>\*</sup> Derecho específico, 155 centésimos.
† Derecho específico, 20 centésimos.

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#### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS-Continued.

Silk	Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Display	Hairpins— In boxes or packages, including inside packagepound		
Linen or linen and cotton mixed   pound   Jackets		. 328	31
Jackets—		T AT	21
Cloth or cassimere, pure wool	Jackets—		3.
Linen duck, linen and cotton, or pure cotton			48
Lustring and alpaca	Cloth or cassimere, pure wooldo		48
Frieze, coarse— Cotton or hemp, saddle linings and cloths	Linen duck, linen and cotton, or pure cottondo		48
Cotton or hemp, saddle linings and cloths pound. Wool and cotton, for same do 376 3 Wool, for same do 376 3 3 Caddis— Coarse, wool and cotton, one meter wide. yard. Coarse, wool and cotton, one meter wide. yard. Coarse, of cotton, hemp, or hemp and cotton, or cheese, one meter wide. yard. 236 3 3 Coarse, of cotton, hemp, or hemp and cotton, or cheese, one meter wide. yard. Wool or yarm— For marking, embroidering, or knitting pound. Spangles— Gilt or plate. do 3.29 3 Eyeglasses— Fine, with or without cases. dozen. Common do 3.722 3 Coats— Cassimere or broadcloth, pure wool. do 62.00 4 Cassimere or broadcloth, cotton and wool do 62.00 4 Cassimere or broadcloth, cotton and wool do 62.00 4 Coats— Cotton in general, unbleached and white, net weight* pound. Mixed, net weight hoo dozen. Silk or silk and cotton, plain, with buckles, including those of elastic wire and kid, for women and children dozen pairs. Silk, ornamented and other kinds. do 2.07 3 Cotton, silk and cotton, for shirt sleeves do  Striped goods— Oxford stripe, ginghams, cotton, and mixed cotton goods (casolina), net weight hoo do Oxford stripe, ginghams, cotton, and mixed cotton goods (casolina), net weight hoo Double do Doubl		24. 82	48
Wool and cotton, for same	Frieze, coarse—		
Wool, for same			
Caddis— Coarse, wool and cotton, one meter wide			
Coarse, wool and cotton, one meter wide		• 47	31
Coarse, of cotton, hemp, or hemp and cotton, or cheese, one meter wide		700	31
Coarse, of cotton, hemp, or hemp and cotton, or cheese, one meter wide			31
meter wide		2.233	J-
For marking, embroidering, or knitting pound.  Spangles— Giltor plate	meter wideyard	. 236	31
Eyeglasses— Fine, with or without cases	For marking, embroidering, or knittingpound Spangles—	1. 175	31
Fine, with or without cases	Gilt or platedo	3. 29	31
Coats— Cassimere or broadcloth, pure wool	Eyeglasses—		,
Cassimere or broadcloth, pure wool		12.41	31
Cassimere or broadcloth, pure wool		3. 722	31
Cassimere or broadcloth, cotton and wool			
With covers of tortoise shell, mother-of-pearl, fine metal, and Russia leather or imitations thereof	Cassimere or broadcloth, cotton and wooldo		48 48
Cotton in general, unbleached and white, net weight*pound	With covers of tortoise shell, mother-of-pearl, fine metal, and	37. 224	31
Mixed, net weight †	Cloth—		1
Garters— Cotton, ordinary, with or without buckles, for women and children	Cotton in general, unbleached and white, net weight*pound	. 235	
Cotton, ordinary, with or without buckles, for women and children		. 282	· · · · • •
children	Caster andiner with an without buchles for momen and		1
Silk or silk and cotton, plain, with buckles, including those of elastic wire and kid, for women and children dozen pairs.  Silk, ornamented and other kinds			
Silk, ornamented and other kinds	Silk or silk and cotton, plain, with buckles, including those		31
Cotton, silk and cotton, for shirt sleeves	of etastic wire and kid, for women and children, dozen pairs	1.03	31
Cotton, silk and cotton, for shirt sleeves	Silk ornamented and other kinds	2.07	31
For linings, buckram, or fancy cotton material, 1 meter wide.  Striped goods— Oxford stripe, ginghams, cotton, and mixed cotton goods (casolina), net weight †	Cotton, silk and cotton, for shirt sleevesdo	.62	31
Striped goods— Oxford stripe, ginghams, cotton, and mixed cotton goods (casolina), net weight †	Lawn—	i	
Striped goods— Oxford stripe, ginghams, cotton, and mixed cotton goods (casolina), net weight †			1
Oxford stripe, ginghams, cotton, and mixed cotton goods (casolina), net weight †		.075	31
			Ì
	• "	.329	1

\* Specific, .07 cents. † Specific, .094 cents.

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Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Tana alama		For
Lona y loneta—	Pesos.	ciento.
de cañamo ó pita, oscura, blanca, ó á rayas de color kilo.	- 35	] <b>3</b> ·1
_ de algodón	.60	31
Loterias—	}	İ
en cajas de cartón ó madera, hasta 24 cartonesdocena de cajas de más cartones, en proporción á los cartones. Lustrina—	2,00	31
ó alpaca negra de algodón y lana, lisa ó asargada, de un metro de	i	
anchometro	م ا	1
Lutos—	. 24	31
Lutos—		l .
de goma y crespón, para sombrerosdocena		3
de casimírkilo	3.00	4
seda	30.00	48
Madapolán- 6 trué *kilo	. 80	
Madrás—		l
ó bramante, peso neto *kilo Mahón—	. 80	
de algodónkilo	1.50	31
de la India en piezas de un metro de anchometro	.13	3
Maniquies-	1-5	1
ó armazones para figurines para tienda de modasuno	4.00	3
Mangos-	· -	Ī
punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón,	ļ	1
kilo	4.00	31
los mismos con sedakilo	6.00	31
Mantas—	i	•
de bayeta 6 piel de lobo, para viajemetro cuadrado	. 80	31
Manteles—	l	
de algodónkilo	1.50	3
de hilo ó hilo y algodónkilo	2.00	31
Mantillas-		,
punto de seda	Vista.	31
Marfil—	7 13ta.	1 34
en brutokilo		1
	10.00	31
Marimbas gruesa	. 50	31
Medias +—		ì
de algodón sin costura, y las finas con costura ó tejido circular,		ı
docena	2. 50	31
de algodón, con ó sin costura, regularesdocena	1.50	31
de idem, ordinarias ó inferiores, con costura ó tejido circular,	1	ł
	. 80	31
de hilo y sus imitaciones, para hombres y señorasdocena	5.00	31
de lana ó lana y algodón, finas docena		31
de idem ó idem é idem regulares y ordinariasdocena		31
de lana ó lana y algodón, inferioresdocena	1.40	31
de sedakilo	20.00	31
tejido de seda y algodón, para señoraskilo		
	12.00	31
Merino—		
de algodón y lana ó puro algodónkilo		31
6 cachemir de Escocia pura lanakilo	3.00	31
* Derecho específico, 25 cents.		

<sup>†</sup> Medias para niños 30 por ciento menos del aforo respectivo.

## SECOND SECTION.—DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS—Continued.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Canvas and raven's duck—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Hemp or pita, dark, white, or striped in colorspound	. 164	3
Cottondo		3
Lotto-		-
In cardboard or wooden boxes, up to 24 cards dozen boxes More than 24 cards, in proportion.	2. 07	3
Lustring—		1
Or alpaca, black cotton and wool mixed, plain or twilled, I meter wideyard	. 226	3
Mourning bands—		
Crape, for hatsdozen		3
Cassimerepound		4
Silkdododo	-4	4
Or Troyes linendo		. II
Madras linen or bramant, net weightdodo	ł	. 11
Cotton	. 705	3
India, in pieces of 1 meter wideyard Manikins—	į	3
Or figures for milliners' shopseach	1	3
Of wool, or of wool and cotton lacepound.		3
Wool, or wool and cotton and silkdo Wraps—	2.82	3
Of baize or of wolf skin, for travelingsquare yard.	. 691	3
Linen, or linen and cottonpound	. 705	1 9
Cottondo	. 94	3
Mantillas—	1	
Of silk lacedo	Sight.	3
Roughdo	4. 70	9
Harmoniconsgross.		]
Stockings *—	. 3-7	-
Cotton, seamless and fine, seamed or woven without seam,	ł	i
dozen.	2. 585	1 3
Cotton, with or without seams, mediumdo	J. 551	3
Cotton, common or inferior, with or without seamdo		
Lisle and imitation, for men and womendo	1	
Wool or wool and cotton, finedo		1 3
Wool or wool and cotton, medium and ordinarydo		3
Wool or wool and cotton, inferiordo		3
Silkpound.		3
Silk and cotton, for womendo	5.64	3
Merino—	i .	i
Cotton and wool or pure cotton		3
	1.41	1 3

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Mostacilla— de acero plateada ó dorada	Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
de acero plateada 6 dorada kilo de vidrio kilo I. 00  Muflecas *—  de palo 6 porcelana, desnudas 6 forradas en género 6 badana, hasta 21 centímetros	Mostacilla—	Perat.	Por ciento.
de vidrio	de acero plateada ó doradakilo		31
Muffiecas*—  de palo ó porcelana, desnudas ó forraéas en género ó badana, hasta 21 centímetros			31
de palo 6 porcelana, desnudas 6 forraéas en género 6 badana, hasta 21 centímetros		1 2.00	"
hasta 21 centimetros		i	1
surtidas, ordidarias de madera, cartón ó cera, hasta 21 centímetros		T 80	2.
tros. docena 1.00 las mismas de 22 á 40 centímetros docena 2.00 de cera, de 41 á 60 centímetros, con cabellera docena 6.00 las mismas sin cabellera docena 4.00 grandes, finas con cabellera y vestidas, de 41 á 60 centímetros, docena 6.00 las mismas sin cabellera y vestidas, de 41 á 60 centímetros, docena 7.20 de lana 6.00 de idem y algodón 6.00 la misma para de lana 8.10 3.20 de idem y algodón 6.00 la misma, adamascada, de un metro de ancho 6.10 la misma, adamascada, de un metro de ancho 7.10 la misma, bordada, de un metro de ancho 7.10 la misma, regular y ordinaria, de un metro de ancho 7.10 de metal para sastre 7.10 la misma, adamascada, de un metro de ancho 7.10 de metal para sastre 7.10 la de metal para sastre 7.10 la misma, adamascada, de un metro de ancho 7.10 la misma, adamascada, de un metro de ancho 7.10 la misma, regular y ordinaria, de un metro de ancho 7.10 la misma para sastre 7.10 la misma para sastre 8.10 la 1.10 la la misma para sastre 8.10 la 1.10 la la misma para sastre 8.10 la 1.10 la la la la la la la la la la la la la		1.00	31
las mismas de 22 á 40 centímetros		7.00	22
de cera, de 41 á 60 centímetros, con cabellera			31
las mismas sin cabellera			31
grandes, finas con cabellera y vestidas, de 41 á 60 centimetros, docena.  Muselina—  de lana			31
M uselina—  de lana		4.00	31
Muselina—  de lana			
de lana		12.00	31
batistas jaconat, cambray ó linón de algodón blanco, pintado ó calado, fino de un metro de ancho		l	i
batistas jaconat, cambray ó linón de algodón blanco, pintado ó calado, fino de un metro de ancho			31
caladó, fino de un metro de ancho	de idem y algodónkilokilo	2.00	31
caladó, fino de un metro de ancho		l	İ
la misma, adamascada, de un metro de ancho	batistas jaconat, cambray ó linón de algodón blanco, pintado ó	l	i
la misma, adamascada, de un metro de ancho	calado, fino de un metro de anchometro	. 16	31
la misma, bordada, de un metro de ancho	la misma, adamascada, de un metro de anchometro		31
la misma, regular y ordinaria, de un metro de anchometro 70  Ojalillos—  de metal para sastre			31
Ojalillos— de metal para sastre			31
de metal para sastre			]-
Paletos—  de paño ó casimir pura lana de idem ó idem lana y algodón de seda, lana ó algodón con goma  Pana—  de algodón negra ó de color, de un metro de ancho metro de idem rayada para pantalones.  Pantalones— de casimir mezcla de casimir mezcla de brin de hilo, hilo y algodón ó puro algodón de brin de hilo, hilo y algodón ó puro algodón de papel ó tela de la India  Paño— de un metro de ancho, para alfombra  Reito  Jaco  Paño— lana en general, peso neto † kilo Jaco  kilo Jaco  docena Jaco Jaco Jaco Jaco Jaco Jaco Jaco Jac		1.10	31
de paño ó casimir pura lana		1	5-
de îdem 6 idem lana y algodón		06.00	48
de seda, lana ó algodón con goma			48
Pana—  de algodón negra ó de color, de un metro de anchometrodo de idem rayada para pantalones			48
de algodón negra ó de color, de un metro de anchometro de idem rayada para pantalones		40.00	1 40
de idem rayada para pantalones		60	
Pantalones— de casimir mezcla			31
de casimir mezcla		. 35	31
de idem pura lana			۰.
de brin de hilo, hilo y algodón ó puro algodón			48
Pantallas—			48
de palma		7. 20	48
de papel ó tela de la India	Pantalias—		1
Pafiete—  de un metro de ancho, para alfombra	de palmaciento		31
de un metro de ancho, para alfombra		3.00	31
Paño— lana en general, peso neto †	Panete—	ĺ	1
lana en general, peso neto †	de un metro de ancho, para altombrametro	. 35	31
de lana y algodón en general, peso neto ‡ § kilo   1.00	Pano-	1	I
	lana en general, peso neto†kilo		
	para prensa litográfica ó imprenta	Vista.	31
Pañuelos—		1	
de algodón blancos ó de color, por un metro de largodocena 1.00	de algodón blancos ó de color, por un metro de largodocena	1.00	31
de hilo ó hilo y algodón por un metro de largodocena 3.00			31
bordados ó con labores	bordados ó con labores	Vista.	31

<sup>\*</sup> Muñecas vestidas, 50 por ciento de aumento sobre el aforo respectivo.
† Derecho específico, 93 centésimos.
† Derecho específico, 31 centésimos.
§ Casimir y paño de algodón se considera aquel que tenga el tejido ó el urdido de algodón.

#### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Beads or small bugles—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Steel, silvered or gildedpound	. 94	31
Glassdo	. 47	31
Dolls*—	. 47	J-
Wooden, or china, undressed, cloth or kid bodies, up to 8 inches highhundred	1. 861	31
Assorted, ordinary, of wood, cardboard, or wax, up to — inches		
highdozen	1.03	31
Same, from 8 to 16 inches highdodo  Wax, with hair, 16 to 24 inches highdo	2, 07 6, 20	31
Came without hair	4. 14	31
Same, without hairdo  Large, fine, with hair, and dressed, from 16 to 24 inches high,dodo	• •	31
Muslin delaine—	12.41	31
Woolpound	7 504	
Wool and cottondo	1. 504	31
Muslin—	• 94	31
Batiste, jaconet, cambric, lawn, cotton, white, printed or		
figured, fine, I meter wideyard	. 151	31
Same, damasked, r meter widedo	. 113	
Same, embroidered, I meter widedo	. 273	31
Same, medium and ordinary, I meter widedo	.004	31
Eyelets—	.094	34
Metal, for tailorspound	. 517	31
Overcoats—		] ]-
Cloth, cassimere, pure wooldozen	99. 30	• 48
Wool and cottondo	49.67	48
Waterproof, silk, wool, or cottondo	49.67	48
Corduroy—		1
Cotton, black or colored, I meter wideyard	. 567	31
Striped, for trousersdo	. 320	31
Pantaloons—		
Cassimere, mixeddozen	20, 68	48
Same, all wooldo	41.40	48
Duck, linen, linen and cotton, or all cottondozen	7. 447	48
Screens or shades—		ĺ
Palmhundred	1. 241	31
Paper or India mulldo	3. 10	31
Floor-cloths, 1 meter wideyard	. 320	31
Woolen, in general, net weight \(\frac{1}{2}\)		1
Wool and cotton mixed, net weight \$	1.41	
For printing or lithographing	· 47 Sight.	
Kerchiefs or scarfs—	Signt.	31
White or colored cotton, I meter longdozen	1.03	31
Linen or linen and cotton, I meter longdo	3. 10	31
With borders or embroidereddo		31
* December of comproducted	oignt.	. ,,

<sup>\*</sup> Dressed dolls so per cent additional.
† Specific duty, .437 cents.
‡ Specific duty, .145 cents.
‡ Cassimere and cotton cloth are such as have the warp or the web of cotton.

### SECCIÓN SEGUNDA.—TIENDA Y MERCERÍA—Continua.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Pañuelos—Continúa.	Pesos.	Por
de lana ó lana y algodón, para el cuellokilo		31
de algodón, con fleco de algodón ó lana, para el cuellokilo		31
de merino ó muselina de lana ó lana y algodónkilo		
	,	31
de merino ó muselina de lana ó lana y algodón bordadoskilo	5. 50	31
de seda, de cualquier clasekilo	20.00	31
de seda y algodónkilo	12.00	31
de punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón,	Į.	
kilo	4.00	31
los mismos con sedakilo	6.00	31
de felpa de algodónkilo	3. 20	31
los mismos con sedakilo Paraguas *	5. 30	31
de seda ó mezcla de seda, con puño de nácar, marfil ó carey,		
docena	36.00	31
los mismos, con otros puñosdocena	24.00	31
de algodóndocena	6.00	31
Pecheras—	0.00	٠,
de hilo ó algodón, para camisasdocena	3.00	4
de merino 6 muselina de lana, para lutosdocena	3.60	4
Peines—	3,00	•
batidores y de alisar, de asta cruda, de goma y los de imitación	ł	1
búfalo ó carevdocena	.40	3
batidores de búsalo, con ó sin lomo de metal y los en paquetes,		-
•docena	1. 20	31
de careygramo		3
de marfilkilo	14.00	3
Peinetas—		]
de careygramo	.04	3
imitación carey y similares lisas, claveteadas ó caladas, de cual-	1	ļ
quier clasedocena	2.00	3
de búfalo, ordinarias en paquetesdocena	. 30	3
Peinillas—	_	-
de goma con ó sin filete, para sostener el pelodocena	. 30	3
de asta cruda para la barba, para bolsillo, hasta 10 centímetros,		ł
Pelotas— docena	. 20	3
de gomadocena	.60	31
forradas en cuerodocena.		
Pellones—	. 30	3
ingleses, finos y regularesuno	2.00	3
ingleses, inferiores y ordinariosuno		3
chilenos é imitaciónuno.	4.00	3
de cuero de carnero, sin forrodocena.	20.00	44
de idem con forrodocena	20.00	4
Percalina—	20.00	4"
coco rayado de algodón, peso neto †kilo	.90	
Perlas—	٠,٠٠٠	1
falsas en mazos de 12 hiloslas 12 gruesas	. 30	3
finasgramo.	1.00	ا ا
Petos—	1	] '
de gamuza, para esgrimauno	4.00	4
* Paraguas con estoque, pagarán en sus clases respectivas 40 por ciento de aume		

<sup>\*</sup> Paraguas con estoque, pagarán en sus clases respectivas 40 por ciento de aumento y el derecho de 51 por ciento.
† Derecho específico, 28 centa,

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### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND VANCY GOODS-Continued.

Wool or wool and cotton, for the neck	Dollars. I. 41 . 705 I. 739	Per cent. 31 31
Wool or wool and cotton, for the neck pound. Cotton, with cotton or woolen fringe, for the neck do.  Merino, muslin delaine, or wool and cotton mixed do.  Merino, muslin delaine, or wool and cotton mixed, embroidered pound.  Silk, all kinds do.  Silk and cotton do.  Lace, woolen, or of cotton or cotton and woolen lace do.  Same as above, mixed with silk do.  Cotton-plush do.  Same, with silk do.  Umbrellas*—  Silk or silk mixture, with handles of mother-of-pearl, ivory, or tortoise shell do.  Same, with other handles do.  Cotton do.  Shirt bosoms—  Linen or cotton do.  Merino or muslin delaine, for mourning. do.  Combs—  Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Jorons—  Tortoise shell and similar, plain, incrusted, or open	1. 41 . 705 1. 739	31 31
Cotton, with cotton or woolen fringe, for the neck do  Merino, muslin delaine, or wool and cotton mixed do  Merino, muslin delaine, or wool and cotton mixed, embroidered pound.  Silk, all kinds do  Silk and cotton do  Silk and cotton do  Same as above, mixed with silk do  Cetton-plush do  Same, with silk do  Umbrellas*—  Silk or silk mixture, with handles of mother-of-pearl, ivory, or tortoise shell do  Same, with other handles do  Shirt bosoms—  Linen or cotton do  Merino or muslin delaine, for mourning do  Combs—  Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shell dozen.  Buffalo horn, with or without metal ridge, and those in pack ages. dozen.  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Ivory pound.  Brald combs—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Imitation tortoise shell and similar, plain, incrusted, or open	. 705 I. 739	31
Merino, muslin delaine, or wool and cotton mixed	1. 739	_
Merino, muslin delaine, or wool and cotton mixed, embroidered		
Silk, all kinds	2 50	31
Silk and cotton Lace, woolen, or of cotton or cotton and woolen lacedo  Same as above, mixed with silkdo Cetton-plushdo Same, with silkdo Umbrellas*— Silk or silk mixture, with handles of mother-of-pearl, ivory, or tortoise shelldozen Same, with other handlesdo Cottondo Shirt bosoms— Linen or cottondo Merino or muslin delaine, for mourningdo Combs— Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shelldozen Buffalo horn, with or without metal ridge, and those in packagesdozen. Tortoise shellpennyweight Ivorypound. Brald combs— Tortoise shellpennyweight Imitation tortoise shell and similar, plain, incrusted, or open	2. 59 9. 40	31
Lace, woolen, or of cotton or cotton and woolen lacedo  Same as above, mixed with silkdo Cetton-plushdo Same, with silkdo Umbrellas*— Silk or silk mixture, with handles of mother-of-pearl, ivory, or tortoise shelldozen Same, with other handlesdo Cottondo Shirt bosoms— Linen or cottondo Merino or muslin delaine, for mourningdo Combs— Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shelldozen Buffalo horn, with or without metal ridge, and those in pack- agesdozen Tortoise shellpennyweight Ivorypennyweight Ivorypennyweight	5. 64	31
Cetton-plush	1. 88	31
Same, with silk	2, 82	31
Umbrellas*—  Silk or silk mixture, with handles of mother-of-pearl, ivory, or tortoise shell dozen.  Same, with other handles do.  Cotton do.  Shirt bosoms—  Linen or cotton do.  Merino or muslin delaine, for mourning. do.  Combs—  Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shell dozen.  Buffalo horn, with or without metal ridge, and those in packages. dozen.  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Ivory pound.  Brald combs—  Tortoise shell pennyweight.  Imitation tortoise shell and similar, plain, incrusted, or open	1. 504	31
Silk or silk mixture, with handles of mother-of-pearl, ivory, or tortoise shell	2. 49	31
Same, with other handles		
Cotton	37. 224	31
Shirt bosoms— Linen or cotton Merino or muslin delaine, for mourning Combs— Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shell Buffalo horn, with or without metal ridge, and those in packages ages Tortoise shell Ivory Pennyweight Ivory Pound Brald combs— Tortoise shell Pennyweight Imitation tortoise shell and similar, plain, incrusted, or open	24. 82	31
Merino or muslin delaine, for mourning	6. 20	31
Combs— Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shell	3. 10	48
Smoothing, rough horn, rubber, and imitation buffalo horn or tortoise shell	3. 722	48
tortoise shell		
Tortoise shell	. 414	31
Tortoise shell	• •	
Ivorypound  Brald combs— Tortoise shellpennyweight  Imitation tortoise shell and similar, plain, incrusted, or open	I. 241	31
Braid combs— Tortoise shell	.064	31
Tortoise shell	6. 58	31
	. 064	31
worked, all kindsdozen.	2. 07	31
Buffalo, common, in packagesdo	. 31	31
Tuck, rubber, with or without fillets	. 31	31
Ralls—dozen	. 207	31
Rubberdo	. 62	31
Leather covereddo	. 31	31
Fur rugs—		
English, fine, regulareach	2. 07	31
The same, inferior, ordinarydo	. 827	31
Chilian and imitationdo	4. 14	31
Sheepskin, unlineddozen	20.68	44
The same, lineddo	20. 68	48
Red, cotton, striped, net weight †	. 423	· · · • •
Imitation, in bunches of 12 strings12 gross	. 31	31
Finepennyweight	1.608	o8
Chest pads— Chamois, for fencingeach.	4. 14	48
*Sword umbrellas will pay in their respective classes 40 per cent additional and a du 1Specific duty, 131 cents.		•
Bull. 61——10		

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### SECCIÓN SEGUNDA.—TIENDA Y MERCERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos. •	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Pilas —	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de cristaldocena	2.00	31
de composición y porcelana, para agua benditadocena	2.00	
	. 80	31
de plomo ó vidrio surtidas, para idem idemdocena  Piqué—	. 80	31
de algodón para chalecos, en cortes ó en piezasmetro	1.00	31
de algodón con seda para chalecosmetro.	1.50	31
de idem para vestidosmetro cuadrado	. 25	31
Plata— manufacturada en piezas, con ó sin doradogramo	. 05	١ ,,
filigranagramogramo	_	31
Plumas	ر. د	31
cortas hasta 19 centímetros, para adornos de gorras ó sombreros	l	İ
de señoradocena	4.00	31
las mismas, mayores de 20 centímetrosdocena	10.00	31
Polainas—		-
de badana, para cazadorpar	3.00	48
punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón. kilo		31
las mismas con sedakilo	6.00	31
de casimir surtidas, para hombres ó niños y las de tela barnizada,		١.,
docena pares.	5.00	48
de cuero barnizadas, grandespar		48
de paño ordinarias, para tropadocena pares	1.50	48
de gomapar Polcas—	1.50	31
punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón,		
kilo		31
las mismas con sedakilo	6.00	31
Pomitos— vacioskilo		
Ponchos—	. 70	31
de paño confeccionados, pura lanauno	16.00	48
los mismos, lana y algodónuno		48
de goma pura ó sobre sedauno		48
de idem, idem ó sobre lana ó mezclauno	5.00	48
de goma sobre algodón		48
6 mantas de lana 6 algodón y lana con 6 sin bastón de seda y con	ļ	ł
6 sin bocakilo	2.80	31
6 idem, de algodônkilo	1.60	31
6 idem, de sedakilo	20.00	31
ó idem, de seda y algodon ó seda y lanakilo		31
Prendedores—		
y pulseras	Vista.	31
Prunela-		
de lana y algodónmetro		31
de lana metro	. • 53	31
de hueso para ojalillosgruesa	2.40	31
Puños—	1	3
de piel surtidosdocena pares	4.00	31
de ĥilo ó algodón é hilodocena pares	2.00	48
de puro algodón, para hombredocena pares		48
de goma, para camisasdocena pares	1.50	31

URUGUAY.

### SECOND SECTION -DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Fonts or basins—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Glassdozen		1
For holy water, composition or porcelaindo		31
	2.07	31
Lead or glass, assorted, for holy waterdo	. 827	31
Cotton, for vests, in patterns or in piecesyard	. 945	31
With silk, for vestsdo	1.418	31
For dressessquare yard	. 216	31
Silver— Manufactured pieces, gilded or plainpennyweight	. 08	31
Filagreedo		3
Feathers—	. 090	3.
Up to 19 centimeters, for hat trimmings for ladies dozen	4. 14	31
More than 20 centimeters, for samedo	10. 34	31
Leggings— Sheepskin, for hunterspair		١.,
Wool, cotton, or cotton and woolpound		4
Same, with silk	1.88 2.82	31
Cassimere, assorted, for men and children; same of varnished	2, 62	31
clothdozen pairs	5. 17	48
Varnished leather, large sizepair	4. 14	48
Or spats, common cloth, for soldiersdozen pairs	1.551	48
Rubberpair Jerseys—	1. 551	31
Wool, cotton, or mixture of wool and cotton webpound	1. 88	31
The same, with silkdodo	2. 82	31
Emptydo	. 329	31
Ponchos—	_	
Pure wooleach	16. 54	48
Wool and cottondo	10. 34	48
Rubber or silk waterproofdo	8. 27	4
Waterproof of wool or mixturedo	5. 17	48
Cotton waterproofdo  Ponchos or wraps, wool, or wool and cotton, with or without	3. 10	48
silk binding and with or without an opening for the head to		1
go throughpound	1. 316	31
Same, cottondo	. 752	31
Same, silk	- 94	31
Same, silk and cotton or silk and wooldo	. 564	31
And bracelets	Sight.	31
Prunello—	_	_
Wool and cottonyard	. 320	31
Wooldo	. 50	31
Bonegross	2. 482	31
Fur, assorted dozen pairs	4. 14	31
Linen or linen and cottondo	2. 07	48
Cotton, for men	1.551	48
Rubber, for shirts	I. 551	

### SECCIÓN SEGUNDA.—TIENDA Y MERCERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos,	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Quitasoles-	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de algodón inferiores, para señoras y niñasdocena	2.00	31
los mismos regulares y finos, con puntilla ó bordadodocena ó paragüitas de seda y algodón asargados ó lisos llamados bra-	6.00	31
sileñasdocena	400	31
foular, razo y mezcla, con ó sin forro idem, idemdocena	10.00	31
ó paragüitas de seda ó seda y algodón con ó sin puntilla, y los bordadosdocena		
boldadosdocena	24.00	31
de algodón, para hombre, para soluno	. 40	31
de lana ó mezcla, para hombresuno	. 80	31
de seda ó foular, para idemuno	I. 20	31
de sedakilo	20,00	31
de idem y algodónkilo	12.00	31
de lana y seda, de un metro de anchometro  Rebozos	1. 70	31
de algodónkilo	1.50	31
de lana ó lana y algodónkilo	3.00	31
de merino, lisoskilo	3. 70	31
de idem, bordadoskilo	5. 50	31
de imitación cachemir, regulares y ordinariosuno	7.00	31
los mismos finosuno de espumilla, granadina, seda, pıqué, gró ó moaré de seda, lisos y	30,00	31
bordados	20.00	31
kilo punto de lana, punto de algodón ó mezcla de lana y algodón con	4.00	31
sedakilo	6.00	31
de felpa de algodónkilo	3. 20	31
los mismos con sedakilo Redecillas—	5. 30	31
de seda lisas para la cabezakilo	20.00	31
con cuentas ó cualquier otro adornokilo de lana ó imitación pelo para la cabeza, y las llamadas invisi-	30,00	31
bleskilo	10.00	31
de punto de algodón y trencillakilo	3.00	31
Rosarios	Vista.	31
de brin de hilo, hilo y algodón ó puro algodón, para hombre.	۱ .	_
docena	10.80	48
de paño ó casimir mezcla, para idemdocena	36,00	48
los mismos pura lanadocenade lustrina ó alpaca, para hombredocena	72.00	48
6 borra de seda cruda del Japón, idem idemdocena	18.00	48 48
para señora	Vista.	48
Sarga—  de lana y seda, de un metro de anchometro  Seda—	1.70	31
para coser ó bordar, en madejas ó carreteles, de cualquier clase ó procedencia, incluso el cordonékilo	10.00	31

URUGUAY.

SECOND SECTION.—DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS—Continued.

Medium and fine, with lace or embroidery.         .do.         6. 20           Silk and cotton, ribbed or plain, Brazilian         .do.         4. 14           Foulard, satin, mixtures, lined or unlined, ribbed or plain, etc.         .dozen.         10. 34           Silk or silk and cotton, with or without lace and embroidery,         24. 82           Sun umbrellas—	Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Cotton, inferior, for women and children	Paracola	n .:	
Medium and fine, with lace or embroidery.         .do.         6. 20           Silk and cotton, ribbed or plain, Brazilian         .do.         4. 14           Foulard, satin, mixtures, lined or unlined, ribbed or plain, etc.         .dozen.         10. 34           Silk or silk and cotton, with or without lace and embroidery,         .dozen.         24. 82           Sun umbrellas—			
Silk and cotton, ribbed or plain, Brazilian			31
Foulard, satin, mixtures, lined or unlined, ribbed or plain, etc.   dozen.   Silk or silk and cotton, with or without lace and embroidery,   24.82   Sun umbrellas—   dozen.		6, 20	31
Silk or silk and cotton, with or without lace and embroidery, dozen   10. 34   24. 82   32   32   32   32   32   32   32	Silk and cotton, ribbed or plain, Braziliando	4. 14	31
Silk or silk and cotton, with or without lace and embroidery, dozen			
Sun umbrellas—	Silk or silk and cotton, with or without lace and embroidery,	1	31
Cotton, for men		24. 82	31
Wool or woolen mixture, for men         .do         .827           Silk or foulard, for men         .do         .1 . 241           Satin         .do	Cotton for men each	474	31
Silk or foulard, for men         do         I. 241           Satin         pound         9. 40           Same, with cotton         do         5. 64           Wool and silk, I meter wide         yard         I. 607           Scaris ("rebozos")         Cotton         pound         7.05           Wool or wool and cotton         do         I. 41         41           Merino, plain         do         2. 595         64           Merino, embroidered         do         2. 595         64           Imitation cashmere, medium and ordinary         each         7. 24         60           Fine         do         2. 595         64           Fine         do         31. 04         64           Crape, grenadine, silk, piqué, gros grain, or moiré silk, plain and embroidered         pound         9. 40           Wool, wool and cotton, or mixture of wool and cotton         40         1. 88           Wool, cotton or mixture of cotton and wool with silk         do         2. 82           Cotton plush         do         1. 564         36           Silk plush         do         1. 564         36           Nets—         Hair, silk, plain         do         14. 10           Hair, beaded or othe	Weel or weelen mixture for men		, -
Satin			31
Same, with cotton		1. 241	31
Wool and silk, I meter wide.       yard.       1.607         Scarfs ("rebozos")—			31
Scarfs ("rebozos")—   Cotton			31
Cotton		1.607	31
Merino, plain       do.       1.739         Merino, embroidered       do.       2.595         Imitation cashmere, medium and ordinary       each.       7.24         Fine.       do.       31.04         Crape, grenadine, silk, piqué, gros grain, or moiré silk, plain and embroidered       pound.       9.40         Wool, wool and cotton, or mixture of wool and cottondo.       1.88         Wool, cotton or mixture of cotton and wool with silkdo.       2.82         Cotton plush.       do.       1.564         Silk plush       do.       1.564         Silk plush       do.       1.41         Nets—       do.       14.10         Hair, silk, plain.       do.       14.10         Invisible, wool or imitation hair       do.       14.10         Cotton mesh and braid.       do.       1.41         Rosaries       Sight.         Sacks—       Sight.         Linen, or linen and cotton drill or pure cotton, for men	Cottonpound		31
Merino, embroidered         .do         2.595           Imitation cashmere, medium and ordinary         .each         7.24           Fine         .do         31.04           Crape, grenadine, silk, piqué, gros grain, or moiré silk, plain and embroidered         pound         9.40           Wool, wool and cotton, or mixture of wool and cotton         1.88         9.40           Wool, cotton or mixture of cotton and wool with silk         .do         1.564           Silk plush         .do         1.564         3.504           Silk plush         .do         9.40         4.91           Nets—            9.40         1.10           Hair, silk, plain            9.40         1.41         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.0         1.41         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0 <td></td> <td>1.41</td> <td>31</td>		1.41	31
Imitation cashmere, medium and ordinary		I. 739	31
Fine	Merino, embroidereddo	2. 595	31
Crape, grenadine, silk, piqué, gros grain, or moiré silk, plain and embroidered pound Wool, wool and cotton, or mixture of wool and cotton do 1.88  Wool, cotton or mixture of cotton and wool with silk do 2.82  Cotton plush do 2.491  Nets— Hair, silk, plain do 9.40 Hair, beaded or otherwise adorned do 14.10 Invisible, wool or imitation hair do 4.70  Cotton mesh and braid do 1.41  Rosaries Sacks— Linen, or linen and cotton drill or pure cotton, for men dozen 11.17  Cloth or cassimere mixture, for men do 37.224 Cloth or cassimere, pure wool, for men do 18.61 Japanese raw silk, for men do 18.61  Serge— Wool and silk, I meter wide yard 1.607  Silk—	Imitation cashmere, medium and ordinaryeach	7. 24	31
and embroidered pound Wool, wool and cotton, or mixture of wool and cotton do 1.88  Wool, cotton or mixture of cotton and wool with silk do 2.82  Cotton plush do 1.5c4 Silk plush do 2.491  Nets—  Hair, silk, plain do 9.40 Hair, beaded or otherwise adorned do 14.10 Invisible, wool or imitation hair do 1.470  Cotton mesh and braid do 1.41  Rosaries Sacks—  Linen, or linen and cotton drill or pure cotton, for men dozen 11.17  Cloth or cassimere mixture, for men do 37.224 Cloth or cassimere, pure wool, for men do 18.61 Japanese raw silk, for men do 18.61  Women's Serge—  Wool and silk, I meter wide yard 1.607  Silk—	Finedo	31.04	31
Wool, cotton or mixture of cotton and wool with silk	and embroideredpound	9.40	31
Cotton plush	Wool, wool and cotton, or mixture of wool and cottondo	1.88	31
Silk plush      do       2.491         Nets—      do      do      do         Hair, silk, plaim      do      do      do      do         Invisible, wool or imitation hair      do	Wool, cotton or mixture of cotton and wool with silkdo	2. 82	31
Nets—		1.504	31
Hair, silk, plain		2. 491	31
Hair, beaded or otherwise adorned	Hair, silk, plaindo	9.40	31
Invisible, wool or imitation hair	Hair, beaded or otherwise adorneddo	14. 10	31
Sight   Sight   Sacks   Sight   Sacks   Sacks   Sight   Sacks   Sacks   Sight   Sight   Sacks   Sight   Sigh	Invisible, wool or imitation hairdo	4. 70	31
Sacks—       Linen, or linen and cotton drill or pure cotton, for men .dozen.       11. 17         Cloth or cassimere mixture, for men .do	Cotton mesh and braiddo	1.41	31
Linen, or linen and cotton drill or pure cotton, for men .do   11.17   224   237.224   248.224   249		Sight.	31
Cloth or cassimere, pure wool, for men		11. 17	48
Lustrine or alpaca, for men	Cloth or cassimere mixture, for mendo	37. 224	48
Lustrine or alpaca, for men		74. 47	48
Japanese raw silk, for men	Lustrine or alpaca, for mendo		48
Women's	Japanese raw silk, for mendodo	18.61	48
Wool and silk, I meter wideyard 1.607	Women's		48
	Wool and silk, I meter wideyard	1. 607	31
	Sewing or embroidery, in skeins or spools, of all kinds . pound	4.70	31

URUGUAY.

### SECCIÓN SEGUNDA.—TIENDA Y MERCERÍA—Continua.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Terciopelo—	Pesos.	Por
de sedakilo		ciento.
de idem y algodón, regular y ordinariokilo		31
Tiras—	12.00	31
bordadas, por centímetro de bordadometro Tiros—	. 02	31
ó cinturones de cuero ó charol, para militaresdocena	20.00	48
ó idem de seda ó con cordón de seda, para idemuno		31
6 cinturones con cordón de seda y oro, plata ó plateados, para		
militaresuno		31
ó cinturones con idem de plata ú oro, para idemuno Tohallas—	20,00	31
de algodón, hasta I metro de largo, incluso el flecodocena	.80	31
de hilo, incluso el fleco, hasta un metro de largodocena		31
de algodón, turcas, idem idem idem idem idem idemdocena		31
de hilo, turcas, idem idem idem idem iedmdocena	4.00	31
italianas, hilo y algodón, hasta un metro de largo, incluso el	1	_
fleco	1. 20	31
del número 13docena	2,60	١.,
las mismas del número 35docena	3.60	31
las idem del idem 40docena.	7.00	31
las idem de números altosdocena.	12.00	31
Trajes—	i	٠,
de brin ó mateló ó alpaca, para niños de tres á ocho años. docena.	15.00	48
de casimir ó paño mezcla para idem idem idem idem idem .docena	24.00	46
de idem pura lana, para idem idem idem idem idem idem .docena	30.00	48
para hombres, según aforos especialesdocena Trencillas—		48
de lana, lisas para ruedo cien metros.	, 60	31
de idem 6 mezcla, para ribete cien metros.		31
de seda, seda y algodón ó seda y lana para ribetes. cien metros.		31
de lana plegada, surtida cien metros		31
de idem angostita para bordar cien metros	. 25	31
de algodón, blanca, lisa, ordinaria, angostita cien metros.		31
de algodón lisa ó asargada cien metros.		31
vegetal, para ribete		31
de seda y algodón elásticas, para ligas cien metros		31
de algodón, elásticas, para idemcien metros		31
6 cordón elástico, angostito, para sombreroscien metros		31
ó cordón de seda cien metros		31
Trué— ó madapolán ó crea de algodón, peso neto*kilo	80	<b> </b>
de hilo, de un metro de ancho, género de hilo para sábanas, metro. Tul—		31
de algodón liso, de un metro de anchometro		31
de idem bordado, idem, idem, idem de idemmetro		31
de seda y algodónkilo	18.00	31
de sedakilo	30.00	31

<sup>\*</sup> Derecho específico, 25 cents.

URUGUAY.

### SECOND SECTION .- DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS-Continued.

. Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
17-1		Per
Velvet—	Dollar.	cent.
Silkpound		3
Silk and cotton, medium and ordinarydo	5. 64	3
Embroidered strips—	1	ļ
Per centimeteryard	0. 018	3
Belts—	l	1
Leather, or patent leather, militarydozen	20, 68	4
Silk, or with silk cords, militaryeach	4. 14	1 3
With silk and gold cord, silver or plated, militarydo	6. 20	3
With silver or gold cord, militarydo	20.68	3
		۱ ـ
Linen, including the fringe, I meter long		3
Linen, I meter long, including fringedo	2. 482	] 3
Turkish, cotton, including fringedo	3. 10	] 3
Same, linen, including fringedo	4. 14	3
Italian, linen and cotton, including fringe, I meter long	1. 241	3
Italian, linen, or linen and cotton, with knotted linen fringe,		
No 13dozen		] 3
Same, No. 35do		] 3
Same, No. 40do	7. 24	1 3
Same, over No. 40dodo	12. 41	3
Drill or mateló or alpaca, for children of from 3 to 8 years of		1
dozen		
age	15. 51 24. 82	4
		4
Pure wool, for children from 3 to 8do		4
Men's, according to special valuationdo		4
Braid—		
Skirt, woolen	0. 567	] 3
Binding, wool or mixed dodo	1.418	3
Same, silk, silk and cotton, or silk and wooldo		1 . 3
Plaited, assorteddo		1 3
Wool, narrow, for embroideringdo	. 236	] 3
Cotton, white, plain, narrow, ordinarydo	. 189	3
Or tape, plain or twilleddo	. 331	3
Vegetable, for bindingdo		3
Elastic, silk and cotton, for gartersdo	4. 728	3
Or cotton elastic, for gartersdo		3
Or cord, elastic, narrow, for hatsdodo		
		3
Same, silkdodo	• 945	3
Or madapollans, or cotton creas, net weight #pound	0. 376	. 11
Linen sheeting, I meter wideyard		3
fulle—	-:5	-
Cotton, plain, 1 meter widedo	0. 756	3
Embroidered. I meter widedodo		_
		3
Silk and cottonpound		3
Silkdo	14. 10	1 3

#### SECCIÓN SEGUNDA. TIRNDA Y MERCERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Velitos—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
punto algodón, para la cabezadocena punto de sedakilo seda y algodónkilo	2. 50	31
punto de seda	30, 00 18, 00	31 31
Viseras—	10.00	31
de cartón charoladas, para gorrasdocena	. 50	48
de sueladocena	1.00	48
Zaraza— peso neto*kilo	.90	ļ

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Derecho específico, 28 centésimos.

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Austra	Peses.	
Aceite— de ballenalitro		
	. 15	31
de linaza *	. 14	
de nabo, para quemarlitro	. 18	31
de nueces comuneslitro	.22	31
en cascos y tarros de lata, para máquinas de coserkilo bruto	1.00	31
en frascos, para idemlitro	1. 50	31
para motoreskilo bruto	. 14	31
de palmakilo bruto	. 12	31
de pescadokilo.	. 18	31
solidificado, para máquinaskilo bruto de nuez, clavel mistión, para uso de pintores y otras clases.	. 26	31
en botellas 6 frascoslitro	. 8o	31
Aceiteras— de madera ó papier mâché con frascos de vidrio liso ó cortado,		
docena.	7.00	31
armazones, como las anteriores, sin frascosdocena de lata, latón, metal británico y las todas ó en parte de alambre	4.00	31
de hierro galvanizadodocena	14.00	31
las mismas plateadasdocena	20.00	31
de nikel 6 composicióndocenalas mismas finas denominadas Kington, Christofle y semejantes,	, <b>36, 0</b> 0	31
dócena	100, 00	31
de cobre ó bronce, para máquinas á vapordocena	8.00	31
de lata, para máquinas á vapordocena	4.00	31
para máquinas de coserdocena Acero—	.60	31
en barras y planchaskilo bruto	. 20	20
en Dalias y Dianchas		

<sup>\*</sup> Derecho específico, 5 centésimos.

Notas.—Se considera zaraza ó percal, él que sea tejido, liso solamente.—Se considera género para vestidos los géneros de algodón labrados, calados y demás tejidos de fantasía.—Fardos de mercancias en general cinco por ciento de tara.

URUGUAY.

#### SECOND SECTION.—DRY GOODS AND FANCY GOODS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Veils—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Cotton lace, for the headdozen	2. 585	31
Silk lacepound	14. 10	31
Silk and cottondo	8, 46	31
Visors	•	-
Japanned cardboard, for capsdozen	. 517	48
Visors—		· '
Leatherdo	1.03	48
Chintz*—		
Net weight pound	. 423	

<sup>\*</sup> Specific duty, .132 cents.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Oil—		Per
Whalequart	Dollars.	cent.
Tingged # gross weight	. 155	31
Linseed, gross weightpound.	. 065	
Rapeseed, illuminatingquart Common, nutdo	. 186	31
Sewing machine, in jars or tinspound	. 227	31
Sewing machine, in jars of tinspound  Sewing machine, in bottlesquart	• 47	31
	1. 551	31
Machinepound.	. 065	31
Palmdo	. 056	31
Fishdo	. 084	31
Cakes, for machinery, gross weightdo	. 122	31
Nut, clove, boiled for painters, and other kinds in bottles or jarsquart	.827	31
Casters—		
Wood or papier mâché, plain or cut glass cruetsdozen	7. 24	31
Same, without cruetsdo  Tin, brass, britannia ware, and those in whole or in part of	4. 14	31
galvanized iron wiredozen	14.48	31
Same, plateddo	20. 68	31
Nickel plated or compositiondo	37. 224	31
Fine, known as Kington, Christofle and the likedo	103. 40	31
Oil cans—	_	
Copper or brass for steam machinerydo		31
Tin for steam enginesdo		31
For sewing machinesdo	. 62	31
Steel-	_	1
In bars or sheetspound	. 094	20
Same, for mining	Free.	l

#### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Achicadores— de madera, para botesdocena Acordeones •—	<i>Pesos.</i> 1.00	Por ciento. 3I
cuadrilongos hasta 12 teclas, con ó sin una llave, y hasta 31 cen- tímetros de largodocena los mismos, hasta 33 centímetros de largo	12,00 22.00	31 31
cuadrilongos hasta 36 centímetros de largodocena cuadrilongos inferiores, para niños, hasta 20 centímetros de largodocena Aguamanil—	36. oo 2. oo	31
de hoja de latadocenade hierro esmaltadodocenaAguarráslitro	12. 00 24. 00 . 14	31 31 31
Agujas— colchoneras para coser velas ó para enfardarmillar	8. oo	31
6 brújulas de bolsillouna Alabastro labradokilo bruto	1,00 .20	31 31
Alambre—  de bronce ó cobre	.08 .10 8.00 7.50 16.00 1.00 .50 .27	31 31 31 Libre. Libre. Libre. 31 31 31 31 31
Algodón con pepitakilo bruto	• 34	31
Alhajas de oro, sin estuche	Vista.	08

<sup>\*</sup>Cuando vengan con más de una llave, aunque sea figurada, se aumentará, \$s por docens y por cada llave de exceso. Cuando sean de dos hileras de teclas o más, se aumentará \$10 por docens y por cada hilera de teclas, después de la primera. Los octógonos se aforarán como los de 3x centímetros de largo, o sea \$12 la docena.

#### URUGUAY.

### THIRD SECTION.—HARDWARE AND STATIONERY, SHIP CHANDLERY AND JEWELEY—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Scoops— Wooden, for boats	Dellars. I. 03	Per cent. 31
With 12 notes, with or without one stop, 31 centimeters long,		
dozendozen		31
Same, 33 centimeters longdo	22. 75	31
Same, 36 centimers long	37. 224 2. 07	31 31
Washbasins—		
Tindo	12.41	31
Enameled irondo	24. 82	31
Spirits ofquart.	. 144	31
Needles— Upholsterers', sail, packingthousand	8. 27	31
Compasses— Pocketeach	1.03	31
Alabaster-	2.03	J.
Manufactured, gross weightpound	. 094	31
Brass or copper, gross weightdo	225	31
Galvanized iron, burnt or annealing wire, gross weightdo		31
Polished, in general, gross weightdo		31
Black, for fencing, gross weightdo		Free.
Galvanized or woven for fences, gross weightdo	. 037	Free.
On spools, for harvesters, gross weightdo	. 047	Free.
Jugs, earthen, with or without saucerdozen	8. 27	31
Forged, gross weight	3. 525	31
Filed or smoothed, gross weightdo	7. 52	31
Knockers-	, , , , ,	
Brasspound	. 47	31
Irondo	· 235	31
Small, with or without rods, gross weightdo	l	31
Of brass, iron, tin, or zincset		31
Steel puncheddo	2.07	13
Numbers— o to 9 (the third part)do		
Cotton—		31
Unginned, gross weightpound	. 159	31
Jewelry— Gold, without cases	Simbe	8
Gold, without cases	, Signt.	1 0

"When there is more than one key, even if that should be mute, an increase of \$2 per dozen will be charged and for each additional key. When there are two or more rows of keys, \$10 per dozen will be assessed and for each additional row after the first. Concertinas will be assessed the same as accordions 31 centimeters long, or at the rate of \$12 per dozen.

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Alicates—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
pulidosdocena	2.00	31
sin pulirdocena	1. 20	31
para cortar alambredocena	3.00	31
de bronce, cobre o composiciónkilo	1.00	31
de hierro fundidokilo		31
de madera, hasta 20 centímetros de diámetro interiordocena		31
los mismos, mayores	•	31
interior	6.00	31
Alquitrán, brea ó blekkilo bruto	. 03	20
Amatistasgramo	. 10	6
Amiantokilo bruto	. 80	31
Anclas y anclotes de hierrokilo bruto.	. 10	31
Anzuelos—		
sin empatillar	1,00	31
los mismos empatilladoskilo  Aparatos—	2.00	31
destinados al estudio de las ciencias físicas y matemáticas	Vista.	6
de hierro, bronce ó bronceados, de pared ó de colgar (libres de contrapesos), para gaskilo  Arados—	1. 50	31
comunes de hierrouno	5, 00	Libre.
de acero	20.00	Libre.
Arandelas de hojalatadocená	. 30	31
Arcos— de madera, surtidos, para buquesdocena	2, 80	31
		,
de idem, para cedazosdocena sencilla	. 40	31
Arenilla, para escritoriokilo	. 05	31
Areómetros ó pesa-licoresdocena	2.00	31
de composición ó nikeladaskilo	1. 20	31
de broncekilo	. 70	31
de hierro en general, á excepción de las para candados,	. 00	31
de hierro, para candadoskilo bruto	. 18	31
amarillas macizas, para cortinaskilo	I. 20	31
idem, huecas, para idemkilo	3.00	31
idem con tornillos	1. 10	31
Armazones para piedras de vueltadocena	8. 00	31
Arpones de hierrokilo	-44	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Pliers— Polisheddozen	Dollars. 2.07	Per cent.
Unpolisheddodo	1. 24	31
For wire cuttingdo	3. 10	31
Mortars—		] 3-
Brass, copper, or compositionpound	. 47	31
Cast irondo	. 235	31
Wooden, 20 centimeters interior diameterdozen	4. 97	31
Same, large sizedo	In pro.	31
Glass, porcelain, or marble, up to 20 centimeters interior di-	-	
ameterdozen	6. 20	31
Tar-		-
Pitch or blek, gross weightpound	.014	20
Amethystsgram	. 16	6
Amianthus, gross weightpound	. 376	31
Anchors and grapnels—		
Iron, gross weightdo	. 047	31
Fish hooks—		i
Not sneddeddo	- 47	31
Sneddeddo	- 94	31
Apparatus—		1
For use in the study of physical and mathematical sciences,		
dozen	Sight.	6
Gas fixtures—		
Iron, bronze, or bronzed candlebras or side fixturesdo	. 705	31
Plows— Iron. commoneach		Free.
Steeldo	5. 17 20. 68	Free.
Candlesticks—	20.08	riee.
Tindozen		
Hoops—	. 31	31
Wood, assorted, for mastsdo	2. 895	
Wood, for sievesdodo	. 414	31 31
Sand—	.414	31
Drying, for writing deskspound	. 023	31
Areometers or spirit tests,dozen	2.07	31
Rings—	2.07	3-
Composition or nickel platedpound	. 564	31
Brassdo	. 329	31
Iron, in general, excepting those for locks, gross weightdo	. 042	31
	•	
Same, for locks, gross weightdo	. 084	31
Yellow metal, solid, for curtainsdo	. 564	31
Same, hollow, for curtainsdodo	1.41	31
Same, with screws	. 517	31
Frames—		
For grindstonesdozen	8. 27	31
Harpoons— Ironpound		
Iron pound	. 207	31

URUGUAY.

## SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERIA, PAPELERÍA, ARTICULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Asadores—	n	Por
de idem, comuneskilo bruto	<i>Peses</i> . . 28	ciento. 31
•	•	-
con máquinauno	4. 80	31
sin máquinauno	2. 40	31
Asas para baldeskilo bruto	. 15	31
Avantrenuno	20.00	48
Azadas—		l
de hierro en generalkilo bruto	-	Libre.
de hierro, chicas y para jardinkilo bruto.	. 15	31
Azucareras—		
de hojalatakilo .	1. 20	31
de hierro batido estañadokilo	• 45	31
de metal británico plateado ó sin plateardocena	11.00	31
de composición regulares y ordinariasdocena	20, 00	31
las mismas, finasdocena	40. 00	31
Azuelas—	-0	
de hierro sin mangokilo bruto.	. 18	31
azuladas ó empavonadas	. 30	31
americanaskilo bruto	• 45	31
Azufre—		
en cilindrós ó canutoskilo bruto	.05	31
en polvo ó flor de azufrekilo bruto.	.08	Libre.
Balanzas—	. 02	
de mano, de espejo, reloj ó canutokilo de marc'n		31
las mismas con plato	. 03	31
arriba	6	9.
americanas y sus semejantes, de 30 á 120 idemuna	6. 50 7. 00	31
americanas y sus semejantes, de 30 a 120 idemuna	7.00	. 34
las mismas, de 15 á 29 idem una	5.00	31
las mismas, de menos pesouna	4.00	31
francesas, ordinarias, hasta 20 kilogramos, sin pesasuna	2. 50	31
las mismas, mejores	Vista	31
plato de hojalatauna.	2, 40	31
de plato, para pesar orodocena	5.00	31
básculasuna	I. 50	31
Balas—	2. 3.	i
de hierrokilo bruto	, 10	51
de plomokilo bruto	. 12	51
Baldes-		1
chapa de hierro	14. 50	31
de maderadocena	2. 50	31
Bandejas*—		1
de metal británico, sin platear, ó plata alemanacentímetro	. 04	31
de metal británico plateadocentímetro	. 10	31
de hierro nikeladocentímetro	. 02	31
de composición metal blanco y metal americano, plateadas,		
centimetro	. 15	31

<sup>\*</sup> Bandejas redondas zo por ciento de aumento, y las llamadas bateas para pan ó cubiertos so por ciento de aumento, sobre sus clases respectivas.

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Spits—	D.77-	Per
Iron, common, gross weight pound	Dellars.	cent.
Turnspits—	1.130	31
With machineryeach		
	4.97	31
Without machinerydo	2. 482	· 31
Handles—	ŀ	
For buckets, gross weightpound		31
Limbers of gun carriageseach	20.68	31
Hoes-	}	١
Iron, in general, gross weightpound		Free.
Small, for gardens, gross weightdo	.07	31
Sugar bowls—	ţ	
Tindo	. 564	31
Sheet iron, tinneddo	. 211	31
Britannia ware, plated or notdozen	11. 37	31
Composition, standard and ordinarydo	20.68	31
Same, fine		31
Adzes-	44.	5
Iron, without handle, gross weightpound	. 037	31
Blued or tempered, gross weightdo	. 141	31
American, gross weightdo		
Sulphur—		31
In cylinders or sticks, gross weightdo		
Powder, or flowers of sulphur, gross weightdo		F31
	.037	Free.
Balances—	١.	
Or scales, hand, mirror, watch-dial or spring,	ŀ	1
each kilogram of scale		31
Or scales, same as above, with dishdo	.01	31
Or American scales or levers, and the like, from 150 kilograms	ł	ł
upwards	3.05	31
Or American scales or levers, etc., from 30 to 130 kilograms,	Ī	ł
each	7. 24	31
Same, from 15 to 29 kilogramsdo	5. 17	31
Same, less weightdo	4. 14	31
Or scales, French, common, up to 20 kilograms, without	1	,
weightseach	2, 585	31
Same, better quality	Sight.	31
Or scales, tin disheach	2. 482	3T
Or scales, dish, for weighing golddozen	5. 17	31
Lever balanceeach		31
Balls or bullets—	35	J-
Iron, gross weightpound	.047	51
Lead, gross weightdo	.056	51
Buckets—		J 31
Iron lined, gross weight	6, 815	31
Woodendozendozen	2. 585	31
Trays*—	505	, ,,
Britannia ware, not plated, or German silverinch	. 10	-
Britannia ware, plateddo		31
Iron, nickel plateddodo		31
		31
White composition metal and American metal, plateddo	ı <u>.3</u> 8	31

<sup>\*</sup>Round trays so per cent additional; bread or dish trays so per cent additional in their respective classes.

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Bandeias*—Continua.	Pesas.	Por
de papel mâché, hasta 15 centímetrosdocena	I. 20	31
de papel mâché, mayores de 15 centímetroscentímetro de hierro ó lata pintadas, charoladas ó barnizadas, hasta 50 cen-	. 04	31
timetrosdocena	3.00	31
las mismas, mayoresdocena	5. 50	31
de hierro esmaltado kilo bruto	. 70	31
Bafios—	. 70	٦.
de hojalata para asiento ó esponja uno	3.00	48
de hierro batido, estañado, para idemuno	5.00	31
de idem, esmaltadouno	10.00	31
de hojalata, para cuerpo enterouno	7. 50	48
de hierro batido, estañado, para idemuno	12,00	31
de idem, esmaltadouno	40.00	31
de lluviauno.	25.00	48
de lluvia y duchauno	40.00	· ·
maria, chapa de bronce ó hierro, de dos ó tres cafeterasuno	6 00	I at
	6,00	31
maria, los mismos, sin cafeteras	4.00	31
de hierro ó madera, con ó sin sacatrapo, para armas de fuego, docena	2 50	51
Barandas—  o balcones de hierro fundido	<b>3</b> . 50	_
Barniz—	. 20	31
blanco ú oscuro en tarros ó latas, incluso lata ó tarroskilo	. 44	31
en cascos, para palos de buqueslitro	. 10	31
fino embotellado, ó en otros envaseslitro	1. 70	31
Barómetros—		i .
hechura de reloj, hasta 8 centímetros de diámetrouno	2, 00	31
idem de idem, de 9 á 14 centímetros de idemuno	4.00	31
forma de violin, con 6 sin termómetrouno	6.00	31
los mismos, caja con esculturauno	8.00	31
hechura de reloj, mayores de 14 centímetros de diámetro, con ó sin termómetrouno	6.00	31
Barrenas—		i
de mano de gusano ó cuchara, y las salomónicas ordinarias,		l
hasta 18 milimetros de anchodocena	. 50	31
las mismas, finasdocena	1.60	31
para taladrar, para usarlas en berbiquíes	2.40	31
de dos manos, bruñidas, azuladas ó negrasdocena	4.40	31
para hacer hoyosuna	2.40	31
italianas y catalanas, para carpinteros de riberadocena Barretas—	2. 50	31
de hierrokilo Barriles—	. 10	31
americanos, con ó sin asa, hasta 14 litrosdocena	4.00	31
de 15 á 20 litros, vacíos, para cervezauno	. 80	31
Barriletes— de hierro, con tornillos	12.00	
as more, our terminos	12.00	٠. )•

<sup>\*</sup>Bandejas redondas 10 por clento de aumento, y las llamadas batcas para pan ó cubiertos 20 por ciento de aumento, sobre sus clases respectivas.

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Country of		Per
Frays*—Continued.	Dollars.	cent.
Papier mâché, to 15 centimetersdozen	1. 241	31
Papier maché, over 15 ecentimetersinch  Iron or tin, painted, jappaned, or varnished, up to 50 centime-	. 10	31
tersdozen	3. 10	31
Same, larger	5.69	31
Iron, enameledpound  Bath tubs—	. 329	31
Tin, hip or sponge bathseach	3. 10	48
Same, sheet iron, tin lineddo	5. 17	38
Same, enameleddo	10. 34	31
Tin, full sizedo	7. 76	48
Sheet iron, tinned, full sizedo	12.41	31
Sheet iron, enameleddo	41.40	31
Showerdo	25. 85	48
Shower .,dodo	41. 40	48
Brass or iron lined, two or three coffeepotsdo	6. 20	31
Same as above without coffeepotsdo	4. 14	31
Ramrods—	44	٦.
Iron or wood, with or without wad extractordozen	3. 619	5
Balconies—		
Cast iron, gross weightpound	. 094	31
Varnish—		
White or dark, in jugs or cans, including the vesseldo	, 206	3
In kegs for mastsquart  Fine, in bottles or other vesselsdo	. 103	3
Barometers—	· 79	31
Clock shape, up to 8 centimeters in diameter each	2. 07	31
Clock shape, from 9 to 14 centimeters in diameterdo	4. 14	3
Violin shape, with or without thermometerdo	6. 20	31
Same as above, carved casedo  Clock shape, over 14 centimeters in diameter, with or without	8. 27	31
thermometereach	6. 20	3
Hand, spiral or scoop shaped, and common gimlets, up to 18		
millimeters broad	. 517	31
millimeters wide, finedozen	1.654	31
Bits and bracedo	2, 482	3
For two hands, burnished, blued or blackdo	4- 455	31
Or borerseach	2. 482	31
Italian or Catalan, for ship carpentersdozen	2. 585	31
fron barspound	. 042	3
Kegs—		
American, with or without handles up to 14 litersdozen		3
From 15 to 20 liters, emptyeach	. 827	31
	l	1
Iron, with screwdozen	12.41	1 3

### sección tercera.—Perretería, papelería, artículos navales y joyería.— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Batidores—	Pesos.	Per
de alambre, pare huevosdocena	I. 20	ciente.
de resorte ó engravaciones	-	31
de madera, para chocolate	3.00	31
de madera, para cuocolate	. 50	31
Baules—		İ
de cuero en juego de 5juego	17.00	. 48
de la China, en juego hasta 5juego	20.00	48
de la idem é imitación, chicos, juegos hasta 5 juego	9.00	48
de madera chicos, en juegos de 5 á 8juego	3.00	48
Berbiquies-		1
finos, sin mechadocena	18.00	31
nikelados, sin mechadocena	12.00	31
sin nikelar, regulares y ordinariosdocena	5.00	31
Bicheros-		i
de hierro para botesdocena	4. 50	31
Bigornias—	. •	-
de hierro, para herrerokilo	. 15	31
de idem, para platerokilo	. 60	31
con martillo, para guadañadocena	6.00	31
Bisagras—		
de bronce	1.00	31
de hierro, charoladas de desarmarkilo bruto	. 13	31
de hierro, de otras claseskilo bruto	. 18	31
Boca-llaves-		"
de bronce ó chapa de latónkilo bruto	1.00	31
de cuero, hueso ó maderaciento	. 40	31
de nácarciento	4.00	31
de plata alemana ó nikeladas	3. 20	31
Bochas-	•	
en juego de 8 juego	1.00	31
Bocinas—		
plateadas para carruajepar	3.00	31
Bolas—	•	_
de marfil ó imitación, para billarkilo	14.00	31
Bolitas-	•	
y bolones de piedra, porcelana y yesokilo bruto	.00	31
de hierro ó vidriokilo bruto	. ró	31
Bombas-		1
de hierro chicas hasta el número 4docena	40.00	31.
de idem, mayores con ó sin tabla, números 1 á 3una	10.00	31
las mismas de bronceuna	15.00	31
de mano para jardin, de zinc ó zinc y bronceuna	1,00	31
Bombillas-		
de composición ó nikeladasdocena	1. 10	31
de hojalatadocena	. 12	31
las mismas nikeladasdocena	. 25	31
Boquillas—		1
para colocar en las mangas de gomauna	1,00	31
Borra—		l -
de algodónkilo bruto	. 14	31
Botas-	- •	1
para vinodocena	6,00	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Egg-beaters—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Wiredozen	I, 241	
Spring or wheeldodo		31
Chocolate-beater—	3. 10	31
Wooddo		
Trunks-	.517	31
Leather, in sets of 5set	17. 58	48
Chinese, in sets up to 5do		48
Chinese or imitation, small, in sets up to 5do		48
Wooden, small, in sets of 5 to 8do	3. 10	48
Braces—		
Fine, without bitdozen	18.61	31
Nickel plated, without bitdo	12.41	31
Not nickel plated, standard and commondo	5. 17	31
Boat hooks-		
Irondo	4.66	31
Anvils-	7.55	] 3-
Iron, for blacksmithspound	. 07	31
Same, for silversmithsdo		31
And hammers, for scythesdozen	6. 20	31
Hinges—		
Brass, gross weightpound	. 47	31
Iron, japanned, detachable, gross weightdo	. 061	31
Iron, other kinds, gross weightdo	.084	31
Keyhole guards		l
Bronze or brass, gross weightdo	- 47	31
Leather, bone, or woodhundred	.414	31
Mother-of-pearldo	4. 14	31
German silver or nickel-plateddo	3. 309	31
Bowling balls—	,	i
In sets of 8set	1.03	31
Bugle horns—	5	
For coaches, platedpair	3. 10	31
Billiard balls—	3	] ]-
Ivory or imitationpound	6. 58	31
Marbles—	0.30	J-
Stone, porcelain, and gypsum, gross weightdo	. 042	31
Iron or glass, gross weightdodo		, -
Pumps—	. 075	31
Fumps— Iron small up to No. 4	4- 40	
Iron, small, up to No. 4dozen	41.40	31
Iron, with or without platform, Nos. 1 to 3 each	10. 34	31
Same as above, brassdo	15. 51	31
Hand, for garden, zinc, or zinc and brassdo	1.03	31
"Mate" drinking tubes—		1
Composition or nickel-plateddozen.	1. 137	31
Tindo		31
Same, nickel-plateddo		31
Nozzles for rubber hoseeach	1.03	31
Cotton—		
Raw, gross weightpound	. 065	31
Leather wine bagsdozen		31

### sección tercera.—Ferreteria, Papelería, artículos navales y Joyeria— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere-
Data No.	_	Per
Botellas—	Peses.	ciento
de goma, para cazadoresdocena con forro de estera ó cuero, para cazadores y las de paja para	7. 00	3
juego de billardocêna Bozales *—	4.00	3
para perrosdocenaBraseritos—	3.00	3
amarillos ó blancos, de mano para fumadoresdocena Braseros—	1. 50	3
de cobrekilo	1.00	3
de hierro de una hornilladocena	8. 00	3
de idem, de dos idemdocena en forma común, con ó sin ple, ingleses, menos 2 por ciento por	14.00	3
roturacien kilos	9. 50	3
para planchadoraskilo bruto Bradores—	. 14	3
sin cabo	. 80	3
sin cabo, con estuche de ébanodocena	3. 20	3
sin cabo, con estuche, ordinariosdocena Brochas†—	2.00	3
de pelo, chatasdocena de idem, con guarnición, para pintar al óleo, hasta el número	4.00	3
15docena	1.00	3
de pelo, para pintar á la aguada y las de filetesgruesa de cerda, chatas y redondas con ó sin guarnición, hasta 45 mili-	2.00	3
metros	2.00	3
docena	<b>3.</b> 50	3
de cerda, sin guarnición, mayores de 45 idemdocena	. 6.00	3
de idem, con idem, idem, idem idemdocena de idem, con ó sin guarnición, del número I al 15 y las de	10.00	3
pulgadagruesa	3. 60	] 3
otras clases	Vista.	3
de metal, para papeleskilo  Bronce— en barro ó planchakilo	1.00	3
	. 50	3
en lingoteskilo.	. 50	2
en polvo	2.00	3
sueltos para escobaskilo	.08	3
Bujes—	_	
de hierro, para carruajespar	1. 6o	3
de idem, ordinarios, para carroskilo	. 09	3
Buzones—	. 40	3
nikeladoskilo	2.00	3
de broncekilo	1. 10	3
de hierro pintado ó bronceadokilo	.6o	3

<sup>\*</sup>Bozales de suelas, 48 por ciento. †Brochas y pinceles para blanquear, 48 por ciento, debiendo considerarse tales las que tengan desde 65 milimetros inclusive en la parte más ancha de la virola con ó sin guarniciones.

URUGUAY.

. Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Bottles—	Dellars.	Per
Rubber, for sportsmendozen		cent. 31
Covered with basket work or leather, for sportsmen; and straw bottles for billiard tablesdozen	4. 14	31
Muzzles-		
For dogs *do	3. 10	31
Small, yellow or white metal, for smokersdo	1. 55	31
Copperpound		31
Or oven grates, irondozen		31
Or oven grates, irondo	14. 48	31
Ordinary kind, with or without feet, English make (less 2 per		
cent for breakage)	4.47	31
Or charcoal furnaces for ironers, gross weightpound	. 065	31
Without handlesdozen	. 827	31
Without handles and with ebony casedo		31
Without handles, with common casedo	2.07	31
Paint-brushes — Hair, flatdodo	4. 14	31
Hair, with guard, for oil paints up to No. 15do	1.03	31
Hair, for water colors gross  Bristles, flat and round, with or without guard, up to 45 milli-	2.07	3,1
metersdozen Bristle, flat, with guard, large, from 45 millimetersdo	2.07	31
Bristle, flat, with guard, large, from 45 millimetersdo	3. 619	31
Bristle, without guard, from 45 millimetersdo	6, 20	31
Bristle, with guard, over 45 millimetersdo  Same, with or without guard, from No. 1 to No. 15, and also inch	10. 34	31
brushesgross		31
Other kinds, not specified	Sight.	31
Metal paper-fastenerspound	- 47	31
In bars or sheetsdo	. 235	31
Ingotsdo	. 235	20
Powderdodo	• 94	31
Loose, for broomsdodo	.037	31
Boxes—	ļ	-
Iron, for carriage wheelspair  Iron, common, for cart wheelspound	1.654	31
Burins or graversdo	. 188	31
Dish-covers—	i	"
Nickel plateddo		31
Brassdo	.517	31
Iron, painted or bronzeddodo	. 282	31

<sup>\*</sup>Leather muzzles 48 per cent.
†Whitewash brushes, 48 per cent; such are held to be those up to 65 millimeters inclusive, in the
widest part; with or without guards.

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS WAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaluo.	Dere- cho.
	Pesos.	Por ciento.
Cebadoresdocena	2. 60	31
mecánicos, cualquier tamañouno	4. 00	31
de hamaca ó ruedauno  Cabetes—	2. 00	31
de hierrogruesa	. 60	31
Cabillas—		
de hierro para buquedocenadocenadocenadocenadocenadocenadocena	1.00	31
Cabo—	. 60	31
alquitranadokilo bruto	. 19	( <del>*</del> )
manilakilo bruto	. 21	<b>(*</b> )
del Cairo y similareskilo bruto	. 15	(*)
y cáñamo blanco kilo bruto	. 22	(*)
de esparto y piazaba	9. 50	31
de alambre galvanizado100 kilos bruto	15. 50	31
con talco, para máquinaskilo	. 60	31
Cabos—	0-	
sin labrar para azuela, hacha ó picodocena	. 80	31
los mismos, labradosdocena de madera, para herramientas, con virola en la parte superior.	1.40	31
docena	. 60	31
los mismos, sin viroladocena	. 30	31
para limas, con ó sin viroladocena	. 30	31
de marfil, nacár y portamina, para plumadocena	3.00	, 31
de madera ó lata ordinarios, para plumagruesa	. 30	31
de idem fina, goma ó hueso ó portaminas gruesa	2.00	31
con ó sin virola, para guadañasdocena	2. 40	31
de hojalata, chapa de hierró ó hierro batido estañado, incluso		i
tapas	• 35	31
de hierro colado, incluso tapas de cualquier metalkilo bruto	. 17	31
las misma, enlozadaskilo bruto	. 22	31
de plata gramo	. 05	. 31
de broncekilo.	1.00	
de hierro, brufiidas ó galvanizadas100 kilos bruto	16, 20	31
de idem, negras, para carros, lomos y carretas100 kilos bruto	8, 60	31
de idem, idem, en general100 kilos bruto	<b>7. 6</b> 0	31
Cafeteras—	=	
de cobre y metal amarillokilo de metal británico, sin plateardocena	1, 50 12, 00	31 31
las mismas plateadasdocena	16.00	31
de hojalata ó hierro batido estañadokilo	. 80	48
de metal plateadodocena	40, 00	31
Cajas—	4	
con útiles para carpintero	Vista.	31
de madera para tipos de imprenta	1. 20	31
de largouna.	2,00	31
*Derecho especifico, 6 centésimos.		

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Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Deles esse	Dollars.	cent.
Primersdozen Hobby or mechanical horses—	2. 688	3
All sizeseach	4. 14	3
Rocking or on wheelsdo	2. 07	3
Irongross	. 62	3
Freenails—	1	3
lron, for vesselsdozen	1.03	3
Wood, for vesselsdo	. 62	3
Cordage—		
Tarred, gross weightpound	.080	(*)
Manilla, gross weightdo	.008	(*)
Cairo and the like, gross weightdo	.07	(*)
White hemp, gross weightdo		(*)
Grass or rush, gross weight		3
Galvanized wire, gross weightdo	7. 285	3
With talc for machinerydo	. 282	3
Handles—		-
For adze, hatchet, or pickaxe, not finisheddozen	. 827	3
Same, finisheddo	1.448	3
Wooden for tools with ferrules on the upper partdo	. 62	3
Same, without ferrulesdo	. 31	3
For files, with or without ferrulesdo		; 3
Pen, ivory, mother-of-pearl, and fountaindo		3
Pen, wood or tin, commongross		3
Pen, fine, rubber, bone, etcdo	2. 07	3
Scythe, with or without ferruledozen	2.482	-3
itew pans— Tin, iron covered, or sheet iron, tinned, including the covers,		1
gross weight pound	. 164	3
Cast, and including covers, of any metal, gross weightdo	. 079	3
Same, porcelain-lined, gross weightdo		3
Chains—	1	]
Silvergram	. 08	3
Brasspound		3
Iron, burnished or galvanized, gross weight100 pounds	7. 61	3
Iron, black, for cars, carts, drays, etc, gross weightdo	4.042	3
Iron, in general, gross weightdo	3. 572	3
Coffeepots—		
Copper and brasspound.	. 705	3
Britannia ware, not plateddozen	12.41	3
Same, plateddo		3
Tin or sheet iron, tinnedpound	. 376	4
Metal, plated	41.40	3
For carpenters	Sight.	3
Type cases— Woodeneach	1. 241	3
Cea caddies— Chinese, japanned, up to 30-centimeter size	2.07	
ommese, japanneu, up to 30-centimeter size	2,07	ł 3

URUGUAY.

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA.—Continua.

	Artículos.	Avaluo.	Dere- cho.
Caj	as *—Continúa. de hojalata, pintadas, para té, hasta 460 gramos de capacidad,	Pesos.	Por ci <b>ento</b> .
	docena	2, 40	31
	las mismas de 461 á 2,000 gramos de capacidaddocena . las mismas sin pintar, con ó sin forro de papel, hasta 460 gramos	4. 80	31
	de capacidaddocena	. 60	31
	las mismas de 461 á 2,000 gramos de capacidaddocena	1. 20	31
•	de madera para cigarrosciento	6. 00	31
	de hierro en general para guardar dinerokilo bruto	. 20	31
	en blanco, sin herrajes, para carruajes de cuatro ruedasuna	150,00	48
	las mismas, para carruajes de dos ruedasuna	50.00	48
	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
	6 estuches de tela, para escopetasuna	1.60	48
	ó idem de cuero para idemuna	3.00	48
Cal	ó idem, de madera, con ó sin forro, para idemuna deras—	6.00	48
	de cobre, para cocinaskilo	1.00	31
Cal	chapas de hierro, coloradasdocena endarios—	1.60	31
	endarios—  de hojalatadocena entador—	3. 00	31
	de cobre estañado, forma cilíndrica, con dos tuboskilo	1.00	31
	de hojalata, para bañosuno	1.60	31
	de hierro y de madera ordinarios, para los pies docena	7. 20	31
	los mismos, mejores	Vista.	31
	de hojalata ó chapa de hierro, con ó sin pava, ordinarios, para		
	aguardientedocena	5.00	31
	los mismos, mejores	Vista.	31
	de una hornilla para petróleo, sin útilesdocena	7.00	31
_	de más hornillasdocena	18.00	<b>' 31</b>
Cai	mas—		1
	de bronce, pilar labrado con pabellón ó medio idem, para dos		١ ـ
	personasuna	60.00	48
	las mismas, sin pabellón, para dos personas	30, 00	48
	personauna	40, 00	48
	las mismas, sin pabellón, para una personauna de bronce, pilar liso, con pabellón ó medio idem, para dos	25.00	. 48
	personasuna	40, 00	48
	las mismas, sin pabellón, para dos personas	25.00	48
	personauna	30.00	48
	las mismas, sin pabellon, para una personauna	20.00	48
	de bronce, con pabellón ó medio, para niñosuna	24.00	
	las mismas, sin pabellón, para niñosuna		• •

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
To continue		Per
Tea canisters— Tin, painted, 1½ ounces capacity	Dollars. 2. 482	cent.
Tin, painted, from 1 ½ ounces to 4 pounds capacitydo	4. 967	31
Tin, not painted, with or without paper lining, up to 11/2 ounces	١	
capacity	. 62	31
Same, from 1½ ounces to 4 pounds capacitydo  Cigar boxes—	1. 241	31
Woodenhundred	6, 20	31
Safes—		3-
Iron, in general, gross weightpound	. 094	31
Carriage boxes—		
Without ironwork, not painted, for four-wheeled vehicles.each	155. 10	48
Same, for two-wheeled vehiclesdo	51.70	48
Cases—	- 6-	
Cloth, for gunsdo	1.654	48
Leather, for gunsdo  Wood, lined or unlined, for gunsdo	3. IO 6. 20	48 48
Boilers—	0.20	40
Copper, for kitchenspound	. 47	31
Iron plate, reddozen		31
Calendars—	1	-
Tindo	3. 10	31
Warming pans—		1
Cylindrical, copper, tinned, with two pipespound.		31
Tin, for baths	1.654	31
Iron, and wood, common, for the feetdozen.		31
Same, better quality	Sight.	31
Tin or sheet iron, with or without wick, for alcohol [alcohol		
lamp, ordinary	5. 17	31
Same, better quality	Sight.	31
Stoves-		-
Coal-oil, without attachmentsdo	7. 24	31
All other kindsdo	18.61	31
Bedsteads—		1
Brass, double, posts wrought, with whole or half canopy frame,		1 40
Same also also anish and assess from a		48
Same, single, without canopy framedo  Same, posts wrought, with whole or half canopy frame, for one	31.00	40
personeach.	41.40	48
Same, without canopy frame, for one persondo	25. 85	48
Same, plain posts, with whole or half canopy frame, for two	-3.03	1
personseach.	41.40	48
Same, without canopy frame, for two personsdo	25.85	48
Same, plain posts, with whole or half canopy frame, for one per-	j	
soneach.	31.02	48
Same, without canopy frame, for one persondo	20, 68	48
Same, with whole or half canopy frame, for childrendo		48
Same, without canopy frame, for childrendo	. 17.58	48

### sección terciera.—Perretería, Papelería, artículos navales y Joyería— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaiúo.	Dere- cho.
Camas—Continúa, de hierro, con chapiteles y con adornos de bronce, con pabellón	Pesos.	Por ciento.
ó medio, para una ó dos personas	20.00	48
para una ó dos personas	13.00	48
ó mediouna	15.00	48
de hierro, sin chapiteles y adornos de bronce, sin pabellón una	9.00	48
de hierro pintadas, lisas ó doradas, con ó sin rosetas de latón,	12, 00	
con pabellón ó medio	1	48
de hierro para niños, con nabellán á medio	7.00	48
de hierro para niños, con pabellón ó medio	12.00	48
de hierro para niños, sin pabellónuna	6. 50	48
Campanaskilo	. 80	31
regulares y ordinarias, para mesadocena 6 timbres, regulares y ordinarias, con resorte 6 cuerda, para	3.00	31
mesadocena	8.00	31
las mismas, finas	Vista.	31
Canastillos—  de alambre para pan, frutas y los de mimbre para cubiertos y		
vasos	7. 20	31
de junco para ropa, con ó sin relleno de canastitosjuegos de 3	6.00	48
para echar papelesuno	. 60	48
grandes, para verduradocena	7.00	48
chicos, para idemdocena	3.60	48
de doble tapa, para mercadodocena	8.00	48
otras clases	Vista.	48
Candados—	Vista.	1
de hierro, sin barniz y charolados, ordinariosdocena	. 50	31
los mismos, mejoresdocena	1,80	31
de hierro, con cerrojosdocena	5.00	31
de bronce, ordinarios y regulares, hasta 8 centímetros. docena	. 70	31
los mismos finos, hasta 8 idemdocena	2. 50	31
de letra, á razón de 8 centésimos la ruedarueda  Candeleros—	.08	31
ó palmatorias de metal británico sin plateardocena pares	12.00	27
los mismos, plateados	18.00	31
platear	20, 00	31
pabiladera y apagador	. 70	31
Canillas— de madera, plomo, estaño ó zincdocena	1.50	31
de cobre ó bronce en general	1. 50	31
Canutos— de composición, nikelados ó plateados, para estriberaskilo	2, 00	31
de hojalata, para idem gruesa Cañamo—	4.00	31
en rama kilo		Libre.
hiladokilo		

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Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Bedsteads—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Iron, with brass knobs and trimmings, with whole or half can-		
opy frame, for one or two personseach  Same, without canopy frame, for one or two personsdo	1	48
•	13. 44	48
Same, without knobs, with brass trimmings and with whole or half canopy frameeach		
Same, without knobs or brass trimmings and without canopy	15. 51	48
frameeach  Same, painted, plain, or gilded, with or without brass knobs, with	9. 31	48
whole or half canopy frameeach	12.41	48
Same, painted, plain, or gilded, without canopy frameeach		48
Same, for children, with whole or half canopy framedo		48
Same, for children, without canopy framedo		48
Bellspound.		31
•	1	
Medium and common, for table usedozen  Or knockers, medium and common, with spring or cord, for	3. 10	31
table usedozen	8. 27	31
Spring, same as above, fine		31
Baskets— Wire, for bread, fruits, and of willow, for table servicedozen	7. 447	31
Clothes, filled or not with smaller baskets, in sets of 3set.	6, 20	48
Waste papereach.		48
Vegetable, largedozen.		48
Same, smalldo		48
Market, double topdo		48
Other kinds		48
Locks—	"	1
Iron, not varnished nor japanned, commondo		31
Same, better qualitydo		31
And bolts, irondo		31
Brass, common and medium, up to 31 inchesdo		31
Same, fine, up to 3½ inchesdo	2. 585	31
Barrel, combination letter, at the rate of 8 centsper ring.	. 08	31
Britannia ware, not plated dozen pairs.	12, 41	31
Same, plateddo		31
With britannia ware stamp, plated or unplateddo		31
Sheet iron, brass, or bronze, with or without snuffers and ex-		
tinguishers, gross weightpound	. 329	31
Spigots—	1 3-9	5-
Wood, lead, tin, or zincdozen	1. 551	31
Copper or bronze, in generalpound	. 705	31
Composition, nickel or silver plateddo		31
Tingross		31
Rawpound		Free.
Spun		31

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULÓS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Caffoncitos—	2	Por
de broncekilo	<i>Pesos</i> . I. 00	ciento.
Caños—	1.00	31
de cobre ó broncekilo	6-	
	.60	31
ó codos de hierro colado ó batidokilo bruto	.06	31
los mismos, estañados ó galvanizadoskilo bruto	. 10	31
de plomokilo bruto		31
de zinckilo bruto	1	31
de goma, con ó sin almakilo	1.20	31
Capuchinas—		
de hierrokilo bruto	. 27	3 <b>t</b>
Carabinas—		•
de pistón ordinarias, para tropauna	2,00	51
Remington, para idemuna	10.00	51
de dos cañonesuna	20,00	51
de salónuna		51
Carboncillos—	,	J-
en paquetes, para dibujarmillar	I. 20	31
los mismos, en cajamillar	3.00	
Carbonerse	3.00	31
de cobre, para cocina y estufakilo	1.00	
		31
de hierro, pintadas, lisas, ordinariasuna		31
charoladas, regulares y finas	1	31
mayores de 30 centímetrospar	3.00	31
de alambre para peluqueros, de 12 á 25 centímetrospar	. 40	31
Carey—		1
en hoja sin labrarkilo	10.00	31
Carpas	Vista.	48
Carpetas—		1
de hule con secante, para papeles docena	6, 00	31
Carpetitas-		
de idem ó esparto, para botellas ó fuentesdocena	. 20	31
de madera, para botellas ó fuentesdocena		31
do madora, para botomas o radicosti titi titi titi tadonas.	1 20	J.
de metal	Vista.	31
de mano, hasta el número 3una	5.00	48
de mano, mayores del número 3una		48
con una rueda, de hierro ó maderauna.	4.00	48
con una rucua, de merro o madera	4.00	40
llamadas zorras, de 56 centímetros con cuatro ruedasuna	0.50	48
		48
las mismas, mayores, hasta un metrouna		48
Carruajes	Vista.	48
ordinario, sin forro		31
el mismo, con idem	9. 50	31
con alquitrán preparado para buques100 kilos bruto	8,00	31
Cartuchos—	1	1
para pistola de salón, hasta o milímetrosmillar	2. 50	51
cargados, sistema Lafaucheux, hasta 12 milimetrosmillar		51
idem, de otros sistemas, hasta 12 milimetrosmillar		51

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Articles,	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Cannon—	Dollars.	cent.
Brass, smallpound	•47	31
Piping	١ .	
Copper or brassdo	. 282	31
Elbows or joints, iron, cast or sheet, gross weightdo		31
Same, tinned or galvanized, gross weightdo	.047	31
Lead, gross weightdodo	.056	31
Zinc, gross weightdo		31
Rubber hose, with or without coredo  Crotches and knees—	•	31
Iron, gross weightdo	. 127	31
Carbines—		1
Muzzle-loading, common for troopseach	2. 07	51
Remington, for troopsdo		51
Double barreldo	1	51
Parlordodo	1	51
Packages, for drawingthousand	1. 241	31
In boxesdodo	3. 10	31
Coal, copper for kitchen and stovepound	. 47	31
Iron, painted, plain, commoneach	1.03	31
Japanned, medium, finedodo		31
Exceeding 10.7 inchespair	3. 10	31
Wire, for hairdressers, from 4.7 to 9¾ inchesdo  Tortoise shell—	.414	31
Rough, not workedpound	4.70	31
Tents		48
Portfolios— Rubber, with blotter, for papersdozen	6. 20	31
Mats—		, ,
Oil cloth or straw, for bottles or pitchersdo	. 206	31
Table, wooden, for bottles or pitchersdo		31
Stands-		-
Metal for bottles and pitchers	Sight.	31
Up to No. 3each	5. 17	48
Larger than No. 3do		48
Wheelbarrows, iron or wooddo		48
Carts—	1	1
Called "zorra," from 21.84 inches up, 4 wheelsdo	2, 585	48
Same, larger, up to 30.37 inchesdo		48
Carriagesdo		48
Cardboard—		7
Common, without lining, gross weight100 pounds	3. 525	31
Common, lined, gross weightdo		31
Tarred, prepared for ships, gross weightdo		31
Cartridges—	1	-
For parlor pistols, up to .351 inchesthousand	2. 585	51
Lefaucheux, loaded, up to .468 inchesdo	7. 24	51
Other makes, up to .468 inchesdo	12.41	51

URUGUAY.

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—PERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Cartuchos—Continúa.	Pesos.	Por ciento.
idem, de todos sistemas, mayores de 12 milimetrosmillar	18.00	51
de metal, vacios, sin tacomillar	10.00	51
de cartón, idem, idem, idemmillar	6.00	51
Cascabeles—	0.00	, ,-
de cobre ó broncekilo		
	1,00	31
de latón, amarillo ó blancokilo	1. 75	31
de hierrokilo	. 25	31
Casquetes—		l
de plomo (cápsulas para botellas)kilo bruto	. 65	Libre.
Catres—		l
á la crimea	5. 50	48
de hierro con ó sin lonauno	3.00	48
Cebas—	<b>3</b> . 2.	į <b>7</b> -
fulminantes en generalmillar	. 40	51
	. 40	٦-
Cedazos-		i
de alambre de cobre ó hierro, de 36 centímetros de diámetro,	_	
uno	1,00	31
de crin, del mismo diámetrouno	. 40	31
Cencerros—		
fundidos en generalkilo bruto	• 45	31
de chapa en generalkilo bruto	. 95	31
Cepillos—	. 93	, ,,
para carpinteros, guillames, machembras y moldura, con ó sin		ì
hierrodocena	5.00	31
garlopines y garlopas, con ó sin hierrodocena	9.00	31
rebajadoresdocena	12.00	31
acanaladoresuno	<b>2.</b> 50	31
ain manna mana aisaa dasaas dasaas		8
sin mango, para pisosdocena	3. 50	
con idem, para idemdocena	4. 30	48
imitación cerda y de paja, regulares y ordinarios, para caballos,		
docena	1. 30	48
los mismos, finosdocena	4.00	48
de cajón, para barrerdocena	20.00	48
redondos, metal, para motoresdocena	8.00	31
los mismos de cerda, paja ó imitacióndocena	3, 00	48
para tubos de lámparasdocena	. 60	48
para caños de armasdocena	. 70	48
Cepos—	. 70	, ,
de hierro, para anclaskilo	. IO	31
Cerda—		
ó tanza, para pescarmillar	2, 00	31
Cerraduras—		1
inglesas, ordinarias, para puertasdocena	1.00	31
francesas, sin picaporte, ordinarias, para puertasdocena	2, 60	31
idem, con picaporte y manijas de bronce, para idemdocena	6, 50	31
francesas, sin picaporte, para zaguán, ó puerta de calle.docena	10.00	31
las mismas, con picaportedocena	18.00	31
francesas de bomba ó llave de relojdocena	28. 80	
		31
Chubb's y semejantes	V 1019	31

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<u> </u>			
Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.	
Cartridges—Continued:	5 "	Per	
All kinds, over .468 inchesthousand	Dollars.	cent.	
	18.61	51	
Metal, empty, without waddingdo	10. 34	51	
Paper, empty, without waddingdo  Hawk-bells—	6. 20	51	
Copper or brasspound	. 47	31	
Yellow or white metaldo	. 822	31	
Iron	. 117	31	
Bottle caps— Lead, gross weightdo	<u>-</u> 1	Free	
	. 305	L 166	
Cots—	- 40	۱ .	
Crimeaneach	5. 687	48	
Iron, with or without canvasdo	3. 10	48	
Primings—			
Fulminant, in generalthousand	. 414	51	
Copper or iron wire, 14 inches diametereach	1.03	31	
Horsehair, same sizedo	. 414	31	
Cow bells—	. 4-4	j 3-	
Cast, in general, gross weightpound	. 212	31	
Sheet, in general, gross weightdo	. 446	31	
Planes—	.440	3.	
Carpenters', rabbet planes, grooving and molding planes, with			
		۱	
or without iron	5. 17	31	
Jack planes, with or without irondo	9. 31	31	
Smoothingdo	12.41	31	
Groovingeach	2. 558	31	
Floor, without handlesdozen	3. 619	48	
Floor, with handlesdo	4. 45	48	
Imitation bristle, broom, medium and ordinary, for horses. do	1. 344	48	
Same, finedo	4. 14	48	
Box sweepersdo	20, 68	48	
Round, metal, for machinerydo	8. 27	31	
Round, bristles, broom, or imitation, for machinerydo	3. 10	48	
For lamp chimneysdo	. 62	48	
For gun barrels,dodo			
Anchor stocks—	. 724	48	
Ironpound	. 047	31	
Horse-hair fishing linesthousand	2. 07	31	
English, ordinary, for doorsdozen	1.03	31	
French, without latch key, common, for doorsdo	2. 688	31	
With bolts and brass knobs, for doorsdo	6. 717	31	
French, without latch key, for street doorsdo	10. 34		
French, with latch keydodo	18.61	31	
		31	
French, springdo	29. 777	31	
Chubb's and similar	Sight.	31	
	_		

#### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Cerraduras—Continua. de un pestillo, de hierro ordinarias, para cajones, cajas, arma-	Peses.	Por ciento.
rios, baúles y balijasdocena	. 50	31
las mismas de dos pestillos y embutir, ordinariasdocena	1.00	31
de uno á dos pestillos, para idem, regulares y finasdocena	2, 00	31
para embutir, regulares y finasdocena	2. 50	31
de chapa y caja de bronce, para cajones, cajas, armarios y	3. 50	31
baules*	4.00	31
ordinariasdocena	2,00	31
las mismas, finas	3.00	31
docena	6.00	31
para costureros, cualquier calidaddocena  Cerrojos—	. 80	31
ordinarios sin candadokilo Chafalonia—	1.60	31
de cobre ó latónkilo	. 25	31
de hierrocien kilos	. 60	31
de piedra de esmeril, con ó sin cabodocena con cabo de madera, asta ó hueso, regulares y ordinarias,	I. <b>9</b> 0	31
	2.00	31
las mismas, finasdocena	4. 80	31
cabo de marfil, para mesadocena	8.00	31
afiladores de rueda, cabo de madera, asta ó huesodocena	6. ∞	31
las mismas, cabo de marfildocena	16.00	31
de talco, de 12 á 17 centímetrosdocena	6.40	31
de careykilo	9.00	31
de metal blanco sin platearkilo	1. 50	31
para fusiles y escopetasciento	2.00	31
de cobre ó latón amarillokilo	I. 50	31
de hojalata ó hierro estañadokilo Chupones—	. 80	31
de hueso, para nifiosdocena	. 60	31
Cigarreras—  de plata y objetos de igual metalgramo  Cilindros—	. 05	31
chicos para cincelaruno lisos, para plateros, con 6 sin mesa, hasta 18 centímetros de	24. 00	31
largo (el rulo ó cilindro)uno	70.00	31
con canaletas, lisas, para platero, con ó sin mesauno	40.00	31
ó rulos solos para cilindros lisos, de platerouno Cinceles—	13.00	31
de acerokilo	. 60	31

<sup>\*</sup> Cuando las cerraduras tengan una chapita de bronce en la parte de los pestillos, se aforarán como todas de hierro.

#### URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Locks—Continued. One bolt, iron, common, for trunks, boxes, wardrobes, etc.,	Dellars.	Per cent.
dozen	. 517	31
Same, two bolts or spring stock, mortisedo  One or two bolts or spring stock, for trunks, boxes, wardrobes,	1.03	31
etc., fine, mediumdozen	2. 07	3T
Mortise, fine, mediumdododododododododododo	2. 585 3. 619	31 31
trunks*	4. 14	31
trunks, ordinary	2. 07	3T
Same, finedo Alarm, for boxes, chests, wardrobes, and trunksdo	3. 10 6. 20	31: 311
For work-boxes, any qualitydo	. 827	31
Ordinary, without padlockspound	· 752	31
Copper or brass scrapsdo	. 117	317
Iron scraps	. 282	31:
Of emery stone, with or without handledozen With handle of wood, horn, or bone, medium, ordinary.do	1. 241 2. 07	31: 31:
Same as above, finedo	4. 967	31
Ivory handles, for table usedo	8. 27	31
Wheel shape, handle of horn, bone, or wooddo	6. 20	31
Wheel shape, ivory handledo	16. 54	31
Sheets— Of talc, from 4.7 inches to 6.63 inchesdozen	6, 614	
Of tare, from 4.7 inches to 0.03 inches	4. 23	31 31
Of white metal, not plateddo	. 705	31
	. 705	3.
Rifle and gun nippleshundred Chocolate pots—	2. 07	31
Copper or brasspound	. 705	31
Tin or tinned irondo  Teething rings—	. 376	31
Bone, for babiesdozen	. 62	31
Silver, and other silver articlespennyweight	. 08	31
Small, for embossingeach  For silversmiths, with or without stand, up to 7 inches long,	24. 82	31
With plain troughs, with or without stands, for silversmiths,	70. 24	31
Or bowls for plain cylinders, for silversmithsdo	41. 40 13. 44	31 31
Steelpound.	. 282	31

<sup>\*</sup> Locks having a brass plate where the bolts enter will be rated the same as iron.

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere-
Clavos—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de zinckilo bruto	.13	31
de cobre, bronce y composición para buqueskilo bruto	- 57	31
con cabeza de broncekilo	. 50	31
de hierro, para herrarkilo bruto	. 25	31
de hierro batido y cortados, americanos100 kilos bruto de hierro de pata, de cabeza chata, de ó para remaches y los	7. 50	31
galvanizados	11.50	31
estañados, para remaches 100 kilos bruto	15. 50	31
6 puntas de Paris, de 2 centímetros para arriba. 100 kilos bruto para tapiceros y puntas de Paris, de menos de 2 centímetros,	6.00	31
	14.00	31
llamados romanos, ordinarios y regularesdocena	1.00	31
los mismos, finos	2, 00	31
en planchakilo	. 50	31
en galápagos ó lingoteskilo Cochecitos—	.40	20
de mimbre, con ó sin capota y con ó sin caballo de madera,		
uno	7.00	31
de madera, con ó sin capotauno Cocinas *	10, 00	31
económicas de hierro fundido, con ó sin útiles (incluso los la-		
drillos)kilo	. 15	31
las mismas, de hierro batidokilo Cola—	. 30	48
de cualquier clase, para carpintero100 kilos bruto oladores—	24. 00	31
de alambre para tédocena	. 60	31
de composición ó plata alemana para tédocena	2. 40	31
de hojalata y hierro batido y estafiado, para caldo y verdura,		
kilo	1.00	31
los mismos, de hierro esmaltadokilo Colchones—	1. 30	31
de cauchout, con aireuno	9.60	31
de hierro elásticosuno Coleros—	9. 60	48
de hierro para carpinteros, para hacer coladocena Columnas—	5.00	31
de hierro para construcciónkilo Collares—	. 06	31
de cobre ó bronce, para perroskilo	1.40	31
de cuero, lisosdocena	4.00	31
los mismos, con adornosdocena	8.00	31
de acero ó hierrodocena	2.40	31
de hierro ó mandariaskilo	. 14	31

<sup>\*</sup> Cuando los útiles de las cocinas sean de cobre, bronce ó esmaltado, se aforáran en sus clases respectivas.

URUGUAY.

. Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Nails—	<b> </b>	Per
Zinc, gross weightpound	Dollars.	cent.
Copper, brass, and composition, for ships, gross weightdo	.001	31
Brass headsdo		31
Iron, horse-shoe, gross weightdodo	. 235	31
Iron, beaten and pressed, American, gross weight100 pounds	. 117	31
Iron and the galvanized, flat-headed, clinching, gross weight,	3- 53	
Time de alienties a servicit.	7. 29	31
Tinned, clinching, gross weightdo	5. 405	31
Wire, from .78 inches up, gross weightdo	2. 82	31
Gimp and wire nails less than .78 inches, gross weightdo	6. 58	31
Picture, common and mediumdozen	1.03	31
Same, finedo	2. 07	31
Copper—		1
Sheetpound	. 235	31
In lumps or barsdo	. 188	20
Baby carriages—		1
Willow, with or without top and with or without hobby-horse.		1
each	7. 24	31
Wooden, with or without topdo Stoves*—	10. 34	31
Cooking, cast-iron, including bricks, with or without cooking		
utensilspound.	. 071	31
Cooking, wrought irondo	. 141	48
Glue-		
All kinds, for carpenters, gross weight	11. 28	31
Tea-strainers—		
Wiredozen	. 62	31
Composition or German silverdo	2. 482	31
Colanders—		
Tin and iron, sheet and tinned, for soup and vegetables,		
		31
Enameled irondo	.611	31
Rubber, aireach	0.00	
Bed springs—	9. 93	31
Elastic iron	0.00	-48
Gluepots—	9. 93	.40
Iron, for carpentersdozen	5. 17	27
Columns—	3.1/	31
Iron, for buildingpound	. 028	31
Dog collars—	.020	31
Copper or brass	. 658	31
Plain leatherdozen	4. 14	31
Leather, ornamenteddo	8. 27	31
Steel and irondo	2.482	31
Sledge hammers, iron, or maulspound	. 065	31
orougo nammers, non, or manispound	5	, 31

<sup>\*</sup> When the cooking utensils are of copper, brass, or granite they will be taxed under their respective

URUGUAY.

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALRE Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Articulos.	Avalto.	Dere- cho.
Compage		Por
Compaces—	Peses.	ciente
con ala, para tornerodocena	2.00	3
de bronce, para escritoriopar	. 80	3
de idem, y hierro, para carpintero docena.	1.60	3
de hierro, ordinarios, para idemdocena	. 80	3
de idem, con resorte, para idemdocena	2.00	3
ordinarios en cajas, para estudiodocena	6, 00	3
los mismos, regularesdocena	12.00	3
los idem, finosdocena	20, 00	3
Contrapesos—		
de plomo, para uso de buquekilo	. 15	¦ 3
de bronce con maquinaria	9.00	3
para lámparas de colgaruno	1,00	3
Copas—		_
de composición ó plata alemana, para frenoskilo	2,00	3
de platagramo	. 05	3
Corcho—	•	
en planchakilo	. 12	3
Correas—	•	, ,
de cuero para escopeta y para bañodocena	2. 40	4
de idem, ó algodón, para máquinas ó motoreskilo	1. 30	3
para máquinas de coserkilo	2.50	3
Cortafierroskilo	.40	3
Cortaplumas—	•	_
ordinarios, hasta 4 hojasdocena	, 80	3
los mismos, regularesdocena	2,00	3
los mismos, finosdocena	4.00	3
los mismos, de Rodgers y semejantesdocena	8.00	3
Crisoles—	0.50	,
de grafito, del número I al 10uno	. 80	3
los mismos, del número II al 50uno	1, 20	3
los mismos, del número 51 al 90uno	3.00	31
los mismos, del número 91 al 150uno	6.00	31
los mismos, del número 151 al 300uno	12.00	31
los mismos, para platerodocena		31
do harro nora idem	2. 40	
de barro, para idemdocena	1.00	31
Cruces—		
de hierro brufiidas, para balanzasdocena	4.00	31
las mismas, con ó sin doradodocena	8,00	31
de platagramo	. 05	31
para mesa, ordinarios, cabos clavados, de hueso, asta ó madera,		1
docena	. 75	31
los mismos, regularesdocena	I. 20	31
para mesa ordinarios y regulares, cabos embutidos de hueso.		1
asta 6 madera	1. 20	31
los mismos, finosdocena	2.00	3
para mesa, con cabo de hierrodocena	I. 20	3
para mesa, con cado de meno,		31
par idem, con cabo de metal Ferret y semejantesdocena para idem, clase general, con cabo marfildocena	2, 00 4, 00	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Compasses—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Wing, for turnersdozen	2. 07	31
Brass, for draftsmenpair.		-
	. 827	31
Brass and iron, carpentersdozen.	1. 654	31
Iron, carpenters, commondo	. 827	31
Iron, spring, carpentersdo	2. 07	31
Common, in cases, for studydo	6. 20	31
Same, medium	12. 41	31
Same, finedo	<b>2</b> 0. 68	31
Counterpoise—		
Lead, for shipspound	. 071	31
Brass, with machineryeach	9. 31	31
Or balance ball for hanging lampsdo	1.03	31
Bridle or bit bosses—	_	•
Composition or German silverpound	. 94	31
Silver pennyweight	. 68	31
Cork—		"
In sheetspound.	. 056	31
Straps—	.030	J-
Leather, for shotguns and bathing suitsdozen	2, 482	48
	2. 402	40
Bands or belting—	6	
Cotton, for machinery or motorspound.	. 611	31
For sewing machinesdo	1. 175	31
Cold chiselsdo	. 188	31
Penknives-	_	
Up to 4 blades, commondozen	. 527	31
Same, mediumdo	. 2.07	31
Same, finedo	<b>4.</b> I4	31
Same, Rodgers's steel and similardo	8. 27	31
Crucibles—		ľ
Graphite, from No. 1 to 10each	. 827	31
Same, from No. 11 to 50do	I. 24I	31
Same, from No. 51 to 90do	3. 10	31
Same, from No. 91 to 150do	6. 20	31
Same, from No. 151 to 300dodo	12.41	31
Same, for silversmithsdozen	2. 482	31
Clay, for silversmithsdo	1. 03	31
Crosses—		-
Burnished iron, for the upper part of a balancedo	4. 14	31
Same, with or without gildingdo	8. 27	31
Table cutlery *-	,	•
Silverpennyweight.	. 08	31
Common, bone, horn, or wooden handles, nailed ondozen.	.00	٦.
Common, bone, norn, or wooden names, named ondozen		31
Some medium	• 777	_
Same, mediumdododododo	1. 241	31
mented indozen	1. 241	31
Same, fine	2. 07	31
Iron handlesdodo	I. 24I	31
Ferret and similar handlesdo	2. 07	31
General class, ivory handlesdo	4. 14	31
*Table cutlery consists of a knife and fork. In each set where the fork is mis		

### SECCION TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA.— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Cubiertos#—Continua.	Pesos.	Por ciento.
los mismos, finosdocena	8.00	31
de marfil, para ensaladadocena	20.00	31
de boj, búfalo ó madera tallada, forma de tijera, para idem,	20.00	^ر ا
docenadocena	4.00	31
los mismos, sueltos	1.00	31
de 14 á 29 centímetros para albañil docena	. 3.00	31
las mismás, menores de 14 centímetros docena	2.00	31
para derretir plomodocena	1.60	31
de hierro, para sopa y caféhio bruto para sopa, las de composición, ordinarias, las de metal Ferret	. 26	31
y semejantes en calidaddocena	. 70	31
como las anteriores, para café docena	. 30	31
las de composición, regulares, y las de plata alemana, para sopa,		1
docena	1. 20	31
las mismas, para cafédocena	. 80	31
de composición, finas, para sopadocena	2.00	31
las mismas, para cafédocena	1. 20	31
para sopa, café y cucharones de plomo ó estañokilo	. 66	31
ordinarias, para sal ó mostazadocena	. 60	31
de madera, para salsagruesa	2. 40	31
de hierro estañadokilo bruto	. 24	31
de metal británico, sin platear y los de metal Ferretdocena	3.00	31
los mismos con cabo de maderadocena	2.00	31
de composición, ordinarios y nikeladosdocena	6.00	31
de idem, regulares y los de plata alemanadocena	8.00	31
pequeños para salsa (dos terceros partes del aforo en sus clases respectivas).		
Cuchillas—		i
para abrir cajas de conservadocena	1.00	31
con dos cabos para tonelerodocena	<b>3.</b> 00	31
chicas con tornillo, para picar tabacodocena	6, 00	31
grandes, para idemdocena	12.00	31
cabo de madera, hasta 26 centimetrosdocena	2.00	31
las mismas reforzadas	4.00	31
cabo de madera, mayores de 26 centímetrosdocena	5.00	J 31
cabo de hueso ó asta, hasta 26 centímetrosdocena	3.00	31
las mismas, mayoresdocena Cuchillos —	6,00	31
cabo de madera embutidos, hasta 25 centímetrosdocena	2, 00	31
los mismos con cabo de hueso ó astadocena	4.00	31
cabo de marfil, mayores de 15 centímetros, inclusivedocena	8.00	31
los mismos, menores de 15 centímetros	5. 00	31
trosdocenal	1.40	31

<sup>\*</sup> Los cubiertos son compuestos solamente de tenedor y cuchillo. Todas estas clases sin tenedor so por ciento menos. Todas estas clases para postre, 30 por ciento menos. † Todos los cuchillos son sin vaina, salvo donde se expresa.

THIRD SECTION.—HARDWARE AND STATIONERY, SHIP CHANDLERY AND JEWELRY—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Table cutlery*—Continued.  Ivory handles, fine	Dollars. 8, 87	Per cent.
		31
Salad, ivory handlesdo	20. 68	31
Scissors-shape, box-wood, horn or wood, carveddo	4. 14	31
Of horn or wood, carveddo	1. 03	31
From 5.46 to 11.31 inches do	3. 10	31
Less than 5.46 inchesdodo	2. 07	31
Ladles—		
For melting leaddo	1. 654	31
Spoons— Iron, soup and coffee, gross weightpound Soup, ordinary composition, Ferret metal and the like in quality,	. 122	31
dozen.	. 724	31
Soup, composition, Ferret and other similar metals, ordinary,	. , - 4	
Soup, composition, medium, and those of German silver,	. 31	31
dozen	I. 241	31
Coffee, composition and German silver, mediumdo	. 827	31
Soup, composition, finedo	2. 07	31
Coffee, composition, finedo	1. 241	31
Soup, coffee, and ladles of lead or tinpound	. 31	31
Salt and mustard, ordinarydozen	. 62	31
Sauce, woodengross  Ladles—	2. 482	31
Tinned iron, gross weightpound	. 112	31
Britannia and Ferret metal, unplateddozen	3. 10	31
Same, wooden handlesdo	2. 07	31
Composition, ordinary, and nickel-plateddo	6. 20	31
Composition, nickel-plated, and German silver, medium.do  Small, for sauce (two-thirds of appraisement in the respective classes).	8. 27	31
Can-openersdo	1.03	31
Drawing-knives-		i
Double handles, for coopersdodo	3. 10	31
Small, with screw, for cutting tobaccodo	6. 20	31
Same, largedodododo	12. 41	31
Same, reënforceddodo	4. 14 2. 07	31
Wooden handles, over 10.14 inches	5. 17	31
Bone or horn handles, up to 10.14 inchesdo	3. 10	31
Same, larger	6. 20	31
In wooden handles, clasp, up to 9.75 inchesdo	2. 07	31
Bone or horn handles, clasp, up to 9.75 inchesdo	4. 14	31
Ivory handles, over 5.85 inches, inclusivedo	8. 27	31
Same, under 5.85 inchesdo	5. 17	31
With handles of wood, bone, or horn, nailed on, up to 9.75		i I -
inchesdozen	1.48	31
*Table cutlery consists of a knife and fork. In each set where the fork is miss Dessert sets 30 per cent off.	sing, 30 per	cent of.

#### SECCION TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.		
	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
		Por
Cuchillos#—Continua.	Peses.	ciente.
con cabo y vaina de composicióndocena	15.00	31
otros cabos	Vista.	31
Cuerdas		
de alambre, en carreteles	. <b>6</b> 0	31
Cunas—		
de hierro, pintadas, lisasuna	4. 80	48
de idem, bronceadas ó doradasuna	g. 60	48
Dagas—		!
de cualquier clase con ó sin vainadocena	18.00	51
Descantilladores—		l
de hierro, para carpinterokilo	3.00	31
Desgranadores	Libre.	
Despabiladeras—		
de hierro, ó acerodocena	_ <b>. 8</b> o	31
de composición con ó sin bandejadocena	<b>8. o</b> o	31
de metal amarillo, con ó sin idemkilo	. I. 10	31
Despertadores-		l
sin reloj, clase comúnuno	2, 00	31
Destornilladores—		1
de 9 hasta 28 centimetrosdocena	r. 80	31
chicos, para máquinas de coserdocena	. 60	31
para escopetasdocena	I, 20	31
Diamantes—		
para cortar vidrios	<b>2.</b> 40	31
ó cortadores para vidrios, de acero ú otras clases que difieran		
del diamante verdaderodocena	3.00	31
Ejes-		
de hierro en general, con ó sin buje y con y sin tazauno	7.00	31
Encerados—		
con ó sin alquitránkilo	. 36	31
41111111111		ł
de alambre de hierro galvanizado, para claraboyas y gallineros,		۱
Escaleras— kilo bruto	. 20	31
de tijera, armadaspor escalón		48
	. 50	48
las mismas, desarmadaspor escalón Escardillos—	. 30	40
para carpirkilo bruto		Libre.
Escobas—	. 25	Livie.
de pajadocena	3, 00	48
de brugo ó palma, con ó sin cabodocena	.60	48
Escobones—		40
de hierrokilo bruto	. 10	31
Escopetas—	. 10	٠,
de pistón, de un cañonuna	3.00	51
las mismas, de dos cañonesuna	5.00	51
de un cañón, de otro sistemauna	8. oo	51
las mismas, de dos cañonesuna.		51
	14.00 Vista.	51
Escuadras—	v ibld.	3*
a/00 uuu uu uu = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	1.00	31
todas de madera, para carnintero docena		
todas de madera, para carpinterodocena		•
todas de madera, para carpinterodocena falsas, para idemdocena de hierro con madera, para idemdocena	1.80	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Knives*—Continued.	Dollars.	cent.
With handles and sheaths of compositiondozen		31
With other handles	Sight.	31
Chords or strings—	i -	i
Wire, on spoolshundred	. 62	31
Cradles—		_
Iron, painted, plaineach	4. 97	31
Iron, bronzed or gildeddo	9. 93	4
Daggers-	7.75	1
All kinds, with or without sheathsdozen	18.61	5
Gauges—	10.01	۱ ع.
Iron, for carpenterspound.	1.41	
Husking mills		31
	FIEE.	
Snuffers—		i
Iron or steel		31
Composition, with or without traydozen.		31
Brass, with or without traypound.	. 517	3
Alarm bells—	ŀ	i
Without clock, ordinaryeach	2.07	31
Screwdrivers—	1	-
From 3.51 to 10.92 inchesdozen	1.861	31
Small, for sewing machinesdo		31
For shotgunsdo		31
Diamonds—		J.
For cutting glasseach	2, 482	31
Or glass-cutters, steel and others, not real diamonddozen.	3. 10	31
Axles—		
Iron in general, with or without box and bowleach  Oil cloth or tarpaulin—	1 ' '	31
With or without tar pound.	. 169	: 31
Wire netting—	1	1
Galvanized for window screens and chicken coops, gross	1	1
weightdo	. 094	31
Stepladders-		"
Folding, set upeach step.	. 517	48
Folding, knocked downdo		48
Weed hooks, gross weightpound.		Free
Wood nooks, Bross wordan	1	1.00
Brooms-	1	1
Corndozen.	3. 10	48
Palm or brugo, with or without handlesdo	3. 10	
Faim of Drugo, with or without nanules	.02	4
Mop irons, gross weightpound.	.047	3
CL	1	1
Shotguns—	l	ļ
Muzzle loading, single barreledeach.		3
Same, double barreleddo		3
Other system, single barreleddo	8. 27	31
Same, double barreleddo	14.48	31
Fine, in cases, with or without attachments	Sight.	3
Squares—	1	1
Carpenters' woodendozen.	1.03	3
Imitation, for carpentersdo		3
Iron and wood, for carpentersdo	3. 10	3
fron and wood, for carpenters		

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPRIERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA.—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaltio.	Dere- cho.
Escupideras— de hierro batido, estañado ó pintadokilo bruto	Pesos. . 40	Por ciente. 3I
de metal británico, sin plateardocena	12.00	31
las mismas, plateadasdocena	18.00	31
Esfuminos—		
de papel, surtidosgruesa	1.00	31
de cuerogruesa	3.00	31
de acero ó hierro gruesa		
Esmeril—	2. 50	31
tierra para pulir hierro ó acerokilo	. 28	4.
Espátulas—	. 20	31
para vidriero ó pintordocena	1.80	31
Especifico—	1. 50	31
de cualquier sistema para curar ovejaskilo bruto	. 30	Libre.
Espejos—		21010.
con marco de madera, dorado ó pintado, ó con papel, con lunas		
ordinarias, de 15 á 24 centímetros de alto la lunadocena	I. 20	31
los mismos de 25 á 35 centímetros de alto la lunadocena	3, 60	31
con marco ovalado, de madera dorada ó pintada, de 20 á 35 cen-	<b>J</b>	J-
timetros de alto la lunadocena	4. 80	31
con paisajes sobre la luna, de 25 á 35 centímetros de alto la	•	J-
lunadocena	12.00	31
redondos de hojalata, zinc ó madera para bolsillodocena	. 30	31
en cajitas de cartón ordinariosdocena	1. 20	31
otras clases	Vista.	31
Espeques—		
de maderakilo	I. 20	31
Esponjas—		
ordinarias, prensadaskilo	1.00	31
lavadas, en general, con 6 sin arenakilo	5.00	31
chicas, regulares y finaskilo	35. ∞	31
Espuelas—		
y espolines de composicion ó nikeladoskilo	2, 20	31
de hierro estañadokilo	- 45	31
de hierro sin estañar, en generalkilo de acerokilo	. 90	31
Espuertas—	1. 50	31
de esparto surtidasdocena	50	31
Estaño—	. 50	J 3*
ó soldadurakilo bruto	. 48	20
Estearina—	. 40	_~
en panés*kilo bruto	. 17	1
Estera—	,	
de esparto, pieza de 34 á 43 metrospieza	6,00	31
de cordelillo, hasta 43 metros la piezapieza	8.00	31
de coco, hasta 65 centímetros de anchometro	. 35	31
de la india, blanca ó de colores, hasta 1 metro y 30 centímetros		
de anchometro	. 18	31
ó persianas para ventanas ó puertasdocena		

<sup>\*</sup> Derecho específico, 5 centésimos.

#### URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Spittoons—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Sheet iron, tinned or painted, gross weightpound		31
Britannia ware, not plateddozen		31
Britannia ware, plateddo		31
Artists' stumps—		
Paper, assortedgross		31
Leatherdo	3. 10	31
Steel or iron steels, for smokersdodo	2. 585	31
Emery powder for polishing iron or steelpound.	. 131	31
Spatulas for glaziers or paintersdozen.	1.861	31
Specifics, all kinds, for treating sheeppound Looking glasses—	. 141	Free.
Framed in wood, painted, or gilded, or paper covered, common		
lights, from 5.85 to 9.36 inches height of lightdozen		31
Same, 9.36 to 13.65 inches highdo	3. 722	31
Oval, wooden frames, gilded or painted mirror, measuring from	' .	
7.80 to 13.65 inchesdozen	4.967	31
With views above the lights, light measuring from 9.75 to 13.65		1
inchesdozen		31
Pocket, round, in tin, zinc, or wooden framedo In pasteboard boxes, ordinarydo	. 31	31
Other kinds	Sight.	31
Handspikes—	Signt.	^د ا
Woodenpound	. 564	31
Sponges-	13.4	
Presseddodo	. 47	31
Washed, in general, with or without sanddo	2. 35	31
Small, medium and finedodo	16. 45	31
Spurs—	7 004	
Composition or nickel-plated		31 31
Iron, not tinned, in generaldodo	.423	31
Steeldo		31
Panniers—	' '	3.
Spanish grass, assorteddozen.	.517	31
Tin or solder, gross weightpound	l	20
Cakes, gross weight *do	<b>• 07</b> 9	
Straw, in pieces of from 37.18 to 47 yardspiece.	6. 20	31
Rope, in pieces of 47 yardsdo	8. 27	, 31
Cocoa, up to 25.35 inches wideyard.	. 33	31
East India, white or colored, up to 1.42 yards wide yard.		
A . 1 . 1 . 4 . 1	. 17	31
Or shades for doors and windowsdozen.	, 18. 61	ا 31

### sección tercera.—Ferretería, papelería, artículos navales y joyería— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalú.	Dere- cho.
Estopa-	Peses.	Por ciento.
alquitranadakilo bruto	. 12	31
de cocokilo bruto	. 14	31
Estribos— kilo bruto	. 15	31
de composición ó nikeladoskilo .	1.40	31
de hierrokilo de idem, pulidos ó de acero, bronce y los para sillas de mujer,	. 30	31
Estuches— kilo	2.00	31
inferiores, con utiles para arreglar dientesdocena	3. 20	31
los mismos, mejores	Vista.	31
de madera, para pitos	. 80	31
de hierro fundido, incluso los ladrilloskilo bruto Exprimidores—	.20	31
para limóndocena	4.00	31
para máquinas de lavaruno Facones—	5.00	31
de cabo de madera, asta ó hueso y vaina de sueladocena	10.00	51
idem de composición y vaina de suela, con ó sin adornos,		1
docena	18.00	51
cabo y vaina de composición	36.00	51
de hierro, con guarniciones de idemuna	. 50	31
de idem bronceadas, con guarniciones de idemuna de idem, idem 6 sin broncear, con idem nikeladasuna		31
de idem nikeladas, con guarniciones idemuna		31
las que vengan plateadas 30 por ciento de aumento en sus clases respectivas	1	31
Faroles—		31
de talco comunesdocena	6.00	31
de vidrio de aumentodocena		31
de globo, pintados, para buquedocena	10.80	31
de idem de bronceuna	1.80	31
pintados, para señaluna		31
de bronce y vidrio de coloruna		31
ordinarios, sin ningún plateado, para carruajepar plateados, bronceados ó nikelados en parte, ordinarios y regu-	1	31
lares, para carruajepar	5.00	31
los mismos, finospar	12.00	31
de papel	i	31
de tela de alambre de hierrodocena Fieltro—	1	48
para techokilo bruto	)	31
de hierrokilo bruto		31
suelta	. 13	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Oakum—		Per
Tarred, gross weightpound	Dollars.	cent.
		31
Coir, gross weightdo  Tarpaulin nails, gross weightdo		31
Stirrups—	.07	31
Composition or nickel-plateddo	.658	31
Irondo		31
Iron, polished, or steel, brass, etc., for ladies' saddlesdo	∙94	31
Cases—		
Common, with dental instrumentsdozen		31
Same, better qualitydozendozen	Sight.	31
Stoves—	. 827	31
Cast iron, including the fire bricks, gross weightpound	.094	31
Lemon-squeezersdozen	4. 14	31
Wringers—		
Clotheseach	5. 17	31
Handles of wood, horn, or bone, leather sheath or sheaths,		
Composition, sheath of leather, with or without ornamentation,	10. 34	51
	18.61	51
Composition handle and sheath	37. 224	51
Iron, ornamentedeach	.517	31
Iron, bronzed, ornamenteddo	. 931	31
Iron, bronzed or not, with nickel-plated trimmingsdo	1.654	31
Iron, nickel-plated, ornamenteddo	2. 585	31
Plated, 30 per cent additional in their respective classes		31
Lanterns-		
Common mica	6. 20	31
With magnifying glassdo	9.93	31
Globe, painted, for shipsdo	11. 167	31
Globe, bronzeeach	1.861	31
Painted, for signalsdo	3. 10	31
Bronze and colored glassdo		31
Carriage, not platedpair Carriage, plated, bronzed, or partly nickel-plated, ordinary and	1. 551	31
standard	5. 17	31
Same, fine qualitydo	12.41	31
Paperhundred	1.03	31
Patniers— Of iron wire, for shipping meatdozen	-	48
Felt—		40
Roofing, gross weightpound	. 047	31
Hinges— Iron, gross weightdodo	. 108	31
Rone varn—	1	
Loose, gross weightdo	. 061	31

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA—Continúa.

Articulos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Filtros—	Pesos.	Por
de barro, con canilla, hasta cuatro litrosuno	2.00	31
los mismos, de 7 á 16 idemuno	3, 00	31
los idem, de 19 á 35 idemuno.	5.00	31
los mismos, de 36 á 46uno.	8.00	31
de piedrauno	1.00	, -
de idem, con armazón y recipiente	4.00	31
Fisgas—	4.00	31
	8. 00	
surtidas, para pescar		31
Flejes 100 kilos bruto	4. 50	20
Floretes—		
con cabo docena	6.00	51
sin idem	3.00	51
Formas—	_	İ
de madera, para cigarros de hojauna	. 60	31
Formones—		
con cabodocena	2.40	31
sin idemdocena	1.60	31
Fraguas-		
portátilesuna	20.00	31
Frenos—		_
de hierro, ordinarios, de cuatro á seis argollaskilo	. 25	31
de idem, otras clases, con ó sin adornoskilo	, <b>6</b> 0	31
de idem, nikeladoskilo	1.00	31
de composición, en generalkilo	2.00	31
, •		
bocados de hierro, negros y estañadoskilo	. 25	31
idem, de idem, limados y pulidoskilo	. 50	31
idem nikeladoskilo	1, 20	31
bocados de composiciónkilo	2.00	31
Fuelles—	2.00	] ]-
finos, de manodocena	7. 20	31
ordinarios, de idemdocena	-	31
hasta 48 centímetros, para fraguauno	2, 40 8, 00	
idem, 72 idem los mismosuno	12.00	31
los mismos, mayoresuno	16.00	31
de hierro á doble vientouno	25.00	31
vomi-fuegodocena	4.00	31
vivet, y semejantes, para carnicerouno	4.00	31
Fuentes-	_	l
hierro estañadokilo bruto	. 38	31
de hojalatakilo bruto	. 38	48
Fusiles—		ł
de cualquier sistemauno	10.00	51
Ganchitos—		
de bronce, con rosca de broñce ó hierrokilo	I. 20	31
Ganchos—		
de hierro, para motoneskilo	. I2	31
Garruchas—		1
de maderadocena	. 35	31
Gasolina	<b>6</b> . 50	31
Gatillos—	3-	
para fusiles, escopetas ó pistolasdocena	I. 20	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Filters—		Per
	Dollars.	ent.
Clay, with spiggot, holding I galloneach	2.07	31
Clay, with spiggot, of 134 to 4 liters capacitydo	3. 10	31
Same, 4¾ to 8¾ capacitydo	5. 17	31
Same, 9 to 11½ capacitydo	8. 27	31
Stonedodododo	1.03	31
Stone, with stand and water jardo	4. 14	31
Harpoons, assorteddozen	8. 27	31
Hoops, gross weight100 pounds Foils—	2. 115	20
With handlesdozen	6. 20	51
Without handlesdo	3. 10	51
Cigar moldseach	. 62	31
With handlesdozen	2, 482	31
Without handlesdo	1.654	31
Forges— Portableeach	20, 68	31
Bridles-	20, 00	3-
Iron, common, of from 4 to 6 ringspound	. 117	31
Iron, other qualities, with or without ornamentdo	. 282	31
Iron, nickel-plateddo	- 47	31
Composition, in generaldo  Bridle bits—	• 94	31
Iron, black and tinneddo	. 117	31
Iron, burnisheddo	. 235	30
Nickel-plateddo	. 564	31
Compositiondo	.94	31
Bellows—	• 94	3-
Hand, finedozen	7. 447	31
Hand, commondo	2, 482	31
Forge, up to 18.72 incheseach	8. 27	31
Forge, up to 28.08 inchesdo	12.41	31
Forge, large sizedo	16. 54	31
Iron, double blastdo	25. 85	31
"Vomi-fuego"dozen	4. 14	31
Butchers and similardo	4. 14	31
Pountains—	44	3.
Iron, tinned, gross weightpound	. 178	31
Tin, gross weightdo	. 178	48
Guns—	,	40
All kinds, for troopseach Hooks—	10. 34	51
Brass, with thread of brass or ironpound	. 564	31
Iron, for blocksdo	. 056	31
Woodendozen	. 361	31
Gasolinegallon	. 26	31
Triggers, for guns, shotguns, or pistolsdozen		31

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTICULÓS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Gatos—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de hierrouno	6. 00	31
de madera, para estivadoresuno	12.00	31
Globos— de metal, para lámparasdocena	4. 80	
geográficos	Vista.	31
en panecitos, para borrar tintakilo	1.40	31
la misma, con bandera y las bandas elásticaskilo	3.00	31
en solución, con ó sin pincel, en frasco hasta 125 gramos,		
los mismos, mayores, hasta 250 gramosdocena	.90	31
los idem mayores, en proporcióndocena	1.80	31 31
en cuerda, con telakilo	.60	31
en planchas y sus semejantes, para máquinaskilo		31
lacakilo  Graduadores—	- 55	31
para licores	2.00	31
ordinarios y regularesdocena	2,00	
finos	3.60	31 31
Grampas	3.00	3.
de hierro, para cerco	10. 50	31
de idem, para tapicerokilo	. 15	31
para cerraduras	. 40	31
Granatesgramo	.09	6
para anclay cadena100 kilos bruto	11.40	97
de tornillo ó de eslabón	19.00	31
Guadañas—	19.00	J.
sin cabokilo bruto Guarda-cabos—	. 50	Libre.
de hierro negro y galvanizado100 kilos bruto	17.00	31
de broncekilo	1.00	31
de maderadocena	2.00	31
Guarda-fuego—		
de bronce, para estufade hierro con bronce, para idemuno	20,00	31
de idem finos, para idemuno	10.00 5.00	31
de idem ordinarios, para idemuno	2.00	31
Guias—		J-
de pólvora, para barrenokilo bruto Hachas—	. 87	31
con cabo, americanas y sus imitaciones para montaráz, docena	11.00	31
las mismas, sin cabodocena	9.00	31
con cabo de manodocenaitalianas y sus imitaciones, y las de labrar, inglesas, azuladas	4.00	31
6 pintadas, sin cabodocena	4.00	31
vizcainas y sus imitaciones, sin idemdocena	6.00	

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Jack screws-	Dollars.	Per
Ironeach.	6. 20	cent.
Wood, for wool-packersdo	0. 20	31
Globes—	12.41	31
	١.	į
Metal, for lamps	4. 967	31
Geographical	Sight.	6
Small, for inkpound	.658	31
Ink, with wooden bands; also elastic bandsdozen	1.41	31
Gum—	1	
In solution, with or without a brush, in bottles containing up to		
4 ouncesdozen	. 93	31
Same, up to 8 ouncesdo	· <b>1.</b> 861	31
Same, larger bottlesin proportion Rubber—		31
Bands or ribbon, with clothpound	. 282	31
Sheets, for machinerydo	.611	31
Gum lacdo		
	.250	31
Spirit gaugesdozendozen	2. 07	31
Commondo	2.07	31
Finedodo	3. 722	31
Iron, for fences, gross weight100 pounds	4. 935	31
Same, for upholstererskilo	. 67	31
Staples—	1	<b>J</b> -
For locksdozen	. 414	31
Garnetspennyweight	. 144	6
Shackles-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
For anchors and chains, gross weight100 pounds		
	5. 358	31
Screw or link, gross weightdo	8. 93	31
Scythes— Without handlespound	. 235	Free.
Handle guards—		1
Iron, black and galvanized, gross weight100 pounds	7.99	31
Same, bronzepound	.47	31
Same, woodendozen	2.07	31
Fire screens or fenders—	2.0,	٦.
Brass, for stoveseach	20, 68	31
Iron and brassdo	10. 34	
		31
Same, finedo	5. 17	31
Same, ordinarydo	2.07	31
Fuse— For blasting, gross weightpound	. 408	31
Axes—		
American and imitations, with handles, for woodsmen.dozen	11. 37	31
Same, without handlesdo	9. 31	31
Same, with handles, shortdo	4. 14	31 31
Italian and imitations, and hatchets, English, blue or painted,		
without handlesdozen	4. 14	31
Biscayan and imitations, without handlesdo	6.20	31

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—PERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Hachuelas—		Per
sin cabo, para albañildocena	Pesos.	ciento.
Harineros—	4.00	31
ó pimenteros, de hoja de latadocena	1.00	
ó idem, de hierro estañadodocena	1.60	31
6 idem, de idem esmaltadodocena	2.40	31
Herraduraskilo bruto	. 20	31
Hierro—	. 20	J.*
en lingotes	1.50	20
en barras, sin labrar, los tirantes y rieleskilo	.045	4.00
el mismo galvanizado100 kilos brutc	6. 50	
en planchas, sin labrarkilo	. 055	
el mismo, galvanizadokilo	.08	(tí
en planchas, galvanizadas para techokilo	. 07	, ( <del>l)</del>
en planchas, caladas	20.00	
limadura100 kilos	20,00	31
Hierros—		<b>J</b> -
para calafatedocena	2,00	31
sencillos, para cepillosdocena	7.50	27
dobles, para idemdocena	I. 50 3. 00	31
para molduras ó guillamesdocena	1.00	31 31
•	1.00	31
para plegar ó encanutardocena	.50	31
para peluquerosdocena	4.00	31
Hileras-		
para platerosdocena agujeros Hilo—	. 30	· 3I
acarreto desflocado, para envellonarkilo bruto.	. 18	<b>' 3</b> I
de cáfiamo, grueso, para atar resortes y el inglés para coser		1
bolsaskilo bruto	. 26	31
acarreto, torcido, color naturalkilo bruto	. 37	31
idem, idem, otros coloreskilo bruto	. 50	31
especial, para máquinas segadoraskilo bruto	. 32	Libre.
blanco, de algodón, para coser velaskilo bruto	. 90	31
Hoceskilo bruto	. 50	Libre.
Hojalata100 kilos bruto	10.00	20
en piezas trabajadas, sin armar100 kilos bruto	30.00	31
para cuchillos de mesadocena	1, 20	31
para cerruchos de calardocena	I, 20	31
para pufial ó cuchillo, hasta 25 centímetrosdocena	3.00	51
las mismas, mayoresdocena	5.00	51
para estoques, espadas ó sablesdocena	12,00	51
Hormas—		]
de cobre para fideleroskilo	1. 10	31
Hornillas—		1
de hierro fundido, con 6 sin regilla100 kilos bruto Horquillas—	8.00	31
de idem, con cabo, para pastodocena	5,00	T ibra

<sup>\*</sup>Derecho específico z centésimo. †Derecho específico z,5 centésimos.

· Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Stone axes—	Dollars.	cent.
Masons', without handlesdozen	4. I4	31
Boxes—		
Tin, for flour or pepperdodo	I. 03 I. 654	31
Same, enameleddodo	2. 482	31
Horseshoes, gross weightpound.	•	
Iron—	. 094	31
Pig. gross weight	. 705	20
Bar, unwrought, rails, etc.*pound.	. 021	l
Bar, galvanized, gross weight100 pounds	3. 055	24
Sheet, unwrought *pound	.025	1 .
Sheet, galvanized †	.025	
Sheet, galvanized, for roofing \(\frac{1}{2}\)	.037	
Sheet, perforated		20
Filingsdodo	9. 40 9. 40	31
Irons—	9.40	34
For calkingdozen	2. 07	31
Chisels—	2.07	J.
Single, for planesdo	1. 551	31
Double, for planesdo	3. 10	31
For molding or rabbet planesdo	1.03	31
Irons—	1.03	3.
For pleating or flutingdo	. 517	31
Curling tongsdo	4. I4	31
Wire draw plates—	40.74	3-
For silversmithsdozen holes	. 31	31
Thread or twine—		٦.
Pack, raveled, for fringe, gross weightpound	. 084	31
Hempen, coarse, for tying packages, and the English, for sew-	1004	, ,-
ing bags, gross weightpound	. 122	31
Pack, twisted, natural color, gross weightdo	. 173	31
Same, other colors, gross weightdo	. 235	31
Special, for reaping machines, gross weightdo	.115	Free.
White cotton, for sewing sails, gross weightdo		31
Sickles, gross weightdo		Free.
Tin plate, gross weight	4.70	20
In pieces, worked, but not set up, gross weightdo	14. 10	31
Blades—		
For table knivesdozen	1. 241	31
For hand sawsdodo	1. 241	31
For daggers or knives, up to 9.75 inchesdo	3. 10	51
Same, over 9.75 inchesdo	5. 17	51
For tucks, swords, or sabersdo	12.41	51
Molds-		1
Copper, for making pastrypound	.517	31
Furnace—		!
Cast iron, with or without registers, gross weight 100 pounds	3. 76	31
Rakes-	1	1 .
Iron, with handles, for haydozen	5. 17	Free.
* Specific duty, .4 cents,		

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Hueveras— de composición, con 6 copasdocena	Pesos.	Por ciento.
Hule—	30. <b>0</b> 0	31
para pisometro cuadrado Inodoros—	<b>. 6</b> 0	31
de hierro fundido, para patios y letrinaskilo bruto	. 20	31
los mismos, para idem, con válvulakilo bruto	. 25	31
de lozakilo bruto	. 50	31
Jarras— de hojalata, ó chapa de hierro, pintadas, lisas, para lavatorio,		İ
docena.	4. 50	31
de hierro, estañadas, para idemkilo bruto	. 45	31
de barro, doradas, ordinariasdocena  Jaulas—	2. 00	31
de cualquier clase, para pájarosdocena  Juegos—	12.00	48
compuestos de tres piezas, de hierro, ordinarios para chimeneas,		
juego	. 80	31
los mismos, de broncejuego	2.40	31
de hojalata ó chapa de hierro, compuestos de baño, jarra y		1
balde, para lavatorio (toilet)*juego	3. 60	31
los mismos, esmaltadosjuego	6.00	31
piezas solas, para estas dos clases de juegos (en proporción al juego).		
para dormitorio, de porcelana ó loza, compuestos de jarra, baño		ł
y baldeuno	6.00	31
para idem, piezas solas para esta clase de juegosuna	2.00	31
Junco-		1
de la Indiakilo	.60	31
cortado, para sillaskilo	.80	Libre.
para hacer esterillas		Libie.
en panes, para botellaskilo	. 15	31
para cartas, en barraskilo.	1.00	31
Ladrillo-		, ,,
para limpiar cubiertosdocena	. 40	31
Lámparas—		
para petróleo ó aceite	Vista.	i
Lamparillas—		
de corcho ó madera en cajitasgruesa cajitas  Lanillas—	1.50	31
lisas, para banderasmetro de ancho	or	27
Lápices—	• 35	31
para carpinterosgruesa.	2, 00	31
de cualquier clase, para papelgruesa	1.00	31
con goma en una de sus extremidades para papelesgruesa	2.00	31
de tiza, para pizarrasgruesa	. 20	31
para pizarramillar	. 50	31
amarillo, en hoja 6 en planchakilo bruto	. 36	31

URUGUAY.

Articles,	Valuation.	Duty.
Egg-boilers—		Per
	Dollars.	cent.
Composition, 6 cupsdozen	31. 02	31
For floorssquare yard	0	
Sinks—	.518	31
Cast iron, inodorous, for yards and privies, gross weight. pound	. 094	31
Same, with valve, gross weightdo	.117	31
Same, porcelain, gross weightdo		31
Pitchers—	1-33	J-
Tin or iron, veneer, painted, plain, for washstandsdozen	4. 657	31
Iron, tinned, for washstands, gross weightpound	. 211	31
Earthenware, gilt, commondozen	2.07	31
Bird cages—		-
All kindsdo	12. 41	48
Fireplace sets—		
Iron, ordinary, three piecesset	. 827	31
Same, bronzedo	2, 482	31
Toilet sets*—	2.402	] -
Tin or iron, veneer, composed of pitcher, basin, and slop jar,		
set	3. 722	31
Same as above, enameleddo	6. 20	31
Odd pieces for two preceding sets, in proportion	<b></b>	
China or earthenware, composed of pitcher, basin, and slop		
jarset		31
Odd pieces for preceding setseach		31
Bamboo, Indianpound.	. 282	31
Split, for chairsdo	. 376	31
For making mats	 	Free.
Sealing wax—		
In cakes, for sealing bottlespound	. 075	31
In sticks, for lettersdo		31
Bath_brick—		ļ
For cleaning steeldozen	. 414	31
Lamps— For kerosene or oil	Simbe	
Tapers—	Sight.	31
Cork or wood, in boxesgross boxes	1.551	31
Bunting, plain, for flagswidth, yard	• 33	31
Pencils—		-
Carpenters'gross  Lead, all kindsdo	2.07	31 31
Lead, with rubber on the enddodo	1.03 2.07	31
Chalk, for blackboardsdodo	2.07	31
Slatethousand.	.517	31
Brass-		]
	. 160	31
Sheetpound *Tin toilet sets, 48 per cent.	. 109	34

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA.—Continúa.

Artículos.		Dere- cho.
Lecheras—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de metal británico, sin plateardocena	6.00	31
las mismas, plateadasdocena	to. 00	31
de loza, de cualquier forma, sin tapadocena	2. 50	31
las mismas, con tapadocena Licoreras—	5.00	31
en cajasuna	12,00	31
Limaskilo bruto	. 30	31
con vidrio de aumento y las para serenodocena	8,00	31
de hojalata, comunesdocena	3, 00	31
para buquesdocena  Logs—	20,00	31
de patente, para medir el camino de los vaporesuno Loza—	15.00	31
blanca y pintada, ordinaria, escala número 1	<b></b>	31
estampa ó piedra, blanca, escala número 2decorada, decorada y dorada, dorada sola, clase regular, y la		
de piedra imitación mármol, escala número 3		31

### SECCIÓN TERCERA—LOZA.

A. W. A	Escalas.		Escalas.	
Artículos.	1.	2.	8.	
Azucareras y mantequerasdocena	<b>\$</b> 1.40	\$2.00	\$3.00	
Cepillerasdocena Ensaladeras y salserasdocena	1.60 1.80	2. 40 2. 80	4.00 4.00	
Escupideras sin tapadocena	2.00	3. 40	5. 20	
Escupideras con tapadocena	<b>3.6</b> 0	6.00	9.00	
Escupideras chatasdocena	4.00	6.00	9.00	
Fruteras y compoterasdocena	2.00	3.00	4. 80	
Fuentes sin tapadocena	2.00	3. 60		
Fuentes con tapadocena	2.80	4. 80	8. 50	
Hueveras y cremerasdocena	. 40	. 50	. 60	
Jabonerasdocena	1.40	2, 00	3.00	
Jarras para lavatoriodocena	2.80	4. 40	6. 50	
Jarros llamados tanquesdocena Loza en canastos surtidos, próximamente como la planilla	. 80	I. 20	2.00	
número Idocena	. 64			
Loza en canastos surtidos, próximamente como la planilla				
número 2docena		I. 35	2. 15	
Macetaspar			1. 20	
Mostacerasdocena	. 60		2.00	
Palanganasdocena		4.00	6.00	
Paliterosdocena	· · · · · · · ·	1.50	2,00	

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.	
Milk pitchers—		Per	
	Dollars.	cent.	
Britannia ware, not plateddozen	6. 20	31	
Same, plateddo	10. 34	31	
China, all kinds, without coversdo	2. 585	31	
Same, with coversdo	5. 17	31	
Liquor cases, in boxeseach	12. 41	31	
Files, gross weightpound	. 141	31	
Magnifying glass and watchmen'sdozen	8. 27	31	
Tin, common	3. 10	31	
Shipdodo	20. 68	31	
Ships' logs, patenteach	15. 51	31	
White and colored, scale No. 1		31	
Figured or white stone, scale No. 2	<b></b> .	31	
Decorated, decorated and gilded, gilded only, medium quality, and stone china, imitation of marble, scale 3		31	

#### THIRD SECTION.—CHINAWARE.

Articles.	Scales. 2.		
Arucies,		2.	8.
Sugar bowls and butter dishes dozen	1. 448	2. 07	3. 10
Toothbrush mugsdo	1.654	2. 482	4. 14
Salad dishes and gravy boatsdo	1. 861	2. 895	4. 14
Without coversdo	2.07	3. 516	5. 37
With coversdo	3. 722	6. 20	9. 31
Flatdo	4. 14	6. 20	9. 31
Fruit and preserve dishesdo	2.07	3. 10	4. 967
Without coversdo	2. 07	3, 722	6. 614
With coversdo	2. 897	4.967	8. 787
Egg cups and cream pitchersdo	. 414	.517	. 62
Soap dishesdo	1. 448	2.07	3. 10
Toiletdo	2. 897	4-55	6. 717
Known as tanquesdo	. 827	1. 241	2. 07
Crockery— In baskets, assorted according to table 1do	. 66		
,	. ••		
In baskets, assorted as per tables 2 and 3do		1.30	2, 225
Flowerpotspair.			1. 241
Mustard potsdozen		. 827	2. 07
Wash-basinsdo		4. 14	6. 20
Toothpick-holders		1.551	2. 07

#### URUGUAY.

#### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—LOZA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Escalas.		
	1.	2.	8.
Platos para mesa, hasta 23 centímetrosdocena	.40	. 70	I. 20
Platos para postre, hasta 19 centímetrosdocena	. 30	- 55	1.00
Salivaderas sin piedocena	2.00	3, 60	6.00
Salivaderas con piedocena	3.00	5. 50	9.00
Soperas con ó sin platodocena	8. oq	11.00	20.00
Tarros para pomadas ó polvosdocena.	. 60	1.00	2.00
Tazas para caldo, sin asa y platodocena	- 35	. 60	. 80
Tazas con plato, para café, té ó chocolatedocena	.45	. 70	1.00
Tazas con plato, para almuerzodocena	. 55	. 85	1. 20
Tazas para esponjadocena	. 80	I. 20	2.40
Teteras ó cafeterasdocena	1.60	2.40	3, 60

#### Planilla N.º 1-Escala 1.8.

#### 18 docenas platos.

- 2 docenas fuentes sin tapa.
- 2 docenas escupideras sin tapa.
- 12 docenas tazas para caldo. 2 docenas tazas para café ó té.
- 2 docenas jarritas tanques.

- 1/2 docena palanganas.
  1/3 docena jarras para lavatorio.
  1/2 docena teteras, azucareras y mantequeras.

#### Planilla N.º 2-Escalas 2.º y 3.º.

- 12 docenas platos.
- I docena fuentes sin tapa.
- 1/2 docena fuentes con tapa.
- I docena escupideras sin tapa.
- 1/2 docena escupideras con tapa.
- 6 docenas tazas para caldo.
- 2 docenas tazas para café ó té.
- 2 docenas tazas para almuerzo.

- ¼ docena soperas.
   ½ docena palanganas.
   ½ docena jarras para lavatorio.
  - I docena teteras, azucareras y mantequeras.
- ½ docena ensaladeras y salseras. ½ docena jaboneras y cepilleras.

#### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTICULOS NAVALES Y JOYERIA.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Lunas—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
para espejo, sencillas hasta 60 centímetros reunido el ancho y el largometro cuadrado	2, 80	25
las mismas, de 61 á 95 centímetrosmetro cuadrado	3.50	31
		31
las idem, de 96 á 130 centímetrosmetro cuadrado	4.80	
las idem, de 131 á 160 centimetrosmetro cuadrado	6. 50	31
las idem, mayores de 161 centímetrosmetro cuadrado para espejos, dobles, de 3½ milímetros ó más de espesor, hasta	8.00	31
100 centimetros reunido el ancho y el largo metro cuadrado .	6. 50	31
las mismas de 101 á 160 centimetrosmetro cuadrado	7. 50	31
las idem de 161 á 200 centímetros metro cuadrado	8. 50	31
las idem de 201 á 250 centímetrosmetro cuadrado	10.00	31
las idem de 251 á 300 centímetrosmetro cuadrado	12, 00	31
las idem de 301 á 400 centímetrosmetro cuadrado	14.00	31

URUGUAY.

### THIRD SECTION.—CHINAWARE—Continued.

Articles.			Scales.	
Atucies,		1.	2.	8.
Plates—	•			
Dinner, up to 8.97 inches	dozen	47.4	204	T 04
Dessert, up to 7.41 inches		. 414 . 31	. 724	I. 241 I. 03
Spittoons—		. 31	. 527	1.03
Without feet	do	2. 07	3, 722	6. 20
With feet		3. IO	5. (87	9. 31
Soup tureens, with or without platter		8. <b>27</b>	11. 37	20. 68
Pomade or powder pots		. 62	1.03	2. 07
Broth cups, without saucers		. 361	.62	. 82
Cups and saucers for coffee, tea, or cho		. 465	.724	1.03
Breakfast cups		. 568	878	I. 24
Sponge cups		. 827	1. 241	2. 482
Teapots or coffeepots		1. 654	2. 482	3. 72
Table 1.—Scale 1.	Tables 2 an	d 3.—Sca	iles 2 and	<i>3</i> .
Doze				Dozen
Plates 18		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	12
Dishes, without covers 2				
Spittoons, without covers 2		ers		11/2
Broth cups 12		ut covers	s	I
Tea or coffee cups		overs	• • • • • • • •	11/2
Water pitchers 2			• • • • • • • • •	6
	Coffee and tea			
	Breakfast cups.			
Teapots, sugar bowls, and butter	Tureens			
dishes	Basins	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	11/2
	Pitchers, toilet.	h1		1/2
	Teapots, sugar			
	dishes			
	Salad dishes an	gravy I	poats	
	Soap dishes and	i toothbr	ush mugs	15

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Lights for mirrors, plain, up to 23.40 inches, square measure,	Dollars.	Per cent.
square yard	2. 42	31
Same, from 23.70 to 37 inches		31
Same, from 37 to 50.70 inchesdo	4.04	31
Same, from 51.09 to 62.40 inchesdo	5.610	31
Same, over 62.79 inchesdo	6. 916	31
Same, double, from .136 inches or over in thickness to 39.37 inches squaresquare yard		31
Same, from 30.76 to 62.40 inches		31
Same, from 62.79 to 78 inches		31
Same, from 78.39 to 97.50 inches	8. 645	31
Same, from 97.89 to 117 inchesdo		31
Same, from 117.39 to 156 inches		31

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA—Continúa.

Articulos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Lunas—Continúa.	Peses.	Por
	16.00	ciento.
las idem de 401 á 500 centímetrosmetro cuadrado		31
las idem de 501 á 550 centimetros metro cuadrado	18.00	31
las idem de 551 á 600 centímetros metro cuadrado 6 vidrios sin azogar. Se aforarán un 20 por ciento menos que	22. 00	31
los azogados, en sus tamaños respectivos	• • • • • • • • •	31
de hierrodocena	4.00	31
de broncekilo	1. 30	31
nikeladoskilo	2. 50	31
Llaveros-	•	1
de cualquiera clase, de acero ó de hierrociento	1.40	31
de hierro, con ó sin cabo de maderakilo		27
nara nianos do su capo do madela	. 45	31
para pianos	4.00	31
de dos filosdocena	. 0-	۔۔ ا
	4. 80	51
para cocinadocena	4.00	31
para curtidor y tonelerodocena	4.00	31
para carnicero	10.00	31
sin vaina, para tropauno	2.00	51
los mismos, con vaina uno	3.00	51
Mángas—		İ
de lona, hasta 30 milimetros de diámetrometro	. 50	31
las mismas, de más diámetrometro	. 70	31
Manijas—	•	•
plateadas ó nikeladas, para carruajespar	2. 50	31
de hierrokilo bruto	. 18	31
de bronce y las de hierro nikeladaskilo	1.50	37
de zinc, plomo ó hierro plateado, para ataúdkilo	I. 20	31
de nikel, composición ó composición nikeladaskilo	3. 50	31
de hierro esmaltado, loza ó bronce, para cerradurasdocena	1. 50	31
de cristal ó vidrio, para idemdocena	3.00	31
de composición ordinarios ó de hierro nikelado, para idem,		
	4.80	31
como las anteriores, finasdocena Manómetros—	12,00	31
para máquinas uno Manos—	. 6.00	31
de madera, para morterosdocena Mapas—	. 60	31
geográficos, armados ó sin armarkilo Máquinas—	2, 00	o6
de filtro ordinarios, para hacer cafédocena	4.00	31
á vapor, para hacer cafédocena	24.00	31
para picar carne, ó llenar, tamaños generales, para uso de	-	
familiauna	3.00	31
las mismas, mayoresuna.	20.00	31
de madera, para hacer mantecauna	4.00	31
de vidrio, para idemuna	6.00	31
de hierro, para idemuna	6, 00	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Lights—Continued.	D-22	ier
	Dollars.	sut.
Same, from 156.39 to 195 inchessquare yard		31
Same, from 195.39 to 214.5 inchesdo		31
Same, from 214.89 to 234 inches	19.02	31
Window pane or glass without quicksilver 20 per cent less than		
duty charged on that with quicksilver in respective sizes		31
Irondozen	4. 14	31
Brasspound		31
Nickel-plateddodo		31
Trickor-plated	1.1/3	31
Key rings, all kinds, steel or ironhundred	1.448	31
Manhau manahas inan mish su mish su masalan kandla masad		
Monkey wrenches, iron, with or without wooden handlepound	1	31
Tuning keysdozen	4. 14	31
	_	
Machetes or cane knives, double edgeddo		51
Knives or choppers, kitchendo	4. 14	31
Tanners' and coopers'do	4. 14	. 31
Butchers'dodo.	10. 34	31
Machetes-	20.54	J-
Without scabbards, militaryeach	2.07	
		51
With scabbards, militarydo	3. 10	51
Hose—		ł
Canvas, 1.17 inches in diameteryard		31
Same, larger diameterdo	. 662	31
Handles-	1	_
Plated or nickel-plated, for carriagespair	2. 585	31
Iron		31
Brass and iron, nickel-plateddo	705	31
Zing land or plated iron for coffine	1 .763	
Zinc, lead, or plated iron, for coffinsdo		31
Nickel, composition, or nickel-plateddo	1. 645	31
Door knobs—	i	
Enameled iron, porcelain, or bronzedozen	1.551	31
Glassdo	3. 10	31
Composition, nickel-plated iron, ordinarydo	4.967	31
		_
Same, fine qualitydo		31
Manometers for engineseach	6. 20	31
Pestles, wooden, for mortarsdozen	. 62	31
Maps, geographical, in sheets or put togetherpound	- 94	6
Coffee bellana mish staringan sadingan		
Coffee-boilers, with strainers, ordinarydozen		31
Coffee-steamersdodo	24. 82	31
Meat-mincers—	ŀ	
Size for family useeach	3. 10	31
Larger sizedo	20.68	31
Churns—	1	
Wooden	4. 14	31
Glassdodo.		31
Iron do	6. 20	31

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Máquinas—Continha.         O prensas, para estraer el jugo de la carne         una.         3.56         ó idem, para hacer quesos.         10.00         256         ó idem, para hacer quesos.         una.         10.00         20         con exprimidor para lavar         una.         20.00         con exprimidor para lavar         una.         20.00         con expramora lavar         expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora lavar         20.00         con expramora la lambre manar         4.00         con expramora la lambre manar         4.00         con expramora la lambre manar         4.00         con expramora la lambra la	Artículos.	Avaltio.	Dere- cho.
6 prensas, para estraer el jugo de la carne         una.         3.50           6 idem, para hacer quesos.         una.         10.00           con exprimidor para lavar         una.         20.00           chicas para hojalateros, para pestañar, alambrar, etc.         una.         8.00           grandes, par hojalateros         una.         8.00           para plegar         una.         8.00           chicas, para limonada gaseosa         una.         2.80           las mismas, mayores         Vista.           de cuerdas, para moscas         una.         4.00           para estirar alambre         kilo.         .42           rompedoras de malz         una.         8.00           de hierro batido y parte bronce para soldar ó quemar. docena.         10.00         2           de cobre ó bronce para idem, idem         docena.         10.00         2           de madera ó hierro para hacer cartuchos         docena.         10.00         2           jo prensas tipográficas         una.         12.00         3           para la agricultura y establecimientos industriales         Libre           para cuadros y espejos.         Vista.         3           Marillos—         Libre         2.00         3	Máquinas—Continta	Passa	Por
6 idem, para hacer quesos			31
con exprimidor para lavar			31
chicas para hojalateros, para pestañar, alambrar, etcuna grandes, par hojalateros			31
grandes, par hojalateros	con exprimitor para ravar		
para plegar			31
chicas, para limonada gaseosa. una. 2, 80 las mismas, mayores. de cuerdas, para moscas. una. 4, 00 para estirar alambre kilo. 42 rompedoras de maiz. una. 8, 00 de hierro batido y parte bronce para soldar ó quemar .docena. 7, 20 de cobre ó bronce para idem, idem. docena. 10, 00 para limpiar cuchillos. una. 12, 00 de madera ó hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 6, 00 de madera ó hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 6, 00 de madera ó hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 6, 00 de madera ó hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 7, 20 de madera ó hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 12, 00 de madera o hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 12, 00 de madera o hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 12, 00 de madera o hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 12, 00 de madera o hierro para hacer cartuchos industriales. Libro Marcos—  para cuadros y espejos. Vista. Marcillos—  con cabos, en general docena. 2, 00 de surtidos, para herrero kilo. 22 de madera. docena. 1, 20 de madera. docena. 1, 20 de madera. docena. 1, 20 de madera para carpintero ó tonelero docena. 1, 20 de madera para carpintero ó tonelero docena. 1, 20 de madera para carpintero de ribera. kilo. 1, 00 de madera para carpintero de ribera. kilo. 1, 00 de madera para carpintero de ribera. kilo. 1, 00 de madera para rosario y similares docena. 6, 00 de cinta netálica, ó sea con alambre en el interior, hasta 25 metros. docena. 6, 00 docena. 6, 0	grandes, par nojalaterosuna	30.00	31
las mismas, mayores	para plegaruna	8.00	31
las mismas, mayores	chicas, para limonada gaseosauna	2. 80	31
de cuerdas, para moscas		Vista.	31
para estirar alambre		4.00	31
rompedoras de maiz		•	31
de cobre 6 bronce para idem, idem. docena. 10.00 para limpiar cuchillos. una 12.00 de madera 6 hierro para hacer cartuchos docena. 6.00 docena. 6.00 prensas tipográficas. Libra para la agricultura y establecimientos industriales para cuadros y espejos. Vista. 3 Martillos— con cabos, en general docena 2.00 surtidos, para herrero kilo 22 docena 3 surtidos, para herrero kilo 22 docena 6 calabazas comunes, ordinarias. ciento 2.00 de madera para carpintero 6 tonelero docena 1.20 de hierro, para carpintero de ribera kilo 1.00 de hierro, para carpintero de ribera kilo 1.00 de de hierro, para carpintero de ribera kilo 1.00 de de docena 5 docena 5 docena 6 docena 5 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 7 de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metros docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 6 docena 7 docena 6 docena 7 docena 7 docena 7 docena 7 docena 7 docena 8 docena 8 docena 9 docena 9 docena 9 docena 9 docena 9 docena 9 docena 6 docena 9 docena 9 docena 6 docena 9 docena 6 docena 9 docena 6 docena 9 docena 6 docena 9 docena 7 docena 9			31
para limpiar cuchillos	de hierro batido y parte bronce para soldar ó quemardocena	7. 20	31
para limpiar cuchillos	de cobre à bronce para idem idem docena	to oo	i i 31
de madera ó hierro para hacer cartuchos			31
las mismas de bronce. docena. 12.00 ó prensas tipográficas. Libro para cagricultura y establecimientos industriales. Libro para coser. Libro Marcos— para cuadros y espejos. Vista. 3 Martillos— con cabos, en general docena kilo. 22 3 Masilla. kilo bruto. 04 3 Masilla. kilo bruto. 04 3 Mates— ó calabazas comunes, ordinarias. ciento. 2.00 3 trabajadas, ú otras formas especiales. ciento. 15.00 4 Mazas— de madera para carpintero ó tonelero. docena 1.20 4 Mazas— de madera para carpintero de ribera. kilo. 1.4 Mechas— para lámparas ó quinqués. kilo. 1.00 3 Medallas— para rosario y similares de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metros. docena de cinta metálica, ó sea con alambre en el interior, hasta 25 metros. docena de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con ó sin barandilla. docena docena 3.00 3 d	para impiar cucinios	12.00	J.
6 prensas tipográficas para la agricultura y establecimientos industriales Libra Marcos— para cuadros y espejos.  Martillos— con cabos, en general docena 2.00 surtidos, para herrero kilo 22 Masilla kilo bruto 4  Mates— 6 calabazas comunes, ordinarias ciento 15.00  de madera docena 1.20  de madera docena 1.20  Mazas— de madera para carpintero ó tonelero docena 1.60  de hierro, para carpintero de ribera kilo 1.00  para fumador para carpintero de ribera kilo 1.00  para fumador metro 2.00 para fumador docena 5.03  Medallas— para rosario y similares 6.03  Medidas— de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metros docena 6.00 de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con 6 sin barandilla 2.00  Mates— Joro 3.00  Medallas— de cinta metálica, ó sea con alambre en el interior, hasta 25 metros docena 20,00  de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con 6 sin barandilla 3.00	de madera ó hierro para hacer cartuchosdocena	6,00	31
6 prensas tipográficas para la agricultura y establecimientos industriales Libra Marcos— para cuadros y espejos.  Martillos— con cabos, en general docena 2.00 surtidos, para herrero kilo 22 Masilla kilo bruto 4  Mates— 6 calabazas comunes, ordinarias ciento 15.00  de madera docena 1.20  de madera docena 1.20  Mazas— de madera para carpintero ó tonelero docena 1.60  de hierro, para carpintero de ribera kilo 1.00  para fumador para carpintero de ribera kilo 1.00  para fumador metro 2.00 para fumador docena 5.03  Medallas— para rosario y similares 6.03  Medidas— de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metros docena 6.00 de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con 6 sin barandilla 2.00  Mates— Joro 3.00  Medallas— de cinta metálica, ó sea con alambre en el interior, hasta 25 metros docena 20,00  de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con 6 sin barandilla 3.00	las mismas de broncedocena	12,00	31
para la agricultura y establecimientos industriales	ó prensas tipográficas		8
para coser.  Marcos—     para cuadros y espejos.  Martillos—     con cabos, en general docena.     surtidos, para herrero kilo 22 3  Masilla.  Mates—     ó calabazas comunes, ordinarias.     ó calabazas comunes, ordinarias.     de madera docena.  de madera docena.  de madera docena.  de madera para carpintero ó tonelero docena.  de hierro, para carpintero de ribera.  para lámparas ó quinqués.  para fumador.     para para perbiquíes.  metro.  para rosario y similares.  de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metros.  docena.	para la agricultura y establecimientos industriales		Libre.
Marcos— para cuadros y espejos.  Martillos— con cabos, en general docena. surtidos, para herrero kilo.  Masilla.  Mates— ó calabazas comunes, ordinarias. ó calabazas comunes, ordinarias. ciento.  de madera.  de madera.  de madera para carpintero ó tonelero.  de hierro, para carpintero de ribera.  para lámparas ó quinqués.  para fumador. para fumador. para para carpintero.  para rosario y similares.  de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metros. docena.  de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con ó sin barandilla.  Vista.  3  Vista.  3  Wista.  3  3  3  3  3  3  3  4  4  4  4  4  4	para coser		Libre.
para cuadros y espejos. Vista.  Martillos— con cabos, en general docena. surtidos, para herrero kilo. 22 3  Masilla. kilo bruto. 04 3  Mates— ó calabazas comunes, ordinarias. ciento. 2.00 3  trabajadas, ú otras formas especiales. ciento. 15.00 4  de madera. docena. 1.20 4  Mazas— de madera para carpintero ó tonelero. docena. 1.60 4  de hierro, para carpintero de ribera. kilo. 14 4  Mechas— para lámparas ó quinqués kilo. 1.00 3  para tumador metro. 02 3  para tumador metro. 02 3  para rosario y similares kilo. 2.00 3  Medialas— de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metros. docena. de cinta metálica, ó sea con alambre en el interior, hasta 25 metros. docena. do de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con ó sin barandilla. 300 330 330 330 330 330 330 330 330 33			İ
con cabos, en general docena 2.00 surtidos, para herrero kilo 22 3 Masilla. kilo bruto 4 3 Mates—	para cuadros y espejos	Vista.	31
surtidos, para herrero		2.00	31
Masilla		. 22	31
ó calabazas comunes, ordinarias ciento 2.00 3   trabajadas, ú otras formas especiales ciento 15.00 4   de madera docena I. 20 4   Mazas—	Masillakilo bruto		31
trabajadas, û otras formas especiales		_	
de madera			31
Mazas— de madera para carpintero ó tonelero	tradajadas, u otras formas especialesciento	15.00	48
de madera para carpintero ó tonelero		1. 20	48
Mechas—         para lámparas ó quinqués         kilo.         1.00         3           para tumador         metro.         02         3           para berbiquíes         docena.         50         3           Medallas—         kilo.         2.00         3           Medidas—         de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metros.         docena.         9,60         3           de cinta metálica, ó sea con alambre en el interior, hasta 25 metros.         docena.         20,00         3           tros.         docena.         docena.         3         3           de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con ó sin barandilla.         3         3         3		1,60	48
para lámparas ó quinqués		. 14	48
para berbiquies		1.00	31
Medallas— para rosario y similares	para fumadormetro	. 02	31
para rosario y similares	para berbiquiesdocena	. 50	31
Medidas—  de cinta, de género, sin alambre, hasta 25 metrosdocena  de cinta metálica, ó sea con alambre en el interior, hasta 25 metrosdocena  docena  de madera, para zapatero ó carpintero, de uno á tres pies, con ó sin barandilladocena  3.00	Medallas-	•	
de cinta metàlica, ó sea con alambre en el interior, hasta 25 metros		2,00	31
tros		9.60	31
6 sin barandilla 3.00   3	trosdocena	20, 00	31
	ó sin barandilladocena	3.00	31
			•

#### URUGUAY.

Same, large size.	Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Meat-presses         each         3.619         31           Cheese-presses         do.         10.34         31           Machines—         Washing, with wringers         do.         20.69         31           Edging, wiring, etc., for tinsmiths, small         do.         8.27         31           Same, large size         do.         31.02         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         2.895         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         2.895         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         2.895         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         2.895         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         2.2895         31           For wire-stretching         do.         4.14         31           For wire-stretching         pound         1.97         31           For wire-stretching         pound         1.07         31           For wire-stretching         pound         1.07         31           Of copper and brass, for same         do         10.34         31           Of wood or of iron, for making cartridges         dozen			
Cheese-presses.         do.         10. 34         31           Machines—         Washing, with wringers.         do.         20. 69         31           Edging, wiring, etc., for tinsmiths, small         do.         8. 27         31           Same, large size         do.         31.02         31           Foundating         do.         8. 27         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         8. 27         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         8. 27         31           For fly-catching         do.         4. 14         31           For fly-catching         do.         4. 14         31           For dive-stretching         pound         107         31           For corn-crushing         cach         8. 27         31           Part wrought iron and part bronze, for soldering or smelting,         dozen         7. 447         31           Of copper and brass, for same         do         10. 34         31           For knife-cleaning         each         12.41         31           Of wood or of iron, for making cartridges         dozen         6. 20         31           Brass, for same         dozen         12.41	Mest-presses each		
Machines—         Washing, with wringers.         do.         20. 69         31           Edging, wiring, etc., for tinsmiths, small         do.         8. 27         31           Same, large size         do.         31. 02         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         2. 895         31           Same, larger.         do.         4. 14         31           For making gaseous lemonade, small size         do.         2. 895         31           Same, larger.         do.         4. 14         31           For for figh-catching         do.         4. 14         31           For wire-stretching         pound         107         31           For wire-stretching         pound         107         31           For corn-crushing         each         8. 27         31           Part wrought iron and part bronze, for soldering or smelting,         40zen         7. 447         31           Of copper and brass, for same         do.         10. 34         31           For kinfe-cleaning         each         12. 41         31           Of wood or of iron, for making cartridges         dozen         6. 20         31           Brass, for same         do         12. 4			
Washing, with wringers       do.       20. 69       31         Edging, wiring, etc., for tinsmiths, small       do.       8. 27       31         Same, large size       do.       31.02       31         Fluting       do.       8. 27       31         For making gaseous lemonade, small size       do.       2. 895       31         Same, larger       do.       4. 14       31         For fly-catching       do.       4. 14       31         For wire-stretching       pound       1.97       31         For corn-crushing       each       2. 41       31         Part wrought iron and part bronze, for soldering or smelting,       dozen       7. 447       31         Of copper and brass, for same       do       10. 34       31         For knife-cleaning       each       12. 41       31         Of wood or firon, for making cartridges       dozen       6. 20       31         Brass, for same       do       12. 41       31         Lithographic or printing presses       do       12. 41       31         Agricultural machinery       Free.       Sight       31         Picture and looking-glass frames<		10.34	J 31
Edging, wiring, etc., for tinsmiths, small  do	Washing, with wringersdo	20, 60	31
Same, large size.	Edging, wiring, etc., for tinsmiths, smalldo		31
For making gaseous lemonade, small size			31
Same, larger		8. 27	31
For fly-catching			31
For wire-stretching		Sight.	31
For corn-crushing		4. 14	31
Part wrought iron and part bronze, for soldering or smelting.         7. 447         31           Of copper and brass, for same         do         10. 34         31           For knife-cleaning         each         12. 41         31           Of wood or of iron, for making cartridges         dozen         6. 20         31           Brass, for same         do         12. 41         31           Lithographic or printing presses         8         Agricultural machinery         Free.           Sewing         Free.         Free.           Picture and looking-glass frames         Sight.         31           Hammers—         With handles         dozen         2. 07           Assorted, for blacksmiths         pound         1.03         31           Putty, gross weight         do         018         31           Calabashes—         Common         hundred         2. 07         31           Carved or in special shapes         do         15. 51         48           Bowls—         Wooden         dozen         1. 44         48           Hallets—         Carpenters' or coopers' wooden         do         1. 654         48           Hammers—         Iron, shipwrights'         pound         .065			31
Of copper and brass, for same   do   10. 34   31			31
Of copper and brass, for same         do         10. 34         31           For knife-cleaning         each         12. 41         31           Of wood or of iron, for making cartridges         dozen         6. 20         31           Brass, for same         do         12. 41         31           Lithographic or printing presses         8         8         8           Agricultural machinery         Free.         Free.           Sewing         Free.         Free.           Picture and looking-glass frames         Sight.         31           Hammers—         dozen         2. 07         31           Assorted, for blacksmiths         pound         103         31           Putty, gross weight         do         018         31           Calbabashes—         Common         hundred         2. 07         31           Carved or in special shapes         do         15. 51         48           Bowls—         Wooden         48         48           Hallets—         Carpenters' or coopers' wooden         do         1. 654         48           Hammers—         Iron, shipwrights'         pound         .065         48           Wicks—         For lamps			
For knife-cleaning			
Of wood or of iron, for making cartridges         .dozen         6. 20         31           Brass, for same         .do         12. 41         31           Lithographic or printing presses			
Brass, for same       do       12.41       31         Lithographic or printing presses       8       31         Agricultural machinery       Free.         Sewing       Free.         Picture and looking-glass frames       Sight.       31         Hammers—       With handles       2.07       31         Assorted, for blacksmiths       pound       103       31         Putty, gross weight       do       018       31         Calabashes—       Common       do       15.51       48         Carved or in special shapes       do       15.51       48         Bowls—       Wooden       dozen       1.241       48         Mallets—       Carpenters' or coopers' wooden       do       1.654       48         Hammers—       Iron, shipwrights'       pound       .065       48         Wicks—       For lamps       do       .47       31         Or fuse for smokers       yard       .018       31         Broach bits       dozen       .517       31         Medallions—       For rosaries and the like       pound       .94       31         Tape measures—       Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards       dozen </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>, -</td>			, -
Lithographic or printing presses   Agricultural machinery   Free		4	
Agricultural machinery       Free.         Sewing       Free.         Picture and looking-glass frames       Sight.         With handles       dozen         Assorted, for blacksmiths       pound         103       31         Putty, gross weight       do       018         Calabashes—       do       018         Common       hundred       2.07       31         Carved or in special shapes       do       15.51       48         Bowls—       Wooden       dozen       1.241       48         Mallets—       Carpenters' or coopers' wooden       do       1.654       48         Hammers—       Iron, shipwrights'       pound       .065       48         Wicks—       For lamps       do       .47       31         Or fuse for smokers       yard       .018       31         Broach bits       dozen       .517       31         Medallions—       For rosaries and the like       pound       .94       31         Tape measures—       Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards       dozen       9.93       31         Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in length       do       .90       31			
Picture and looking-glass frames   Sight   31	Agricultural machinery		
Picture and looking-glass frames       Sight       31         Hammers—       With handles       dozen       2.07       31         Assorted, for blacksmiths       pound       103       31         Putty, gross weight       do       018       31         Calabashes—       Common       hundred       2.07       31         Carved or in special shapes       do       15.51       48         Bowls—       Wooden       dozen       1.241       48         Mallets—       Carpenters' or coopers' wooden       do       1.654       48         Hammers—       For lamps       do       47       31         Wicks—       For lamps       do       47       31         Or fuse for smokers       yard       018       31         Broach bits       dozen       517       31         Medallions—       For rosaries and the like       pound       94       31         Tape measures—         Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards       dozen <t< td=""><td>Serving</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Serving		
Hammers—       With handles       dozen       2.07       31         Assorted, for blacksmiths       pound       103       31         Putty, gross weight       do       018       31         Calabashes—       Common       hundred       2.07       31         Carved or in special shapes       do       15.51       48         Bowls—       Wooden       dozen       1.241       48         Mallets—       Carpenters' or coopers' wooden       do       1.654       48         Hammers—       Iron, shipwrights'       pound       065       48         Wicks—       For lamps       do       47       31         Or fuse for smokers       yard       018       31         Broach bits       dozen       517       31         Medallions—       For rosaries and the like       pound       94       31         Tape measures—       Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards       dozen       9.93       31         Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in length       do       3.10       31         Rules—       Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edge       do       3.10       31	ocwing		Tiec.
Assorted, for blacksmiths pound 103 31 Putty, gross weight do o18 31 Calabashes— Common hundred 2.07 31 Carved or in special shapes do 15.51 48 Bowls— Wooden dozen 1.241 48 Mallets— Carpenters' or coopers' wooden dozen 1.654 48 Hammers— Iron, shipwrights' pound		Sight.	31
Putty, gross weight.       do       o18       31         Calabashes—       Common.       hundred.       2.07       31         Carved or in special shapes.       do       15.51       48         Bowls—       Wooden.       dozen.       1.241       48         Mallets—       Carpenters' or coopers' wooden.       do.       1.654       48         Hammers—       Iron, shipwrights'.       pound.       .065       48         Wicks—       For lamps.       do       .47       31         Or fuse for smokers.       yard.       .018       31         Broach bits.       dozen.       .517       31         Medallions—       For rosaries and the like.       pound.       .94       31         Tape measures—       Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards.       dozen.       9.93       31         Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in length.       .do.       3.10       31         Rules—       Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edge.       .do.       3.10       31	With handlesdozen	2.07	31
Calabashes—       Common.       hundred.       2.07       31         Carved or in special shapes.       do.       15.51       48         Bowls—       Wooden.       dozen.       1.241       48         Mallets—       Carpenters' or coopers' wooden.       do.       1.654       48         Hammers—       Iron, shipwrights'.       pound.       .065       48         Wicks—       For lamps.       do.       .47       31         Or fuse for smokers.       yard.       .018       31         Broach bits.       dozen.       .517       31         Medallions—       For rosaries and the like.       pound.       .94       31         Tape measures—       Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards.       dozen.       9.93       31         Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in length.       .do.       3.10       31         Rules—       Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edge.       .do.       3.10       31	Assorted, for blacksmithspound	. 103	31
Carved or in special shapes       do       15.51       48         Bowls—       Wooden       dozen       1.241       48         Mallets—       Carpenters' or coopers' wooden       do       1.654       48         Hammers—       Iron, shipwrights'       pound       .065       48         Wicks—       For lamps       do       .47       31         Or fuse for smokers       yard       .018       31         Broach bits       dozen       .517       31         Medallions—       For rosaries and the like       pound       .94       31         Tape measures—       Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards       dozen       9.93       31         Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in length       do       20.68       31         Rules—       Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edge       do       3.10       31	Calabashes—	.018	31
Bowls-	Commonhundred	2.07	31
Wooden		15.51	48
Mallets—       Carpenters' or coopers' wooden       do.       1.654       48         Hammers—       Iron, shipwrights'.       pound       .065       48         Wicks—       For lamps.       do.       .47       31         Or fuse for smokers.       .yard       .018       31         Broach bits.       dozen.       .517       31         Medallions—       For rosaries and the like.       pound.       .94       31         Tape measures—       Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards.       dozen.       9.93       31         Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in length.       do.       20.68       31         Rules—       Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edge.       do.       3.10       31			
Carpenters' or coopers' wooden		1. 241	48
Iron, shipwrights'	Carpenters' or coopers' woodendo	1.654	48
For lamps		. 065	48
For lamps	Wicks-		
Or fuse for smokers		. 47	31
Broach bits	Or fuse for smokersvard		_
Medallions— For rosaries and the likepound			_
For rosaries and the likepound 94 31  Tape measures— Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yardsdozen 9.93 31 Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in lengthdo 20.68 31  Rules— Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edgedo 3.10 31			J-
Tape measures— Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yards		. 94	31
Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in lengthdo 20.68 31  Rules— Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edgedo 3. 10 31			1
Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in lengthdo 20.68 31  Rules— Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edgedo 3. 10 31	Without wire spring, up to 27.34 yardsdozen		31
Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edgedo 3. 10 31	Metal, with wire spring, up to 27.34 yards in lengthdo	20.68	31
Wooden, up to 3 feet, with or without an edgedo 3. 10 31	Dulas		
		3 10	21
	For cubic feet and metric systemdo		31

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—PERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Medidas—Continúa.	Peses.	Por ciento.
de marroquí ó madera ordinarias, hasta 1 ½ metrodocena de acero, bronce, ballena ó hueso, ordinarias, hasta 1½ metros,	.60	31
docena	2. 40	31
de marfil, hasta 1½ metrosdocena	6.00	31
de estaño ó plomo, para líquidoskilo bruto Metal—	<b>. 6</b> 0	31
blanco, en panes ó en lingoteskilo	. 30	31
Mimbres— sueltos para hacer canastoskilo	. 15	31
Mojadores—	- 15	3.
de porcelana, vidrio ó metal, para copiadordocena Moldes—	2.00	31
de cobre, para pudines ó masaskilo	1. 50	31
de hojalata ó hierro estañado para pudines ó masasdocena de idem, idem, idem, idem, idem chicos, hasta 8 centí-	4.00	31
metrosdocena Molduras—	I. 20	31
de hierrokilo bruto de madera, doradas, barnizadas û otras clases, hasta 25 milí-	. 20	31
metrosmetro lineal	. 07	31
las mismas, de 26 à 75 milímetrosmetro lineal.	. 18	31
idem, idem, de 76 & 100 idemmetro lineal idem, idem, 100 & 150 idemmetro lineal	. 70 I. 20	31
Molinillos-	1. 20	٠,
de madera y chapa de hierro y los de postes ordinarios, para	٠.	
café y otros granosdocena los mismos, mejoresdocena	3, 60 8, 00	31
ingleses, con ruedas, números o á 3docena	48.00	31
para pimienta, chicos, para mesadocena	3.00	31
franceses y sus imitaciones, con ó sin volante número o y oo,	<b>J</b> . 33	-
	2, 00	31
ios mismos, número Iuno	2. 50	31
idem, idem, idem 2uno	3. 50	31
idem, idem, idem 3uno	5. 50	31
idem, idem, idem 4uno	7.00	31
idem, idem, idem 5	17.00	31
idem, idem, idem 6no grandes con pedestal de hierro, de cualquier procedenciauno	25. 00 30. 00	31
ó rompederos para maizuno	8.00	31
Molinos—	0.00	-
de Peugeot 6 semejantes, para harinauno	45.00	31
los mismos, Wegman, Rigina y semejantesuno	150.00	31
Morrales— para cazadoresdocena.	14.00	31
Motones-		
de madera surtidos	.02	31
de patente, idemcentimetro	. 07	31
de hierro, de patentecentímetro	.04	31 31
de broncekilo	1,00	, J.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Poles Costinuel		Per
Rules—Continued.	Dollars.	cent.
Of morocco leather or common wood, up to 5 feetdozen Steel, brass whalebone, or bone, ordinary, up to 5 feetdo	ļ	31
	2.482	31
Ivory, up to 5 feetdodo		3
Tin or lead, for liquids, gross weightpound  Metal—	1	3
White, in blocks or barsdodo	•	3
For making baskets do	. 075	3
Porcelain, glass, or metal, for water for copying-pressdozen Molds—	2. 07	3
Copper, for puddings or doughpound.	. 705	3
Same, tin or tinned irondozen	4. 14	3
Same, tin or tinned iron, small, up to 8 centimetersdo	1. 241	3
Moldings — Iron, gross weightpound	.094	3
Wood, gilded or varnished, or other kinds, up to .975 inches, foot.		3
Same, from 1 to 2.0 inchesdo	.056	3
Same, from 2.96 to 3.9 inchesdodo		3
Same, from 3.9 to 5.8 inchesdodo	. 378	3
Wood and iron, for coffee, etc., ordinarydozen	3. 722	3
Same, better qualitydo		3
English, with wheels numbered from 0 to 3do		3
Pepper, small, for table		3
each		3
Same, No. Ido	2. 585	3
Same, No. 2do		3
Same, No. 3do		3
Same, No. 4do		3
Same, No. 5		3
Large, with iron stand, any manufacture		3
Or corn-crushers		3
Flour, Peugeot or the likedo		3
Flour, Wegman, Rigina, and the likedo	1	3
Game bagsdozen Pulleys—		3
Wooden, assortedinch	.052	3
Patent, assorteddo	. 182	3
Iron, patentdo		3
Brasspound		3
Shot, gross weight pounds	3.76	l 5

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERIA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYEBIA— Continua.

Artículos.	Avaltio.	Dore- cho.
Municioneros—  de gamuza 6 badanadocena  de cuero ú otras clasesdocena	Perer. 4. 00 10. 00	Por ciento. 48 48
Naptas— ó bencina impuralitro Navajas—	. 10	48
de cualquier clase, para barbadocena	6.00	31
ordinarias, cabo de madera amarilla, para bolsillo docena para marinerosdocena	. 60 1. 50	31 31
para podar, ordinarios y regularesdocena	2.00	31
de resorte, para cazadordocena  Niveles— de hierro, llamados de aguadocena	6, 00 3, 20	31
·		
de bronce, llamados de aire,docena	7. 20	31
de madera, hasta 60 centímetrosdocena	8.00	31
de agrimensoruno Obleas—	6, 00	31
en cajas de cartón ó latakilo Oblón—	1.00	31
6 lúpulokilo bruto Obras—	. 32	Libre
de hierro, para la fabricación de camas de fierrokilo bruto	. 20	48
de idem, no especificadas en tarifakilo bruto	.20	31
de bronce, no especificadas en idemkilo bruto de hierro batido, esmaltado, no especificadas en tarifa,	1.10	31
huecas, nikeladas ó de composición, no especificadas en idem,	.40	31
kilo	4. 50	31
macizas nikeladas ó de composiciónkilo	2,00	31
de marfil, con 6 sin parte de cualquier metal, para carruaje. kilo Ojales—	5.00	31
de bronce, para velas de buquekilo Ollas—	1. 10	31
de hierro fundido estañado por dentro, con ó sin tapa, kilo bruto	. 13	31
Ollas—  de hierro, estañado por dentro y por fuera con ó sin tapa,		
kilo bruto	. 24	31
de idem, enlozado, con ó sin idemkilo bruto	. 16	31
de idem, con 3 pies, menos 6 por ciento por rotura100 kilos	8. 50	31
Orejas— para baldeskilo bruto	. 15	31
Ornamentos— para cajones funebreskilo Oro—	. 70	31
en libritos, para dorar	20,00	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Shot belts—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Of chamois or sheepskindozen	4. I4	48
Of leather or other kindsdo	10, 34	48
Naphtha—	10. 34	40
Or crude benzine, impurequart	***	
	. 103	48
Razors— All kindsdozen		
	6. 20	3 <b>r</b>
Knives—		
Pocket, handle of yellow wooddo		31
Sheath, for sailorsdo	1. 551	31
Pruning, ordinary and mediumdo		31
Spring, for huntersdo	6. 20	3 E
Spirit levels—		ł
Irondo	3.30	3T
Levels—		_
Brass, called air levelsdo	7. 447	31
Wooden, up to 60 centimetersdo	8. 27	31
Surveyors'each	6.20	31
Wafers—	0.20	
In pasteboard or tin boxespound	- 47	311
Hops, gross weight	. 15	Free.
Articles—	l .	١ .
Iron, for manufacturing bedsteads, etc., gross weightdo		48
Iron, not specified in the tariff, gross weightdo		31
Brass, not specified in the tariff, gross weightdo	. 517	31
Iron, wrought, granite, etc., not specified in the tariff, gross	į	
weight	. 188	31
Hollow, nickel-plated or composition, not specifiedpound	2. 115	31
Solid, nickel-plated or compositiondo	. 94	31
Ivory, with or without any metal, for carriagesdo		
Evelets—	1 7.05	31
Brass, for sails of vesselsdo	5. 17	
Pots—	3.4/	31
Cast-iron, tin-lined, with or without covers, gross weight,	1	
	i -e-	
pound	.061	31
To a 10-10-10 and account and a model and another account and a		1
Iron, tin-lined and covered, with or without covers, gross	Į.	l
weightpound	. 112	31
Iron, porcelain-lined, with or without covers, gross weight,	l	1
pound	. 075	31
Same, with 3 feet, less 6 per cent for breakage 100 pounds	3.995	31
Handles—		
For tubs, gross weightpound	.07	31
Ornaments—	i	"-
For coffinsdodo	. 329	31
Gold leaf—	1	J.
In books, for gilding, 000 leaves	10.24	22
an over-, for graing	10. 34	31

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERIA, PAPELERIA, ARTICULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cko.
Paja—		Por
de la India, para escobaskilo.	Pesos.	ciento.
	.12	31
para hacer cepilloskilo	. 20	31
para atar cigarrilloskilo	. 40	31
ó forros para botellasciento	. 50	31
Palanganas—		1
de hierro, estañado, pintado, galvanizado ó jaspeado,		
kilo bruto	. 36	31
Palas		
de hierro, sin cabodocena	3.00	31
de madera, con cabo de la mismadocena	4.00	31
de hojalata, pequeñas y las de hierro, para manodocena	i. 20	31
de hierro, comunes, con cabodocena	5.00	31
de patente 6 media patentedocena	10.00	31
Palmatorias—		, ,,
de platagramo	. 05	31
Pantallas—	•••	, 3.
de papel ó carton, con ó sin armazón, para lámparas docena	1, 20	
Pafios—	1. 20	31
para foguistaskilo bruto	60	
	. 60	31
Papel— estraza, estracilla y similares para envolver 6 embalaje, peso		ì
	-6	/400
brutokño	. 16	(7)
para escribir ó dibujar, pasta blanca ó de color, el secante de		1
todas clases, él para cigarrillos en resmas, el rayado para mú-		1
sica ó cuentas, el de encuadernador, coloreado, amarroqui-		1
nado, barnizado, el dorado ó plateado, el para confiteros y los		
cuadernos impresos y litografiados, para escuelakilo	- 35	31
de color, para imprentakilo bruto	. 14	31
para litografía, sin plegar ó en hoja abierta, arriba de 87 por 54		1
centimetros, y el blanco para imprenta, con ó sin cola, de gran		1
formato para diario †kilo bruto	. 14	8
libros, libretas ó cuadernos en blanco, rayados ó sin rayar, sin	• • •	i
impresión alguna ó los cuadernos de música suelta, el papel		1
de estaño ó plomo, el plomo con forro de papel, para empa-		i
quetar tékilo.	. 56	31
quotat to	. 50	3.
sobres en blancokilo		31
para escribir, con sobres correspondientes, sin ninguna clase	• 45	۱ ۵۰
		١
de impresión, en cajitaskilo	. 40	31
nors conthin on will star management & qualquier star class		1
para escribir, con viñetas, monogramas ó cualquier otra clase		
de impresiónkilo	. 2.00	31
para empapelar, en rolloskilo	. 36	31
impreso, litografiado ó autografiado, de todas clases, con adornos		l
ó diseños en todo ó en parte y toda clase de obras hechas por		I
la litografia, tipografia ó cualquier otro sistema ‡ kilo	2, 50	31
anuncios para fábricas ó casas de comercio sobre papel, cartón		1
ó tela barnizada, con calendario foliado §kilo	. 80	48
la litografía, tipografía ó cualquier otro sistema † kilo anuncios para fábricas ó casas de comercio sobre papel, cartón ó tela barnizada, con calendario foliado §		

<sup>\*</sup>Derecho específico, 5 centésimos.

†Se considera como papel de imprenta el de color que se importe sin plegar, midiendo arriba de 8a por la centimetre.

<sup>†</sup> Toda clase de formularios y papeles de comercio impresos ó litografiados, 48 por ciento.

§ La forma en que vengan los anuncios no deberá prestarse para otros usos.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Straw		Per
East Indian, for broomspound	Dollars.	cent.
Same for brushes	.056	31
Same, for brushesdo	.094	31
To bind cigarettesdo	1	31
Covers for bottleshundred	-517	31
<del></del>		
Iron, tinned, painted, galvanized, or marbled, gross weight,		
Shovels—	. 169	31
Iron, without handlesdozen.	3. 10	31
Wooden, with handlesdo		31
Or scoops, tin and iron, smalldo		31
Iron, with handles, commondo		31
Patent or half patentdo		31
Candlesticks—	1 34	1
Silverpennyweight	. 08	31
Lamp shades—		_
Of paper or pasteboard, with or without framedozen	1. 241	31
Cloths—	,	
For cooks, gross weightpound	. 282	31
Paper—	1	
Wrapping, gross weightdo	. 075	(*)
Writing, drawing, pasteboard, white or colored, blotting paper, all kinds; cigarette paper in reams; blank music sheets; account sheets; binders' paper, mottled, imitation morroco, varnished; gilded or silvered paper; bon-bon paper; copy		
books, printed and lithographed, for schoolspound	. 164	31
Colored, for printing, gross weight100 pounds		31
Lithograph, not folded, over 23.93 by 21 inches, and printing	,	] ]-
paper, sized or unsized, large size, for newspapers, gross		
weight 100 pounds	. 065	8
For books, pamphlets, or exercise books, blank, ruled or un-		
ruled, without any print, loose music-paper, tin or lead foil,		
lead-foil paper-lined for packing teapound	. 263	31
Envelopes-		
Blankdo	.211	31
Paper and envelopes—		
In boxes, blankdodo	. 188	31
Paper—		
Writing, with vignettes, monograms, or any other like print,	١	l
Wall in all a		31
Wall, in rollsdo	. 169	31
	l	1
Printed, lithographed, autographed, all kinds; ornamented		l
with designs, in part or in whole; all kinds of lithographed.		
with designs, in part or in whole; all kinds of lithographed, printed, or other pressworkpound	1. 175	31
with designs, in part or in whole; all kinds of lithographed, printed, or other pressworkpound  Advertisements §—		31
with designs, in part or in whole; all kinds of lithographed, printed, or other pressworkpound		31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Specific duty, 2.3 cents.
†Printing paper, colored, is held to be that which is unfolded, measuring over 3s by 24.18 inches.
†All printed forms and commercial papers, printed or lithographed, 48 per cent.
†The shape of the advertisements must not be adapted to other uses.

#### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTICULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaltio.	Dere- cho.
Papel—Continúa. los mismos, sin calendario ó donde supere el aviso al calendario,	Pezos.	Por ciento.
kilo.	. 40	48
los mismos, en lata, madera ó hierrokilo.	. 10	31
cajas vacias para fósforoskilo	. 50	20
almanaques y calendarios, en generalkilo	1.60	31
cortado ó en libritos, para cigarrilloskilo estampas, litografías, con ó sin colores, fotografías y oleografías,	. 70	31
kilo	1. 50	31
grabados de todas clases	4.00	31
los mismos, de otras encuadernaciones (menos los especifica-	. 36	9
dos en Tienda) kilo	. 60	8
de lija, de cualquier clasekilo bruto	. 20	31
de hierro negrokilo bruto	. 18	31
de idem, estañadokilo bruto  Pasadores—	- 35	31
de idem, con ò sin botón de broncekilo bruto	. 18	31
los mismos, con caja de bronce, entera ó mediakilo bruto	. 27	31
de broncekilo	I. 20	31
Pasta—		
para asentar navajasdocena	1. 70	31
para cilindros de imprentakilo bruto	. 40	31
de hojalata, para calentadores docena	2, 60	31
de chapa de hierro, pintadaskilo bruto	. 27	31
de hierro batido, estañado por dentro y fuerakilo bruto	. 50	31
de hierro coladokilo bruto	. 16	31
Peines—		
de acero, hierro ó cuero, para pintoresdocena	.60 .80	31
de asta, hierro ó bronce, para caballosdocena	. 80	31
de bronce, de uno ó dos brazos, con ó sin adornos de porcelana,		
de hierro y bronce, de uno ó dos brazos, con ó sin adornos de	1.60	31
porcelanadocena	I. 00	31
de hierro, de uno ó dos brazosdocena Pergamino—	. 40	31
en hojasdocena	. 60	31
de bronce, para camas y otros usoskilo	1. 10	31
de idem, con porcelana, para idemkilo	. 50	31 31
de cristal ó vidrio para escaleraskilo.	1.50	31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Advertisements—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Same, without calendar, or where the advertisement is more		l .
prominent than the calendarpound	. 188	48
Same, on tin, wood, or irondo	. 047	31
Match boxes—		
Paper, emptydo	. 235	20
Almanacs—		
And calendars in generaldo	. 752	31
Paper—		l
Cigarette, in booksdo	. 329	31
Prints, lithographs, colored or not, photographs and oleo-		
graphspound	. 705	31
Engravings—		
All kindsdo	1.88	31
Books*-		1
All kinds and sizes, printed, bound in paper or unbound in		i
parts, text books, geographies, and scientific charts on paste-		
boardpound	. 169	6
boardpound Same, differently bound, except those specified in second sec-	1	
tionpound	. 282	8
Emery paper, all kinds, gross weightdo	. 094	31
Gridirons—	-	
Iron, black, gross weightdo	. 084	31
Same, tinned, gross weightdo	. 164	31
Bolts		
Iron, with or without brass knob, gross weightdo	. 084	31
With brass slot, whole or half, gross weightdo	. 126	31
Brassdo	. 564	31
Paste		İ
For sharpening razorsdozen	1. 758	31
Composition—		
For press rollers, gross weightpound	. 188	31
Warming pans—		
Tindozen	2, 688	31
Iron, painted, gross weightpound	. 126	31
Wrought iron, tinned inside and outside, gross weightdo	2. 35	31
Iron, perforated, gross weightdo	. 075	31
Combs or scrapers—		_
Steel, iron, or leather, for paintersdozen	. 62	31
Curry, horn, iron, or brassdo	. 827	31
Clothes racks—	1	
Brass, with one or two arms, ornamented or not, with porce-	ĺ	ĺ
laindozen	1.654	31
Iron and brass, with one or two arms, ornamented or not, with		
porcelaindozen	1.03	31
Iron, with one or two arms	. 414	31
Parchment—		
In sheets	. 62	31
Knobs—		
Brass, for bedsteads and other usespound	. 517	31
Brass, with porcelain, for bedsteads and other usesdo	. 235	31
Crystal or glass, for stairwaysdo		31
Iron, in generaldo		
	-	-

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPECERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERIA— Continúa,

Artículos.	Avaluo.	Dere- cho.
Pernos—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de hierro, natural ó galvanizado100 kilos bruto Pesas—	9. 50	31
de bronce, en marcos	. 40 . 07	31 31
Pez— ó resinakilo bruto	. 02	20
Piazaba— en ramakilo	. 06	31
Picaderos— para piedra de molinouno	1.00	31
Pica-portes— de hierro, hechura del paísdocena	1. 20	31
de idem, con botón amarillodocena	1,60	31
de bronce, fierro, plata alemana ó composición, para coches,		
par	1,60	31
franceses, con manija de broncedocena los mismos, nikeladosdocena	4. 00 8. 00	31
Picos—	8,00	32
de hierro, para labranza, ordinarioskilo bruto	. 16	Libre.
de idem, acerados, para labranzakilo bruto		Libre.
de idem, para pavasdocena 6 quemadores para lámpara de mecha chata, hasta 17 milíme-	. 40	31
trosdocena	1.00	31
los mismos, de 18 á 27 idem	1.50 3.20	31
6 quemadores redondos para lámparas, hasta 20 milimetros de	3. 20	32
diámetro exterior, en la salida de la mechadocena	1.80	31
los mismos, mayoresdocena	3. 60	31
6 quemadores duplex (6 sea doble mecha)docena	6.00	31
para litografia	8. 50	31
para asentar navajaskilo	. 50	31
para herramientas	.20	31
redondas, para afilarkilo	. 03	31
pômez 100 kilos bruto	9.50	31
cuadradas, para afilardocena	3.00	31
para afilar guadañaskilo bruto de esmerilkilo bruto	.08	31
de chispamillar	I, 20	31
falsas de pasta, para montar alhajaskilo	30,00	31
preciosas	Vista.	6
en pasta ó masa común	11.00	31
las mismas que se introduzcan en tarros sueltos. 100 kilos bruto	13.00	31
verde cardenillo en pasta (incluso el cuñete)100 kilos preparadakilo bruto	30, 00 , 16	31 31
en tubitos de plomodocena	.60	31
		1 31

## URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Spikes—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Iron, plain or galvanized, gross weight100 pounds		31
Weights—	4.403	3-
Bronze, in frames, gross weightdo	. 188	31
Cast iron, gross weightdo	.032	31
Rosin, gross weightdodo	, 009	20
Piassaba, rawpound	. 028	31
Picks-		
For millstoneseach	1.03	31
Door catches—	_	-
Iron, domesticdozen	1. 241	31
Iron, with brass knobdodo	1.654	31
Brass, iron, German silver, or composition, for coachespair	1.654	31
French, with brass handledozen	4. 14	31
Same, nickel-plateddo		31
Pickaxes—	1	"
Iron, ordinary, gross weightpound	.075	Free.
Same, steeled, gross weightdo		Free.
Blast pipes for bellowsdozen	.414	31
For lamps, with flat wick, up to .66 inchesdo	1.03	31
Same, .7 to 1.05 inchesdo	1.551	31
Same, larger size	3. 309	31
dor namps, round, ./o inches exterior diameter of the wick tube,	1.861	31
Same, larger do		31
Duplexdo		31
Lithographing stones, gross weight	3. 995	31
Whetstones— For sharpening razorspound	1 000	
For toolsdo		31
Grindstones—	. 094	31
Roundpound.	. 014	31
Pumice stone, gross weight		31
Squaredozen		31
For sharpening scythes, gross weightdo		31
Emery stone, gross weightpound		31
Flintstonesthousand.		31
Paste or imitation jewelspound		31
Precious stones		6
Paste or in mass, common, gross weight100 pounds	5. 17	31
In pots, loose, gross weightdo		31
Verditer, paste, including the vessel do		31
Prepared, gross weightpound		1
In lead tubes		31
In cakesdo	.31	31

# SECCION TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTICULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Pinturas en polvo— azul de Prusia	31 31 31 31 31 31 31
azul de Prusia	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31
azul, verde, ultramar y metiz y amarillo cromokilo bruto	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31
azarcón ó minio	31 31 31 31 31 31 31
blanco de zinc, albayalde, negro humo y negro-viña.  100 kilos bruto.  11. 40  11. 44  11. 44  11. 44  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45  11. 44  11. 45	31 31 31 31 31 31 31
vermellón de la China y semejantes	31 31 31 31 31
secantes en general	31 31 31 31
en grano y laca	31 31 31 31
ocres en general	31 31
tierras para imitación y los demás colores no especificados, en cajas.  Pinzas— pequeñas. para platero	31
tierras para imitación y los demás colores no especificados, en cajas.  Pinzas— pequeñas. para platero	31
en cajas.  Pinzas—  pequeñas. para platero	31
en cajas	31
Pinzas— pequeñas. para platero	-
pequeñas, para platero	
de algodón	31
y piolin de cafiamo, de cualquier procedenciakilo bruto  Pipas—  de barro para fumarmillar  de yeso ordinariasgruesa  50	31
Pipas—  de barro para fumarmillar	
de barro para fumar	-
de yeso ordinariasgruesa	31
	. 31
de raices, con ó sin tapa gruesa 7.00	
de porcelana	31
imitación á espuma de mardocena	
de espuma de mar	_
Pistolas—	3*
de pistón, de uno ó dos caños, para bolsillopar 3.00	51
las mismas, para cintura	51
otros sistemas, de uno ó dos cañospar 8.00	51
de cualquier sistema en caja, con ó sin útilespar 20.00	
Pistoleras—	
de charol ó cuero liso, para sillas de montarpar 6.00	51
las mismas, mejores	51
para cintura, con ó sin cinturóndocena 20.00	51
Pita—	
yute ó cáñamo ordinario en rama, para plantillas de alpargatas,	
Pitones—kilo bruto	Libre.
de hierrokilo brutokilo bruto	31
de bronce kilo bruto 1.80	31
Pitos—	
de estaño ó plomo, para serenoskilo bruto	31
Pizarras—	
de piedra, con ó sin marco de madera, para escuela. kilo bruto06	31
en forma de libro, para bolsillodocenadocena	J -
idem, idem, idem, para escritoriodocena	J -
delgadas, para techo	J -
gruesas, para pisos metro cuadrado	31
para billaresmetro cuadrado 4.80	

### URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Paints—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Powdered, Prussian blue, gross weightpound  Powdered, blue, ultramarine, green, and the mixed and yellow	. 634	31
chrome, gross weightpound	. 126	31
Red lead, gross weight	•	31
Vermilion, Chinese and the like, gross weightpound	5. 922 . 676	31 31
Dryer, in general, gross weightdo	.084	31
In grain and seed-lac, gross weightdo		31
Ochers in general, gross weight		31
100 pounds		31
In boxes	Sight.	31
Pinchers— Small, silversmiths'dozen		
House line—	2.07	31
Cotton, gross weightpound	. 357	31
And cords, hemp, from any country, gross weightdo	- 235	31
Smoking, claythousand	4.967	31
Whiting, commongross	.517	31
Wooden, with or without coverdo	7. 24	31
Porcelain	1.03	31
Imitation meerchaumdo	6. 924	31
Meerchaumeach	4. 14	31
Muzzle-loading, pocket, one or two barrels pair	3. 10	51
Same, belt, one or two barrels	6. 20	51
Other systems, one or two barrelsdo		51
In cases, all kinds, with or without attachmentsdo	20.68	51
Holsters—		
Patent or plain leather, for saddlespair	6, 20	51
Same, better quality	Sight.	51
For the belt, with or without beltsdozen	20, 68	51
Pita— Jute, hemp, raw, for slipper soles, gross weightpound	.051	Free.
Nozzles-		] .
Iron, gross weight	. 141	31
Brass, gross weightdo		31
Whistles—	1	-
Tin or lead, for watchmen, gross weightdo	. 188	31
School, with or without frames, gross weightdo		31
Book, for the pocketdozen		31
Book, for writing tabledo	1. 241	31
Thin, for roofingthousand	31.02	31
Thick, for flooringsquare yard		31
Billiarddo	4. 149	l 31

SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA—
Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Planchas—	Pesos.	Por
de hierro, comunes, para planchadoras y sastreskilo bruto	. 07	ciento.
de hierro, con alma		31
de bronce, con idemkilo	1.00	31
de hierro, á vapordocena	6.00	31
las mismas, de bronce	12.00	31
con manijas, de quitardocena	9.00	31
Platos	9.00	] 3-
de hojalatakilo bruto	. 22	31
de hierro estafiadokilo bruto	.30	31
Plegaderas—		J 3-
de huesodocena	1, 20	31
de marfil y nácardocena	6,00	31
Plomadas—	5, 55	, ,,
de broncekilo	. 70	31
Plomo—	.,-	"
en barras ó planchas	7. 50	20
Plumas—	7.5	
de acero, en cajitas ó en cartón	3.70	31
de ave, tajadas y sin tajar, para escribirciento	I. 20	31
Plumeros-		•
surtidos, blancos y de colores, con ó sin chapadocena	6,00	31
chicos, blancos ó de coloresdocena	2,00	31
Podaderas—		
con cabodocena	3.00	Libre.
Pólvora—		
en tarroskilo	.60	51
sueltakilo	. 40	51
para cañon, fusil ó minakilo	. 25	51
Polvorines—		
de cualquier clase docena	4.00	31
Polvos—		
para limpiar platinadocena de cajas	1.50	31
en pasta, para limpiar metaleskilo bruto	. 30	31
de plomo, para estufaskilo	. 20	31
para limpiar cubiertos kilo	. 20	32
Porcelana—	l	
blanca, escala numero I		31
decorada ó con filetes, escala número 2	l	31

### URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Flatirons—		Per
Laundresses' and tailors', iron, gross weightpound	Dollars. . 036	cent.
With inside heater, irondo		31
Brass, with inside heaterdo	.47	31
Steam iron rollersdozen.	6.20	31
Brass, steamdo	12.41	31
With movable handlesdodo		31
Plates—	9. 31	3,
Tin, gross weightpound	. 103	
Iron, tinned, gross weightdo		31
Folders—	. 31	31
Bonedozen	1. 241	
Ivory and mother-of-pearldodo	6. 20	31
Plummets—	0. 20	31
Brasspound		
Lead—	. 329	31
In bars or sheets		١
Pens—	3. 525	31
	l <u> </u>	١
Steel, in packages or boxespound	I. 739	31
Quill, cut or uncuthundred.	1. 241	31
Plume cases—		
Assorted, white and colored, with or without veneerdozen		31
Small, white or coloreddo	2.07	31
Pruning knives—		-
With handlesdo	3.10	Free.
Powder—		
In jarspound		51
Loosedo		31
Explosive, for cannon, gun, or minedo	. 117	31
Flasks, all kindsdozen	4. 14	31
77 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 .
For cleaning platinadozen boxes		31
In paste, for cleaning metals, gross weightpound		31
Stove polishdo		31
For cleaning table cutlery (whiting)do	.094	31
Porcelain—	1	l
White, scale No. 1		31
Decorated or with borders, scale No. 2	l	31

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

#### Planilla Número I.

#### PORCELANA.

Artículos.		Esca	las.
Articulos.		1	
		Pesos.	Pesos.
Azucareras			4- 3
Bidet			14.0
Candeleros y palmatorias pa		3.00	5. C
Cepillerasdoce		3.00	5. 0
Compoteras		2.80	4.5
Ensaladeras doce		3.00	4. 8
Escupideras sin tapadoce	na	4. 50	7.0
dem con idemdoce	na	6. 50	10.0
Esponjeras		1.50	2. (
Floreros, hasta 30 centimetros de alto docena pa	res	3.00	7.0
Fruterasdoce	na	3. 50	5.
Fruteras sin tapadoce		3.60	6. 0
dem con idemdoce	na	6.00	10.
Hueverasdoce	na	. 40.	• 1
abonerasdoce		2.40	4.
arras para lavatorio	na	5.00	9.0
arrosdoce		1.60	2,
uegos para comedor, según planilla número 2 jue	go	14. 50	25.
uegos para comedor, según planilla número 3jue	go.	20.50	36.
uegos para lavatorio, según planilla número 4jue	go	1.60	2,
uegos para lavatorio, según planilla número 5jue	go	2.40	4.
uegos para té ó café, según planilla número 6jue	go	1.70	2.
uegos para té ó café, según planilla número 7iue		3.40	5.
uegos para salon, según planilla número 8 y ojue		1.50	3.
echeras		2.00	3.
Macetas ó jardineras	oar		2.
Mantequerasdoce		2.40	4.
Mates		2.00	3.
Mostaceras	na	1.20	3.
Palanganasdoco	na	5.00	9.
Paliteros		1,50	3.
Piezas de adorno, para sobremesadoc		4.00	8.
Platos para mesa, ĥasta 23 centímetrosdoce		.90	I.
dem para postre, hasta 19 centímetrosdoce	na	.70	I.
Platos con piedoce		1.50	2.
Rabanerasdoc			2.
Salceras		3.00	4.
Salivaderas sin piedocena senc		4.00	6.
dem con piedocena senc		7.00	11.
Soperasdoc		9.00	16.
Tarros para pomadasdoc		I. 20	2.
Tazas con platitos, para té, café ó chocolatedoc			ī.
dem con idem, para almuerzodoc		1.20	2.
dem sin plato, para caldodoc		.00	I.
Ceteras ó cafeteras			6.
Cinterosdoc		3.00	4.
Veladores		4.00	6.
r ciadores	·	4.00	J.

Notas. — A las porcelanas dobles se les aumentará el 30 por ciento, sobre sus clases respectivas. Cuando los juegos de comedor, lavatorio, té ó café contengan más ó menos piezas que las determinadas en tarifa, planillas 2 á 7, se aumentará ó rebajará su valor, según planilla de porcelana. Porcelana eifrada, 30 por ciento de aumento.

# THIRD SECTION.—HARDWARE AND STATIONERY, SHIP CHANDLERY AND JEWELRY—Continued.

Table No. 1.
PORCELAIN.

	Sca	les.
· Articles.	1	2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Dollars.	Dollars.
Sugar bowlsdozen		4.45
Bidets		14.48
Candlesticksdozen pairs		5. 17
Toothbrush cupsdozen		5. 17
Preserve dishesdo		4.65
Salad bowlsdo		4.96
Spittoons without coversdo	4.657	7. 24
Same, with coversdo	6. 717	10. 34
Sponge cupsdo	1.551	2. 68
Vases, up to 11.70 inches highdozen pairs	3. 10	7. 24
Fruit standsdozen	3.610	5. 68
Platters, without coversdo	3. 722	6. 20
Same, with coversdo		10. 34
Egg cupsdo		. 72
Soap dishesdo.,		4.65
Pitchers, for toiletdo		9.31
Tugsdo		2. 58
Dinner and breakfast sets, according to table No. 2set		26. 26
Same, according to table No. 3do		
Toilet sets, according to table No. 4	21. 197	37. 22
Come condition to table No. 4	1.654	2.89
Same, according to table No. 5do	2.482	4. 34
Tea or coffee sets, according to table No. 6do	I. 758	2. 79
Same, according to table No. 7do	3. 516	5.79
Tête-à-tête sets, according to tables Nos. 8 and 9do		3. 10
Milk pitchersdozen		3. 30
Vases or flower potspair		2.07
Butter dishes		4- 34
Maté tubesdo		3. 30
Mustard potsdo		3. 10
Basins or bowls do		9. 31
Toothpick-holdersdo		3. 10
Table ornaments		8. 27
Dinner plates, 23 centimetersdo		1. 75
Dessert plates, 19 centimetersdo	724	I. 34
Plates, with standdo	1.551	2.48
Radish dishesdo		2. 68
Sauce boatsdo	3. 10	4.96
Spittoons without feetdo	4. 14	7. 02
Spittoons with feetdo	7. 24	11. 37
Tureensdo		16. 54
Pomade potsdo		2. 07
Cups and saucers, tea, coffee, or chocolatedo		I. 34
Same, breakfastdo		2. 17
Cups and saucers for brothdo	931	1.44
Tea and coffee potsdo		6. 20
Inkstands		4.65
Night lampsdozen		6.71
Aright lamps	••  44	1 0.71

Norg.—Double porcelain 30 per cent additional in respective classes. When dinner, toilet, tea, or coffee sets have more or fewer pleces than those mentioned in the tariff tables 2 to 7, the value will increase or diminish according to table. Porcelain with initials, 30 per cent additional.

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYEBÍA— Continúa.

#### Planilla Número 2.

#### UN JUEGO PARA COMEDOR.

72 platos para mesa.

24 platos para postre.

I sopera.

2 fuentes, con tapa.

6 fuentes, redondas y ovaladas.

I ensaladera.

2 rabaneras.

I compotera.

I frutera.

12 tazas chicas con platillos.

12 tazas con platillos para almuerzo.

I tetera.

I cafetera.

I azucarera.

I lechera.

I mantequera.

139 piezas.

### Planilla Número 3.

#### UN JUEGO PARA COMEDOR.

108 platos para mesa.

24 platos para postre.

2 soperas.

3 fuentes, con tapa.

6 fuentes, ovaladas y redondas.

2 ensaladeras.

2 rabaneras.

12 hueveras.

2 compoteras.

2 fruteras.

2 mostaceras.

18 tazas chicas con platillos.

18 tazas con platillos, para almuerzo.

I cafetera.

I tetera.

I azucarera.

I mantequera.

I lechera.

206 piezas.

#### Planilla Número 4.

#### UN JUEGO PARA LAVATORIO

I jarra.

I palangana.

I jabonera.

I cepillera.

2 tarritos para pomada v polvos.

I taza para esponja.

7 piezas.

#### Planilla Número 5.

### UN JUEGO PARA LAVATORIO.

I jarra.

I palangana.

I escupidera.

I jabonera.

I cepillera.

2 tarritos para polvos y pomada.

I taza para esponja.

I botella, con vaso.

9 piezas.

### Planilla Número b.

#### un juego para té ó ca**fé.**

I tetera ó cafetera.

I azucarera.

I lechera.

I mantequera.

12 tazas con platillos.

16 piezas.

### Planilla Número 7.

### UN JUEGO PARA TÉ Ó CAPÉ.

I cafetera.

I tetera.

I azucarera.

I mantequera.

I lechera.

I taza para borras,

I plato para tostadas.

24 tazas con platillos.

31 piezas.

## Planilla N**úmero 8.**

## un juego para salón.

I bandeja.

I tetera. I lechera.

I azucarera.

2 tazas.

6 piezas.

#### .....

## Planilla **Número 9.**

### un juego para salón.

1 bandeja.2 botellas.

I azucarera.

2 copas.

6 piezas.

# THIRD SECTION.—HARDWARE AND STATIONERY, NAVAL ARTICLES AND JEWELRY—Continued.

#### Table No. 2.

#### DINNER AND BREAKFAST SET.

72 plates, dinner.

24 plates, dessert.

I tureen.

2 platters, with covers.

o platters, round and oval.

salad dish.

radish dishes.

\_ compote.

fruit stand.

12 cups and saucers, small.

12 cups and saucers, breakfast.

I teapot.

I coffeepot.

I sugar bowl.

I milk pitcher.

1 butter dish.

#### 139 pieces.

#### Table No. 3.

#### DINNER AND BREAKFAST SET.

108 plates, dinner.

24 plates, dessert.

2 tureens.

3 platters, with covers.

6 platters, oval and round.

2 salad dishes.

2 radish dishes.

12 egg cups.

2 compotes.

2 mustard pots.

18 cups and saucers, small.

18 cups and saucers, breakfast.

I coffeepot.

I teapot.

I sugar bowl.

I butter dish.

I milk pitcher.

#### 206 pieces.

#### Table No. 4.

#### TOILET SET.

I pitcher.

I bowl.

I soap dish.

1 toothbrush mug.

2 boxes for powder and pomade.

I sponge cup.

7 pieces.

Bull. 61---15

#### Table No. 5.

#### TOILET SET.

1 pitcher.

I bowl.

r cuspidor.

1 soap dish.

I toothbrush mug.

2 boxes for powder and pomade.

I sponge cup.

I bottle and glass.

9 pieces.

#### Table No. 6.

#### TEA AND COFFEE SET.

I tea or coffee pot.

I sugar bowl.

milk pitcher.

I butter dish.

12 cups and saucers,

16 pieces.

#### Table No. 7.

#### TEA AND COFFEE SET.

I coffeepot.

I teapot.

I sugar dish.

I butter dish.

I milk pitcher.

I cup for drippings.

I plate for toast.

24 cups and saucers.

31 pieces.

#### Table No. 8.

#### TÊTE-À-TÊTE SET.

1 tray.

I teapot.

I milk pitcher.

I sugar bowl.

2 cups.

6 pieces.

#### Table No. 9.

### TÊTE-À-TÊTE SET.

ı tray.

2 decanters.

ı sugar bowl.

2 glasses.

6 pieces.

## SECCIÓN TERCERA.—PERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Porta-viandas—	Peses.	Por
con canasto de mimbre, hasta 5 platosdocena	24.00	31
de hojalata, hasta 5 platosdocena	12.00	31
de hierro estañado, hasta 5 idemdocena	20.00	21
de idem esmaltados, hasta 6 idemdocena	30.00	31
platos solos, de loza ó porcelana, para idemdocena	4.00	31
los mismos, de hojalatadocena	2. 50	31
los mismos, de hierro estañadodocena	4. 50	31
los mismos, de idem esmaltadodocena	6.00	31
Postecitos—		ļ
6 piques de hierrokilo bruto	. 12	31
Potasa kilo bruto	.09	Libre.
Prensas	-	1
de madera, para carpinterosdocena	4.00	31
para copiadores de cartaskilo bruto	. 18	31
para sellar, con útilesuna Pulidores—	4.00	31
finos, con tornillo, para carpinterodocena	4.00	31
de hierro, comunes, para idemdocena	2.00	31
Punzones—	2.00	32
con cabo, para carpinterosdocena	. 60	31
con cabo y vaina de composicióndocena	18.00	51
los mismos sin vainadocena	12.00	51
cabo de composición y vaina de cuero ó terciopelo, con ó sin		i
adornosdocena  de otros cabos, con vaina de cuero ó terciopelo, con ó sin ador-	14.00	51
nosdocena	8.00	51
los mismos sin vainadocena  Ouebradores—	5.00	51
de composición ó nikelados, para nuecesdocena	5.00	31
los mismos de hierrodocena los mismos de maderadocena	1. 20 . 80	31
Quinqués	Vista.	31
Rapé—	Vista.	31
de todas procedenciaskilo Raquetas—	. 90	51
para jugar al volantedocena pares	5. 40	31
Rascadores—		
6 limpia-botas, de hierro fundidokilo bruto Raspadores—	. 20	31
para papeldocena	1. 20	
Rasquetas—	1. 20	31
ordinarias, para caballodocena	. 50	31
regulares, para idemdocena	1. 6o	31
dobles, para idemdocena	3. 50	31
triangularesdocena	2.40	31
Rastras	Vista.	Libre.
de hierro, sin cabo, hasta 16 dientesdocena	2, 40	Libre.
	2. AO	
los mismos, con cabo		Libre.

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Kitchens, portable—	Dollars.	Per cent.
With wicker covering, for 5 platesdozen	24. 82	31
Tin, for 5 platesdo	12.41	31
Tinned iron, for 5 platesdo	20. 68	31
Enameled iron, for 6 platesdo	31.02	31
Dishes, porcelain or earthenware, for samedo	4. 14	31
Tindo	2. 585	31
Tinned irondo	4. 657	31
Enameled irondo	6. 20	31
Pickets, iron, gross weightpound	. 056	31
Potash, gross weightdo	. 042	Free.
Carpenters'dozen	4 74	
Copying, gross weightpound	4. 14 . 084	31
For stamping, with utensilseach		31
Polishers—	4. 14	31
Fine, with screw for carpentersdozen	4. 14	31
Iron, common, for carpentersdo	2.07	31
Punches-		
Carpenters', with handledo	. 62	31
With handle and sheaths of compositiondo	18, 61	51
Without sheathsdo	12.41	51
Composition handle and sheath of leather or velvet, with or	,	"
without ornament	14.48	51
with or without ornamentdozen	8. 27	51
Same, without sheathdodo	5. 17	51
Nutcrackers—		1
Composition or nickel-plated do	5. 17	31
Irondo	1. 241	21
Woodendo	. 827	31
Lampsdo		31
Snuff, from all partspound	. 423	51
Battledores for shuttlecocksdozen pairs	5. 584	31
Boot-scrapers, cast iron, gross weightpound.	. 094	31
Erasersdozen	1. 241	31
Ordinarydo	277	31
Gooddo	. 517 1. 654	31
Double	3. 61q	•
Triangulardodo	2. 482	31 31
Harrowsdo	Sight.	Free.
IIaliows	oignt.	1100.
Rakes or hackles, iron, without handles, up to 16 teethdo		Free.
Iron, with handles, up to 16 teethdo		Free.
	Sight.	Free.

# SECCION TERCERA.—FERRETERIA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	A valúo.	Dere- cho.
D	_	Por
Rayadores—	Peses.	ciento.
para queso ó pan, ordinariosdocena	. 80	31
con cajón, para idemdocena	2. 50	31
Rayas—		i
para pelucasdocena Redes—	12,00	31
de cáñamo, para pescar ó cazarkilo bruto	1,00	31
las mismas, con plomo (25 por ciento menos)		31
fines de cada nova coror kilo hruto	***	
finas, de seda, para cazar kilo bruto	20.00	3
de hilo, para cazadordocena Rejas—	7.00	31
para aradosdocena	4.00	Libre
Rejillas— de hierro, para braseros y hornallaskilo bruto	.08	31
Relojes—*		3,
metal, ordinariosuno	3.00	31
de plata, sin remontoiruno	5.00	08
de plata, con remontoiruno		O.
de oro, sin remontoiruno		08
de idem, con idemuno		08
de idem, esmaltados, con piedras uno		60
de idem, esmaltados, ingleses, con ó sin remontoiruno		08
de idem, de repetición, segundos fijos y cronómetrosuno		08
de sobre-mesas, finos, y todos los no comprendidos en esta		1
tarifauno	Vista.	31
de madera ó zinc, llamados americanos, con cuerda para un dia, con ó sin campana, hasta 45 centímetros de dimensión,		
unounouno	2.00	31
los mismos, hasta 70 centímetros de idem uno		31
los mismos, con cuerda para ocho ó más diasuno		3I
de péndola ó entre-mesa y de colgar, sencillos, de cualquier	_	!
clase y procedenciauno		31
grandes, cronómetros, para buquesuno		31
pequeños, en cajas de madera ó con muestra de cartónuno Relojitos—	1,00	31
de plomo, para niñosgruesa	6.00	31
de cartón	2.00	31
Remos—	. 25	31
de hava ó roblemetro		
de haya 6 roblemetro Rempujos—		31
	I. 20	
Rempujos—		31
Rempujos— armados	. 10	-
Rempujos— armados	. 10	31
Rempujos— armados	. 65	31 31
Rempujos— armados	. 10 . 65 . 12 5. 00	31 31 31
Rempujos— armados	. 10 . 65 . 12 5. 00 . 60	31 31 31 31
Rempujos— armados	. 10 . 65 . 12 5. 00 . 60 18. 50	31 31 31 31 31
Rempujos—     armados	. 10 . 65 . 12 5. 00 . 60 18. 50 . 80	31 31 31 31 31
Rempujos— armados	. 10 . 65 . 12 5. 00 . 60 18. 50 . 80 I. 20	31 31 31 31 31 31 31

### URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Graters—		Per
	Dollars.	cent.
For cheese and bread, commondozen		31
With box, for cheese and breaddo	2. 585	31
"Rayas," for wigsdo Nets—	12. 41	31
Hemp, for fishing or hunting, gross weightpound		31
Same, with weights, 25 per cent lessdo		3:
Silk, fine, for hunting, gross weightdo		3
Thread, for huntingdozen	7. 24	3:
Plowshares	4. 14	Free
Fire, for stoves, and brazier, gross weightpound Watches*—	. 037	3
Metal, ordinaryeach	3. 10	3:
With key, silverdo	5. 17	o
Stem-winder, silverdo	7. 757	ol
With key, golddo	20.68	o
Stem-winder, golddo	31.02	o
Same, enameled, set with jewelsdo	36. 10	of
Gold, with key, enameled, Englishdo	56.87	. 0
Same, repeaters and chronometers, secondsdo	67. 17	0
Clocks— Table, fine, and all others not specified in this tariffdo One-day, wooden or zinc, American, with or without a bell, up	Sight.	3
to 17.55 inches in dimensioneach	2. 07	3
Same, up to 27.30 inches in dimensiondo	5. 17	3
Same, eight-day or overdo  Pendulum, table, or hanging, simple, all kinds and from any	5. 17	3
countryeach	15.51	3
Large, chronometer, for shipsdo	124. 10	3
<ul> <li>Small, in wooden cases, with pasteboard facesdo</li> <li>Toy watches—</li> </ul>	1.03	3
Leadengross	6. 20	1
Cardboarddo	2. 07	3
Oars— Beech or oakyard	. 236	3
Palms— Sail-makers', made updozen		
	1. 241	3
Sail-makers', not made updo Springs—	. 103	3
Copper, for furniturepound  Bronzed iron, polished or steel, for furniture, gross weight,	. 307	3
pound	. 056	3
For doorsdozen		3
For furniture do	J	3
Carriage, gross weight		3
For hanging papersdozen		3
Brass, for windowsdo		3
Iron, for windowsdo		3

## SECCION TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Revólvers—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
en general, sin estucheuno	5. 50	51
Rodajas—	3. 30	3.
de hierro, para espuelaskilo	. 60	31
Roldanas—		) .
pequeñas de broncekilo	1.00	31
de hierro, con ó sin armazonkilo bruto	. 18	31
Romanas—	•	] -
de hierro, de pilón100 kilos de marcación	5.00	31
Ruedas-	<b>J</b>	-د
de bronce, para persianas y las para muebles, con armazón y		İ
rueda de broncekilo.	1.00	31
las mismas, con ruedas de otras materiaskilo	. 60	31
de hierro, para persianas y las para muebles, con armazón de	•	, ,
hierro y rueda de cualquier clasekilo	. 20	31
,		1
para zorrakilo bruto	. 20	31
Sables—		
finos y regularesuno	10.00	51
ordinarios, para tropauno	I. 20	51
ó espadas sin vaina, para esgrimadocena	12, 00	51
los mismos, sin cabo	6, 00	51
Sacabocados—		_
ó tenazas, para señalar ovejasdocena	10.00	31
ó idem, con resorte ó de golpe, para idemdocena	18.00	31
los mismos, sin concluirdocena	12.00	31
Sacatrapos—		
para fusiles ó escopetasgruesa	5.00	31
Salivaderas—	_	-
de hojalata ó zincdocena pares	6.00	31
de chapa de broncedocena pares	9.00	31
de hierro esmaltadasdocena pares	10,00	31
de metal británico, sin plateardocena pares	14.00	31
las mismas, plateadasdocena pares	20.00	31
Salva-vidas—		
de gomadocena	24.00	31
de corchodocena	6.00	31
Sandalias—		
ó zapatillas, para esgrimadocena pares	6.00	48
Sargentos—		1
de hierrokilo	. 40	31
de maderadocena	7.00	31
Sartenes—	_	
de hierro, estañado ó sin estañarkilo bruto	. 16	31
para tostar cafédocena	8.00	31
Serruchos—		İ
finos y regularesdocena	9.00	31
ordinarios, surtidos, incluso los de puntadocena	3. 00	31
Sierras—	_	1
ordinarias, con armazón, para carpinterodocena	6.00	31
de hierro, con armazón, para carnicero ó cocinero : docena	9.00	31
finas, con armazón, para carpinterounal	1, 60	1 31

### URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Revolvers—		Per
In general, without caseeach	Dollars. 5, 687	cent.
Rowels—	5.00/	51
Iron, for spurspound	. 282	31
Sheave blocks—		3.
Brass, small do	.47	31
Iron, with or without attachments, gross weightdo	. 0846	
Steelyards-		] ]-
Ironper 100 kilograms of scale	2. 35	31
Casters or wheels—	1	-
Brass, for window blinds and for furniture, with brass wheels	1	
and fittingspound.	. 47	31
Same, wheels of other materialdo	. 282	31
Iron, for same, wheels of any kind and iron fittingsdo	.094	31
Wheels-		
For trucks, gross weightdo	.094	31
Sabers—	1	•
Fine and mediumeach	10. 34	51
Common, for troopersdo		51
Or swords, without scabbards, for fencingdozen	12.41	51
Same, without handledo	6. 20	51
Punches, iron—		1
For marking sheepdo		31
Same, with or without springdo		31
Same, unfinished do	12. 41	31
Wad extractors, for rifles or shotgunsgross	5. 17	31
Spittoons—		
Tin or zincdozen pairs		31
Brassdo		31
Enameled irondo		31
Britannia ware, not plateddo		31
Britannia ware, plateddo	20.68	31
Life-preservers—		
Rubber dozen		31
Corkdo	0. 20	31
For fencingdozen pairs	6, 20	48
Clamps—	. 0.20	40
Ironpound.	. 188	31
Wooddozen		31
Frying pans—	1	] ]-
Iron, tinned or not, gross weightpound		31
Coffee-roastersdozen	8. 27	31
Saws—	1	
Fine and mediumdo		31
Ordinary, assorted, including pointed sawsdo	3. 10	31
With frame, for carpentersdo	6, 20	31
Iron, with frame, for butchers or cooks	9.31	31

URUGUAY.

# SECCIÓN TERCERA—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS WAVALES Y JOYERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Sierras—Continúa.	Pesos.	Por
para trozaruna	2.00	31
de aireuna	4.00	31
para platerokilo.		
	2.00	31
hojas sin armazónkilo Sifones—	. 65	31
completos, de cualquier tamañodocena	4. 80	31
los mismos, sin resortedocena	2.70	31
resortes solos para sifonesdocena	I. 50	31
	-	1
tubos para idemdocena	. 60	31
comúnkilo bruto.		Libre.
	.04	
doblekilo bruto Soldadores—	. 08	Libre.
surtidosdocena.	6.00	31
Soldadura—	0.00	3.
de broncekilo.	. 80	
Soperas—	. 80	31
de hojalata ó hierro de estañodocena	7.00	31
de hierro esmaltado	•	
Suavizadores—	12.00	31
de dos 6 cuatro caras, para navajasdocena	2.00	31
Suelas—	2.00	] ]-
para tacos de billarciento	. 40	31
Tabaqueras—	• 40	] ]-
de goma, en generaldocena	<b>1.8</b> 0	31
Tablas—		-
para lavar, con ó sin zincdocena	I. 20	31
para limpiar cubiertosdocena	3.00	31
Tachos—	•	
de hojalata ó hierro estañadokilo bruto	. 32	31
de bronce ó cobrekilo	. 80	31
de hierro fundido en generalkilo bruto	. 12	31
Tachuelas—		
de hierro en generalkilo bruto	. 14	31
amarillaskilo	1.00	3I
Tacos—		
de madera, para mesa de billardocena	6.00	31
de fieltro y cartón para escopetakilo	. 50	5 <b>1</b>
Talco—		
para faroles, en hojas de 20 á 30 centímetros de largo.docena	. 40	31
de Venecia, para cualquier uso y en cualquier envasekilo	.03	20
Tapa-fuentes—		-
de alambredocena	2, 40	31
Tapas—	2. 40	, ,,
con ó sin resorte, para cartas y facturasdocena	6.00	31
Tapones—	0.00	"
de corcho, para botellas, damajuanas ó frascoskilo bruto	. 70	31

URUGUAY.

Saws—Continued. Crosseach	Į.	
	Dollars.	Per cent.
	2, 07	
Pit		31
	4. 14	31
Silversmiths'pound	. 94	31
Blades, without handles do	. 31	31
Siphons—	1 .	
Complete, any sizedozen		31
Same, without springdo		31
Springs fordo	1.551	31
Tubes for	. 62	31
Soda—	<b>!</b>	
Common, gross weightpound	.018	Free.
Double, gross weight		Free.
Solder—	'''	
Pots or furnaces, assorteddozen	6, 20	31
Brasspound	. 376	31
Soup-pots—		
Tin or tinned iron	7. 24	31
Enameled irondo	12.41	31
Razor-hones—		J-
Of two or four sidesdo	2. 07	31
Leather tips—	2.07	J*
For billiard cueshundred	1	
	.414	31
Tobacco pouches—		
Rubber, in generaldozen .	1.861	31
Wash-boards—	i	1
With or without zincdodo	1. 241	31
Knife-boardsdo	3. 10	31
Boiler, sugar—		1
Tin or tinned iron, gross weightpound	. 15	31
Brass or copperdo		31
Cast iron, in general, gross weightdo		31
Tacks—	1	1
Iron, in general, gross weightdo	. 065	31
Brass	_	_
		31
Billiard cues, woodendozen	0. 20	31
Wads—	1	
Felt or pasteboard, for shotgunspound	. 235	51
Mica—	1	1
For lanterns, in sheets of from 7.8 to 11.7 inches long,		į.
dozen.	.414	31
Talc—		1
Venetian, for any purpose or in any packagepound	. 014	20
	.014	1 20
Dish covers—	0.40.	١
Wiredozen	2. 484	31
Cases—	_	1
With or without springs, for letters and invoicesdo	6. 20	31
	1	ł
Corks-		
Corks — For bottles, demijohns, or flasks, gross weightpound	. 329	31

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA.—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Tazas—	Petos.	Por ciento.
de hierro estañadokilo bruto	.40	31
de platagramo.	.05	31
Tela—	5	] ]-
de crin, para cedazosdocena	2.00	31
para encuadernadormetro cuadrado	. 20	31
de alambre de hierrokilo	. 50	31
de idem de bronce kilo	1.00	31
Tenazas—		
de hierro, en generalkilo bruto	. 20	31
para estirar alambre y para platerouna Tenedores—	. 60	31
de hierro estañado para ollaskilo bruto	, 24	31
Termómetros	Vista.	6
de madera, para tornerouna	1. 20	31
surtidas, para platero ó relojero, hasta 24 centímetrosdocena	5, 00	31
	_	
con dados, para herrero, de 25 centimetros para arribametro	12.00	31
Terrallas—		}
surtido de cacerolas, ollas y cazuelasdocena	1. 20	31
bacines 6 lebrillosdocena	2, 00	31
porronesdocena	2, 00	31
platosdocena	. 30	31
tinajas surtidasdocena	19.00	31
Teteras—  de hojalata 6 hierro estañadokilo bruto	. 80	
de metal británico, sin plateardocena	12,00	31
las mismas plateadasdocena	18.00	31 31
de composición, regulares y ordinariasdocena	25.00	31
las mismas finasdocena	50,00	31
Tijeras—	50.00	<b>J</b> -
para esquilar ó tuzardocena	5.00	31
para hojalatero y platerodocena	10.00	31
para podardocena	7. 20	31
hasta 10 centimetros de hoja, medida desde el centro del tor-		
nillo, para costureradocena	2.00	31
las mismas, mayores de 10 hasta 15 centimetros docena	4.00	31
las idem, de 16 hasta 20 centimetrosdocena forma de sastre, hasta 12 centimetros, medidas desde el centro	8.00	31
del tornillodocena	5.00	31
las mismas, mayores de 12 hasta 15 centímetrosdocena	8.00	31
las idem, de 16 hasta 18 centímetrosdocena	18. oo	31
las idem, mayores de 18 centímetrosdocena	36. 00	31
juegos de 5 á 8juego	2. 50	31

· URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Cups—	70.22	Per
Tinned iron, gross weightpound	Dollars.	cent.
Silverpound	. 08	31
Horsehair—	.08	31
For sievesdozen		
ror sievesdozen	2.07	31
Clotin—		
For bookbindingsquare yard	. 172	31
Net—		ł
Iron, wirepound	. 235	31
Brass, wiredo	. 47	31
Pincers—		_
Iron, in general, gross weightpound	.004	31
For stretching wire and for silversmithseach	. 62	31
Forks—		] 3.
Tinned iron, for kitchen use, gross weightpound	. 112	31
Thermometers	Sight.	6
Screw plates —	Signt.	١
Wooden for turnerseach		
wooden for turners	1. 241	31
Assorted, for silversmiths or watchmakers, up to 9.36 inches,		
dozendozen	5. 17	31
With sockets for blacksmiths, from 9¾ inches upwards,		ŀ
Glazed earthenware—	11. 347	31
Assortment of saucepans, jugs, and stewpansdozen	1. 241	31
Basins or tubsdo	2.07	31
Pitchersdo	2.07	31
Platesdo	•	
Jars, assorteddodo	. 31	31
	19. 65	31
reapots—		
Iron or tinned iron, gross weightpound		31
Britannia ware, not plateddozen	12. 41	31
Same, plateddo	18.61	31
Composition, medium and ordinarydo	25. 85	31
Same, fine	51.70	31
Shears—		
Sheepdo	5. 17	31
For tinsmiths and for silversmiths do	10. 34	31
Pruningdo	7. 447	31
Scissors—	7. 417	"
Seamstresses', up to 3.9 inches, measured from the center of		
the screwdozen	2.07	31
Same, from 3.9 to 5.85 inches, measured as abovedozen		
Same, from 6.24 to 7.8 inchesdodo	4. 14	31
Tailors', up to 4.68 inches, measured from the center of screw,	8. 27	31
		۔۔
dozen	5. 17	31
Same, from 4.68 to 5.85 inchesdo	8. 27	31
Same, from 6.24 to 7 inchesdo	18. 61	31
Same, over 7 inchesdo	37. 224	31
Tubs—	•	-
Sets from 5 to 8set	2. 585	31
* Screw plates in boxes 50 per cent additional in respective class		

# SECCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA.—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaltio.	Dere- cho.
Tinto	_	Por
Tinta—	Pesos.	ciento.
carmin 6 de colores, surtida, en tarros hasta 40 gramos. docena	I. 20	31
para escribir ó copiar, en tarros de barro ó vidriolitro para escribir ó copiar, en tarros de barro ó vidrio, en forma de	. 30	31
tintero ó con picogruesa.	3.00	31
hasta 14 gramos, para marcar ropadocena	1.50	31
de la China, en pastakilo negra, común, para imprenta, en envases que no bajen de 10	2.00	31
kilos	. 20	8
pastakilo	. 80	31
negra, en barriles, para zuecoslitro Tinteros—	. 20	31
de vidrio, porcelana ó plomo, expresos para banco de escuela,	_	1
ciento	1.80	31
de vidrio, con armazon *docena	3. ∞	31
de idem, sin idemdocena	1.50	31
de idem, fino ó cristal, sin armazóndocena	5.00	31
de idem, idem, ó idem, con idemdocena de idem, con cristal ó armazón de dos tinteros ó arenilleros,	10.00	31
docena	14.00	31
6 escribanías de madera, bronce zinc, plomo 6 hierro.docena.	24.00	31
ó escribanías de composición ó plata alemanauna	6,00	31
para bolsillodocena Tipos—	I. 20	31
para imprenta, lineas, interlineas ó viñetaskilo bruto.	. 60	8
Tirabuzones—	_	1
con mecánicadocena	6.00	31
finos y regulares, cabo de madera, hueso, asta ó metal, con ó sin		
punzóndocena	2.00	31
ordinarios, cabo de bronce, madera ó fierrodocena	. 50	31
Tiradores—		
de bronce, 6 perillas, para puertas 6 cerraduras kilo	1.00	31
de hierro, para puertaskilo	. 30	31
de madera de cualquier clase, para mueblesciento de bronce, vidrio, porcelana ó madera en parte nikelado, para	1. 50	31
vidrieras ó mueblesdocena	. 80	31
de nikel ó nikelados, para vidrieras ó mueblesdocena	1.80	31
Tiza—		1
ó lápices, para escuelagruesa.	. 20	31
en panecitos, para tacos de billarkilo	. 06	31
en idem, para sastrekilo	. 20	31
en piedra 6 molida	1. 50	31
Toberas—		1
de hierro fundido	14.00	31
Tornillos—		ļ
de hierro, con ó sin tuerca, los galvanizados y arandelas solas.		1
y los de hierro, para catres ó marquesaskilo bruto	. 12	31
de hierro, para maderakilo bruto	. 14	31
de broncekilol	1.00	31
*Cuando los tinteros vengan con armazón de composición ó plata alemana, se	aumantará a	i velor 4

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Ink—	Doilars.	Per cent.
Carmine or other colors, assorted, in earthenware jugs up		
1.286 ounces	1. 241	31
Writing or copying, in jugs or glass bottlesquart Same, in earthenware or glass bottles, shaped like an inkstand,	. 31	31
with a lipgross	3. 10	31
Indelible, up to .45 ouncesdozen	1,551	31
Indiapound Black, printers', common, in vessels not under 22 pounds,	• 94	31
All colors, for printing or lithographing, liquid or in paste,	.094	
pound	. 376	31
Blacking, shoemakers', in barrelsquart Inkstands—	. 207	31
Glass, china, or lead, for school deskshundred	1.861	31
Glass, in stand *	3. 10	31
Same, plaindo	1.551	31
Same, fine, not in standdo	5. 17	31
Same, fine, in standdo	10. 34	31
Same, fine, in stand with two inkstands or sand-holdersdo	14. 48	31
In frames of wood, bronze, zinc, lead, or irondo	24. 82	31
In frames of composition or German silvereach	6. 20	31
Pocketdozen	1. 241	31
Гуре—		_ ا
For printing, lines, interlines, and vignettes, gross weight. pound	. 282	8
Corkscrews—		
With machinerydozen Fine and medium, wood, bone, or metal handles, with or with-	6, 20	31
out a punchdozen	2.07	. 31
Common, brass, wood, or iron handlesdo	.517	31
Knobs—		١.,
Brass, for doors or lockspound  Iron, for doorsdo	. 47	31
Wooden, all kinds, for furniturehundred	. 141	31
Brass, glass, china, or wood, partly nickel-plated, for windows, or furniture	1.551	31
Nickel or nickel-plated, for windows or furnituredo	. 827 1. 861	31
Chalk—		31
Pencilsgross	. 207	31
For billard cues, etcpound	. 028	31
For tailors' usedo		31
In lumps or powder, gross weight	. 705	31
Tuyere pipes— Cast iron, gross weightdo	6. 58	31
Screws— With or without nuts, galvanized and iron bed screws, gross		
weightpound		31
Iron, for wood, gross weightdo		31
Brassdo	- 47	31
* When inkstands are fitted in frames of composition or German silver the value		

## ERCCIÓN TERCERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Asticuina.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Torniquetes—	Peses.	Por ciento.
de hierro, para alambradokilo bruto	. II	31
Tornos— de hierro ó acero, de mano, para herrero ó platerokilo	~*	
de idem ó idem, para mesa, con ó sin bigorniakilo	· 75 . 50	31
de idem 6 idem, para banco de herrerokilo	. 25	31
de idem 6 idem, para idem de carpinterodocena	18.00	31
de madera, para idem de idemdocena	5.00	31
Trabadores—	•	
finos de tenaza, para serruchodocena	5.00	31
ordinariosdocena	. 80	31
Trabucos—		•
en generaluno	4. 00	. 51
Trajes— chaponas enceradas, para marinerodocena	12.00	48
pantaiones idem, para idemdocena	9.50	48
sombreros pamperos, para idemdocena	4. 50	48
Trampas—	. + 5	"
de alambres, para ratones ó ratasdocena	2, 00	31
de dientes, para idem, de fierrokilo bruto	. 24	31
de horca, hasta 8 agujeros cada unadocena	1.00	31
Trébedes-		ļ
de hierrokilo bruto	. 30	31
Trinchantes— cabo de hueso, asta, madera 6 metal Ferretdocena pares	<b>.</b>	
cabo de marfil ó plata alemanadocena pares	5.00 12.00	31
Trompetas—	12.00	31
chicas, de goma, con boquilla de plomodocena	. 30	31
Trompos—	- 3-	]-
de maderagruesa	2,00	31
ó chicharras de lata ó maderadocena	. 80	31
Tubos—		
para niveles de calderas de máquinasdocena	4.00	31
Vagones—		1 .
cerrados, para tranvia	1,000.00	48
abiertos, idem idemuno	800.00	48
Vainas— de suela, hasta 48 centímetrosdocena		
de idem, con puntera de metaldocena	2, 00 5, 00	48 48
con cartón, con idem, de idemdocena	2.00	48
ton carron, con racin, ac racin , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2.00	-
de suela, con ó sin adornos, para espadasuna	1. 50	48
de acero, composición ó nikeladas, para idemuna	3.00	51
Vasos—	_	_
de platagramo	. 05	31
Vidrios—		
ó cristales sencillos, para relojesgruesa	1, 60	31
los mismos, dobles ó gruesosgruesa	3.00	31
planos, comunes, en cajones de 9 á 9 ½ metros cuadrados,		1
pianos, comunes, en cajones de 9 a 9 ½ metros cuadrados,	3. 20	2.
	7.00	31 31

URUGUAY.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Tourniquet screws—	n.,,	Per
Iron, for fastening wire, gross weightpound	Dollars.	cent.
Vises— Iron or steel, hand, for blacksmiths or silversmithsdo	. 351	31
Iron or steel, with or without an anvildo	. 235	31
Iron or steel, for blacksmithsdo	.117	31
Iron or steel, bench, for carpentersdozen	18.61	31
Wooden, for carpentersdo	5. 17	31
Fine, with nippers for sawsdo		31
Commondo	. 827	31
Blunderbusseseach	4. 14	51
Jackets, for seamendozen	12.41	48
Trousers, for seamendo	9. 827	48
Hats, sailors'do	4. 657	48
Wiredo	2.07	31
Iron, with teeth, gross weightpound	. 112	31
Spring, with 8 holes eachdozen Tripods—	1.03	31
Iron, gross weightpound	. 141	31
Carving knives— Handles of bone, horn, wood, or Ferret metaldozen pairs		31
Ivory or German silver handlesdodo	5. 17 12. 41	31
Trumpets-	•	
Small, rubber, with lead mouthpiecesdozen	. 31	31
Whip. woodengross	2.07	31
Humming, tin or wooddozen	. 827	31
Gauges for steam boilersdodo	4. 14	31
Street, closedeach	1, 034, 00	48
Same, opendodo		48
Sheaths—		
Leather, up to 18.72 inchesdozen Leather, with metal tipsdo	2. 07	48 48
Cardboard, with metal tipsdodo	5. 17 2. 07	48
Scabbards—	,	7
Leather, with or without ornamenteach	1. 551	48
Steel, composition, or nickel-plateddo	3. 10	51
Silver cupspennyweight Watch crystals—	. 08	31
Thingross	1.654	31
Double or heavydo	3. 10	31
Glass—Window, common, in boxes containing from 96.87 to 102.25		
square feet box		31
Platedo	7. 24	31

# SECCIÓN TEBUERA.—FERRETERÍA, PAPELERÍA, ARTÍCULOS NAVALES Y JOYERÍA— Continúa.

Artfculos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Vidrios—Continua. idem, sencillos de colores, en cajones de 9 4 9½ metros cua-	Pesos.	Por ciento.
drados	10.00	31
9½ metros cuadradoscajón	5.00	31
los mismos, dobles (el vidrio)	10, 00	31
largociento	2. 50	31
los mismos, mayores de 25 centímetrosciento	5.00	31
para piso y claraboyakilo	. 10	31
Volantes—		
de corchodocena	. 50	31
Yerberas—		
de hojalata docena	3.00	# 48
de hierro estañadodocena	6.00	31
de idem, esmaltadodocena	10.00	31
Yescakilo Yesqueros—	. 50	31
de composición, ordinarios, con mechadocena	1. 20	31
los mismos, finosdocena	5.00	31
Zinc—	-	-
en láminas	9.00	20
caladokilo	. 20	31
en panes ó lingoteskilo	. 09	20

r.ª Los artículos en que se determina peso bruto, sólo tendrán de tara el envase exterior. 2.ª En los artículos cuyas tapas sean distinto metal, se aforarán éstas como si fueran del que aquellos

se componen.

3.º Los artículos nikelados, no expresados en tarifa, serán aforados como los de composición ordinaria, en su misma categoria.

URUGUAY.

### THIRD SECTION.—HARDWARE AND STATIONERY, SHIP CHANDLERY AND JEWELRY— Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Glass—Continued. Plain, colored, in boxes containing from 96.87 to 102.25 square	Dollars.	Per cent.
feetbox  Plain, ground, fluted and muslin boxes, from 96.87 to 102.25	10. 34	31
square feetbox	5. 17	31
Same, double		31
engthhundred	2, 585	31
For photographers, over 9.75 inchesdo	5. 17	31
Dead-lights or skylightspound	. 047	31
Shuttlecocksdozen Yerba tubes or yerba cups—	. 517	31
Tindozen	3, 10	48
Tinned irondo		31
Enameled irondo	10. 34	31
Tinderpound Tinder boxes—	. 235	31
Composition, ordinary, with wickdozen	1. 241	31
Same, fine	5. 17	31
Zinc—		1
In sheets, gross weight	4. 23	20
Perforatedpound	.094	31
In lumps or barsdo	.042	20

Bull. 61-16

x. Where the gross weight of the articles is not specified the exterior package alone will be included in the allowances.

2. Articles the covers or stoppers of which are of different metal, these will be taxed according to the material of the article.

3. Nickel-plated articles not specified in the tariff will be estimated like those of ordinary composition in the same cases.

## SECCIÓN TERCERA.—CRISTALERÍA Y VIDRIOS.

	Escalas.			
Artículos.	1	2	8	Dere-
Vidrios—	Pesos.	Pesos.	Pesos.	Por ciento
moldados, lisos y grabados, escala número 1				3
ordinarios, cortados, incluso botellas y copas me-	İ	ł		
dio cristal de Bohemia, escala número 2		• • • • • • •	· · · · · · ·	3
finos y cristales, escala número 3	!			3
Arandelasdocena Arañas—	.40		1.00	3
de dos luces, para gas ó keroseneuna	15.00	15.00	15.00	3
de 3 luces, para gas ó keroseneuna		20.00	20.00	3
de 4 luces, para gas ó keroseneuna		26.00	26.00	3
de 5 á 6 luces, para gas ó keroseneuna		35.00	35.00	3
de 7 á 10 luces, para gas ó keroseneuna . de más luces, en proporción.		55.00	55.00	3
Azucarerasdocena Bandejas—	1.80	3.00	5. 50	3
ó fuentesdocena Bombas—	2.00		5.00	3
para lámparasdocena	5.00	5.00	5.00	3
6 globos, para faroles de calleuno Botellas—	3.00	3.00	3.00	3
para agua ó vino, para mesadocena	2.50	6.00	14.00	3
para licores, para mesadocena	· 1. 50	3.00	7.00	3
para aceiterasdocena negras ó de barro, lisas, para uso de fabricantes de	I. 20	2.00	3.00	3
licores y cervezadocena	. 30			
idem blancasdocenalas mismas, con dibujos 6 formas de capricho,	. 30			•
Prazos—	. 70			3
para pared, de una luzuno	3.00	3.00	3.00	3
para pared, de dos lucesuno	5.00	5.00	5.00	3
para pared, de tres lucesuno para pared, de más luces, en proporción.	7.00	7.00	7.00	3
Candeleros—  o palmatoriasdocena pares		İ		١.
Compoteras	5.00		10,00	3
Copas—	2.40	4.80	8.00	3
para cerveza, agua ó champagnedocena	1.00	1.00	3.00	3
para vino y licoresdocena	. 60	.60	1.80	3
Depósitos—				"
para lámparasdocena	3.00	3.00	3.00	3
Dulcerasdocena	4.00	6.00	12.00	3
Fruteras-		1		
de uno ó más pisosdocena	10.00	15.00	24.00	3
Hueverasdocena	. 40	. 40	1.00	3
arras—				_
para agua ó lavatoriodocena	4.00	7.00	14.00	3
chicas, con tapa, para lechedocena	1.80	3.00	6.00	3
uegos— para lavatorio, sin escupidera, hasta 6 piezas, juego	2.00	1		3
para iavatorio, sin escupidera, nasta o piezas. juego	3.00	3.00	5.00	. 3

URUGUAY.

THIRD SECTION.—CRYSTAL AND GLASSWARE.

Sugar bowls       dozen       I. 86I       3.10       5.687       31         Waiters or trays       do       2.07       5.17       31         Lamp shades or globes       do       5.17       5.17       5.17       31         Same, for street lanterns       each       3.10       3.10       3.10       31         Decanters or carafes       dozen       2.585       6.20       14.48       31         Decanters or liquor bottles       do       1.551       3.10       7.24       31         Bottles—       Or cruets, for oil       do       1.241       2.07       3.10       31         Dark glass or plain earthenware, for use by manufacturers of wines or beer       dozen       31       Free.         Same, white       do       31       31       Free.         Same, white       do       31       31       517         Two lights       do       5.17       5.17       5.17       5.17       31         Three lights       do       7.24       7.24       7.24       7.24       31         Over 3 lights, in proportion       do       7.24       7.24       7.24       31         Candlesticks, glass       dozen pairs <th></th> <th></th> <th>Scal</th> <th>es.</th> <th></th>			Scal	es.	
Glass	Articles.	1	2	8,	
Molded, plain, and engraved, scale No. 1		Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	
Ordinary, cut, including bottles and goblets, half crystal, Bohemian, scale No. 2. Fine and crystal, scale No. 3. Candelabras, glass  Glass, for 2 lights, for gas or kerosene each 15.51					
Fine and crystal, scale No. 3 Candelabras, glass	Ordinary, cut, including bottles and goblets, half				
Candelabras, glass	Crystal, Bonemian, scale No. 2		• • • • • •		_
Chandeliers— Glass, for 2 lights, for gas or kerosene each 15.51	Candelahme glass dozen	474			_
Glass, for 2 lights, for gas or keroseneeach		. 414		1.03	31
For 3 lights, ditto		15. 51	15. 51	15. 51	31
For 4 lights, ditto,					_
From 5 to 6 lights, ditto	For 4 lights, dittododo	26. 88			_
From 7 to 10 lights, ditto	From 5 to 6 lights, dittodo	36. 10			_
Over 10 lights, in proportion         .do.					_
Sugar bowls       dozen       I. 86I       3. 10       5. 687       31         Waiters or trays       do       2. 07       5. 17       31         Lamp shades or globes       do       5. 17       5. 17       5. 17       31         Same, for street lanterns       each       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       31       31         Decanters or carafes       dozen       2. 585       6. 20       14. 48       31         Decanters or liquor bottles       do       1. 551       3. 10       7. 24       31         Bottles—       Or cruets, for oil       do       1. 241       2. 07       3. 10       31         Dark glass or plain earthenware, for use by manufacturers of wines or beer       dozen       31       5. 17       5. 17       5. 17       5. 17       31         Same, white       do       31       31       5. 17<	Over 10 lights, in proportiondo				31
Lamp shades or globes	Sugar bowlsdozen	1.861	3. 10	5. 687	31
Same, for street lanterns       each.       3. 10       7. 24       3. 10	Waiters or traysdo	2. 07	· · · · · · · ·	5. 17	31
Same, for street lanterns       each.       3. 10       7. 24       3. 10	Lamp shades or globes do		£ 17	e 17	21
Decanters or liquor bottles					31
Decanters or liquor bottles	Decanters or carafesdozen	2, 585	6. 20	14. 48	31
Or cruets, for oil       do.       I. 24I       2. 07       3. 10       31         Dark glass or plain earthenware, for use by manufacturers of wines or beer       dozen       31       Free.         Same, white.       do.       31       31         Same, decorated, fancy shapes.       do.       724       31         Bracket fixtures—       One light       each       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10         One lights.       do.       5. 17       5. 17       5. 17       31         Three lights.       do.       7. 24       7. 24       7. 24       31         Over 3 lights, in proportion       do.       7. 24       7. 24       7. 24       31         Candlesticks, glass.       dozen pairs.       5. 17       10. 34       31         Compotes.       dozen.       2. 482       4. 967       8. 27       31         Tumblers, champagne and beer glasses.       do.       1. 03       1. 03       3. 10       3. 10         Wine and liquor glasses       do.       4. 14       6. 20       12. 41       31         Dessert dishes.       do.       4. 14       1. 03       31         Free.       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10	Decanters or liquor bottlesdo	,			31
Dark glass or plain earthenware, for use by manufacturers of wines or beer	<del></del>		0.07	2 70	2.7
Same, white	Dark glass or plain earthenware, for use by manu-	1. 241	2.07	3. 10	31
Same, decorated, fancy shapes		. 31	<b></b> .		Free.
Bracket fixtures—       One light					31 31
One light       each       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 17       5. 17       5. 17       5. 17       7. 24       7. 24       7. 24       7. 24       7. 24       7. 24       31         Candlesticks, glass       dozen pairs       5. 17					
Two lights		2 10	2 10	2 10	21
Three lights do 7. 24 7. 24 7. 24 31 Over 3 lights, in proportion do 31  Candlesticks, glass dozen pairs compotes dozen 2. 482 4. 967 8. 27 31  Tumblers, champagne and beer glasses do 1. 03 1. 03 3. 10 3.			_		
Over 3 lights, in proportion       do       31         Candlesticks, glass       dozen pairs       5. 17       10. 34       31         Compotes       dozen       2. 482       4. 967       8. 27       31         Tumblers, champagne and beer glasses       do       1. 03       3. 10       3. 10       31         Wine and liquor glasses       do       62       62       1. 861       31         Lamp wells       do       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 10       3. 31       3. 10       3. 31       3. 32       3					_
Compotes					31
Compotes	Candlesticks, glassdozen pairs	5. 17		10, 34	31
Wine and liquor glasses       do       62       1.861       31         Lamp wells       do       3.10 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>31</td></t<>					31
Lamp wells. do 3. 10 3.	Tumblers, champagne and beer glassesdo				31
Dessert dishes	• •	. 62		1.861	31
Fruit stands— Of one or more dishes		-			31
Of one or more dishes	Fruit stands—		0, 20	12.41	31
Egg glasses	Of one or more dishesdo	10. 34	15. 51	24. 82	21
Pitchers—       Water       dodododododododo					_
Water		. 4.4	• 4.4	1.03	34
Milk, with covers, smalldo 1.861 3.10 6.20 31		4. 14	7.24	14. 48	21
					-
_ <del></del>	Toilet sets—				_
Without spittoon, up to 6 piecessets 3. 10 3. 10 5. 17 31	Without spittoon, up to 6 piecessets	3. 10	3. 10	5. 17	31

URUGUAY.

### SECCIÓN TERCERA.—CRISTALERÍA: Y VIDRIOS—Continua.

		Recalas.		
Artículos.	1	3	8	Dere-
Licoreras— con bandeja, de vidrio 6 madera, hasta 14 copas.	Fesos.	Pesos.	Peses.	Por cionto.
		12, 00	24.00	31
Macetasdocena pares	6,00	10,00	20,00	31
Palanganasdocena Pantallas—	4.00	7.00	14.00	31
de vidrio, imitación porcelanadocena	1.50	l		31
de vidrio, con platodocena	2.40			31
Platos— hasta 25 centimetrosdocena		1.60	2, 40	31
Queserasdocena	6.00	10.00	20,00	31
Reflectores	3.00			31
Saleros— sencillos ó doblesdocena Saliveras—	. 60		2. 40	31
sin piedocena pares	6.00	l <b></b>	15.00	31
con idemdocena pares	10,00			31
Tarros—	İ			1
sin piedocena	5.00	8.00		31
con idemdocena	7.00	12.00		31
Tubos-	1	Ì	}	_
para lámparadocena	. 50			31
Vasos-		l .		1
sin asadocena	.60	.60	1.80	31
con idem, sin tapadocena	1. 20	I. 80	3.60	31
con idem y tapadocena	1.80	3.60	8.00	31

Nota.—El aforo de las arañas y brazos para lámparas, se comprende con sus tubos, boquillas y bombas correspondientes.

## SECCIÓN TERCERA.—CHRISTOFFLE.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
	Peses.	Por
Aceiterasdocena	100.00	31
Azucarerasdocena	48.00	31
Bandejascentimetro	. 20	31
Coladóres— para té	6.00	31
Cucharas—	24.00	31
para mesa y postredocena	6.00	31
para café	3,00	31
para guisosdocena	12.00	31
para saldocena	2.00	31
para sodadocena	4.00	31
para azúcardocena	6.00	31

URUGUAY.

### THIRD SECTION.—CRYSTAL AND GLASSWARE—Continued.

	1	Scales.		
Articles.	1	2	8	Duty.
				Per
Liqueur sets—	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.	cent.
Up to 14 glasses, with glass or wooden tray,	1	i		
dozen	6. 20	12.41	24. 82	31
Flower potsdozen pairs	6. 20	10. 34	20, 68	31
Basins, glassdozen	4. 14	7. 24	14.48	31
Lamp sconces—	1	1 ' '	1	
Glass, imitation porcelaindo	1.551	l		31
Glass, with drip platedo	2.482			31
Plates—	1 4			١
Glass, up to 9¾ inchesdo	1.03	1.654	2, 482	31
Cheese platesdodo		10. 34	1 2 - 1	31
Reflectorsdo				31
Saltcellars—	3. 20			3.
Single or doubledo	62		2. 482	31
Cuspidors—	1	1	2.402	3.
Without feetdozen pairs.	6 20	l	TE ET	31
With feet do			1	31
Crocks-	10. 34	ļ	24.02	٦,
Without feetdozen.	5. 17	8 27		31
With feetdo				31
With feet	1. 24	12.41		3,
Lamp chimneysdo	617			31
Mugs—	.34/			J 3.
Without handlesdo	. 62	. 62	1.861	31
With handles, without coversdo				
With handles and coversdo			2.,	31
TT ICH HEHGIOS ENG COTOLS	1.001	3. /22	0.2/	3.

Norm.—The duty on the chandellers or brackets for lamps includes the burners, chimneys, and globes which belong to them.

### THIRD SECTION .- CHRISTOFFLE WARR.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
	Dollars.	Per cent.
Castersdozen	103.40	31
Sugar bowlsdozen		31
Trays or waitersinch	. 005	31
Tea-strainersdozen	6. 20	31
Salad knives and forks	24. 82	31
Table and dessertdozen	6. 20	31
Coffeedo	3. 10	31
Gravydo	12.41	31
Saltdo	2.07	31
Sodado	4. 14	31
Sugardo	6. 20	31

URUGUAY.

## SECCIÓN TERCERA.—CHRISTOFFLE—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Cucharones—	Pesos.	Por
para sopadocena	21.00	31
para salsadocena	15.00	31
Cuchillos—	13.00	] ]-
para mesa y postredocena	5.00	31
para lavatorios, hasta 8 piezasjuego	60.00	31
Lecherasdocena	36,00	31
Pinzas—	30.00	34
para azúcardocena	<b>.</b>	
	5.00	31
Posa-cubiertosdocena	4.00	31
Rompe-nuecesdocena	6, 00	31
con tapauna Tapones—	10, 00	31
para botellasdocena	3.60	31
Teteras-	•	
ó cafeterasdocena.	70.00	31
Trinchantes-	,	1
sin cajalas 24 piezas	24. 00	31
Yerberas	8.00	31

Nota.—Los artículos de metal cuya calidad sea similar al Christoffie, se aforarán como este.

## SECCIÓN CUARTA.—INSTRUMENTOS DE MÚSICA.

Aisladores—		
de vidrio, para pianociento	3. 50	31
Alto saxsor—	3.3	
á pistón ó á cilindrouno	6.00	31
Arcos—		
para violin y violoncelodocena	3.50	31
para contrabajo	16.00	31
Armoniums	Vista,	31
Banyósuno	4.00	31
Baquetas	,	_
para tamboresdocena de pares	6. 50	31
Baritonos—	· .	
á pistón ó á cilindrouno	8. 50	31
Bombardones—		_
á pistón ó á cilindrouno	0.00	31
Bombo—		
completouno	5.00	31
Boquillas-		
para clarinetes y requintosdocena	5. 50	31
de metal, para instrumentosdocena		31
Bordonas-		_
para guitarra, con la cajita de cartón ó el papel de la envuelta,	į	
kilógramo	5,00	31
Caballitos—		
para arcosdocena	.60	31
Cajas de música	Vista.	31
-		•

URUGUAY.

THIRD SECTION.—CHRISTOFFLE WARE—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Ladles—	Dollars.	Per cent.
Soupdozen	24. 82	31
Gravydo	15. 51	31
Knives—	- 3. 3-	٦-
Table and dessertdozen	5. 17	31
Toilet sets, 8 piecesset		31
Milk jugsdozen	37. 224	31
Sugar tongsdo		31
Knife restsdo		31
Nutcrackersdo	6. 20	31
Tureens, with covereach	10. 34	31
Bottle-stoppersdozen	3. 722	31
Tea or coffee potsdo	72. 45	31
Carvers and forks, without case	24. 82	31
"Yerberas" or yerba tubeseach	8. 27	31

Note.—Metal articles similar in quality to those of Christoffle ware will be appraised on the same basis.

### FOURTH SECTION.-MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Insulators	İ	
Glass, for pianoshundred	3. 619	31
Alto saxophone, piston or cylindereach	6. 20	31
For violoncellodo	3.619	31
For bass violsdozen	16. 54	31
Harmoniums	Sight.	31
Banjoseach	4. 14	31
Drumsticksdozen pairs	6. 717	31
Barytones, piston or cylindereach	8. 787	31
Bombardons, piston or cylinderdo	9. 31	31
Bass drums, completedo	5. 17	31
For clarinets and flageoletsdozen	5. 687	31
Metal, for instrumentsdo	1.551	31
Bass strings—		
For guitars, including the pasteboard box or paper wrapping,	l	
"Caballitos"—	2. 35	31
For bowsdozen	. 62	31
Music boxes	Sight.	31
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URUGUAY.

## SECCION CUARTA.—INSTRUMENTOS DE MÚSICA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Camas— para clarinete, requinto, oboe ó fagoteciento	Pesos. 2.00	Por ciento. 31
Capotastos—	_	
para guitarradocena	. 60	31
Castañuelasdocena de pares	5.00	31
Cerdas—	0-	
para violindocena	. 80	31
Cilindros—		
para órganos, de tamaño comúnuno	3. 00 8. 00	31
para idem, de idem, grandeuno Clarines—	8,00	31
sin pistónuno	I. 30	
con un pistónuno	2. 30	31
Clarinetes—	2. 30	31
6 requintos de 13 llaves, en boxuno	5.00	
ó idem de idem, idem, de ébano ó granadillo, con ó sin bolsa	3.00	31
y caja cartónuno	8.00	31
ó requintos de 13 llaves, sistema Boehmuno	15.00	31
Clavicordes—	25.00	3.
ó tenor á pistónuno.	g. 00	31
ó idem á cilindro uno	13.00	31
Clavijas—	-3. 00	J-
para violin ó guitarraciento	1.00	31
Concertines—		3.
ó armónicos sin teclas, hasta ó tonosdocena	. 20	31
ó idem sin idem, más tonos, en proporcióndocena	<b></b>	31
Contrabajos—		
de 3 á 4 cuerdasuno	15.00	31
Cordal—	_	i
para violinciento	4.00	31
Cordones—		
para guarnecer clarines de infanteríadocena	2.00	48
Cornetas—		
para tranviasdocena	5. 50	31
Cuerdas—		
de alambre, en carreteles, para guitarrasciento	. 70	31
de tripa, en general, con el paquete de la envuelta kilógramo	14.00	31
para pianokilógramo	1.00	31
Diapasones—		
de acero ó cartóndocena	1. 20	31
de marfil ó platadocena	6.00	31
Escobillones—		
para limpiar flautasdocena	<b>3. 0</b> 0	31
con útiles para afinadoresuno.	. 0-	
de madera, para guitarrasdocena	4, 80	31 48
Fagotes—	15.00	40
en boxuno.	. ~	2-
de ébano ó granadillouno	5.00	31 31
Figles—	15.00	34
en boxuno	6.00	31
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.00	, JA

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FOURTH SECTION.—MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Rests for clarinets, flageolets, oboes or fagottoshundred	Dollars. 2.07	Per cent. 31
"Capotastos," for guitarsdozen	. 62	31
Castanets	5. 17 . 827	31 31
Organ cylinders—         common size         each           Large size         do           Trumpets—	3. 10 8. 27	31 31
Without piston	1. 344 2. 378	31 31
With 13 keys, boxwooddododo		31
pasteboard caseseach  Same, Boehm systemdo  Tenor horns—	8. 27 15. 51	31 31
Piston	9. 31 13. 44	31 31
Keys or pegs— For violins and guitarshundred Concertinas or accordions—	1.03	31
Without keys and having six tonesdozen  Same, over six tonesdo	Proportion	31 31
Three to four stringseach	15. 51	31
Violin strings, basshundred	4. 14	31
For infantry trumpetsdozen	2.07	48
Horns for tramwaysdo	5. 687	31
Wire on spools, for guitarshundred  Cat gut, in general, in packages, including the covering.	. 724	31
For pianododo	6. 58 • 47	31 31
Steel or cardboard	1. 241 6. 20	31 31
For cleaning flutes	3. 10	31
Tuners' case of instrumentseach  Guitar casesdozen  Bassoons—	4. 967 15. 51	31 48
Boxwoodeach Ebony or grenadillo wooddo	5. 17 15. 51	31 31
Boxwooddo	6. 20	31

### URUGUAY.

## SECCION CUARTA.—INSTRUMENTOS DE MUSICA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Flautas—	Pesos.	Por
en box, de una á 3 llavesdocena	4.00	ciento.
en idem, de más de 3 idemdocena	15.00	31
de ébano ó granadillo, de 1 á 6 llavesuna	1,80	31
		31
en idem 6 idem, de más de 6 llavesuna	5.00	31
sistema Boehmuna	20.00	31
idem, idem de platauna Flautines—	35.00	31
en box. de I llavedocena		
	3.00	31
en idem, de más de 1 idem	. 80	31
de ébano ó granadillo de 5 á 6 llavesuno	1. 50	31
Flicornios—	6	۱
á pistón ó cilindrouno	6.00	31
Guarda-barbas— para violin		
F	2. 60	31
Guitarras—		i
y bandurriasdocena	35.00	31
é idem, con incrustaciones de marfil, carey, etcdocena	70.00	31
Herrajes— de metal, para cajas de violin y guitarrasdocena de juegos	5. 50	31
Llaves— para afinador de pianosdocena	2. 20	31
Maderas—		1
de abeto, para tapas de guitarraciento	4.00	31
Mandolinas,una	2, 00	31
Metrónomosuno	I. 20	31
en boxuno	2. 50	31
en ébanouno	6.00	31
Ocarinas—		
de barrodocena	2, 00	31
Oficleidesuno	7. 50	31
Organitos—		
á manubrio	Vista.	31
Parches—		
ó cueros, para redoblantesciento	37.00	31
6 idem, para bombosdocena	<b>24.</b> 00	31
Pelitones—		
ó sean helicones ó bombardones, á pistón ó cilindrouno	17.00	31
á 3 pistones á cilindros, con estucheuno	5. 50	31
Pianos—		
de pierna calzónuno	300.00	31
perpendicularesuno	200, 00	31
hasta 35 centímetros de diámetrouno	5.00	31
de más de idem, idem, idem, idemuno	8.00	31
Porta-tambores-		
y porta-bombosciento	3. 20	48
Redoblantes—		l .
ó caja de guerra, á cuerda completauno	3.00	31
6 idem, de idem, de tornillosuno	6.00	31
Resina—		l
para violin 6 violoncellociento	1, 20	! 3I

URUGUAY.

## FOURTH SECTION .- MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Flutes—	Dollars.	Per cent.
From 1 to 3 keys, boxwooddozen		31
More than 3 keys, samedo		31
Ebony or grenadillo, from 1 to 6 keyseach		31
Same, more than 6 keysdo		31
Boehm makedo		31
Same, silverdo		31
Flageolets-	30.19	3.
Of I key, boxwooddozen	3. 10	31
More than I key, sameeach		31
Ebony or grenadillo, from 5 to 6 keysdo		31
"Flicornios"—	1 200	31
Piston or cylinderdo	6, 20	31
Chin rests—	0. 20	31
For violinsdozen.	2, 688	2.
i oi violing uozen.	2.000	31
Guitars and bandoresdo	36. 10	31
With incrustations of ivory, tortoise shell, etcdo	72. 38	31
Metal pieces—	12. 30	. 34
For violin and guitar cases 1 dozen sets	5. 687	31
Tuning keys—	3.007	3.
For pianosdozen	2. 275	31
Wood—	2. 2/3	31
Fir, for guitar bodieshundred	4. 14	31
Mandolins each.	2. 07	31
Metronomes		31
Metronomes	1. 241	3.
Oboes—		
Boxwooddo	2, 585	31
Ebonydo		31
"Ocarinas"—	1	J-
Clavdozen.	2, 07	31
Ophicleides		31
Organs—	1. 131	٦.
Hand	Sight.	31
Parchment—	J.g	٠,٠
For snare drumshundred.	38. 254	31
For bass drumsdozen		31
Helicons or bombardons—	24.02	٥.
Piston or cylindereach	17. 58	31
Three-piston cylinders, in casedo	5. 687	31
Pianos—	5.00/	31
Granddo4	310, 20	31
Uprightdo		31
Cymbals—	200.00	31
13.65 inches diameterdo		
Over 13.65 inches diameterdodo	5. 17 8. 27	31 31
Over 13.05 menes diameter	0. 2/	31
Snare and bass-drum slingshundred	3.309	48
Snare drums—	3.309	40
With cordseach	3, 10	31
With screws	6. 20	_
Rosin—	0.20	31
For violins or violoncelloshundred	,	
FOI VIOLIS OF VIOLOUCEROS	1. 241	31

URUGUAY.

## SECCION CUARTA.—INSTRUMENTOS DE MÚSICA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaltio.	Dere- cho.
Saxophonesuno	Pesses. 20. 00	Por ciento. 31
para violinciento	. 50	31
Templadores— de búfalociento Triángulosdocena Trombones—	_	31 31
á pistón ó á cilindrouno	8. 50	31
Trompas— de asta, para cazadordocena	4. 80	31
á pistón ó á cilindrouna	12.00	11
Violines— 6 violoncelos	Vista.	31

## SECCIÓN QUINTA.— MUEBLEÍRA Y TAPICERÍA.

	<del></del>	
Aparadores—		
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, con una ó dos puertas, con		
ó sin vidriera, lisos ó con pequeña esculturauno	20.00	48
los mismos, con regular esculturauno	40.00	48
los mismos, de tres ó cuatro puertas, lisos ó con pequeña es-		•
culturauno	50.00	48
los mismos, con regular esculturauno	60.00	48
los mismos, de cinco ó más puertas y los con grandes esculturas,		•
uno	Vista.	48
Argollas—		•
de porcelana, con pitones de hierro, para muebles y para galerias,	i	
millar	8.00	31
Bandas		•
metálicas de billar, juego de cuatrojuego	8. 50	31
de goma, idem, idem, idemkılógramo	1, 20	31
Banquitos—		•
de caoba, jacarandá, roble, nogal ó sus imitaciones en esterilla	1	
ó en esqueleto, para tapizaruno	1.00	48
los mismos, tapizados en tripe ó en género de lanauno.	2.00	48
los mismos, tapizados en género de seda ó seda y lanauno	4.00	48
á los dorados, se les aumentará el 25 per ciento.		7
Bibliotecas—	1	
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, de una ó dos puertas, con ó		
sin cajón, lisas ó con pequeñas esculturasuna	20.00	48
las mismas, con regular esculturauna		48
de tres ó cuatro puertas, con ó sin cajones, lisas ó con pequeñas	-3.55	4-
esculturasuna	45.00	48
las mismas, con cuatro ó más puertas, con regular escultura.una		48
las mismas, con grandes esculturas y de mayores dimensiones		48
Bidet—	'	4-
de armazón pintadouno	2,00	48
de nogal, jacarandá, etcuno		48
	, 5.50	70

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### FOURTH SECTION.-MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Saxophoneseach	<i>Dollars</i> . <b>20</b> . 68	Per cent.
For violinshundred	. 517	31
Kevs-	. 3-7	] ]-
For tuning musical instruments, of buffalo horn	3. 300	31
Trianglesdozen	2. 895	31
Trombones—	-	
Piston or cylindereach	8. 787	31
Horns—	_	1
Hunters', of horndozen	4. 967	31
Bugles—		1
Piston or cylinder	12. 41	11
Violins—		
Or violoncellos	Sight.	31

### FIFTH SECTION .- FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY.

Sideboards—		
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, with 1 or 2 doors, with or	60	
without glass, plain or with a little carvingeach	20.68	48
Same, with ordinary carvingdodo Same, with 3 or 4 doors, plain or with little carvingeach	41.40	48
Same, with 3 of 4 doors, plant of with fittle carvingeach	51. 70	48
Same, with ordinary carvingdo	62. 18	48
Same, with 5 or more doors, heavily carved	Sight.	48
Rings—		
Porcelain, with iron swivels, for furniture or window cornices,	1	
thousand	8. 27	31
Strips—		
Metallic, for billiard tables, in sets of 4set	8. 787	31
Rubber cushions for samepound	. 564	31
Stools—	}	
Of mahogany, oak, walnut, or imitations, cane seats or frames to		. 0
be upholsteredeach	1.03	48
Same, upholstered with shag or woolen clothdo	2. 07	48
Same, upholstered in silk or silk and wooldo	4. 14	48
Gilded, pay an additional 25 per cent.  Bookcases—		
Mahogany, oak, walnut, or jacaranda, with 1 or 2 doors, with or	1	
without drawers, slight carvingeach.	20, 68	48
Same, with average carvingdo	25. 85	48
Of 3 or 4 doors, with or without drawers, plain or with slight	25.05	40
carvingeach.	46. 57	48
Same, with 4 or more doors, average carvingdo	67. 35	48
Same, heavily carved and of larger size	Sight.	. 48
Bidets-		• -
Painted framedo	2.07	48
Jacaranda, walnut, etcdo	3. 10	48

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### SECCION QUINTA.—MUEBLERÍA Y TAPICERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Camas—	<b>n</b>	Por
	Pesos.	ciento.
de madera torcida, para una persona	10.00	
tura, para una personauna	15.00	48
las mismas, con pequeña esculturauna	18.00	48
las mismas, con regular esculturauna	25.00	48
las mismas, lisas, para dos personasuna	25.00	48
las mismas, con pequeñas esculturasuna	30.00	48
las mismas, con regular esculturasuna	45.00	48
las mismas, con grandes esculturas	Vista.	48
6 cunas francesas ó de Viena, de madera torcida, pintadas ó		
torneados, para niñosuna	6.00	48
las mismas de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, doradas ó dora-		١ .
das y negrasuna Chiffoniéres—	12.00	48
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, ó de madera pintada, de una		
puerta, con filetes dorados, lisos ó con pequeñas esculturas,		ł
uno	15.00	48
los mismos con regular escultura ó adornados de bronce ó	•	· ·
marfiluno	25.00	48
los mismos de Boulleuno	35.00	48
á los de dos puertas, se les aumentará el 20 por ciento sobre	33.	48
sus clases respectivasde tres ó más puertas y los muyadornados con filetes de bronce	· • • • • · · · · · ·	40
6 marfil	Vista.	48
Cómodas*—		
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal de 3 ó 4 cajones, lisas ó con		
pequeñas esculturasuna	15.00	48
las mismas, con regular esculturauna	20.00	48
las mismas, con escritorio, bajas, lisas ó con pequeñas escul-		
turas	22.00	48
las mismas, altas, con pequeñas esculturasuna	32.00	48
las mismas, con regulares esculturas y formas especiales una	Vista.	48
con tocador, lisos o con pequeña esculturauna	25.00	48
las mismas, con regular esculturauna	30.00	48
las mismas, con grandes esculturasuna	Vista.	48
Consolas—		
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, con luna hasta 50 centíme-		
tros de anchouna	18.00	48
las mismas, doradas ó doradas y negras, con filetes de bronce,		
con pequeña escultura, con luna hasta 60 centímetros de		i
anchouna	23.00	48
las mismas, con regular escultura y con luna hasta 70 centí-	-3-	· ·
metros de ancho	32.00	48
metros de ancho	45.00	48
las mismas, con luna hasta 125 centímetros de anchouna	60.00	48
las mismas, de mayores dimensiones	Vista.	48
Coronas—		1
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal y sus imitaciones, lisas ó con		ĺ
pequeñas esculturas, para camas de una personauna	5.00	48
	5.00	, 7
las mismas con regulares esculturas, para camas de dos per-		
las mismas con regulares esculturas, para camas de dos per-	70.00	48
las mismas con regulares esculturas, para camas de dos per-	10.00	48

### FIFTH SECTION .- FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY-Continued.

Art.cles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Bedsteads— Single, bent woodeach	<i>Dollars</i> . 10. 34	Per cent. 48
Single, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, walnut, or their imitations,		•
not carvedeach	15. 51	48
Same, slight carvingdo	18.61	48
Same, with ordinary carvingdo  Double, wood, same as above, plain	25. 85 25. 85	48 48
Same, with slight carvingdo	31.02	48
Same, ordinary carvingdo	46. 57	48
Same, heavily carveddo	Sight.	48
Cribs— French or Vienese, bent wood, painted or turneddo	6. 20	48
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, gilded or gilded and		
blackeach	12. 41	48
Mahogany, jacaianda, oak, or walnut, painted wood, one door, gilt lines, plain, or with slight carvingeach.	15. 51	48
Same, ordinary carving or ornamented with bronze or ivory,	-5.5-	. *
each	25, 85	48
Same, Boulle make	36. 19	48
Same, 2 doors, 20 per cent additional in respective class		48
Three or more doors, and those ornamented inlaid with bronze or ivoryeach	Sight.	48
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, from 3 to 4 drawers, plain		
or with slight carvingeach	15.51	48
Same, with ordinary carvingdo  Same, with writing-desk attachment, low, plain or with slight	20. 68	48
carvingeach	22. 75	48
Same, high, with slight carvingdo	33.09	48
Same, ordinary carving, special shapes	Sight.	48
With mirror, plain or slight carvingdo  Same, ordinary carvingdo	25. 85 31. 02	48 48
Same, heavily carved	Sight.	48
Console tables—	Oignt.	, ,,,
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, with mirror, up to 19.5 inches wideeacheach	18.61	48
Gilt or gilt and black, with brass trimmings, slight carving, mirror up to 23.4 inches wideeach	23. 78	48
Same, ordinary carving, mirror up to 27.3 inches wideeach	-3.7	
	33.09	48
Same, mirror up to 35.1 inches witledo	46. 57	48
Same, mirror up to 48.75 inches widedo	62.04	48
Same, mirror over 48.75 inches wide	Sight.	48
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut and imitations, plain or		
with little carving, for a single bedeach  Same, ordinary carving, for double beddo		48
Same, ordinary carving, for double bed	10. 34	40

<sup>\*</sup> Marble slabs for bureaus and console tables up to 39.37 inches long, \$3.10, 48 per cent; 48.75 inches long \$5.17, 48 per cent; 54.97 inches long, \$7.24, 48 per cent.

# SECCIÓN QUINTA.—MUEBLERÍA Y TAPICERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Costureros— de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, de uno ó dos cajones, con	Peses.	Por ciento.
pies torneados, lisosuno	4. 00	48
los mismos, con pies de cabra, ó con regular esculturauno	12.00	48
los mismos, enterciados en bronce ó marfiluno	20, 00	48
Cunas—		1
Americanas de haya, pintadasdocena	18.00	48
de junco ó mimbreuna	2, 20	48
Escritorios—		T .
en forma de mesa, con pies torneados ó de cabra, de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, de tres ó cinco cajones, lisos ó con		
pequeñas esculturas, hasta 100 centimetros de largouno	10,00	48
los mismos, hasta 125 centímetros de largouno	15.00	48
los mismos, hasta 150 centímetros de idemuno	20.00	48
llamados ministro ó á cilíndro, lisos ó con pequeña escultura,		
hasta 125 centímetros de largouno	30.00	48
los mismos, hasta 150 centímetros de idemuno	38.00	48
los mismos, hasta 180 centímetros de idemuno	50.00	48
de dos frentes ó con regulares esculturas, se les aumentará el		
20 por ciento sobre las clases respectivas.		
de mayor tamaño y los enterciados con bronces ó marfil, los con		
grandes esculturas y los de formas especiales	Vista.	48
Esculturas—		l
de pasta, para galerias, doradas ó doradas y negras, hasta 35		
centimetros de anchodocena	3, 00	31
las mismas, hasta 60 centimetros de idemdocena	5.00	31
las mismas de madera se les aumentará el 25 por ciento	• • • • • • • • •	48
de caoba, jacarandá, roble, nogal ó sus imitaciones, para mue-	77.	٠.
bles	Vista.	48
Estantes—		
étagères ó rinconeras de pies ó de colgar, de caoba, jacarandá,		48
roble 6 nogal, y sus imitaciones, de tres tablasuno	3,00	48
los mismos, de cuatro tablas	5.00	48
los mismos, con 5 ó más tablas, con regular esculturauno los mismos, de puertas, lisos ó con regular esculturauno	10, 00 16, 00	48
los mismos, de puertas, risos o con regular escurtura uno los mismos, dorados, de Boulle, y los entarciados de bronce ó	10.00	40
marfil, se les aumentará el 30 por ciento sobre sus clases re-		1
spectivas		48
de gran tamaño, de ricas esculturas ó formas especiales	Vieta	48
Galerias—	V 2000	"
de caoba, jacarandá, roble, nogal, doradas ó pintadas, lisas ó		1
con pequeñas esculturas, comprendidas dos perillas, para		1
abrazaderasuna	4.00	48
las mismas, con regular esculturauna	6.00	48
las mismas, con grandes esculturasuna	Vista.	48
Guarniciones-		
6 palos, para cortinas, torneados, de caoba, jacarandá, roble,		
nogal y sus imitaciones, con sus accesorios correspondientes,		
lisasuna	1.50	48
las mismas, con esculturasuna.	3.00	48
las mismas, doradas, se les aumentará el 50 por ciento en sus		1
clases respectivas		48
* Los estantes de arriba del escritorio serán avaluados el so por ciento de valor	del escritori	O COTTO-
spondiente.		

URUGUAY.

#### FIFTH SECTION.—FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Work tables— Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, with from 1 to 2 drawers,	Dollars	Per cent.
turned legs, plaineach	4. 14	48
Same, goats' legs or ordinary carvingdo	12.41	48
Same, inlaid with brass or ivorydo		48
Cradles—		1
American, painted, beech wooddozen	18.61	48
Cane or willoweach	2. 277	48
Writing desks—	//	40
Table, turned legs, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, with	1	i
from 3 to 5 drawers, plain or with little carving, up to 39.37		i .
inches long #each	70.04	
Same, up to 48.75 inches longdo	10. 34	48
		48
Same, up to 58.87 inches longdo	20.68	48
Called ministerial or cylindrical, plain or with slight carving,	,	_
48.75 inches longeach	31.02	48
Same, up to 58.87 inches longdo		48
Same, up to 70.57 inches longdo	51.70	48
Table, double, ordinary carving, 20 per cent increase in the re-	ļ	}
spective classes.	l	}
Large size, and those inlaid with brass and ivory, heavy carving		
and special shapes	Sight.	48
Moldings-		1
Paste, for window cornices, gilt or gilt and black, up to 13.65		1
inches widedozendozen	3. 10	31
Same, up to 23.4 inches widedo	5. 17	31
Wood, 25 per cent additional	3.1/	48
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak ,walnut, or imitations, for furniture.	Simbe	48
Manogany, jacaranda, oak, warnut, of finitations, for furniture.	Sight.	40
Book shelves—	l	i
Etagères or corner pieces, standing or hanging, mahogany,		
jacaranda, oak, or walnut, and imitations, 3 shelveseach	3. 10	48
Same, 4 shelvesdo	5. 17	48
Same, with 5 or more shelves, ordinary carvingdo	10. 34	48
Same, with plain or carved doorsdo		48
Same, gilt, Boulle, inlaid with brass or ivory, 30 per cent addi-	16. 54	40
tional in their respective classes		48
tional in then respective classes		40
Large size, rich carving, special shapes	Sight.	48
Window cornices—		1
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, walnut, gilded or painted, plain or	i	
slightly carved, with 2 knobs for loopseach		48
slightly carved, with 2 knobs lot loopscach	4. 14	40
Same, ordinary carvingdo	6, 20	48
Same, heavily carved	Sight.	48
Curtain rods—	1	
Turned, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, and the imitations, with the		
necessary attachments, plaineach	1.551	48
	l	
Same, carveddo	3. 10	48
Gilded, 50 per cent additional in respective classes	[· · · · · · · · · ·	48
	1	l
# The shelves shows the writing desk will be rated at so per cent of the corre		a of the

The shelves above the writing deak will be rated at so per cent of the corresponding value of the deak.

#### SECCIÓN QUINTA.-MUERLERÍA Y TAPICERÍA-Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere cho.
uegos		Por
para dormitorio, llamados norte-ameticanos, de pino, pintados, imitando las diferentes maderas, compuestos ordinariamente de una cama, un lavatorio, una cómoda ó ropero, una mesa de luz, un tohallero, un sillón de hamaca, ó cuatro sillas,	Pesos.	cient
juego	50.00	] 4
los mismos, con el ropero, ó la cómoda con espejojuego los mismos de haya ó fresno y el ropero con espejojuego los mismos, de haya ó fresno, con el ropero de tres puertas,	60. 00 80. 00	:
con espejojuego	120,00	4
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal ó sus imitaciones, con ó sin bidet de cualquier forma, lisos, hasta 70 centímetros de largo,*		
en forma de cómoda, lisos ó con pequeña escultura, hasta 100	8.00	4
centimetros de idem	12,00	4
los mismos, hasta 125 centímetros de idemuno los mismos, hasta 130 centímetros de idemuno	20.00 30.00	
los mismos, hasta 140 centímetros de idem	45.00	
formas especialesunoesas †—	Vista.	
de caoba, jacaranda, roble, ó nogal, de pies ó columnas, hasta		
60 centimetros de diámetrouna  las mismas, hasta 90 centimetros de idemuna	2.00 4.00	
las mismas, con pequeña y regular escultura, hasta 100 centi-	4.00	
metros de idemuna	10.00	
las mismas, hasta 130 centímetros de idem	15.00	
25 por ciento sobre los aforos respectivos	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
neados, lisas ó con pequeña escultura, con 3 tablas una	15.00	l
las mismas, hasta 5 tablasuna	22, 00	1
las mismas, con regular escultura, hasta 8 tablasuna las mismas, con columna ó pie central, lisas ó con pequeña es-	35.00	
cultura, hasta 3 tablas	20, 00	
las mismas, hasta 8 tablasuna	35. 00 45. 00	
las mismas, con grandes esculturas y de mayores dimensiones para trinchar, de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, con pequeña	Vista.	
6 regular escultura, hasta 130 centimetros de anchouna	20, 00	١.
las mismas, hasta 140 centímetros de anchouna	30.00	١ ،
las mismas, con grandes esculturas, mayor tamaño y espejos	Vista.	1
de billar, sin accesorios	200. 00	•
queñas esculturas, con un solo cajónuna	5.00	4
con dos ó más cajones, de dos cuerpos, con ó sin respaldo. una	10,00	4

<sup>\*</sup>Mármoles para lavatorio, hasta 70 centímetros de largo, uno, \$3, 48 por ciento.
hasta 125 centímetros de idem, idem, \$4, 48 por ciento.
hasta 125 centímetros de idem, idem, \$5, 48 por ciento.
hasta 140 centímetros de idem, idem, \$8, 48 por ciento.

Mármoles para mesas, hasta 60 centímetros de largo, uno, \$3, 48 por ciento.
hasta 90 centímetros de idem, idem, \$4, 48 por ciento.
hasta 120 centímetros de idem, idem, \$6, 48 por ciento.
hasta 130 centímetros de idem, idem, \$7, 48 por ciento.
hasta 140 centímetros de idem, idem, \$7, 48 por ciento.

URUGUAY.

#### FIFTH SECTION. -- FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY -- Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Bed room sets— American, pine, painted in imitation of different woods, composed ordinarily of bedstead, washstand, bureau or wardrobe,	Dollars.	Per cent.
table, towel rack, one rocking or four side chairsset.	51.90	48
Same, with mirror in wardrobe or bureaudo		48
Same, of beech or ash, with mirror in the wardrobedo Same, wardrobe with 3 doors and looking glassdo	82. 72 124. 10	48 48
Washstands—		
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, or imitations, with or without bidet, any shape, plain, up to 27.3 inches long,*		
Same, bureau shape, plain or with slight carving, up to 39.37	8. 27	48
inches longeach.	12, 41	48
Same, up to 49.21 inches longdo		48
Same, up to 51.07 inches longdo		48
Same, up to 54.97 inches longdo		48
Same, heavily carved, larger sizes and special shapesdo	Sight.	47
Tables †— Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, legs or columns, up to		
23.4 inches diametereach.	2.07	48
Same, up to 35.1 inchesdo	4. 14	48
Same, slight carving, up to 39.37 inches diameterdo	10. 34	48
Same, up to 51.07 inches diameterdo	15. 51	48
Gilded or ornamented with brass or ivory, 25 per cent increase		48
Dining, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, turned legs,		
plain or with slight carvingeach.	15.51	48
Same, 5 leavesdo		48
Same, ordinary carving, up to 8 leavesdo Same, center column or leg, plain or with but slight carving,	36. 19	48
up to 3 leaveseach		48
Same, ordinary carving, 5 leavesdo	36. 19	48
Same, 8 leavesdo		48
Same, heavy carving, larger size	Sight.	48
ordinary carving, up to 51.09 inches wideeach	20. 68	48
Same, up to 54.97 inches widedo	31.02	48
Same, heavily carved, larger sizes, with looking-glasses	Sight.	48
Billiard, without accessorieseach. Side, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, plain, or with slight	206, 80	48
carving, and a single drawer	5. 17	48
Same, with two or more drawers, double, with or without a back,	10. 34	48

Washstand marbles up to 27.3 inches long, each \$3.10, 48 per cent. Washstand marbles up to 49.27 inches long, each \$4.14, 48 per cent. Washstand marbles up to 49.27 inches long, each \$4.14, 48 per cent. Washstand marbles up to 54.97 inches long, each \$8.27, 48 per cent. Marble slabs for tables, up to 23.4 inches long, \$2.07, 48 per cent. Marble slabs for tables, up to 35.27 inches long, \$4.14, 48 per cent. Marble slabs for tables, up to 39.27 inches long, \$4.24, 48 per cent. Marble slabs for tables, up to 51.07 inches long, \$7.24, 48 per cent. Marble slabs for tables, up to 54.97 inches long, \$7.24, 48 per cent. Marble slabs for tables, up to 54.97 inches long, \$7.24, 48 per cent.

URUGUAY.

#### SECCIÓN QUINTA.—MUEBLERÍA Y TAPICERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Necesarios—	D	Por
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal lisosuno	<i>Pesos.</i> 5. 00	48
los mismos, con pequeña ó regular esculturauno	10.00	48
con armazón de cartónuno	3.00	48
Pantalias—	3. 00	
para frentes de estufas, de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, ó		l
sus imitaciones, con filetes dorados de pie lisouna	6,00	48
las mismas, doradas, ó con esculturasuna	12.00	48
Papeleras—		1
con 6 cajas, de cartónuna	4.00	48
con 8 idem, de idemuna	7.00	48
con más de 8 cajas, de idemuna	12.00	48
las mismas, con pupitre una	20, 00	48
Perchas—		İ
de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, de colgar, hasta 5 ganchos,		
lisasdocena	3.00	48
las mismas, hasta 10 ganchosdocena	6, 00	49
americanas, de 7 á 10 idemdocena	4. 50	48
de pies altos, con ó sin porta-paraguas, lisas ó con pequeñas		١.
esculturasuna	4.00	48
de pies y pared, lisas ó con pequeñas esculturas, con ó sin		١ ـ
espejouna	12, 00	48
Perillas—		
ó brazos para abrazaderas, de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal,		١.
hasta 20 centimetrosdocena	2.00	48
las mismas, hasta 25 idemdocena	2. 50	48
doradas, hasta 20 idemdocena	3.00	48
idem, hasta 25 idemdocena	5.00	40
Roperos— de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, de una ó dos puertas, con ó		1
sin cajón, con ó sin luna, lisos ó con pequeñas esculturas,		
uno	20, 00	48
los mismos, con regular esculturauno	35.00	48
de tres puertas, con ó sin cajones, lisos ó con pequeñas escul-	35. 00	40
turas, con ó sin lunasuno	55,00	48
los mismos, con regular esculturauno	85.00	48
de grandes esculturas y mayores dimensionesuno	Vista.	48
Sillas*—		1
americanas, de pino, pintadas, con asiento de madera.docena	7.00	48
las mismas, de haya ó fresno, con ó sin asiento de esterilla,	,	•
docena	10.00	48
las mismas, de nogal, con asiento de esterilladocena.	20.00	48
las mismas de nogal, con asiento y respaldo de esterilla. docena	30.00	48
de madera, torcida, sin respaldo de esterilladocena	12.00	48
		1 .
idem, idem, idem, con idem de idemdocena.	16, 00	48

<sup>\*</sup>Las sillas en esqueleto para tapizar tendrán una rebaja de so por ciento sobre sus clases respectivas.

Las sillas que en lugar del tejido de esterilla tengan chapa de madera, sistema americano, tendrán el mismo aforo que las de esterilla. A las sillas forradas en blanco se les aumentará \$50 docena.

Las mismas, forradas en tela de lana, se les aumentará por docena \$60.

Las mismas, forradas en tela de seda, se les aumentará por docena \$700.

Las mismas, forradas en tela de seda, se les aumentará por docena \$700.

Las sillas de madera torcida con respaldo de esterilla que excedan en la altura del respaldo á 205 contimetros, pagarán un 20 por ciento de aumento.

URUGUAY.

#### FIFTH SECTION.-FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Commodes—		Per
	Dollars.	cent.
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, plaineach	5. 17	48
Same, with slight or ordinary carvingdo	10. 34	48
With pasteboard framedo	<b>3.</b> 10	48
Screens, fire— Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, or imitations, with gilded		
tracings, feet plaineach	6. 20	48
Gilded or carveddodo	12.41	48
Secretaries—	4-	40
Six drawers, pasteboarddo	4. 14	48
Eight drawers, pasteboarddodo		48
More than 8 drawers, pasteboarddodo	7. 24	
	<b>I2.</b> 4I	48
Same, with inclined topdo	<b>20.</b> 68	48
Racks, hanging—		١ .
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, up to 5 hooksdozen	3. 10	48
Same, up to 10 hooksdodo	6. 20	48
American, with from 7 to 10 hooksdodo	4. 657	48
Hat, standing, with or without umbrella stands, plain or with	437	4-
slight carving	4. 14	48
slight carving each Standing or hanging, plain or with slight carving, with or without	44	40
mirroreach.	70 47	48
Brackets or catches—	12. 41	40
For curtain loops, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, up to 7.80 inches		۰. ا
	2. 07	48
Same, up to 9.75 inchesdo	2. 585	48
Same, gilded, up to 7.80 inchesdodo	3. 10	48
Same, up to 9.75 inchesdo	5. 17	48
Wardrobes—		
Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, with 1 or 2 doors, with		
or without drawer, with or without mirror, plain or with slight		
carvingeach	<b>20</b> . 68	48
Same, ordinary carvingdo	36. 19	48
Three doors, with or without drawers, plain or with slight carv-	• ,	
ing, with or without mirrorseach	56. 87	48
Same, ordinary carvingdo	87.87	48
Heavily carved, larger size	Sight.	48
Chairs*—	0.6	
American, pine, painted, wooden seatsdozen	7. 24	48
Same heart or ook with an without same seets	70.04	48
Same, beech or ash, with or without cane seatsdo	10. 34	
Same, walnut, with cane seatsdo	20. 68	48
Same, walnut, cane seats and backdo	31.02	48
Same, bent wood, without cane backdo	12.41	48
Same, with cane backdo	16. 54	48
Same, rustic for gardendodo	15. 51	48

Salife, its get to be upholstered, so per cent less in respective classes.

Chairs with wooden seats in place of the cane, American style, will pay the same as cane-bottomed chairs.

Chairs covered in white, \$51.70 additional per dozen.

Chairs covered with woolen cloth, \$62 additional per dozen.

Chairs covered with silk and wool or with morocco, \$93.10 additional per dozen; those covered with silk, \$103 additional per dozen.

Bent-wood chairs, with cane backs over 41.3s inches high, will pay so per cent additional.

#### SECCIÓN QUINTA.—MUEBLERÍA Y TAPICERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Sillas—Continúa.  alemanas, francesas, italianas, de Viena, de haya con piés torneados ó de cabra, con asiento de esterilla, lisas ó con	Pesøs.	Per ciente.
esculturasdocena.	22, 00	48
las mismas, con asiento y respaldo de esterilladocena las mismas, de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, con asiento de	30.00	48
esterilla, lisas ó con esculturasdocena las mismas con asiento y respaldo de esterilla lisas ó con regu-	35.00	48
lar escultura	40.00	48
lla	20, 00 35, 00	48 48
las mismas, con incrustaciones de marfil ó bronce y las dora- das con esculturas, con asiento de esterilladocena	45.00	48
de madera blanca, de haya, caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, en esqueleto, para tapizar, lisas ó con pequeñas esculturas,		
docena.	18.00	48
las mismas, con regular escultura	28.00	48
para tapizaruna  las mismas, de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, doradas ó con incrustaciones	5.00	48
americanas, para niños, bajas con ó sin brazos, pino pintado, con asiento de maderadocenadocena	4. 80	48
las mismas, de haya ó fresno, con asiento y respaldo de esteri- lla, altas ó bajas, con ó sin combinación de mesa ó de ha-	<u> </u>	
macadocena  americanas, alemanas ú otras procedencias y las de madera torcida, con ó sin respaldo de esterilladocena	10.00	48
de haya ó nogal, con combinación de carrito, para niños,	40.00	48
de doblar, de haya ó madera torcida, con asiento de esterilla ó de lonadocena	16,00	48
las mismas, con asiento y respaldo de esterilladocena	25.00	48
de hierro, para jardin, con listones derechos ó curvos docena Sillones*—	15.00	48
americanos, de hamaca, madera de pino, pintados, con ó sin brazos, con asiento y respaldo de maderadocena	15.00	48
americanos de haya, con asiento y respaldo de esterilla docena de doblar y de hamaca, americanos, de haya, fresno ó nogal,	24.00	48
de hamaca, alemanes, de haya, lisos ó de madera torcida, con	36.00	48
6 sin respaldo de esterilladocena	35.00	48
los mismos, con esculturas	40.00	48
turas †		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Los sillones con brazos correspondientes á cada clase de sillas respectivas tendrán un aumento de 5º per ciento sobre el aforo de las sillas.

Los mismos, en esqueleto, para tapizar, tendrán una rebaja de so por ciento sobre sus clases respec-

tivas.

vas.

A los sillones forrados en blanco, se les aumentará á cada uno 7 pesos.

A los sillones forrados en género de lana ó lana y algodón, se les aumentará en cada uno 10 pesos.

A los sillones forrados en lana y seda ó marroqui, se les aumentará en cada uno 11 pesos.

A los sillones forrados en género de seda, se les aumentará e cada uno 14 pesos.

† A los sillones de doblar, se les aumentará el so por ciento sobre sus clases respectivas.

URUGUAY.

#### FIFTH SECTION .- FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY -- Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Chairs—Continued. German, French, Italian, Vienna, beech, twisted legs, cane	Dollars.	Per cent.
seats, plain or carveddozen	22. 75	48
Same, with cane seat and backdodo Same, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, cane seat, plain	31.02	48
or carveddozen  Same, cane seat and back, plain or with ordinary carving,	36, 19	48
Varnished, with small gilt ornaments and cane seatsdo	41. 40 20. 68	48 48
Same, cane seats, gilded or ornamented with mother-of-pearl,	-6	
Same, cane seats, inlaid with ivory or brass, and gilded and	36. 19	48
carved	46. 57	48
etons for upholstering, plain or slightly carveddozen	18. 61	48
Same, ordinary carvingdodo  Reclining or smoking, beech with cane, skeleton for upholstel-	28. 95	48
ingeach Same, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, gilded or inlaid	5. 17	48
American, for children, low, with or without arms, painted pine,	10. 34	48
wooden seatdozen  Same, beech or ash, straw seat and back, high or low, with or	4. 967	48
without table or rocking combinationdozen	10, 34	48
Same, German, or from other countries, and bent wood, with or without cane backsdozen Children's, beech or walnut, with wagon combinationdo	15. 51 41. 40	48 48
Folding, beech or bent wood, cane or canvas seatsdo	16. 54	48
Same, cane seats and backsdo  Iron, for gardens, with straight or curved cleatsdo	25. 85 15. 51	48 48
Arm, American, rocking, painted, pine, with or without arms, wooden seat and back*dozen	15. 51	48
American, beech, cane seat and backdodo  American, folding or rocking, beech, ash, or walnutdo	24. 82 37. 224	48 48
Rocking, German, beech, plain or bent wood, with or without	26 75	
cane back	36. 19 41. 40	48 48
Same, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, with or without carving †dozendozen	62.04	48

<sup>\*</sup>Armchairs so per cent additional in their respective classes.
Armchairs, skeleton, to be upholstered, 20 per cent less in their respective classes.
Armchairs, covered in white, \$7.24 additional each.
Covered with wool or wool and cotton, \$10.34 additional each.
Covered in wool and silk, or moreco leather, \$11.37 additional each.
Covered with silk, \$14.48 additional each.
† Folding armchairs, so per cent additional in their respective classes.

### SECCIÓN QUIETA.—MUERLERÍA Y TAPICERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos. Av	alúo.	Dere- cho.
Sillones—Continua.  giratorios, americanos, de haya, fresno ó nogal, con ó sin esteri-	esos.	Por ciento.
lladocena	30.00	41
los mismos, alemanes ú otros procedencias, de haya ó madera torcida, con ó sin esterilla, lisos ó con esculturasdocena los mismos, de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, lisos ó con	40, 00	4
esculturasdocena  mecánicos, con armazón de hierro y con el colchado en forma de almohadón, de hule ó de lana, lana y algodón ó lana y	<b>70. 00</b>	4
sedauno	15.00	4
los mismos, con forro de cuero ó de sedauno	20.00	4
de hierro, para jardin, con listones derechos ó curvosuno Sofáes*—	25. 00	4
en esqueleto, para tapizar de madera blanca, haya, caoba, jaca-		١.
randá, roble ó nogal, lisos ó con pequeñas esculturasuno los mismos, con regular esculturauno	8.00	4
los mismos, con regular esculturas	12.00	4
americanos, de haya, con asiento de esterillauno	8, oo	1 2
americanos, de haya, con asiento y respaldo de esterilla, de uno.	0. 00	'
	12.00	4
esterillaunò	5.00	
los mismos, con respaldo de esterillauno los mismos, con ó sin respaldo de esterilla, siendo el respaldo	8. 00	1
mayor de un metro, 16 centimetros de altouno  de madera de haya, jacarandá, caoba, roble ó nogal, alemanes ó de otras procedencias, con asiento y respaldo de esterilla,	12.00	4
	20. 00	4
	26. 00	1 4
	30, 00	4
los mismos, con grandes esculturas	ta.	1
	40.00	4
de formas especiales	ta.	4
ó curvosuno	8.00	4
Faburetes—	J. W	'
de caoba, jacarandá, roble, nogal ó sus imitaciones, alemanes ú otras procedencias, lisos ó con esculturas, con ó sin esterilla,		
para pianouno	4. 00	1 4
	10.00	4
	24.00	1 4
de haya ó fresno, americanos, para tédocena los mismos, de haya ó madera torcidadocena	6,00	1 7
	10, 00 20, 00	1 2
	<b>15.00</b>	4
	30.00	1 3

Los sofáes en esqueleto para tapizar tendrán una rebaja de 20 por ciento sobre sus aforos respectivos. A cada sofá forrado en blanco, se le aumentará 20 pesos sobre sus clases respectivas. A cada sofá forrado con tela de lana, se le aumentará 25 pesos sobre sus clases respectivas. A cada sofá forrado con tela de lana y seda ó cuero marroquí, se le aumentará 30 pesos sobre sus clases respectivas. A cada sofá forrado en tela de seda, se le aumentará 40 pesos sobre su clase respectiva.

URUGUAY.

#### FIFTH SECTION .- FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY-Continued.

Articles.	Valuati n.	Duty.
Chairs—Continued.		Per
Revolving, American, beech, ash, walnut, with or without	Dollars.	cent.
cane	31. 02	48
or without cane, plain or carveddozen.	41.40	48
Same, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, plain or carved,	4	<b>,</b>
dozen	72. 40	48
Mechanical, iron frames, cushions of rubber or wool, wool and	• •	1
cotton, or wool and silkeach	15. 51	48
Mechanical, iron frames, cushions covered with leather or silk,		
each	20.68	48
Iron, garden, with cleats straight or curveddo	25. 85	48
Skeleton, for upholstering, white wood, beech, mahogany, ja-		
caranda, oak, or walnut, plain or with slight carvingseach	8. 27	48
Same, ordinary carvingdo	12. 41	48
Same, heavy carving	Sight.	48
American, beech, cane seatseach	8. 27	48
American, beech, cane seats and backs, either 1, 2, or 3 medallions, plaineach	12.41	48
Bent wood, from 1 to 2 medallions, without cane backs.do	5. 17	48
Same, cane backdoSame, with or without cane backs, the backs being over 46.61 inches in heighteachBeech, jacaranda, mahogany, oak, or walnut, German or from	8. 27 12. 41	48 48
other countries, cane seats and backs, either 1, 2, or 3 me-		
dallions, plaineach.	20. 68	48
Same, slight carvingdo	<b>26</b> . 88	48
Same, ordinary carvingdo	31.02	48
Same, heavy carving	Sight.	48
Same, inlaid with brass, ivory, mother-of-pearl, gilded in part		48
or in whole, plain or carvedeach	41. 40 Sight.	48
Special shapes	8. 27	48
Stools—	•	`
Piano, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, walnut or imitations, Ger-		l
man or from other countries, plain or carved, with or with-		
out caneeach	4. 14	48
Same, any kind of upholsteringdo	10. 34	48
Same, bent wooddozen	24. 82	48
Beech or ash, American, for teado	6. 20	48
Beech or bent wood, samedo	10, 34	48 48
Same, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnutdo High, American, with or without backs, for desksdo	20, 68 15, 51	48
Same, German, beech or bent wooddo	31. O2	48

Skeleton sofas, to be upholstered, so per cent less in their respective classes. Each sofa covered in white, \$20.68 additional in respective classes. Each sofa covered in wool, \$25.85 additional in respective classes. Each sofa covered in wool and silk or morocco leather, \$31.02 additional in respective classes. Each sofa covered with silk, \$41.40 additional in respective classes.

#### SECCIÓN QUINTA.—MUERLERÍA Y TAPICERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Taburetes—Continúa. llamados pouffs, de imitación bambú, ú otras formas, dorados	Pesos.	Por ciento.
en todo ó en parte, con ó sin esterilla, hasta 60 centímetros de diámetro el asientodocena	30,00	48
los mismos, con incrustaciones de bronce ó marfil ó con escul- turasdocena	40.00	48
de mayor tamaño*	Vista.	48
para sobremesa, de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, hasta 50 centímetros de largo, con uno ó dos cajones, lisos ó con pe-		
queñas esculturasuno los mismos, hasta 80 centímetros de largouno		45
de piés, con ó sin mármol, de cualquier procedencia, lisos ó con esculturasuno	6.00	41
en forma de Psyché, serán aforados al mismo valor de las có- modas con tocador		. 4
Tohalleros de colgar, hasta 50 centímetros de largodocena	3,00	4
de idem, de otros tameñosdocena	6.00	1
de pies, de haya, lisos, con pequeña esculturadocena de caoba, jacarandá, roble ó nogal, lisos ó con pequeña escul-	· 12, 00	4
turauno	2. 50	4
		1

<sup>\*</sup> Los mismos en esqueleto para tapizar tendrán una rebaja de so por ciento sobre sus clases respectivas. Notas.—1.º Las imitaciones, con excepción de las pintadas sobre madera de pino, tendrán afores similares.

similares.

a.º Los muebles con molduras y trabajos torneados lisos, se comprenden por muebles lisos.

3.º Los muebles que tengan molduras y esculturas de jacarandá macizo, tendrán un aumento de se por ciento sobre sus respectivos aforos.

4.º Los muebles de ébano, tendrán un aumento de se por ciento sobre el correspondiente aforo.

5.º Todo mueble cuyo interior, como así el interior de los cajones, sea de pino blanco visible ó de áismo, y todo mueble cuya escultura sea representada por escultura sea pasta, tendrán una rebaja de re por ciento, sobre su aforo respectivo.

6.º Los muebles que selemás de estar desarmados estén sin lustrar, sin barnizar ó sin pintar, gozarán

6.º Los muebles que además de estar desarmados estén sin lustrar, sin barnizar ó sin pintar, gozaría de una rebaja de so por ciento, sobre el aforo correspondiente al mismo artículo concluido, auaque se importe desarmado.

7.º Los muebles que vengan con pequenos taliados tendrán un ro por ciento de aumento; los coa regular taliado, un so por ciento; y los con grandes taliados se aforarán á la vista.

#### SECCIÓN QUINTA.-PASAMANERÍA.\*

Abrazaderas †—		
de algodón, hasta 20 centímetrosdocena	1. 50	<b>5</b> I
de idem, idem hasta 30 idemdocena	2. 50	31
de lana idem 15 idemdocena	2.00	31
de idem, idem 20 idemdocena	3. 20	31
de idem, idem 25 idemdocena	4. 50	31
de idem, idem 30 idemdocena.	6.00	31
de idem, idem 35 idemdocena	0.00	31
de lana y seda, idem 15 idemdocena	2. 50	31
de idem, idem, idem 20 idemdocena	4.00	31
de idem, idem, idem 25 idemdocena	6.00	31
de idem, idem, idem 30 idemdocena	8.00	31
de idem, idem 35 idemdocena	12.00	31
de seda, idem 15 idemdocena	4.00	31
de idem idem 20 idemdocena	7.00	31

Toda pasamanería para tapicería contiene algodón.
 †El tamaño de las abrazaderas, lo determina el largo de las borias.

#### URUGUAY.

### FIFTH SECTION .- FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Stools—Continued.  Called pouffs, imitation bamboo, or other forms, gilded in whole or in part, with or without came, up to 23.4 inches diameter	Dollars.	Per cent.
of seatdozen	31, 02	48
Inlaid, with ivory or brass or carveddo	41.40	48
Same, larger size *	Sight.	48
To sit upon a table, mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, up to 50 centimeters long, with one or two drawers, plain or		
slightly carvedeach.	3, 10	48
Same, up to 31.2 inches longdo	8. 27	48
With feet, with or without marble tops, from any country, plain or carved each.	6. 20	48
Pysche style, will be appraised at the same rate as bureaus with mirrors	·	48
Towel racks—		
Up to 19.5 inches long, hangingdozen	3. 10	48
Hanging, sizes different from abovedo	6. 20	48
Standing, beech, plain, slight carvingdo  Mahogany, jacaranda, oak, or walnut, plain or slightly	12. 41	48
carvedeach	2. 585	48

is its respective class.

6. Furniture not set up, which is not polished, varnished, or painted, will have a reduction of 20 per cent upon the valuation of the finished article, even though the latter be imported knocked down.

7. Furniture with simple carving 10 per cent additional, ordinary carving 30 per cent, and heavy carving at sight.

#### FIFTH SECTION .- TRIMMINGS.\*

Loops—		
Cotton, up to 7.8 inches †dozen	1. 551	31
Same, up to II.7 inchesdo	2. 585	31
Wool, up to 5.85 inchesdo	2.07	31
Same, up to 7.8 inchesdo	3. 300	31
Same, up to 9.75 inchesdodo	4. 657	31
Same, up to 11.7 inchesdo	6. 20	31
Same, up to 13.65 inchesdo	9. 31	31
Wool and silk, up to 5.85 inchesdo	2. 585	31
Same, up to 7.8 inchesdo	4. 14	. 31
Same, up to 9.75 inchesdo	6. 20	31
Same, up to II.7 inchesdo	8. 27	31
Same, up to 13.65 inchesdo	12.41	31
Silk, up to 5.85 inchesdo	4. 14	31
Same, up to 7.8 inchesdo	7. 24	31
A All Advantage of a contract of the contract	• • •	_

<sup>\*</sup> All trimmings for upholstery contain cotton.

† The size of the loop is determined by the length of the tassel.

<sup>\*</sup>Skeleton stools to be upholstered, 20 per cent less in respective classes.

z. Imitations, with exception of painted pine, will be taxed the same as real.

s. Furniture with moldings and plain turned work is considered as plain furniture.

3. Furniture with heavy moldings and carvings of jacaranda wood 10 per cent additional in respective classes.

<sup>4.</sup> Ebony furniture so per cent additional in respective classes.
5. Furniture the interior of which is pine or poplar, clearly visible, as well as the interior of the drawers, and all furniture the ornamentation of which is made of paste, will have a reduction of 10 per cent

#### URUGUAY.

### SECCION QUINTA.—PASAMANERÍA—Continua.

Artículos.	Avaltio,	Dere- cho.
Abrazaderas—Continúa.	Pesos.	Por
de idem, idem 25 idemdocena	10.00	31
de idem, idem 30 idemdocena	14.00	31
de idem, idem 35 idemdocena	20.00	
Borlas*—	20.00	31
de algodón, hasta 15 centímetrosdocena		
	. 50	31
de idem, idem 25 idemdocena	1. 50	31
de idem, idem 35 idemdocena	2.00	31
de lana, idem 10 idem †docena	.60	31
de idem, idem 15 idemdocena	. 80	31
de idem, idem 20 idemdocena	1. 50	3
de idem, idem 25 idemdocena	2.00	31
de idem, idem 30 idemdocena	2, 50	31
de idem, idem 35 idemdocena	3. 50	31
de lana y seda, idem 10 idem ‡docena	1,00	3
de idem, idem, idem 15 idemdocena	I, 50	3
de idem, idem, idem 20 idemdocena	2,00	3
de idem, idem, idem 25 idemdocena	2, 50	3
de idem, idem, idem 30 idemdocena	3,00	3
de idem, idem, idem 35 idemdocena	4.00	3
de seda, idem 10 idem  docena	I. 50	3
de idem, idem, idem 15 idemdocena		
	2. 40	3
de idem, idem 20 idemdocena	3.60	8:
de idem, idem 25 idemdocena	4.00	3
de idem, idem, idem 30 idemdocena	6.00	31
de idem, idem, idem 35 idemdocena	9.00	31
Botones-		1
de algodón de 5 hasta 20 milímetros diámetrogruesa	. 15	3
de lano 6 hule, idem 20 idem de idemgruesa	. 25	3
de seda, lana y seda ó de cuero, hasta 20 milímetros de diáme-		
trogruesa con fleco, tendrán doble valor sobre las clases respectivas.	. 40	3
Cordón—		
de algodón, hasta 7 milímetros de diámetro100 metros	. 30	3
de idem, idem 10 idem100 metros	. 50	3
de idem, idem 15 idem idem	. 80	3
de idem, idem 20 idem idem	1.00	3
de idem, idem 30 idem idem	2.00	3
de lana idem, 7 idem idem100 metros	1.00	3
de idem, idem, 10 idem idem100 metros	2.00	31
de idem, idem, 15 idem idem	3,00	3
de idem, idem, 20 idem idem100 metros.	4.00	31
de idem, idem, 30 idem idem	•	3
	7.00	31
de lana y seda, hasta 7 milímetros de diámetro100 metros.,	1.80	
de idem, idem idem idem idem	3.00	31
de idem, idem 15 idem idem	4.00	31
de idem, idem, idem 20 idem idem	<b>6. o</b> o	31
de idem, idem, idem 30 idem idem100 metros	9.00	31
de seda, idem 7 idem idem	3. 50	31

A las borlas que vengan con rosetas, se les aumentará el so por ciento, sobre los respectivos afor i Por borlas de lana, se comprenden las que tengan el fieco de pura lana. ¿ Por borlas de lana y seda, se comprenden las que tengan el fieco, parte de lana y parte de seda, il Por borlas de seda, se comprenden las que tengan el fieco de pura seda.

### FIFTH SECTION .- TRIMMINGS -- Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Loops—Continued.	Dollars.	Per
Same, up to 9.75 inchesdozen		cent.
Same, up to 11.7 inchesdo	10. 34	31
	14.48	31
Same, up to 13.65 inchesdo Tassels—	20.68	31
Cotton, up to 5.85 inches *	. 517	31
Same, up to 9.75 inchesdo	1. 551	31
Same, up to 13.65 inchesdo	2. 07	31
Wool, up to 3.9 inches †	. 62	31
Same, up to 5.85 inchesdo	. 827	31
Same, up to 7.8 inchesdo	I. 55I	31
Same, up to 0.75 inchesdo	2. 07	31
Same, up to II.70 inchesdo	2. 585	31
Same, up to 13.65 inchesdo	3. 619	31
Wool and silk, up to 3.9 inches ‡do	1.03	31
Same, up to 5.85 inchesdo	1.551	31
Same, up to 7.8 inchesdo	2. 07	31
Same, up to 9.75 inchesdo	2. 585	31
Same, up to 11.70 inches	3. IO	31
Same, up to 13.65 inchesdodo	4. I4	31
Silk, up to 3.9 inchesdo	1.551	31
Same, up to 5.85 inchesdo	2, 482	31
Same, up to 7.8 inchesdo	•	
Same, up to 9.75 inchesdodo	3. 722	31
	4. 14	31
Same, up to 11.70 inches	6. 20	31
Buttons—	9. 31	31
Cotton, from .195 to .78 inch in diametergross		۱
	. 155	31
Wool or rubber, same diameterdodo Silk, wool and silk, or leather, up to 1.78 inches in diameter,	. 258	31
With fringe will be rated at double value in their respective	.414	31
classesgross	• • • • • • • • •	31
	-0-	
Cotton, up to .27 inch thick	. 283	31
Same, up to .39 inch thickdo	. 472	31
Same, up to .58 inch thickdo	. 756	31
Same, up to .78 inch thickdo	. 945	31
Same, up to 1.17 inches thickdo	1. 891	31
Wool, up to .27 inch thickdo	• 945	31
Same, up to .39 inch thickdo	1.891	31
Same, up to .58 inch thickdo	2, 836	31
Same, up to .78 inch thickdo	3. 783	31
Same, up to 1.17 inches thickdo	6.619	31
Wool and silk, up to .27 inch thickdo	1. 702	. 31
Same, up to .39 inch thickdo	2. 836	31
Same, up to .58 inch thickdo	<b>3</b> . 783	31
Same, up to .78 inch thickdo	5. 673	31
Same, up to 1.17 inches thickdo	8. 51	31
Silk, up to .27 inch thickdo	3. 300	1 31

Tassels with rosettes so per cent additional in respective classes.
Tassels of wool are such as have pure woolen fringe.
Tassels of wool and silk are such as have fringe of silk and wool mixed.
Tassels of silk are such as have the fringe of pure silk.

### URUGUAY.

### SECCION QUINTA.—PASAMANERÍA\*—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaltio.	Dere- cho.
Cordón—Continúa.	Pesas.	Por
de idem, idem 10 idem idem	6.00	31
de idem, idem 15 idem idem	9.00	31
de idem, idem 20 idem idem	14.00	31
de idem, idem 30 idem idem	20.00	31
Esterilla—	20.00	3.
de algodón, hasta 20 milimetros de ancho100 metros	. 50	31
de idem, idem 35 idem idem	I. 00	3
de idem, idem 60 idem idem	3.00	3
de lana, idem 15 idem idem	J. 50	3
de idem, idem 30 idem idem	2, 00	3
de idem, idem 40 idem idem	3.00	3
de idem, idem 60 idem idem	6.00	1 -
de lana y seda, idem 15 idem idem	2,00	3
		3
de idem idem, idem 20 idem idem100 metros	3.00	3
de idem idem, idem 40 idem idem	5.00	3
de idem idem, idem 60 idem idem	10.00	3
de seda, idem 15 idem idem	2. 50	3
de idem, idem 30 idem idem100 metros	5. 50	3
de idem, idem 45 idem idem	10.00	3
de idem, idem 60 idem idem	15.00	3
		_
de algodón hasta 10 centímetros de anchometro	. 05	3
de idem, idem 20 idem idemmetro	. 20	3
de idem, idem 30 idem idemmetro	. 30	3
de lana, idem 8 idem idemmetro	. 07	3
de idem, idem 12 idem idemmetro	. 14	3
de idem, idem 16 idem idemmetro	. 20	3
de idem, idem 20 idem idemmetro	. 35	3
de lana, hasta 30 centímetros de anchometro	. 50	3
de lana y seda, idem 8 idem idemmetro	. 12	3
de idem, idem 12 idem idemmetro	. 20	3
de idem, idem 16 idem idemmetro	. 30	, -
de idem, idem 20 idem idemmetro	. 50	
de idem, idem 30 idem idemmetro	. 80	
de seda, idem 8 idem idemmetro	. 16	3
de idem, idem 12 idem idemmetro	- 35	3
de idem, idem 16 idem idemmetro	. 60	3
de idem, idem 20 idem idemmetro	1.00	3
de idem, idem 30 idem idemmetro	2.00	3
Pasadores—		
ó argollas de lana ó lana y seda, hasta 4 centímetros de diáme		_
tro, para abrazaderasdocena	1.00	3
los mismos, hasta 6 centímetros de diámetrodocena	1. 50	3
6 argollas de seda, hasta 4 centímetros de idem docena	1. 50	3
6 idem de idem, hasta 6 idem idem idemdocena	2.00	3
Rosetas-		
de lana ó lana y seda, hasta ó centímetros de diámetro docena.	. 50	3
las mismas, hasta 10 centímetros idem idemdocena	1.00	3
de seda, idem 6 centímetros idem idemdocena	2, 00	3
de idem idem 10 centimeiros idem idemdocena	3.00	! 3

URUGUAY.

### FIFTH SECTION.—TRIMMINGS\*—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Cords—Continued.	5.11	Per
	Dollars.	cent.
Same, up to .39 inch thick	5. 673	31
Same, up to .58 inch thickdo	8. 51	31
Same, up to .78 inch thickdo	13. 238	31
Same, up to 1.17 inch thickdo	18. 912	3
Edging—		1
Cotton, up to .78 inch widedo	· 472	3
Same, up to 1.365 inches widedo		3
Same, up to 2.34 inches widedo	2. 836	3
Wool, up to .58 inch widedo	1.418	3
Same, up to 1.17 inches widedo	1.891	3
Same, up to 1.56 inches widedo	2.836	3
Same, up to 2.34 inches widedo	5. 673	31
Wool and silk, up to .58 inch widedo	1.891	3
Same, up to .78 inch widedo	2, 836	3
Same, up to 1.56 inches widedo	4. 728	31
Same, up to 2.34 inches widedo	9.456	3
Silk, up to .58 inch widedo	2. 374	3
Same, up to 1.17 inches widedo	5. 30	3
Same, up to 1.75 inches widedo	9. 456	3
Same, up to 2.34 inches widedo	14. 184	3
Fringe—	14.104	٠,
Cotton, up to 3.9 inches wideyard	. 047	3:
Same, up to 7.8 inches widedo	180	
Same, up to 11.7 inches widedodo	. 283	31
Wool, up to 3.12 inches widedodo	. 066	3
Same up to 4.60 inches wide		3
Same, up to 4.68 inches widedo	. 132	3
Same, up to 6.24 inches widedo	. 189	3
Same, up to 7.8 inches widedo	330	3
Same, up to 11.7 inches widedo	. 472	3
Wool and silk, up to 3.12 inches widedo	. 113	3
Same, up to 4.68 inches wide	. 189	3
Same, up to 6.24 inches widedo	. 283	3
Same, up to 7.8 inches widedo	. 472	3
Same, up to 11.7 inches widedo	. 756	3
Silk, up to 3.12 inches widedo	.151	3
Same, up to 4.68 inches widedo	. 330	31
Same, up to 6.24 inches widedo	. 573	3
Same, up to 7.8 inches widedo	. 945	3
Same, up to 11.7 inches widedo	1.891	3
Slides or rings—	1	
Wool or wool and silk, up to 1.56 inches in diameter, for cur-		ł
tain loopsdozen	1.03	3
Same, up to 2.34 inches in diameterdo	1.551	3
Silk, up to 1.56 inches widedo	1.551	3
Same, up to 2.34 inches widedodo	2. 07	3
Rosettes—	2.0/	3
	,	
Wool or wool and silk, up to 2.34 inches in diameterdo	. 517	3
Same, up to 3.9 inches widedo	1.03	3
Silk, up to 2.34 inches widedo	2. 07	3
Same, up to 3.9 inches widedo	3. 10	3

URUGUAY.

### SECCIÓN QUINTA.—TELAS Y ARTÍCULOS PARA TAPICERÍA.

Artículos.	Avalto.	Dere- cho.
Alfombras— veinte por ciento de aumento sobre los tripes, en sus clases	Pesos.	Por ciento.
respectivas		31
Cintas—		
de cáfiamo ó yute, para tapicero100 metros Cortinas—	2.00	3
de muselina ó tul de algodón, bordadas, hasta 4 metros de		
largo y 144 centímetros de ancholos 2 paños	2.00	3
las mismas, de 145 á 168 centímetros de idemlos 2 paños	4.00	3
las mismas, de 169 á 192 centímetros de idem los 2 paños	7.00	3
las mismas, de 193 á 216 centímetros de idemlos 2 paños	10.00	] 3
arriba de 216 centímetroslos 2 paños	Proporc'n.	3
animal, rizada, para muebleskilo	. 60	3
vegetal, idem, para idemkilo	. 05	3
tejido liso, de 57 á 62 centímetros de ancho, para muebles		
metro	. 60	1 3
idem, labrado, para idemmetro	. 80	:
para muebleskilo Celas—	. 06	:
de yute ó yute y algodónkilo	I. 25	1 3
de algodón ó hilo ó algodónkilo	1.50	3
de idem y lanakilo	2.00	1 3
de lana purakilo	2, 50	3
llamadas reps, de lana y algodón, con lista de seda, hasta 120		
centimetrosmetro  de lana y algodón, con adornos ó vistas de seda, hasta 120 cen-	1.00	:
timetros metro	1.50	1 :
llamadas reps, de seda con cadena de algodón, hasta 120 centí-		`
metros	1.80	!
120 centimetros	2. 50	:
de algodónkilo	15.00	!
idem, idem, idem, terciopelo ó damasco, de pura sedakilo	23.00	3
idem, velour de Utrecht, ó sea terciopelo de l'ana, con trama de algodón, liso ó labrado, hasta 60 centímetros de ancho	23.00	'
metro	1. 20	:
idem, cerda animal, sola ó conmezcla de algodón ó yute, lisas ó labradas, de cualquier anchometro	I, 20	
Tripe—		١.
de cáfiamo y algodón, llamado madrásmetro cuadrado	. 40	1
cortado, de un metro de anchometro cuadrado	2.00	
	1.00	1 3

Nota.—Las franjas, guardas ó listas serán aforadas en proporción á su ancho, por el valor de las telas respectivas.

URUGUAY.

#### FIFTH SECTION.—CLOTH AND MATERIALS FOR UPHOLSTERY AND HOUSE-FURNISHING.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Carpets— Twenty per cent above value of the material, in respective	Dollars.	Per cent.
classes	l <b></b>	31
Braid—	1	
Hemp or jute, for upholsterers100 yards	1.891	31
Curtains—		1
Muslin or cotton lace, embroidered, up to 4.37 yards long and 1.56 yards widepair	2.07	2.
Same, from 1.60 to 1.82 yards widedo		31
Same, from 1.83 to 2.08 yards widedodo	4. 14	31
Same, from 2.00 to 2.34 yards widedodo		31
Same, over 2.34 yards widedodo		31
Hair—	Froportion	
Curled, for furniturepound	-0-	
		31
Moss or excelsiordo	.023	31
		١
Woven, for furniture, from 22.23 to 24.18 inches wideyard	1 7 3	31
Figured, for furnituredo	. 756	31
For furniturepound	. 028	31
Jute or jute and cottondo	. 587	31
Cotton or linen and cottondo		31
Cotton and wooldo	. 94	31
Pure wooldo		31
Reps, wool and cotton, with silk stripes, up to 1.3 yards,	/3	3.
vard	. 945	31
Wool and cotton, with silk figures, up to 1.3 yardsdo		31
Reps, silk, with cotton thread, up to 1.3 yardsdo	1. 702	31
Cilly becomes with thread of nation or lines, up to a grands		
Silk brocade, with thread of cotton or linen, up to 1.3 yards,		
Genoese satin plush or velvet, with cotton threadpound	2. 374	31
Genoese satin plush or velvet, with cotton threadpound	7.05	31
Same, velvet or damask, pure silkdo Utrecht velours or velvet, with wool and cotton, plain or figured,	10.81	31
up to 23.4 inches wideyard	1. 134	31
Animal hair, pure or mixed with jute or cotton, plain or fig- ured, all widths	1. 134	
uicu, aii wiuuisyatu	134	31
Shag, hemp, and cotton, called madrassquare yard	. 345	31
Shag, cut in pieces of 30.37 inches widedo	1. 720	31
Shag or Brussels carpetingdo		31
ones or pressers carpoing		

Norg.—The fringes, borders, or stripes on cloth goods will be rated in proportion to their width, according to the value of the respective material.

Bull. 61-18

# SECCIÓN SEXTA.—ZAPATERÍA, TALABARTERÍA Y PIELES.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Alpargatas—		For
para hombres, señoras ó niñosdocena pares	<i>Peses.</i> 2, IO	ciento.
Agujetas—	2. 10	43
de seda ó seda de algodón hasta 100 centímetros para botines,		1
gruesa	1,60	31
de hilo ó hilo de algodón, para idemgruesa	. 30	31
Armazories—	. 3-	3
para sillas de montar, sin guarnición, de resorte, de silleta para		
jardinera y tilbury, para hombre, señoras ó niñosdocena	10.00	31
Arneses—		i
6 guarniciones, para carruajes de un cabello, hebillas de hierro		1
negras ó estañadas, sencillasjuego	25.00	48
los mismos, para dos caballosjuego	55.00	<b></b>
6 guarniciones, para carruajes de un caballo, con hebillas de		١.
bronce, nikeladas ó plateadasjuego	35.00	48
los mismos, para dos caballosjuegodocenadocena	80.00	48
Balijas—	2. 40	18
de badana ó tela, forro de cartón, papel ó género, surtidasuna	3.00	18
surtidas, de suela ó baquetauna. Barniz—	6.00	48
		!
negro ó bronceado, para calzado en frascos de 40 gramos,		!
Baticolas—	1.50	31
de cuero para caballosdocena	3.00	18
Betún—	_	•
Nubián, frasco, hasta 100 gramosdocena	I. 20	31
en liquido, de cualquier otra marca, para calzado, en frascos		
hasta 120 gramosdocena	. 60	31
en cajas de lata ó maderadocena.	. 25	31
en frascos de vidrio	. 60	31
agua de cobre ó bronce, barniz vegetal y accite para arreos ó		
guarniciones, únicamente, en botellas hasta ¾ de litro,		
Botas—	3. 20	31
ó medias botas, de cualquier clase, de una ó dos suelas para		
hombredocena pares	40.00	48
llamadas granaderas, cualquier clasedocena pares	50.00	48
granaderas, para niñosdocena pares.	20,00	49
Botines—		•
de cuero, de una ó dos suelas, para hombredocena pares	30.00	48
de género, de idem ó idem idem, para idemdocena pares	20,00	. 48
ó botas, de seda ó mezcla de seda, para señoradocena pares.	32, 00	48
abrochados, de paño castor de simple suela y taco, de una suela,		
para señoradocena pares	10.00	, 48
6 botas, de cuero 6 género que no sea seda, ni mezcla de seda,		_
de una ó dos suelasdocena pares	15.00	48
de cuero, ó género que no sea seda ó mezcla de seda, de una		
suela delgada, sin taco ó taco de una suela, con elástico ó	_	
abrochados, hasta el número 26, para niñosdocena pares	4.00	48
6 botitas de seda ó mezcla de seda, del número 20 al 26, para		.e
niños	22, 00	45
sas mismas, uti numtio 2/ al 42	24.00	48

URUGUAY.

### SIXTH SECTION.—FOOTWEAR, SADDLERY, AND FURS AND SKINS.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Slippers—	Dollars.	Per
Men's, women's, or children's dozen pairs	2. I7I	cent.
Shoestrings—	2 / .	4
Of silk or silk and cotton, up to 39.37 inchesgross	1. 654	31
Linen or linen and cottondodo	. 31	31
Not trimmed, with springs and seats for phaetons and tilburies, for men, women, or childrendozen	10. 34	3
Harness or trappings— For one-horse carriages, iron buckles, black or tinned set	25. 85	41
Come do to borne la constante	-6.05	l .
Same, for two-horse carriagesdo Same, for one-horse carriages, or buckles brass-plated or nickel-	56. 87	4
platedset		4
Same, for two-horse carriages	82. 70 2. 482	4
Bags or portemanteaus— Sheepskin or cloth, lined with cardboard, paper, etc., assorted,		
each	3. 10	4
Sole leather, assorteddo	6, 20	4
Black or bronze, for shoes, in vials of 1.28 ouncesdozen	1.551	3
Cruppers, leatherdo	3. 10	4
Blacking—		
"Nubian," bottles of 3.21 ouncesdo  Liquid, any other brand, for shoes, polish, in bottles holding	1. 241	3
5.14 ounces	. 62	3
In tin or wooden boxesdo	. 258	3
In glass bottlesdo Copper water or bronze, vegetable varnish, and oil for harness only,	. 62	3
in bottles, up to ¾ quart	3. 309	3
Boots—		
Men's, all kinds, with single or double soles dozen pairs	41.40	4
Men's, called "granaderas," all kindsdo	51.70	4
Men's, called "granaderas," all kinds	20. 68	4
Gaiters— Man's leather double soled		
Men's, leather, double soled	31. 02 20. 68	4
Men's, lasting, double soles		4
Women's, button, beavercloth, single sole and heeldo	33. 09 10. 34	4 4
women s, button, beaverelotti, single sole and neeruo	10. 34	4
Leather, or material other than silk or silk mixture, single or		
double soles	15. 51	4
thin soles, no heel or sole-leather heel, elastic or buttoned, up to No. 26dozen pairs	1 4 74	
Children's, silk or silk mixture, from Nos. 20 to 26do	4. 14 22. 75	4
Same, from Nos. 27 to 32do	24. 82	4

URUGUAY.

# SECCION SEXTA.—ZAPATERÍA, TALABARTERIA Y PIELES—Continúz.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Botines—Continua.	Pesos.	Por ciento.
ó botitas, con elástico ó abrochados, de cuero ó género, que no sea seda, ó mezcla de seda, de una ó dos suelas del número ;		
20 al 26docena pares	9.00	48
los mismos, 27 al 32docena pares	12.00	48
los idem, 33 al 36, para varonesdocena pares	15.00	48
Botones-		1
de loza ó pasta para botinesgruesa	. 07	31
de metal, de cualquier clase para calzadogruesa	. 15	31
Bozales -		,
de sueladocena	10.00	48
de cáñamo ordinario	2.00	48
Cabezadas—	2.00	4
con riendas dobles, de suela ó charoldocena		ه. ا
con fiendas dobies, de suela o charol	24.00	48
con idem idem, de cañamo ó pitadocena	12.00	48
con idem sencillas, de sueladocena	7.00	48
de charol, con tapa y testera de composicióndocena	30.00	48
Cabos—		ì
de lesnas	2.00	31
para clavetear con tornillosdocena	. 60	31
Calzadores-		
de asta ó de huesodocena	. 60	31
de metaldocena	I. 20	31
Cañas—		1
largas, de botas, con traseradocena de pares	12.00	48
idem y cortas, de idem para remontardocena de pares	6.00	1
Capelladas—	••••	1
aparadas, para botines elásticos, de género ó cuero, para hom-		
bre ó señoradocena de pares	12.00	4
Cartabones	3. 6c	3
	3.00	٠,
Cepillos— finos, para botas	* **	41
nnos, para botas	1, 50	
ordinarios, para idemdocena	. 60	4
Cera—		۱
para zapaterokilo	1.00	31
Cerda—		1
para zapaterokilo	4.00	31
Cinchas—		١.
de piola ó de cuero con hebillas ó argollasdocena	10,00	48
de piola ó cuero sin concluirdocena	6.00	48
de lana ó mezcla, concluidasdocena	4.00	48
ó sobre-cinchas anchas de lana ó mezcladocena	12.00	48
Cintas—		
de hilo, hilo y algodón, ó puro algodón, para persianas ó botas,		i
	2, 00	31
las mismas clases para presillas de botines100 metros.	1.40	31
de algodón para alpargatas100 metros	. 40	31
de seda ó mezcla, para ribete, para zapatero, hasta 15 milíme-	. 40	1
troe de ancho	. <b>8</b> o	31
tros de ancho	. 60	٠,
de Astrakán, de 2 centimetros de ancho, para zapatillas ó alpar-		31
gatas	I, 20	
otros anchos	rtobotc p	.] 3

URUGUAY.

### SIXTH SECTION.—FOOTWEAR, SADDLERY, AND FURS AND SKINS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Gaiters—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Children's, leather, elastic or buttoned, not silk nor silk mix-	Donare.	CERL.
ture, single or double soles, from Nos. 20 to 26dozen pairs	9. 31	48
Same, from Nos. 27 to 32do	12. 41	48
Boys', same, from Nos. 33 to 36do	15. 51	48
Shoe, china or pastegross	. 074	31
Same, metal, all kindsdo	. 155	31
Halters— Leatherdozen	10. 34	48
Hemp, commondo	2.07	48
Headstalls—		
With double reins, leather or patent leatherdo  Same, hemp or pitado	24. 82 12. 41	48 48
With single rein, leatherdo	7. 24	48
With single rein, leatherdo Patent leather, front piece and blinds of compositiondo	31. 02	48
Handles— Awlgross	2. 07	31
Screw-driverdozen	.62	31
Shoe horns— Horn or bonedo	6-	
Metaldo	. 62 I. 241	31 31
Boot legs or uppers, long, with countersdozen pairs Same, and short, for repairingdo	12. 41 6. 20	48 48
Toe pieces or quarters for elastic gaiters, leather or cloth, for men		١ .
or women	12. 41 3. 722	48 31
Shoe brushes—	3. /22	] 3^
Finedo	1. 551	48
Commondodo	. 62	48
Shoemakers'pound	· 47	31
Bristles— For shoemakersdo	1. 88	31
Girths—	2.00	3-
Of manilla or leather, with buckles or ringsdozen	10. 34	48
Cord or leather, unfinisheddodo  Wool or wool mixture, completedo	6. 20 4. I4	48 48
Or surcingles, wide, wool or woolen mixturedo	12.41	48
Tape—  Pinding lines or cotton and nurse cotton for window blinds		
Binding, linen or cotton, and pure cotton for window blinds or for boots	1. 8q1	31
Same as above, for boot lacesdo	1. 323	31
Cotton, for slippersdo	. 378	31
Silk or silk mixture, shoemakers' binding, up to .58 inch wide	. 756	31
Astrakhan, .78 inch wide, for low shoes or slippersdo	1. 134	31
		1

URUGUAY.

### SECCION SEXTA.—ZAPATERÍA, TALABARTERÍA Y PIELES—Continúa.

Aytículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Cintas—Continúa. de cáñamo, algodón ó sus mezclas, hasta 7 centímetros, para	Pesos.	Por ciento.
cinchas	7.00 Proporc'n.	31 31
de lana, hilo, lana y algodón, hasta 7 centimetros, para cinchas,	•	•
otros anchos	Proporc'n.	31
Clavos—	•	
brocas de acero, para zapateros, con el papel de la envuelta,kilo	. 25	31
puntillas de hierro, comunes, idem, idem, idem, idem, idem,	-	
idem de bronce, para zapatero, idem, idem, idem, idem, idem,	.09	31
idem de metal amerille, nom idem, een idem, idem, idem	. 80	31
idem de metal amarillo, para idem, con idem, idem, idem,kilo	. 50	31
plateados para sillas de montarkilo	2.00	31
Contra-fuertes— de cartón para calzado, ó imitación cuerokilo	. 20	31
Cortes—  de lona de cualquier clase, con 6 sin adornos de lana y con 6		
sin taloneras, para alpargatas docena pares	1.00	31
los mismos aparados, según tipo de N. 1 al 6 docena pares de felpa, tripe ó trencilla, para zapatillas docena pares	2.00 I.40	48 31
Cueros—	1.40	, <b>3</b> 4
becerro en cualquier preparación, menos los charolados, con el papel de la envueltakilo	1.60	44
becerros charolados, de cualquier clase y númerodocena	18.00	44
badanas ó cabras, charoladasdocena suelas y baquetas charolodas, de todo númerouna	10.00 12.00	44
de cabra ó cabritilla, lisas ó graneadasdocena	12.00	44
cabritilla chica, especial para la fabricación de guantes. docena.	5.00	44
tafiletes de colores y negros, gemuzas de cualquier clase, ba- danas blancas francesas, badanas lisas ó sus imitaciónes, en		į
cuero de carnerodocena	6.00	44
de carpinchodocenabadanas ordinarias, en cáscaradocenadocena	12.00	44
marroquies negros y de coloresdocena	16.00	44
de cerdo	4.00	44
de potrouno		44
de potro charolados, y los llamados crutonesuno	6.00	44
suelas en pedazoskilo	.80	44
de cabra, con pelodocenasuelas en general, de todas procedenciasuna	24, 00 8, 00	44
Elástico—		
de seda ó mezcla, para calzadometro  de lana, lana con mezcla de algodón ó hilo ó puro algodón,	. 50	31
para calzadometro	. 32	31
Estaquillas— de madera, para calzadokilo	.07	31
Estriberas—		

URUGUAY.

### SIXTH SECTION .- FOOTWEAR, SADDLERY, AND FURS AND SKINS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Bands— Hemp, cotton, or mixture, up to 2.73 inches wide, for girths,	Dollars.	Per cent.
	6.619	31
Same, other widths	Proportion	
Wool, linen and cotton, up to 2.75 inches wide100 yards	14. 184	31
Other widths	Proportion	31
Shoemakers', steel, including the paper wrapperpound	. 117	31
Iron, common, including the paper wrapperdo	. 042	31
Brass, shoemakers', including paper wrapperdo	. 376	31
Shoemakers', yellow metal, including paper wrapperdo	• 235	31
Saddle, plateddo	- 94	31
Cardboard or imitation leather, for shoesdo	. 094	31
Canvas, any kind, with or without wool trimmings, and with or		
without heel pieces, for slippersdozen pairs		31
Same, made up, according to samples, from No. 1 to 6do	2. 07	48
Felt, shag, or ferret cloth	1.448	31
Calf, any preparation not japanned including the wrapping	l i	
paperpound  Japanned, any kind and any numbedozen	. 752 18. 61	44
Sheep or goat, japanneddododo	10. 34	44 44
Sole leather, japanned, all numbers each.		44
Goat or kid, plain or graineddozen	12.41	44
Kid, special quality for glovesdo		. 44
Sheep, morocco, colored and black, buckskin, all kinds, white	3 /	
French sheepskin, plain or imitation sheepskindozen	6. 20	44
"Carpincho"do	12.41	44
Sheep, common, rawdodo		44
Morocco, black and coloreddo		44
Hogeach	4. 14	44
Cowhide, tanned, white or blackdo	5. 17	44
Coltdo	3, 10	44
Colt, enameled, called "crutones"do	6. 20	44
Sole leather in piecespound		44
Goat, rawdozen	24. 82	44
Sole leather in general, all kindseach	8. 27	44
Silk or silk mixture for shoes	. 472	31
Pegs— yard	. 302	31
Shoe, woodenpound Stirrup leathers		31
For saddlesdozen pairs	4.14	48

URUGUAY.

SECCION SEXTA.—ZAPATERÍA, TALABARTERÍA Y PIELES—Continúa.

Estuches—	Artículos.	A valúo.	Dere- cho.
de charol, con chapa de composición	ó punzones, para talabartero, hasta 8 lesnasdocena		Por ciento. 31
Fieltros—  de lana 6 lana y algodón, para talabarteros y zapateros, kilo.  Filetes—  de platina, para recados 6 sillas de montardocena pares.  Género—  de lana, para mantas de caballokilo.  de hilo 6 hilo y algodón, para idemkilo.  Guarniciones—  de hierro negro 6 estañadas, para arreo, con 6 sin yuguillo, para dos idemjuego  las mismas, para un idem		40	48
Filetes— de platina, para recados ó sillas de montardocena pares.  de platina, para mantas de caballokilode hilo ó hilo y algodón, para idemkilo  de hilo ó hilo y algodón, para idemkilo  de hierro negro ó estañadas, para arreo, con ó sin yuguillo, para dos idem		. 40	40
Filetes— de platina, para recados ó sillas de montardocena pares  de platina, para mantas de caballo			
Género— de lana, para mantas de caballo kilo I. 20 de hilo ó hilo y algodón, para idem kilo I. 10  Guarniciones— de hierro negro ó estafiadas, para arreo, con ó sin yuguillo, para dos idem juego 5.00 las mismas, para un idem juego 7.50 las mismas, para un idem juego 7.50 las mismas, para un idem juego 7.50 las mismas, para un idem 19.00 las mismas, para un idem 19.00 las mismas, para un idem 19.00 de acero, plomo ó zinc, para zapatos 7.50 Hebillas— de acero, plomo ó zinc, para zapatos 7.50 Herramientas— para zapatero 7.50 Herramientas— para curtidor y talabartero 9.50 de color, para zapatero 6.50 de color, para zapatero 8.60 crudo, para zapatero 8.60 crudo, para zapatero 8.60 crudo, para zapatero 8.60 crudo, para zapatero 8.60 crudo, para zapatero 8.60 docena 1.20 Hormas— surtidas, para zapatero 8.60 con plancha, surtida, para idem 8.60 docena 9.70 docena 1.20 docena 9.70 docena 9.		1.50	31
Género—  de lana, para mantas de caballo		2.00	31
de hilo ó hilo y algodón, para idem		3.00	, ,,
de hierro negro ó estañadas, para arreo, con ó sin yuguillo, para dos idem	de lana, para mantas de caballokilo	I. 20	31
de hierro negro ó estañadas, para arreo, con ó sin yuguillo, para dos idem		1. 10	31
para dos idem juego 2.50  las mismas, para un idem juego 2.50  plateadas, pulidas ó amarillas, para arreo, con ó sin yuguillos, para dos caballos 15.00  las mismas, para un idem juego 7.50  Hebillas—  de acero, plomo ó zinc, para zapatos gruesa 60  y útiles para arreos, plateados, pulidos ó amarillos kilo 2.00  Herramientas—  para zapatero docena 1.60  para curtidor y talabartero docena 6.00  Hilo—  de color, para zapatero kilo 80  crudo, para zapatero kilo 50  en carreteles, de 400 á 500 metros, para coser en máquina, para talabartero docena 1.20  Hormas—  surtidas, para zapatero docena 1.20  Hormas—  surtidas, para zapatero docena pares 6.00  con plancha, surtida, para idem docena pares 6.00  con tornillos, para ensanchar botas ó botines par 1.50  ó encopios comunes, para botas y botines par 2.50  para aparer ó prensar par 2.50  para aparer ó prensar par 2.50  para aparer ó prensar par 2.50  para aparer ó prensar par 2.50  para aparer ó de colores metro ancho pintado ó dorado, sobre bombasi ó tela sencilla, el negro inferior y regular sobre bombasi, y las imitaciones cuero sencillo, negro ó de colores metro cuadrado 2.5  Látigos—  para carros, lisos ó torcidos, ordinarios sin azotera docena 6.00  taledo de cerda ó cuero, para idem docena 5.00  de cerda con ballena para idem docena 5.00  de cerda con ballena para idem docena 5.00			
las mismas, para un idem			31
plateadas, pulidas ó amarillas, para arreo, con ó sin yuguillos, para dos caballos. 15.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para un idem. 10.00 las mismas, para arreos, plateados, pulidos ó amarillos. 10.00 las mismas las marillos. 10.00 las marill		-	31
para dos caballos	plateadas, pulidas ó amarillas, para arreo, con ó sin vuguillos.	2. 30	J-
las mismas, para un idem		15,00	31
de hierro estañadas, para talabarteros y sombrereros. gruesa	las mismas, para un idemjuego .	_	31
de hierro estañadas, para talabarteros y sombrereros. gruesa		. 40	31
Herramientas— para zapatero	de hierro estañadas, para talabarteros y sombrererosgruesa		31
para zapatero. docena 1.60 para curtidor y talabartero. docena 6.00 Hilo—  de color, para zapatero. kilo . 80 crudo, para zapatero. kilo . 50 en carreteles, de 400 á 500 metros, para coser en máquina, para talabartero docena 1.20 Hormas— surtidas, para zapatero. docena pares . 4.00 con plancha, surtida, para idem . docena pares . 6.00 con tornillos, para ensanchar botas ó botines par 1.50 ó encopios comunes, para botas y botines . par 1.20 ó idem, para botas granaderas . par 2.50 para aparer ó prensar . par 3.70 sin concluir, para hombre, señora ó niño . par . 21  Hule— imitación cuero, clase doble ó charolado . metro ancho . 50 pintado ó dorado, sobre bombasi ó tela sencilla, el negro inferior y regular sobre bombasi, y las imitaciones cuero sencillo, negro ó de colores . metro cuadrado . 25  Látigos— para carros, lisos ó torcidos, ordinarios sin azotera . docena . 3.00 chicos, de hilo, ordinarios y regulares, tejido de hilo, para montar . docena . 80 tejido de cerda ó cuero, para idem . docena . 5.00 de cerda con ballena para idem . docena . 11.00		2.00	31
para curtidor y talabartero	Herramientas—	- 6-	!
Hilo—  de color, para zapatero	para zapatero	_	31
de color, para zapatero		υ. ω	٠,
crudo, para zapatero		. 8o	31
talabartero	crudo, para zapaterokilo	. 50	31
Hormas—  surtidas, para zapatero			
surtidas, para zapatero		1. 20	31
con plancha, surtida, para idem		4 00	31
con tornillos, para ensanchar botas ó botines			31
6 encopios comunes, para botas y botines			31
6 idem, para botas granaderas		•	31
sin concluir, para hombre, señora ó niño	6 idem, para botas granaderaspar		31
Hule— imitación cuero, clase doble ó charoladometro ancho pintado ó dorado, sobre bombasi ó tela sencilla, el negro inferior y regular sobre bombasi, y las imitaciones cuero sencillo, negro ó de coloresmetro cuadrado			
imitación cuero, clase doble ó charoladometro ancho pintado ó dorado, sobre bombasi ó tela sencilla, el negro inferior y regular sobre bombasi, y las imitaciones cuero sencillo, negro ó de coloresmetro cuadrado  Látigos— para carros, lisos ó torcidos, ordinarios sin azoteradocena chicos, de hilo, ordinarios y regulares, tejido de hilo, para montar		. 21	i 31
pintado ó dorado, sobre bombasi ó tela sencilla, el negro inferior y regular sobre bombasi, y las imitaciones cuero sencillo, negro ó de colores		50	. 31
ferior y regular sobre bombasi, y las imitaciones cuero sencillo, negro ó de colores		. 50	. 3-
llo, negro ó de colores			
para carros, lisos ó torcidos, ordinarios sin azoteradocena 3.00 chicos, de hilo, ordinarios y regulares, tejido de hilo, para montar		. 25	31
chicos, de hilo, ordinarios y regulares, tejido de hilo, para montar			1
montar	para carros, lisos ó torcidos, ordinarios sin azoteradocena chicos, de hilo, ordinarios y regulares, tejido de hilo, para	3.00	31
de cerda con ballena para idemdocena 11.00	montardocena		31
			31
			31
	cado de junco, ordinario, con azotera para idemdocena		31

### SIXTH SECTION .- FOOTWEAR, SADDLERY, AND FURS AND SKINS-Continued.

For saddlers, containing up to 8 awls	Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Sword knots—Patent leather with composition plate			Per cent.
Wool or wool and cotton for saddlers and shoemakerspound.  Mountings— Platina, for saddles or tools	Sword knots—	•	48
Mountings— Platina, for saddles or tools	Felt-		31
Platina, for saddles or tools.	•	. ,03	"
Woolen for horse blankets	Platina, for saddles or toolsdozen pairs	3. 10	31
Ornaments— Harness, iron, black or tinned, for two horses, with or without hames.  Same, for one horse Plated, polished, or yellow metal, with or without hames, for two horses.  Same, for one horse  Same, for one horse  Same, for one horse  Steel, lead, or zinc for shoes Iron, tinned or saddlers', and for hatters And attachments for harness, plated, polished or brass. pound  Tools—  For shoemakers.  Colored, for shoemakers.  Colored, for shoemakers.  Shoemakers', assorted Shoemakers', with soles, assorted Shoemakers', with sorews to fit boots or shoes.  Stretchers or tighteners.  Coll cloth—  Imitation leather, double quality, enameledyard of width. Painted or gilt, on bombazine or common cloth, the black, inferior, on bombazine, and imitation leather, black or colored,  Riding, braided horsehair or leather.  Riding, whalebone and horsehair or leather.  Riding, whalebone and horsehair or leather.  Riding, whalebone and horsehair or leather.  do.  5. 17  5. 17  5. 18  5. 17  5. 17  5. 15  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  5. 17  6. 20  7. 24  7. 2	Woolen for horse blanketspound	• •	31
Harness, iron, black or tinned, for two horses, with or without hames		.517	3,1
Same, for one horse Plated, polished, or yellow metal, with or without hames, for two horses	Harness, iron, black or tinned, for two horses, with or without		
Plated, polished, or yellow metal, with or without hames, for two horses			31
Same, for one horse	Plated, polished, or yellow metal, with or without hames, for	2. 585	31
Steel, lead, or zinc for shoes			31
Iron, tinned or saddlers', and for hatters	Buckles-	7. 757	31
And attachments for harness, plated, polished or brass. pound.  For shoemakers			31
For shoemakers dozen I. 654 For tanners and saddlers do dozen Gozen  Colored, for shoemakers pound 376 Raw, for shoemakers do 235 On spools of from 437.44 to 546.8 yards, for machine sewing, for saddlers dozen 437.44 to 546.8 yards, for machine sewing, for saddlers dozen 421  Lasts—  Shoemakers', assorted dozen pairs A. 14 Shoemakers', with soles, assorted dozen pair I. 551 Common, for boots and shoes pair I. 551 Common, for boots and shoes do I. 241 For riding boots do 2. 585 Stretchers or tighteners do 724 Unfinished, for women and children do 217  Oil cloth— Imitation leather, double quality, enameled yard of width Painted or gilt, on bombazine or common cloth, the black, inferior, on bombazine, and imitation leather, black or colored, square yard 216  Whips—  Cart, plain or twisted, common, without lash dozen 3. 10 Riding, small, braided thread, common and standard do 827  Riding, braided horsehair or leather do 5. 17 Riding, whalebone and horsehair do 9. 31			31
For tanners and saddlers	Tools—	-	31
Thread— Colored, for shoemakers		1.654	31
Colored, for shoemakers		6. 20	31
Raw, for shoemakers	Thread—		
On spools of from 437.44 to 546.8 yards, for machine sewing, for saddlers dozen.  Lasts—  Shoemakers', assorted dozen pairs dozen pairs. Shoemakers', with soles, assorted do dozen pairs. Shoemakers', with screws to fit boots or shoes pair. Common, for boots and shoes do zour pair. For riding boots do zour pair. Unfinished, for women and children do zour pair. In the forward pair pair pair pair pair pair pair pair	Row for shoemakers		31
saddlers		. ~35	34
Shoemakers', assorted		1. 241	31
Shoemakers', with soles, assorted		1	
Shoemakers', with screws to fit boots or shoespair  Common, for boots and shoes			31
Common, for boots and shoes			31
For riding boots			31
Stretchers or tighteners			31
Unfinished, for women and children			31
Imitation leather, double quality, enameledyard of width Painted or gilt, on bombazine or common cloth, the black, inferior, on bombazine, and imitation leather, black or colored,	Unfinished, for women and childrendo		31
Whips— Cart, plain or twisted, common, without lash	Imitation leather, double quality, enameledyard of width Painted or gilt, on bombazine or common cloth, the black, in-	. 472	31
Cart, plain or twisted, common, without lash	square yard	. 216	31
Riding, whalebone and horsehairdo 11. 37 Riding, cane handle with lashdo 9. 31	Cart, plain or twisted, common, without lash dozen	3. 10 . 827	31 31
Riding, cane handle with lashdodo			31
Riding, cane handle with lashdo 9. 31	Riding, whalebone and horsehairdo	11. 37	31
TO 11 1. 1 1 1 1 1	Riding, cane handle with lashdo  Riding, whalebone handle with lash, ordinarydo	9. 31 18. 61	31

URUGUAY.

### SECCION SEXTA.—ZAPATERÍA, TALABARTERIA Y PIELES—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Látigos—Continúa.	Pesoi.	Por ciento.
chicos de hilo ordinarios y regulares, con puño de metal, para idem	1.50	31
con estoque o adornos, nnos, y los con apricaciones de plata,	48.00	31
para carruajes, cabo de junco ó ballenadocena.	25, 00	31
de junco ó tejido de hilo ó perpignán, para carruaje .docena	12.00	31
de caña de la India, para carruajesdocena. de madera dura, con adornos de composición para idem,	18, 00	31
	12.00	31
otras clases	Vista.	31
amarillo ó blanco en varillas, para guarniciones de montura ó carruajeskilo	1.00	31
Lesnas— y estaquiladores con cabogruesa	3.00	31
é idem sin idemgruesa Maîtetas—	1.00	_
de jergón, tripe, hule ó cáñamo, surtidasuna	1.50	48
de cuero, surtidas	2. 50	
surtidas con baulito, de cualquier claseuna Mandiles—	3. 00	48
de paño estampado, fieltro 6 pastadocena	9.00	31
imitación cuero lobo	8.00	31
completas de lana ó lana y algodón surtida, para caballos.una sin cincha, cabeza ó pretal (30 por ciento menos)	5.00	48 48
Máquinas— de tornillos, para ojalillo	12, 00	
Moñas—	12.00	31
de cinta, para zapatos, con ó sin hebillasdocena pares Ojalillos—	. 80	, 31
de metal, comunes, para zapaterokilo	1. 10	. 31
de idem, con gancho, para idemkilo Pasadores—	. 80	31
de cuero, para arreos, con sus envoltorioskilo Pecheras—	2, 00	31
de charol, para caballosuna	2, 50	48
de vaqueta, para idem	2, 10 1, 60	41
para ojalillosdocena Plantillas —	6.00	31
de corcho, para botasdocena pares	. 30	31
de madera, comunes, para zuecosdocena pares	2.00	31
para alpargatas de hombres y nifiosdocena pares	. 90	4.8
de jabón, con sus envoltorios, para calzadokilo Pretales—	. 10	31
de charol, con chapa de composiciónuno	6. 40	41
de cuero, sin adornos de metaluno	2.00	

### URUGUAY.

### SIXTH SECTION. -FOOTWEAR, SADDLERY, AND FURS AND SELES-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Whips—Continued. Riding, small, common and medium, thread, metal handle,	Dollars.	Per cent.
Riding, with daggers or ornaments, fine, and those inlaid with	1. 551	31
silverdozen.	49.67	3
Carriage, whalebone or cane handledo		3
Carriage, cane, braided in thread or leather do		3
Carriage, India canedo		3
Carriage, hard wood, adorned with compositiondo	12.41	3
Other kinds	Sight.	. 3
Brass, white or yellow, in bars, for carriage or saddle mount-	1	ļ .
ingspound	. 47	3
With handlesgross	3, 10	3
Same, without handlesdodo		3
Canvas, shag, oil cloth, or hemp, assortedeach.		٠
Leather, assorteddo	1. 551	4
Traveling, or portmanteaus, assorted, any kinddo	3. 10	4
Aprons—	_	
Stamped cloth, felt, or pastedozen.		3
Imitation wolf's skindodo	8. 27	՝ 3 :
Wool or wool and cotton, assortedeach. Without girth, head piece, or breast leather strap, 30 per cent	'	4
less		4
Bows—		
Or tufts, ribbon, for shoes, with or without bucklesdozen pairs. Evelets—	. 827	3
Metal, common, for shoemakerspound	.517	3
Metal, with hook, for shoemakersdo		3
Slide loops— For harness, including wrapperdo	. 94	3
Collar pads—	1 .	
Patent leather, for horseseach.		4
Cowhidedo		4
Lined with canvasdo	1.654	4
Or eyeleteers, for making eyeletsdo	6, 20	3
Corkdozen pair	. 31	3
Wooden, for clogs	2.07	3
For slippers, for men and boysdo	. 931	3
Soan nowder—	1	3
Soap powder— Including wrapper, for shoemakerspound.	. 047	
Soap powder— Including wrapper, for shoemakerspound. Breast straps—		_
Soap powder— Including wrapper, for shoemakerspound.	6.614	4

URUGUAY.

# SECCION SEXTA.—ZAPATERIA, TALABARTERIA Y PIELES—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaldo.	Dere- cho.
Pulidores—	Pesos.	Por
de hierro, para zapaterodocena	. 80	31
de madera, para idemdocena	. 60	31
Recados—	•	
comunes, de tres piezasuno	5.00	48
Riendas—	3	7-
cuero, para carruaje, de dos caballosuna	4.00	18
idem, para idem, de un caballouna	2.00	48
Rodilleras—	2. 00	1
para caballos, de cuero ó génerodocena	5.00	48
Sacabocados—	5.00	40
	6, 00	1 25
de tenazas, para zapaterodocena		31
de golpe, para idemgruesa	3. 20	31
Sacabotasdocena	2. 50	31
Sillas—		i
de montar, colchadas y las de cuero de cerdo colchadas ó lisas,		١ ـ
con estriberas, cincha incluso todas las de señorauna	20.00	48
de montar, medio cuero de cerdo ú otro cuerouna	9.00	48
Silletas—		
para tilburi	2.00	48
Tacos—		1
de madera, para calzadodocena pares	. 60	31
de suela ó cartón, para idemkilo	. 70	48
Telas-	•	1
imitación cuero	. 24	31
Trencillas-	·	
para riendas de carruaje, lana y algodónmetro	10, 00	31
Yuguillos-		i
de hierro, negros ó estañados, para arreospar	. 80	31
plateados, pulidos ó bronceadospar	2, 40	31
para carrospar	. 60	31
Zapatillas—	•••	"
de paño estampado, de gamuza, tafilete, tripe, felpa, orillo y trencilla, de cualquier clase y de todas menas, sin taco, ó taco de 15 milímetros de alto en la parte interior,		
docena de pares		48
las mismas, con taco de más de 15 milímetros de alto,	5. 50	40
	# *co	48
Zanatas	7. 50	40
Zapatos—		1
abrochados ó bajos, de cuero ó género, de una ó dos suelas,		1
para hombredocena de pares	20, 00	48
abrochados, claveteados ó cocidos, para tropa. docena de pares	10.00	48
abrochados ó bajos, de cuero ó género que no sea seda, de una		١ .
ó dos suelas, para señoradocena de pares	15.00	48
idem ó descotados, é con elásticos, de prunela muy ordinaria		
(segun tipo), para señoradocena de pares	9.00	48
abrochados ó bajos, de seda ó mezcla de seda, para señora,		
docena de pares	18.00	48
abrochados ó bajos, de seda ó mezcla de seda del número 20		i
al 32, para niñosdocena de pares	13.00	48
de cuero ó cualquier clase de género que no sea seda, ni mezcla		}
de seda, de una ó dos suelas, desde el número 21 al 26, para		ŀ
	5.00	48

URUGUAY.

### SIXTH SECTION .- FOOTWEAR, SADDLERY, AND YURS AND SKINS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Polishers—	Dollars.	Per
Shoemakers' irondozen		cent.
Shoemakers' wooddodo		31
"Recados."—	.02	31
Ordinary, 3 pieceseach	l	٠.
	5. I7	48
Reins—	1	١ .
Carriage, leather, for 2 horsesdo		48
Same, for 1 horsedo	2.07	48
Knee guards—	1	_
For horses, leather or clothdozen	5. 17	48
Punch pliers—		1
Shoemakers'do	6. 20	31
Or common punch, shoemakers'gross	3. 309	31
Bootjacks	2. 585	3 r
Saddles—	• •	_
Cushion, also those of hogskin, padded or plain, with stirrups,	l	
girth, etc., and sidesaddleseach	20, 68	48
Half hogskin or other leatherdo		48
Cushions—	7. 3-	
For tilburiesdo	2.07	48
Heels—	2.07	<b>4</b> ~
Wooden, for foot weardozen pairs	. 62	
Leather or paper, for foot wearpound		31
Cloth—	. 329	48
Imitation leatheryard		
	. 226	31
Reins—		i
Carriage, woven, wool or cottondo	9. 456	31
Hames—	١	l
Iron, black or tinnedpair	. 827	31
Plated, polished, or bronzeddo	2.482	31
For cart harnessdo	. 62	31
Slippers—	ĺ	ł
Stamped cloth, buckskin, canvas, shag, felt, braided, etc., all		1
kinds, without heels, or with heels of only .58 inch high on		
the insidedozen pairs	5. 687	48
		1
With heel over .58 inch highdo	7- 757	48
Shoes—		
Men's, buttoned or low, leather or cloth, single or double soles,	)	1
dozen pairs.	20, 68	48
Soldiers' brogans, buttoned, nailed, or seweddo	10.34	. 48
Women's, buttoned or low, leather or other material not silk.	10.34	40
		ه ا
single or double solesdozen pairs	15.51	48
Women's, buttoned or low, with elastics, very common prunello,		م ا
according to sampledozen pairs	9. 31	48
Same, silk or silk mixturedo	18. 61	48
O. 11	}	l
Children's, buttoned or low, silk or silk mixture, from Nos. 20		١ .
to 32dozen pairs	13. 44	48
Children's, leather, or any other material, not silk, single or		
double soles, from Nos. 21 to 26 dozen pairs	<b>5. 17</b>	48

### SECCION SEXTA.—ZAPATERÍA, TALABARTERÍA Y PIELES—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Zapatos—Continua.	Pesos.	Por ciento.
los mismos, del 27 al 32docena de pares	9.00	48
los idem del 33 al 36 docena de pares	12.00	48
bajos ó con orejitas, con ó sin taco, de una suela de cuero, hasta el número 20, para niñosdocena de pares de lona, cuero ó cuero y lona, con plantilla de cáñamo, para	3. 50	48
hombres, señora y niñodocena de pares	6.00	48
para sillas de montardocena de pares	6.00	48
de goma de todas menasdocena de pares	5.00	48
Zuecos-		1
sin elástico, para hombre ó señoradocena de pares	18.00	48
con idem, para idem 6 idemdocena de pares	20, 00	48
con elástico, para ninosdocena de pares	11.00	48
sin idem, para idemdocena de pares	9.00	48
de madera, ordinarios, para hombredocena de pares	4. 00	48
de idem, con cuero y sin forrodocena de pares	7.00	48
de idem, con idem y forrados *docena de pares	10.00	48
descalzos, ordinarios, para hombre y señora. docena de pares	2. 50	48
los mismos, para niñosdocena de pares	1.80	48

<sup>\*</sup> Para niños, la mitad del aforo respectivo.

### SECCIÓN SÉPTIMA.—ARTÍCULOS DE BARRACA.

Alfalfa *100 kilos		
A serrin—	1	
para curtir	3.00	31
Azulejos—	,	
ó baldositas barnizadas, de 121 á 225 milimetros cuadrados,		
millar,	15.00	20
Baldozas—	j	
de barro, en generalmillar	12.00	20
de tierra hidráulica ó Portlandmetro cuadrado	1.00	20
mosaico de tierra cocidametro cuadrado	1.50 ;	20
idem, á la Venecianametro cuadrado	2. 50	20
idem, inglesas ó de Valenciametro cuadrado	2.00	20
Caños		
de barro, ingleses, hasta 15 centímetros de diámetro y hasta 1		
metro de largouno	. 50	31
los mismos, de 16 á 35 centímetros de idem y hasta 1 metro de	1	
largouno	1. 20	31
de barro, franceses, hasta 15 centimetros de idem y 50 centime-		
tros de largouno	. 25	31
los mismos, de 16 á 35 centímetros de idem y 50 centímetros de		
largouno	. 50	31
Carbón	1	
mineral	10, 00	6
de leñahectolitro	. 50	20
Cáscara—		
para curtir 100 kilos.	2.00	Libre,
* Derecho específico, \$1.		

#### URUGUAY.

#### SIXTH SECTION .- POOTWEAR, SADDLERY, AND FURS AND SKINS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Shoes—Continued.	D. W.	Per
	Dollars.	cent.
Same, from Nos. 27 to 32dozen pairs	9. 31	48
Same, from Nos. 33 to 36do	12. 41	48
Same, low, or with straps, with or without heels, one sole, leather, up to No. 20	3, 619	48
canvas, with hempen solesdozen pairs	6. 20	48
Stirrup, for saddlesdo	6. 20	48
Rubber, all kinds	5. 17	48
Or clogs, without elastic, for men and womendozen pairs	18.61	48
Same, with elastic, for men and women		48
Same, for childrendo		48
Same, without elastic, for childrendo	9. 31	48
Wooden, men'sdo	4. 14	48
Wooden, with leather, unlineddo	7. 24	48
Wooden, with leather, lined *do	10. 34	48
Slippers—	10. 34	40
Common, men's and women'sdo	2. 585	48
Same, for children, commondo		
Same, for children, common	1. 801	48

<sup>&#</sup>x27; For children, one-half respective duty.

#### SEVENTH SECTION.—MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

Alfalfa#roo pounds		
Sawdust—	1	
For tanningdo	1.41	31
Tiles—		_
Glazed, from 4.72 to 8.77 inches squarethousand	15. 51	20
Clay, in generaldo	12.41	20
Portland cementsquare yard	. 864	20
Mosaic, bakeddo	1, 206	20
Mosaic, Venetiando	2. 161	20
Mosaic, English, or Valenciando	1. 729	20
Pipes, water—	/	
Clay, English, up to 5.85 inches in diameter and up to 39.37	ı	
inches longeach.	. 517	31
Same, from 6.24 to 13.65 inches diameter and up to 1 meter	• •	•
longeach	1. 241	31
Clay, French, up to 5.85 inches diameter and 19.5 inches long,	•	•
each	. 258	31
Same, from 6.24 to 13.65 inches diameter and 19.5 inches long,	-	_
each	. 517	31
Coal, mineral	4. 70	6
Charcoalbushel	. 176	20
Bark—	1	
Tanning100 pounds	. 94	Free.
*Specific duty, \$1.034.		

URUGUAY.

### SECCION SÉPTIMA.—ARTÍCULOS DE BARRACA—Continúa,

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
nodoros	Pesos.	Por ciento
de barro, para letrinas, con taza	2.00	3
de idem para idem, sin idem, mayores de 15 centimetros de diá-	. 50	3
metrouno adrillos—	. 1.00	3
de barro, huecosmillar	10.00	3
refractarios, para hornos, tamaño comúnmillar eña—	35.00	3
en raja <b>s</b>	4.00	2
de barro, hasta 15 centímetros de altociento	2, 50	١,
de idem, 16 hasta 25 idem de idemciento	5.00	3
de idem, mayores de 25 idem de idem	Vista.	3
de pino, en general, de 20 á 25 milímetros de grueso,		i
pickets de tea, 4 por 6 centímetros hasta 1 metro 50 de largo,	30.00	:
pickets, spruce, 25 por 80 millmetros hasta 1 metro 50 idem,	40.00	'
·····millar	15.00	:
de nogal, de 20 á 25 milimetros de grueso. 100 metros cuadrados. de caoba y jacaranda, de 20 á 25 milimetros de idem,	100.00	;
	160.00	
de ébano	14.00 60.00	
de Punta Arenas, de 20 á 25 milimetros de idem,	40, 00	
en tablas de pino cepilladas y machihembradas, de 20 á 25 mili-	·	
metros de grueso	40.00	
en idem de idem de 16 á 19 milímetros de idem,	30.00	,
100 metros cuadrados	45.00	1
chapa, en general, incluso la de pino100 metros cuadrados idem de tuya100 kilos	12.00	
idem de palo de rosa	5. 00 8. 00	į
centimetros de gruesauna	5.00	
las mismas, de más de 29 por 29 centímetros de idemuna trozos de madera dura, en general, de 16 por 16 hasta 29 por 29	10,00	1
centimetros de grueso y hasta 3 metros 50 de largouno los mismos, de más de 29 por 29 centimetros de grueso y hasta	2.00	:
3 metros 50 de largotirantes de madera dura, en general hasta 10 por 25 centimetros	4.00	:
de gruesouno tirantillos de madera dura, en general hasta 12 por 12 centime-	1.50	
tros de gruesouno	. 70	1
varas, para saladerosciento	25.00	1 2

URUGUAY.

#### SEVENTH SECTION .- MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES -- Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Odorless closets—		Per
	Dollars.	cent.
With bowl, for privieseach		21
Without bowl, up to 5.85 inches diameterdo	.517	31
Same, over 5.85 inches diameterdo	1.03	31
Bricks—		
Clay, hollowthousand	10. 34	20
Fire, for furnaces, ordinary sizedo	36. 19	20
Wood, splitdo	4. 14	20
Flower pots—		
Clay, up to 5.85 inches highhundred	2. 585	3:
Same, from 6.24 to 9.75 inches highdo	5. 17	3
Same, over 9.75 inches high	Sight.	31
Pine, in general, from .780 to .975 inch thick100 sq. feet	25. 935	20
Pickets of bayberry wood, 1.56×1.95 inches up to 59.05 inches		
long thousand.  Pickets of spruce, .975 × 3.12 inches up to 59.05 inches long,	41.40	20
thousand	15. 51	20
Walnut, from .78 to .975 inch thick100 square feet	86. 45	20
Mahogany and jacaranda, from .78 to .975 inch thick,		
100 square feet	138. 32	20
Ebony	6. 58	20
inch thick 100 square feet	51.87	20
From Punta Arenas, from .78 to .975 inch thickdo	34. 58	20
Pine boards, planed and grooved, from .78 to .975 inch thick,		
100 square feet	34. 58	31
Pine boards, up to .585 inch thickdo	25. 935	20
Same, from .62 to .741 inch thickdo	38. 802	20
Veneers, in general, including pinedo	10. 374	20
Veneers, "tuya"100 pounds	2. 35	20
Rosewood veneers	3. 76	20
11.31 inches thick each.	5. 17	20
Same, over II.31×II.31 inches thickdo	10. 34	20
Logs of hard wood, in general, of 6.24 × 6.24 inches up to 11.31 ×		[ <b>-</b> `
11.31 inches thick and up to 111/2 feet longeach	2.07	20
Logs of hard wood, over 11.31 × 11.31 inches thick and up to	1 ′	ļ
11 1/2 feet long	4. 14	20
each	1. 551	20
Small joists, hard wood, in general, up to 4.68 × 4.68 inches		_
thickeach	. 724	20
Poles or rods, for meat-salting houseshundred	25. 85	20
Cart stave railsdo	4. 14	20

#### URUGUAY.

## SECCION SÉPTIMA.—ARTÍCULOS DE BARRACA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Maderas - Continued.	Pesos.	Por ciento.
ripiasciento	2, 50	20
cañas, picanillas y varillasciento	3.00	20
botadoresciento.	25.00	20
palmasuna.	1.00	20
perchas sin labrar, hasta 38 centímetros de diámetro en la mitad		
del largouna palos sin labrar, para buques, mayores de 38 centimetros de	6.00	20
diámetro, en la mitad del largouno	100.00	20
mazas para carretillas hasta 30 centímetros de diámetropar	3.00	20
idem idem idem de más de 30 centímetros de diámetropar	5.00	20
camas, hasta 39 centimetros de alto	1.00	20
idem de más de 39 centímetros de altouna	2.00	20
ejes, curvas y curvitasuna	1.00	20
umbrales hasta 25 por 25 centimetros de grucsouno	1.00	20
idem idem 25 por 50 centímetros de idemuno	2, 00	20
idem idem 40 por 40 centimetros de grueso para arribauno	4.00	20
tarugos de algarrobo ú otras maderaspar	1.00	20
rayos hasta 20 por 20 centímetros de gruesouno	. 30	20
idem idem 20 por 40 centimetros de idemuno	. 60	20
idem idem 40 por 40 centimetros de idem uno durmientes hasta 13 por 25 centimetros de grueso y hasta 3 me-	1. 20	20
tros de largouno trozos de quebracho colorado de menos de un metro de largo,	1.00	20
para aserrin	5.00	Libre.
rollizos de quebracho colorado, para aserrin 1,000 kilos	5.00	Libre.
idem idem idem blanco hasta 3 metros 10 de largouno idem de quebracho blanco, de 3 metros 15 hasta 6 metros de	2,00	20
largouno	7.00	20
los mismos, mayores de 6 metros de largouno	10,00	20
Maderas—	10,00	20
postes, medios postes y estacones de fiandubayciento pickets de fiandubay, hasta I metro 50 de largo, hecho de esta-	30.00	Libre.
cones	10.00	Libre.
baldozas de cualquier dimensiónmetro cuadrado	T 50	27
labrado, estatuas ó monumentos y cualquier obra de arte	I. 50 Vista.	31 31
pulido	6.00	31
en bruto, en chapas, sin pulir		_
Piedras—	2. 50	31
en general, para veredasmetro cuadrado	1.00	31
sin trabajar, en blockstonelada	1.00	31
para cordón de veredametro lineal	1.00	31
en adoquinesciento.	4.00	31
para molinos y atahonaspar	40.00	31
marinahectolitro	50	6
de roca	. 50 10. 00	31
Tejas—	10.00	31
en generalmillar.	30.00	20

## URUGUAY.

#### SEVENTH SECTION .- MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES -- Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Lumber Continued		Per
Lumber—Continued. Shingleshundred	Dollars.	cent.
Sninglesnundred	2. 585	20
Gutters, picarrillas, and rodsdo	3. 10	20
Boat poles or starting polesdo	25. 85	20
Palmeach Poles, rough, up to 14.82 inches diameter, measured at half the	1.03	20
lengtheach Poles for masts, rough, over 14.82 inches diameter, at half	6. 20	20
lengtheach	103.40	20-
Wheel hubs, for carts, up to 11.7 inches diameterpair	3. 10	20
Same, over 11.7 inches diameterdo	5. 17	20-
Cart bodies, up to 15.21 inches higheach	1.03	20-
Same, over 15.21 inches highdo	2. 07	20-
Axletrees, knee timber, etcdo	r. 03	20-
Thresholds, up to 9.75 × 9.75 inches thickdo	1.03	20
Same, from 0.75 × 10.5 inches thickdo	2.07	20
Same, from 15.6 × 15.6 inches thick and upwardsdo	4. 14	20
Bungs of carob and other woodpair	1.03	20
Spokes, up to 7.8 × 7.8 inches thickeach	. 31	20
Same up to 7.8 × 15.6 inches thickdo	. 62	20
Same, 15.6 × 15.6 inches thick	1. 241	20
Sleepers, up to 5.07 × 9.75 inches thick and up to 9.84 feet		
longeach Logs of red "quebracho" less than 39.37 inches long, for saw-	1.03	20-
dust		Free.
	2. 35	Free.
Same, for sawdustdododododododododo	2. 35 2. 07	20
Same, from 10.33 feet to 19.68 feet longdo	, ,	20
	7. 24	20
Same, over 19.68 feet longdodo	10. 34	20
Posts, half posts, and stakes of "fiadubay"hundred Pickets of "fiadubay," up to 59.05 inches long, cut from logs,	31.02	Free.
Marble— hundred	10. 34	Free.
Slabs or tiles, any sizesquare yard	1. 286	
Worked in statues, monuments, or other works of art	Sight.	31
Polished	2, 822	31
Rough slabs, not polisheddodo		31
	1. 175	31
Stones—	06.	
Paving, in generalsquare yard	. 864	31
Rough, in blockston Flagstonesvard.	1.03	31
Curbhundred	945	31
	4. 14	31
Millpair Salt—	41.40	31
Seabushel	770	6
Rock	. 173 4. 70	31
Tiles—	l **/~	J 31
In generalthousand	31.02	20

#### SECCION SÉPTIMA.—ARTÍCULOS DE BARRACA—Continua.

Artículos,	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Tierra—  Romana y Portland, peso bruto	3.00	Por ciento. 20 20

Nota.—El metro cuadrado de madera se compone de 10 pies cuadrados.

Tavas y mermas.—Baldozas liamadas azulejos, sobre el total del cargamento, 4 por ciento.

Idem comunes de Marsella, del Havre, las liamadas tejas, los ladrillos huecos y los caños de barro en general, sobre el total del cargamento, 15 por ciento.

Ladrillos de fuego ó refractarios, para hornos, 5 por ciento.

Madera dura y de pino, que su despacho se verifique por metros cuadrados, sobre el total del cargamento, 3 por ciento.

Baldosas de mármol blancas, sueltas, las que vengan de 33 centímetros sin estar concluídas, se despacharán por 32 centímetros.

#### SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DROGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍMICOS.

	1	
Aceite—		
de almendraskilo	. 60	48
de castor ó ricino, sésamo y arachidekilo	. 24	48
de bacalao, en cascos ó lataskilo	. 30	48
de crotontigliokilo	3.00	48
de laurelkilo	. 80	48
de enebro ó cadekilo	. 30	48
Acetato-	_ {	_
de cobrekilo	. 80	48
de plomo cristalizadokilo	. 20	48
de soda, potaza ó zinckilo	1.00	48
Acibar—	}	_
6 aloes kilo	. 30	48
Acido—	_	
acético cristalizablekilo	. 80	48
idem, comercialkilo	. 20	48
benzóicokilo	5.00	48
bóricokilo	. 40	48
cianhídrico medicinalkilo	6,00	48
cítricokilo	1. 20	48
clorhídrico ó muriático purokilo	. 30	48
idem 6 idem comercialkilo	.07	8
crómico cristalizadokilo	4.∞	48
fénico idemkilo	. 50	48
idem idem purokilo	1. 20	48
idem líquido impurokilo	. 30	48
gálicokilo	4.00	48
lácticokilo	5.00	48
nstrico, del comerciokilo	. 26	8
idem purokilo	. 50	48
oxálicokilo	. 30	48
pítricokilo	1. 50	48
pirogálicokilo	12.00	48
piroleñosokilo	. 20	48
salicílicokilo	4.00	48 8
sulfúrico del comerciokilo	. 07	8 ∡8
idem purokilo	. 25	48

#### URUGUAY.

#### SEVENTH SECTION.-MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Roman and Portland cement, gross weight	1.41	Per cent. 20 20

Nors.—The square meter of wood is so feet square.

Waste and shrinkage.—Flags or blue tiles, on total cargo, 4 per cent.

Flags or blue tiles, from Marseilles and Havre, called tiles, hollow bricks, and clay pipes, in general, total cargo, 15 per cent.

Fire bricks, for furnaces, on total cargo, 5 per cent.

Hard wood and pine, invoiced in square meters, on total cargo, 3 per cent.

Marble tiles, white, loose; those 12.87 inches long, in the rough, will be dispatched at 11.48 inches.

#### EIGHTH SECTION .- DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS.

	<del></del>	
Oil—	İ	
Almondpound	. 282	48
Castor, "sésamo" and "arachide"do	. 112	48
Codliver, in kegs or tinsdo	. 141	48
Crotondo	1.41	48
Laureldo	. 376	48
Juniperdo	. 141	48
Acetate—	1	
Of copperdo	376	48
Of lead, crystallizeddo	. 094	48
Of soda, potash, or zincdo	. 47	48
Aloesdo	. 141	48
Acid—	•	•
Acetic, crystallizable do	. 376	48
Same, commercialdo	. 004	48
Benzoicdo	2. 35	48
Boric	. 188	48
Cyanhydric, medicinaldo	2. 82	48
Citricdo	. 564	48
Hydrochloric, or pure muriatic aciddo	. 141	48
Same, commercialdo	. 032	8
Chromic, crystallizeddo	1.88	48
Phenic, crystallizeddo	. 235	48
Same, puredo	. 564	48
Same, liquid, impuredo	. 141	48
Gallicdo	1.88	48
Lacticdo	2. 35	48
Nitric, of commercedo	. 122	8
Same, puredo	. 235	48
Oxalicdo	. 141	48
Pyrocitricdo	. 705	48
Pyrogallicdo	5. 64	48
Pyroligneousdo	. 094	48
Salicylicdo	1.88	48
Sulphuric, of commercedo	. 032	8
Same, puredo	. 117	4`

URUGUAY.

## SECCION OCTAVA.—DROGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍMICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Acido—Continua.	Pesos.	Por ciento.
tánicokilo	1.80	48
tartáricokilo	. 80	48
valereánicokilo.	7.00	48
Aconitina—	7. 00	40
y sus salesgramo	. 40	48
Agailas	. 50	48
Agárico—	. 3-	-
blancokilo	I. 20	48
Agua—		'
de azahar, en damajuanas y lataslitro	. 20	48
Aguas—		
destiladas, de plantas en generallitro	. 30	48
Alcanforkilo	. 70	48
Alcohol *—	. 70	1
rectificadolitro	. 25	48
absolutolitro	. 50	48
Alcoholadas—	. 50	7-
y alcoholaturoslitro	1.00	48
Algodón—	2.00	. 40
en ramakilo.	. 50	31
fulminante kilo	6.00	48
medicinal, en generalkilo.	T. 00	48
Almizcle hectógramo		48
Alumbre—	50.00	40
comúnkilo.	. 03	48
calcinadokilo.	•	48
Amapolas (cabezas) kilo	. 40	48
Ambar—	. 50	40
grishectógramo	60, 00	48
Amoniaco—	00.00	40
líquidokilo.		
Anato—	. 25	48
en pastakilo.		۰.
Anilina—	. 70	48
y sus compuestoskilo		
Antimonio—	3. 50	96
metálicokilo		۰.
	. 50	48
diaforéticokilo	I. 20	48
Antipirinakilo Arseniato—	20.00	l 48
		۰.
de amoniacokilo	3.00	48
de cobrekilo	1.00	48
de hierrokilo	3.00	48
de potasa ó soda, para las arteskilo	. 60	48
de idem 6 idem, medicinalkilo	r. 60	48
A t ' 1		
Arsénico—		I 48
blanco (ácido arsenioso), comercialkilo	. 05	
blanco (ácido arsenioso). comercial	. 50	48
blanco (ácido arsenioso), comercialkilo	-	

URUGUAY.

## EIGHTH SECTION .- DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Acid—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Tannicpound	. 846	48
Tartaric		48
Valerianicdo		48
Aconite and its saltsgrain		48
Gallnutspound	. 235	48
Agaric, whitedo	. 564	48
Orange-flower water—		
In demijohns and in cansquart  Distilled waters—		48
From plants, in generaldo	. 31	48
Camphorpound Alcohol #—	. 329	48
Rectifiedquart	. 258	48
Puredo	.517	48
Alcoholates and alcoholydesdo		48
	1.03	"
Cotton— Rawpound	, 235	31
Gundo		48
Medicinal, in generaldodo		18
Muskounce	14.50	48
Alum—	Í	
Commonpound		48
Calcineddo		48
Poppies, pods	. 227	48
Ambergrisounce	17. 52	48
Ammónia, liquidpound	. 117	48
Annotto pastedo	. 329	96
Anilines and their compoundsdo	1.645	48
Antimony— Metallicdodo	. 235	48
Diaphoreticdo		48
Antipyrinedo		48
Arsenate— Of ammoniacdo	1.41	48
Of copperdo		48
Of irondo	1.41	48
Of potash or soda, for the artsdodo	. 282	48
Same, medicinaldo	. 752	48
Arsenic—	1	١.
White (arseneous acid), commercialdo		48
Same, medicinaldo		48
Asphaltdo	.094	48
Asparagolitaounce	I. 45	48

URUGUAY.

## SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DROGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍMICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Atropina—	Petot.	Por ciento.
y sus salesgramo	. 40	48
Azúćar—	•	•
candekilo	. 40	48
de lechekilo	. 50	48
Azufre—	•	i '
dorado, de antimoniokilo	I. 20	48
Bálsamo		
de copaibakilo	I. 20	48
de fioraventilitro	I. 50	48
del Perú y Tolúkilo	3.00	48
tranquilokilo	1.00	48
Barniz—	1.00	40
para fotografiakilo		
	3.00	31
para litografíakilo	<b>1.6</b> 0	31
Bayas—		١.
de enebrokilo	. 20	48
de saúcokilo	. 30	96
Benjui-		
almendradokilo	1. 20	48
ordinariokilo	. 80	48
Bencinakilo	. 16	48
Bismuto—		7
metálicokilo.	4.00	48
Bolos	4.00	40
de Nancykilo	. 60	48
Borax kilo.		
	. 25	48
Bromoformo hectógramo	5. ∞	48
Bromuro—		١ .
de alcanforkilo	5. ∞	48
de cadmiokilo	5.00	48
de amoniokilo	3. <b>0</b> 0	48
de potasiokilo	I. 50	48
de sodiokilo	2, 50	48
Cadmio—	-	<b>,</b>
metálico	6,00	48
Cafeina—		İ
y sus saleshectógramo.	5.00	48
Cal—	<b>3</b>	
de Vienakilo	, 20	_48
Calamina—		, ,
(piedra calaminar)kilo	. 20	-48
Calomel—	. 20	-
proto-cloruro de mercuriokilo	1.80	48
Canela—	1. 00	40
de Ceilán (corteza)kilo		ه ا
	1.00	48
Cantáridaskilo	3.00	48
Canafistulaskilo	- 35	48
Cápsulas—		۔ ا
medicinales sueltaskilo	3.00	48
de copaiba sueltaskilo	1. 50	48
Carbón—	-	i
animalkilo.		48

URUGUAY.

EIGHTH SECTION.—DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Atropine and its saltsgrain	Dollars. . 026	cent. 48
Rock candypound	. 188	48
Sugar of milkdo Sulphur—	· 235	48
Yellow, of antimonydo	. 564	48
Copaibado	. 564	48
Fioraventequart	1. 551	48
Peru and tolupound	1.41	48
Soothingdo	. 47	48
Varnish—		l .
For photographydo	1.41	48
For lithographydo	. 752	48
Tuniper berriesdo	. 004	48
Elderberriesdo	. 141	96
Benzoin-	•	90
Almond-flavored	. 564	48
Ordinarydo	. 376	48
Benzinedo	. 075	48
Bismuth—		
Metallicdo	1.88	48
Pills— Nancydo	-0-	_
	. 282	48
Boraxdo Bromoformounce.	. 117	48
Bromide of—	1.45	48
Camphorpound	2. 35	48
Cadmiumdo	2. 35	48
Ammoniado	1.41	48
Potashdo	. 705	48
Sodiumdo	1. 175	48
Metallicdo	2.82	48
Caffein and its saltsounce	I. 45	48
Lime— Viennapound		
Viennapoung	. 094	48
(Calamine stone)do	. 094	48
Calomel— (Protochloride of mercury)do	0.6	
Cinnamon bark—	. 846	48
Ceylondo		48
Cantharidesdo	1.41	48
Cassiado	. 169	48
Capsules— Medicinal, loosedo	1.41	48
Copaiba, loosedodo	. 705	48
~~p	.,,55	1
Boneblackdo	. 065	48

URUGUAY.

#### SECCIÓN OCTAVA, -DEOGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍNICOS-Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Carbonato—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de baritakilo	. 40	48
de estrociana y amoniacokilo	• 35	48
de hierrokilo	. 50	48
de cal ó creta preparadakilo	. 25	48
de potasa, purokilo	. 30	Libre.
de idem (sub)kilo	. 12	48
de idem (bi)kilo	. 50	48
de soda (sub), soda cristalizadakilo	. 06	48
de soda (bi)kilo	. 08	48
de idem (bi) purokilo	. 50	48
de magnesiakilo	. 30	48
Carmin—		1
de cualquier clasekilo	12,00	48
líquidokilo	1.50	48
Castóreokilo	15.00	48
Catecú—	-3.00	1
(tierra cato)kilo.	. 10	48
Centeno—	•	T-
de cornezuelokilo	1.00	48
Cera—	2, 00	<b>, ,</b>
animal, blanca 6 amarillakilo	. 60	31
vegetal ó mineral idem idem idemkilo	.40	31
Cianuro—	. 40	٠,
de potasio, para las arteskilo	1.00	48
de mercuriokilo	6.00	48
Citrato—	0.00	, 40
de magnesiakilo	1.00	48
de hierro amoniacalkilo	2.40	48
de idem y quininakilo	20.00	48
Cloral—	20.00	40
hidratadokilo	3.00	48
Clorato—	3.00	**
de potasakilo	. 40	48
idem idem para la industriakilo	. 40	Libre.
Cloroformolitro	2, 40	48
Cloruro—	2.40	40
de amonio purokilo	1.50	48
para las artes (sal amoniaco)kilo	. 30	48
de antimonio líquidokilo	. 30	48
de antimonio purokilo	3.00	48
de idem idem, para las arteskilo	.60	48
de cal, para las idemkilo	. 10	48
de hierro líquido (per)kilo.	.40	48
de calcio purokilo	.40	48
de idem, para las arteskilo	.04	48
de mercurio (bi) (sublimado corrosivo)kilo	1.80	48
de oro y sodiogramo	.40	48
de oro gramogramo	.30	48
de zinc purokilo	3,00	48
de idem, para las arteskilo		48
Cocaina—	. 50	40
y sus salesgramo	. 30	48
		: 40

URUGUAY.

## EIGHTH SECTION.—DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Carbonate—	5.11	Per
Of barytapound	Dollars.	cent.
Of strontia and ammoniumdo		48
Of irondodo	. 235	48
Of lime or chalk, prepareddodo	.117	48
Of potash, pure		Free.
(Sub), of potashdodo	•	48
(Bi), of potashdodo	.056	48
(Sub), of soda, crystalizeddodo	. 235	48
(Bi), of sodadodo		48
(Bi), of soda, puredodo	.037	48
Of magnesiadodo	. 235	48
Carmine—	. 141	40
Any kinddo	5, 64	48
Liquiddodo		48
Castoriado	. 705	
Castoria	7.05	48
Catechudodo	.047	48
Ergot in graindodo	-47	48
Animal, white and yellowdo	. 282	31
Vegetable or mineral, white or yellowdo	. 188	31
Cyanide—	,	"
Of potash, for the artsdo	. 47	48
Of mercurydo	2.82	48
Citrate—		
Of magnesiado	47	48
Of ammoniacal irondo	1. 128	48
Of ammoniacal iron and quininedo	9.40	48
Chloral hydratedo	1.41	48
Chlorate—		1
Of potashdo	. 188	48
Of potash, for use in the industriesdo	. 188	Free.
Chloroformquart	2. 482	48
Chloride-		1 _
Of pure ammoniapound	. 705	48
For the arts (sal ammoniac)do	. 141	48
Of antimony, liquiddo	. 141	48
Of antimony, puredo	1.41	48
Of antimony for the artsdo	. 282	48
Of lime, for the artsdo	. 047	48
Of iron, liquid (per)do	. 188	48
Of pure calciumdo	. 188	48
Same for the artsdo		48
Of mercury (bi), (corrosive sublimate)do		48
Of gold and sodiumgrain	.026	48
Of golddo	. 033	48
Of pure zincpound	1.41	48
Of zinc for the artsdo	. 235	48
And its saltsgrain	.02	48

## SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DROGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍMICOS—Continúa.

Articulos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Codeina	Pesos.	Por ciento.
y sus salesgramo	.20	48
Cola—		🕶
de pescadokilo	3. 50	48
Cólchico—	3.30	1
(bulbos)kilo	. 80	48
Colodión—		40
fotográficokilo	2,00	48
medicinal kilo	2,00	48
Colofoniakilo	.06	48
Coloquintidakilo	I. 50	48
Colores—		١.
vegetales, en pastakilo	1.50	96
idem, líquidoskilo.	. 30	96
Corteza—		
de cascarillakilo	.80	48
de naranjakilo	. 20	48
de quina griskilo	1.50	48
de idem, otras claseskilo	. 60	48
de quillaykilo.	. 06	48
medicinales no especificadaskilo	.60	48
Crémor—		<b>T</b>
tártarokilo	. 50	48
solublekilo	I. 20	48
Creosota—	1.20	40
		18.
	3.00	48
comercialkilo	1.50	40
Cromato—		٠.
de potasa (bi)kilo	. 50	48
de idem, amarillokilo	.80	48
Cuasia—		١.
amara (rasuras)kilo.	. 30	48
Cubeb—		Ι.
(pimienta)kilo	. 50	48
Curcumakilo	. 20	48
Dextrinakilo	. 25	48
Diascordiokilo	3.00	48
Digitalina—	_	
y sus sales	.35	48
Dinamitakilo.	.80	Libre.
Dulcamara—	1	ł
(tallos)kilo	.25	48
Elaterinagramo	. 70	48
Emetinagramo	1.00	48
Emplastos-		1
medicinaleskilo	1.00	48
Ergotinakilo		48
Ergottia	15.00	48
	12.00	48
Escilakilo	. 70	1 40
Esencia—		ه.
de almendras amargas	10.00	48
de angélicakilo	15.00 5.00	48 48
de aniskilo		

## RIGHTH SECTION.—DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Codeine—		Per
And its saltsgrain	Dollars.	cent.
Fish gluepound	1. 645	48
•		, ,,,
Colchicum bulbsdo	. 376	48
Photographicdo	• 94	48
Medicinaldo	• 94	48
Colophonydo	. 028	48
Colocynthdo	. 705	48
Vegetable, in pastedo	. 705	96
Vegetable, liquiddo	. 141	96
Cascarillado	. 376	48
Orangedo	.004	48
Peruvian bark, graydo	. 705	48
Other kinds do	. 282	48
Quillaydo	. 028	48
Medicinal, not specifieddo	. 282	48
Cream of tartardo	. 235	48
Same, solubledo	. 564	48
Creosote—		
Pure do	1.41	48
Commercialdodo	. 705	48
Chromate		İ
(Bi), of potash do	. 235	48
Of potash, yellowdo	. 376	48
Quassia shavingsdo	. 141	48
Cubebsdo	. 235	48
Turmeric rootdo	. 094	48
Dextrindo	. 117	48
Diascordiumdo	1.41	48
Digitaline and its saltsgrain	. 023	48
Dynamitepound	. 376	Free.
Bittersweet (stalks) do	.117	48
Elaterium grain	. 046	48
Emetine	. 067	48
Plasters-	1	
Medicinalpound	- 47	48
Ergotinedo	7. 05	48
Scammonydo	5. 64	48
Escilado	. 329	48
Of bitter almondsdo	4. 70	48
Of angelicado	7. 05	48
Of anisedo	2. 35	48

URUGUAY.

## SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DEOGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍNICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Esencia—Continua.	Pesos.	Por
de azahar (néroli)hectógramo	6.00	cionto.
de bergamotakilo	8.00	48
de canela de Cevlánkilo	20.00	45
de idem ordinariakilo	4,00	48
de cedrónkilo	4.00	48
de clavo	8.00	45
de geraniokilo	8.00	48
de limón		45
de manzanillahectógramo	5.00	
de melizakilo	5. 00 8. 00	48
de menta piperitakilo	12.00	45
de idem, ordinariakilo	8.00	48
de mostazakilo	20, 00	48
de rosahectógramo	20.00	48
de ruda ó sabinakilo	9.00	48
de lavandakilo	6.00	48
de ajenjokilo	12.00	48
de sándalokilo	10.00	45
de trementina medicinalkilo	. 40	48
de otras claseskilo	4.00	48
artificiales en generalkilo Eserina—	2. 50	48
y sus compuestosgramo	2,00	48
Espermacetikilo	. 80	48
Esponias—		
preparadaskilo	7.00	4
líquidokilo.	1.00	48
sólidokilo.	1.50	4
Estricnina—	2.50	
y sus saleshectógramo	5.00	48
acéticolitro	1.50	1 48
amílico	10,00	48
clorhídricolitro	1.50	1 48
enánticolitro	10,00	48
nítricolitro	1.50	48
sulfúricolitro	. 70	48
Extracto—		١.
de acónitokilo	5. ∞	48
de campechekilo	. 20	48
Extractos—		١.
de ipecacuanakilo	30, 00	48
de opiokilo	30.00	48
de orozúzkilo	. 40	48
de quinakilo	12,00	48
de ruibarbokilo	8.00	48
de zarzaparrillakilo	8.00	48
de otras clases, sólidoskilo	4.00	48

EIGHTH SECTION .- DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Essence—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Of neroliounce	1. 752	48
Of bergametpound	3. 76	48
Of Ceylon cinnamondo	9.40	48
Of common cinnamondo	1. 88	48
Of cedardo	1. 88	48
Of clovedodo		
	3. 76	48
Of geraniumdo	3. 76	48
Of lemondo	. 2. 35	48
Of chamomileounce	1.460	48
Of melissapound	3. 76	48
Of peppermintdo	5. 64	48
Of common mintdo	3. 76	48
Of mustard	9. 40	48
Of rose ounce	5. 84	48
Of ruepound	4. 23	48
Of lavenderdo	2, 82	48
Of wormwood	5. 64	48
Of sandalwooddo	4. 70	48
Of medicinal turpentinedo	. 188	48
Of other kinds, not specifieddo	1.88	48
Artificial, in generaldo	1. 175	48
	1. 1/5	40
Eserine and its compounds grain	. 134	48
Spermaceti	. 376	48
Sponges—		
Prepareddodo	3. 29	48
Storax—		
Liquid	. 47	48
Gumdo	. 705	48
Strychnine and its saltsounce	1.46	48
Acetic	1.551	48
Amylicdo	10. 34	48
Hydrochloricdo	1.551	48
Enanticodo	10. 34	48
Nitricdo	1. 551	48
Sulphuricdodo	. 724	48
Extract—	. /24	40
Of aconitepound	2, 35	48
Of campeche wooddo	. 094	48
Of ipecacuanhado	<b>I4.</b> IO	48
Of anium		
Of opiumdo	14. 10	48
Of licoricedo	. 188	48
Of quininedo	5. 64	48
Rhubarbdo	3. 76	48
_ Sarsaparillado	3. 76	48
Extracts— Other kinds, not mentioned, solidsdo		i

## SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DROGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍMICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaltio.	Dere- cho.
Flor—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de alhucemakilo		48
de amapolaskilo		48
de borrajakilo		48
de malvas y violetaskilo	70	48
de manzanillakilo	30	48
de kousso		48
de rosas rojas		
		48
de rosas pálidas y mosquetaskilo	.80	48
de saúcokilo		48
de tilo, con brácteaskilo		48
de idem, mondadokilo	. 70	48
de otras clases, medicinales kilo	. 50	48
Floruro—	1	
de calciokilo	40	48
Fosfato-	•	1 '
de amoniacokilo	2.00	48
de cal (huesos calcinados)kilo		48
de idem (puro en trociscos)kilo		48
de hierro (piro)kilo		48
de sodakild	.60	48
Fósforo—	i	١ ـ
amorfokilo		48
en cilindroskild	D I. 50	8
Gelatina—		1
en generalkild	.70	48
Glicerina—	1	1
purakilo	50	48
para las artes kilo	30	48
Glóbulos—		1 .
homeopáticos é inerteskilo	3.00	48
Goma—	<b>J</b> . 11	1
arábiga y Senegal, blanca de primerakilo	50	48
en suerte ó rubiakilo		48
en polvokilo		48
amoniacokilo		48
asafétidakilo		48
damarkilo		8
gutagambakild	3.00	48
gutaperchakilo	2.00	48
mirrakilo	o 1.00	48
sandaracakilo		48
tragacantokilo		48
idem en polvokilo		48
Grafitokilo		48
Grageas-		
medicinales, en generalkilo Guaraná—	5 6.∞	48
6 pauliniakilo		48
Currence (manage)	4.00	
Guayaco (rasuras)kilo	. 20	48
Habas—	.	1
del Calabarkilo	1	48
de San Ignaciokile		48
toncaskild	2.00	48

#### EIGHTH SECTION .- DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Flowers—		Per
Lavenderpound	Dollars.	cent.
	. 117	4
Poppydo		4
Borage	. 329	4
Mallows and violetsdo		4
Chamomiledo		4
Koussodo	. 705	4
Red rosesdo	1. 175	4
Pink and white musk rosesdo	. 376	4
Elder blossoms	. 188	4
Linden blossoms with bractsdodo	. 188	4
Linden blossoms, strippeddo	. 329	نه ا
Other, medicinaldo		1 4
		'
Fluoride of calciumdodo	.188	4
Ammoniacdo	.94	1 4
Lime (calcined bones)do	. 188	1 4
Lime, pure in trocheesdo		4
Iron (piro)do		4
Soda	. 282	4
Phosphorus—	1	1
Amorphousdo	. 94	4
In sticksdodo	. 705	
In generaldo	. 329	4
Glycerin—		Ι.
Puredo	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4
For the artsdo	. 141	4
Homeopathic and unmedicateddo	1.41	4
Gum	ŀ	1
Arabic and Senegal, white, best classdo		4
In sorts	. 141	4
In powderdo	. 376	4
Ammoniacdo	. 47	1 4
Asafetidado	. 376	1 4
Damardo	. 188	1 .
Gambogedo		. 4
Gutta-perchadodo	. 94	1 2
Myrrhdo		
Sandarac		
Tragacanthdo		
Same, powdered	- 94	4
Graphitedo	.047	4
Sugar-coated, medicinal in generaldo	2. 82	4
Guaraná or pauliniado	1.88	4
Guaiac chipsdo	. 094	1 .
Beans—	1	
Calabardo	. 47	.
St. Ignatiusdo	611	1 .
Tonquado	. 94	1 .

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URUGUAY.

SECOIÓN OCTAVA.—DROGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍMICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
	-	Por
Heleninakilo	<i>Peses</i> . 10. 00	ciento. 48
Hierro-	10.00	, 40
porfirizadokilo		48
	1.00	•
dializadokilo	1.50	48
reducido por el hidrógenokilo Hipofosfitos—	2.00	•
en generalkilo	5.00	48
Hiposulfito-		1 _
de sodakilo	. 15	48
Hojas—		
de coca	2,00	48
medicinales, en generalkilo	. 40	48
Huesos-		İ
de sepiakilo	1,00	48
Inciensokilo	. 30	48
lodo— purokilo		1
Iodoformo—	8, 00	48
cristalizadokilo	12.00	48
Ioduro—		1
de amónio kilo	8. 00	48
de hierrokilo	8.00	48
		48
de mercurio (proto)kilo	7.00	
de idem (bi)kilo	10.00	48
de potasiokilo	4.00	48
otros no especificadoskilo	5. 00	48
Jabón—		٠
verde, blanco y negrokilo	. 20	48
animal y medicinalkilo	. 50	48
Jarabes—		
medicinales, á excepción de los específicoskilo	. 70	48
Kermes—		j
mineralkilo	3.00	48
Koussokilo	1.50	48
Lactato-	_	
de calkilo	3, 00	48
de hierrokilo	2.00	48
Lactofosfato-		7
de calkilo	3, 00	48
Lactucariokilo	10.00	48
Laminaria—	10,00	•
de colkilo	. 30	48
Licopodiokilo	. 80	48
		40
Limadura—		48
Limadura—	7 00	
Limadura— de cobrekilo	1.00	40
Limadura— de cobrekilo Liquen—		1
Limadura— de cobrekilo  Liquen— en generalkilo	. 30	48
Limadura—         de cobre         kilo           Liquen—         en general         kilo           Litargirio         kilo		48
Limadura— de cobrekilo  Liquen— en generalkilo	. 30	48 48 48
Limadura—       de cobre       kilo         Liquen—       en general       kilo         Litargirio       kilo       kilo	. 30	48 48

URUGUAY.

RIGHTH SECTION.—DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Du
Helenin pound	<i>Dollars.</i> 4. 70	Per cent. 48
Porphyriseddo	. 47	48
Dialiseddo Reduced by hydrogendo	. 705 . 94	48 48
Hypophosphites in generaldo	2. 35·	48
Hyposulphite of sodado	. 07	48
Cocado Medicinal, in generaldo	. 94 . 188	48 48
Sepia bonesdo	. 47	48
Incensedo	. 141	48
Iodine, puredo	3. 76	48
Iodoform, crystallizeddodo	5. 64	48
Of ammoniado	3. 76	48
Of irondo	3. 76	48
(Proto) of mercurydo	3. 29 4. 70	48 48
Of potassado	1. 88	48
Not specifieddo	2. 35	48
Soap—		
Green, white, and blackdo	. 094	48
Animal and medicinaldo	. 235	48
Sirups— Medicinal, with exception of those specifieddo	. 329	48
Kermes, mineraldo	1.41	48
Koussodo	. 705	48
Lactate—		
Of limedo	1.41	48
Of irondo	• 94	48
Lacto-phosphate of limedo	I. 4I	48
Lactucariumdo	4. 70	48
Laminariado	. 141	48
Lycopodiumdo	. 376	48
, .	- 57-	
Copper filingsdo	- 47	48
Moss, in generaldo	. 141	48
Lithargedo	. 117	48
Mace (nutmeg flowers)do	1. 175	48
Magnesia, calcineddo	. 423	48

URUGUAY.

## SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DROGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍMICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Magnesio—	Pesos.	Por
metálicohectógramo	9.00	ciento.
Maná—	9.00	48
en lágrimakilo	1.50	48
en suertekilo	.60	48
Manganato-	.00	40
de potasa (per)kilo	3.00	48
Manganeso-	3.00	40
peróxidokilo	. 10	48
Manitakilo.	2.00	
Manteca—	2,00	. 40
de cacaokilo	I. 20	48
de nuez moscadakilokilo		48
Mercurio—	4.00	. 40
metalicokilo.	1. 20	20
Miel—	1.20	20
de abejakilo		
	. 30	48
Morfina—  y sus saleshectógramo		
	6.00	48
Narceinagramo	. 30	48
Niquel—		٠
metálicokilo	2.00	, 48
Nitrato—		.0
de amoniacokilo	.60	48
de barita y estroncianakilo		Libre.
de potasa para las artes (sal nitro)kilo	. 16	
de idem, en polvokilo	. 10	48
de bismuto (sub)	4.00	48
de platakilo	30, ∞	48
Nitro-benzinakilo	1.00	. 48
Nuez-	1	
moscadakilo	1. 20	48
vómicakilo	. 50	48
Opio—	ł	
brutokilo	12,00	' 48
en polvokilo	15.00	48
Orsella—	l	
en pastakilo	.40	(*)
en polvokilo	. 60	! ( <del>*</del> )
Oxalato—		
de ceriokilo	3.00	
de potasakilo	.80	48
Oxido—	<u> </u>	1
de antimoniokilo	1. 20	48
de cobaltokilo	7.00	48
de hierro (sesqui)kilo	. 30	48
de zinc purokilo	.60	48
Pancreatina-	l	
purakilo	20.00	
pula		
albuminadakilo Papainakilo	10.00	48 48

<sup>\*</sup> Prohibido.

URUGUAY.

#### EIGHTH SECTION .- DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Magnesium, metallicounce Manna—	Dellars. 2, 628	Per cent. 48
In prepared flakes or tearspound In sortsdo	. 705 . 282	48 48
Manganate of potassa (per)do	1.41	48
Manganese, peroxidedo Mannitedo	. 047 . 94	48 48
Cocoa butterdo Nutmeg greasedo	. 564 1. 88	48 48
Mercury, metallic	. 564	20
Honeydo	. 141	48
Morphine and its saltsounce Narceinegrain	1. 752 . 020	48 48
Nickel, metallicpound Nitrale—	. 94	48
Of ammoniacdo	. 28	48
Of baryta and strontiado	• 235	Free.
Of potassa, for arts (saltpeter)do	. 075	48
Of potassa, in powderdo	.047	48
Of bismuth (sub)do	1.88	48
Of silverdo Nitrobenzinedo	14. 10 • 47	48
Nutmegsdo	. 564	48
Nux vomicadodo	. 235	48
Rawdo	5.64	48
Powdereddodo	7. 05	48
Pastedo	. 188	(*)
In powderdodo	. 282	(*) (*)
Of cerium	1.41	48
Of potassadodo	. 376	48
Oxide—		
Of antimonydo	. 564	48
Of cobaltdo	3. 29	48
Of iron (sesqui)	. 141	48 48
Pancreatine—	. 202	40
Puredo	9,40	48
Albuminateddo	4.70	48
Papainedo	2, 82	48

<sup>\*</sup> Prohibited.

## SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DEGGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍMICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Papel—	Pesas.	Por ciento.
albuminadokilo	2. 30	49
de filtro (cualquier clase)	•	
	. 30	31
reactivocaja	. 20	4
Pasta—		١.
de goma 6 alteakilo	. 50	48
de orozúzkilo	. 30	4
Pastillas—		l
de goma, altea, menta, orozúz y rosakilo	. 50	4
medicinales en generalkilo	1, 20	1 4
Pega-pegakilo	1.00	4
Pensina—		•
purakilo	12.00	4
amilácea	6.00	4
Pez—	0.00	4
de Borgoñakilo	30.00	41
	30.00	4
Pilocarpina— y sus salesgramo	0-	
	. 80	4
Pimienta—	٠	١.
cayenakilo	: 8o	4
Platino—		l .
metálicohectógramo	20, 00	4
Plombaginakilo	. 10	. 41
Podofilinahectógramo	2,00	1 4
Polvos—		
descoloranteskilo	. 80	Q q
insecticidaskilo	. 8o	4
para Vermouthkilo	I. 20	4
Potasa—		1
cáustica purakilo	3.00	4
Precipitado—	J. 00	•
blanco y rojokilo	2, 00	4
amarillokilo	3.00	4
Propilaminakilo	20, 00	4
de potosa amarillokilo		
	. 70	4
de idem rojokilo	1.00	4
Pulpas—		
de casiakilo	1.00	4
de tamarindo	. 70	4
medicinales en generalkilo.	. 80	4
Quinina—		ľ
y sus saleskilo	50.00	4
Racaútkilo	. 50	4
Raiz—	-	l `
de altea, gramilla, genciana y orozúzkilo	. 25	4
de jalapakilo	1. 20	4
de ipecacuana y polígalakilo	1.60	4
de ruibarbo de la Chinakilo	2.00	1 4
de idem (rapóntico)kilo	I. 00	4
	2.00	l *
		I
de zarzaparilla, enterakilo	. 60	. ∡

URUGUAY.

#### EIGHTH SECTION.—DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Paper—	Dollare.	Per
Albuminatedpound	I. 081	cent.
		48
Filtering all kinds	. 31	31
Litmusbox	. 207	48
Paste-	1	
Gum or marsh mallowpound	. 235	48
Licoricedo	. 141	48
Pastilles—		ł
Of gum, marsh mallow, mint, licorice, and rosedo	. 235	44
Medicinal in generaldo	. 564	48
"Pega-pega"do	. 47	48
Pepsin—		1
Pure	5.64	48
Amylaceousdo	2.82	48
Pitch—		"
Burgundydo	14. 10	48
Pilocarpine—	1 .4. 20	"
And its saltsgra.n	. 053	48
And its saits	.053	40
Cayenne pepperpound	. 376	48
Distinues and the		
Platinum, metallicounce		48
Plumbagopound	. 047	48
Podophyllinounce	. 581	48
Powders—		
Bleachingpound		96
Insectdo		48
For making vermouthdo	. 564	48
Potash—	1	
Caustic, puredo	1.41	48
Precipitate—	1	
White and reddo	. 94	48
Yellowdo	1.41	48
Propilamin	9.40	48
Prussiate of potash—	, ,	
Yellowdo	. 329	48
Reddo		48
Pulp—	1	
Cassiado	.47	48
Tamarinddo		48
Medicinal, in generaldo		48
Medicinal, in gonoral in the second of the s	.3/0	40
Quinine and its saltsdo	23. 50	48
Racahoutdo	, ,	48
Roots of—	. 235	40
Mallow, gramilla, gentian, and licoricedo		48
Talapdodo		
Ipecacuanha and milkwortdodo	. 564	48
		48
Rhubarb, Tartariando		48
Rhubarb, commondodo	.47	48
Sarsaparilla—	١ _	_
Wholedo		48
Cut	. 376	48

## SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DEOGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍNCICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
•	Pesos.	Por ciento.
Raices medicinales no especificadoskilo	.40	48
Resina— de jalapakilo	10.00	ه. ا
de guayaco kilo kilo		48
Sagúkilo.	4,00	48 48
Sal—	. 20	40
de Carlsbadkilo	.60	48
de Vichykilo	.40	48
Salepkilo	1.50	48
Salicinakilo Salicitato—	12.00	48
de sodakilo	5. ∞	48
Sandalo-	1	!
rojokilo	. 10	48
citrinokilo Sangre—	.60	48
de dragokilo	1.00	48
Sanguijuelasmillar	30.00	31
Santoninakilo	12.00	48
Semillas—  de anis estrelladokilo	. 50	48
de cardamomokilo	2.40	48
de cólchicokilo	1.00	48
de hinojo y coriandrokilo	. 20	48
de linokilo.	.04	48
membrillokilo	1.50	48
de mostaza comúnkilo	. 10	48
medicinales no especificadaskilo Silicato—	. 50	48
de potasa, ó soda comercialkilo	.04	48
de idem, 6 idem medicinal, líquidakilo	.40	, 48
Soda—		4.
cáustica en chapaskilo Sulfato—	. 80	48
de amoniacokilo	1	Libre
de cobre comercialkilo	.40	Libre.
de cobre amoniacalkilo	1.00	48
de hierro purokilo	.40	48
de idem comercialkilo	.04	Libre.
de soda	. 08	48
de potasakilo	. 30	Libre.
de zinckilo	. 30	48
de magnesia (sal inglesa)kilo	. 06	48
Sulfidrato—		
de soda para las arteskilo	. 10	48
de calkilo	.60	
de magnesiakilokilo	.60	48
de potasa ó sodakilokilo.	1	48
Sulfuro—	. 50	4
de antimonio	. 25	48
de arsénicokilo	1 .40	1 48

URUGUAY.

## EIGHTH SECTION .- DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS-Continued.

Articles,	Valuation.	Duty.
Medicinal roots—	Dellars.	Per
Not specifiedpound.	. 188	cent.
Gum—		40
Jalapdo	4. 70	48
Guaiacum		48
Sagodo		48
Carlsbaddo	. 282	48
Vichydo		18
Salep rootdo		48
Salicinedo		48
Salicylate of sodado	2. 35	48
Reddo	. 047	48
Lemon-coloreddo	. 282	48
Dragon's blooddo		48
Leechesthousand.	1 -	31
Santoninpound. Seeds—	5. 64	48
Anis, stellateddo		48
Cardamomdo		48
Colchicumdo		48
Coriander and fenneldo		48
Flaxdo		48
Quincedo	. 705	48
Mustard, commondo	. 047	48
Medicinal, not specifieddo	. 235	48
Potash or commercial sodado	. 018	48
Potash or liquid medicinal sodado	. 188	48
Caustic soda—		40
In flakesdo		48
Sulphate of—	1	
Ammoniacdo	.; . 188	Free.
Copper, commercialdo		Free.
Copper, ammoniacaldo	. 47	48
Iron, puredo		_ 48
Iron, commercialdo	1	Free.
Sodado		48
Potashdo		Free.
Zincdo Magnesia (Epsom salts)do		48 48
	1	40
Hydrosulphate of soda, for the artsdo Sulphite of—	. 047	48
Lime do		48
Magnesiado		48
Potash or sodado	. 235	48
Antimonydo	. 117	48
Arsenicdo		48

URUGUAY.

#### SECCIÓN OCTAVA.—DROGAS Y PRODUCTOS QUÍNICOS—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Sulfuro—Continua.	Pesos.	Por
carbono kilo	. 20	48
de mercurio negrokilo	1.20	48
de potasa (higado de azufre)kilo	. 30	48
Tafetán—		, ,
en rollos de cualquier clase	. 40	48
Tamarindo-		1
frutakilo	. 1.1	48
Tanato-		1
de bismutokilo	. 8.00	48
Tártaro—		1
eméticokilo	2.00	48
Tartrato—		1
férrico potásicokilo	2.00	48
de potasa y sodakilo	. 50	4
Tela-	. ,	
emplásticametro	20	48
Terebenekilo	2.00	48
Terpina—		
y terpinolkilo	00,01	41
Tinturas—		1
alcohólicas en generallitro	1. 20	1 4
hidro-alcohólicaslitro	. 60	4
Trementinakilo	. 30	. 4
Triaca—	. 3	1
y demás electuarioskilo	3, 50	4
Tridaciokilo	6.00	4
Tripolikilo	. 25	1
Vainillakilo	10.00	له ا
Valerianato—		1
de amoniacokilo	20, 00	4
de hierrokilo	12.00	4
de zinckilo	8.00	4
Vaselinakilo	.40	4
Veratrina gramo	.20	1
Zumo—		•
de grosellas, frambuesas y otroslitro	. 50	4

Nota.—Los medicamentos expresados en la presente sección tendrán un aumento de 30 por ciento, cuando vengan en polvo.

#### SECCIÓN NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES FARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA.

	1 1
Aceite—	1
de castor, frascos de 30 gramosdocen	a70
de idem, idem de 60 idemdocen	
de idem, idem de 90 idemdocen	a 1.50
de idem, idem de 125 idemdocen	a 2.00
de idem, en idem mayoresdocen	a proporción
de bacalao, de Berthé, Chevrier, Young, Hogg, Durell, Lanma	nn
y Kemp, Ducoux y Mollerdocena frasco	5.00

URUGUAY.

#### EIGHTH SECTION.—DRUGS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Sulphuret of—Continued.	Dollars.	Per
Carbonpound.		cent.
		48
Black mercurydo	. 564	48
	. 141	48
Court-plaster— In rolls, all kindsyard		٠.,
tu rons, an kindsyard	. 338	48
Tamarind fruitpound	. 065	48
Tannate of—	1	1
Bismuthdodo	3. 76	48
Tartar emeticdo	- 94	48
Tartrate-	1	١ .
Ferric potassicdo		48
Of potash and sodadodo	· 235	48
Sticking plasteryard	. 189	48
Terebenepound	• 94	48
Terpine— And terpinoldo	4.50	48
Tinctures—	4. 70	40
Alcoholic, in generalquart		48
Hydroalcoholicdodo		48
Turpentine pound.		48
Turpentine pound	. 141	40
Theriaca and other electuariesdo		48
Tridaciumdo		48
Tripolidodo		48
Vanilla	4. 70	48
Valerianate of—	I	
Ammoniado		48
Irondo		48
Zincdo		48
Vaselinedo		48
Veratringrain	.013	48
Juice of fruits— Currents, raspberries, etc	.517	48
Currents, raspoernes, etcquart	.517	40

Note.—Medicines mentioned in this section will pay an additional 30 per cent when imported in powder.

#### MINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES.

Oils—	1	
Castor, in 46.20-grain vialsdozen	. 724	48
Same, in 92.58-grain vialsdo	1.03	48
Same, in 2.89-ounce vialsdo	1.551	48
Same, in 4-ounce vialsdo	2.07	48
Same, in larger vials	Proportion	48
Cod-liver, brand Berthé, Chevrier, Young, Hogg, Durell, Lan-	•	•
mann & Kemp, Ducoux, and Mollerdozen vials	5. 17	48

#### SECCIÓN NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES FARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Aceite — Continua.	D	Por
de idem, de Lamoreaux Gendrotdocena frascos de idem, de Lanmann y Kemp, en medios frascos de 200 gramos	Peses. 4.00	ciento. 48
de contenidodocena ½ frascos	2. 50	48
de idem de Grimaultdocena frascos	4.00	48
de idem de otros fabricantes, hasta 180 gramos de contenido,	·	
docena frascos	1. 50	48
de idem de otros idem; de 181 hasta 250 gramos. docena frascos	2. 20	48
de idem de idem idem; de 251 hasta 500 idem. docena frascos.	4. 40	48
de San Jacobodocena frascos	3.00	48
Agua— carmelitana, en medios frascosdocena ½ frascos	2,00	48
de azahar, en frascos, hasta 180 gramosdocena frascos	1.00	48
de idem, en idem, de mayor contenido, hasta 360 gramos,		
de idem, en idem, de mayor comendo, nasta 300 gramps,docena frascos	1, 50	48
inglesa, con quinadocena frascos	4. 80	48
mineral, en botellas ó porrones, hasta 500 gramos de contenido,	4.55	<b>,</b>
docena.	1.20	48
idem, en idem idem mayor contenido, hasta I litrodocena	2.00	48
Alcohol—		•
de menta de Riçles, en frascos de 90 gramos de contenido,		۰.
docena frascos	4.00	48
de idem idem, en frascos de mayor contenido	proporcion	48
6 sondas de gomadocena	1.80	31
Alimento—	1.00	J-
soluble, de Liebigdocena	3.60	48
Anillos—	<b>J</b> , 11	•
galvánicosgruesa	5.00	31
de goma ó huesodocena	. 50	31
Asientos—	•	
de idem, en generaldocena	18.00	31
Azúcar—		_
ferruginosa, de Chanteauddocena	4.80	48
Bálsamo—		48
Grevedocena Jahsondocena	1.00 2.00	48
opodeldocdocenadocena	2.00 1.20	48
Powell	2.00	48
simpáticodocenadocena	3.60	48
Bencina—	3.00	
pura, en frascos, hasta 100 gramos contenidodocena	1. 50	48
Bismuto— granulado, de Menteldocena	<b>*</b> ~~	48
Bizcochos—	5.00	40
medicinales, en generaldocena	. 80	48
Bolos—		
de Armenia, de Albert ú otrosdocena cajas	4.80	48
Bragueros—		
finos y regulares, para hombredocena.	8.00	31
finos y regulares, para niñodocena	4.00	31
los mismos, dobles, para hombredocena	12.00	31
los mismos, dobles, para niñodocena	6.00	31

URUGUAY.

## NINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Oils—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Cod-liver, brand Lamoreaux Gendrotdozen vials Cod-liver, Lammann & Kemp, in half bottles of 6.43 ounces	4. I4	48
capacitydozen half bottles	2. 585	48
Cod-liver, Grimault branddozen bottles Cod-liver, other brands, up to 5.78 ounces capacitydo	4. 14 1. 551	48 48
Cod-liver, other brands, from 5.81 to 8 ounces capacitydo	2. 275	48
Cod-liver, other brands, from 8.04 to 16 ounces capacitydo		48
Saint Jacob'sdo	3. 10	48
Carmelitana, half bottlesdozen half bottles  Orange-flower, in bottles up to 5.78 ounces capacity,	2.07	48
dozen bottles	1.03	48
Same, in larger bottles, holding up to 11.56 ouncesdo	1. 551	48
English, with quininedo		48
Mineral, in bottles or jugs, up to 16 ounces capacitydozen	I. 24I	48
Same, large size, holding up to 1 quartdo		48
Mint extract, in bottles of 2.89 ounces capacitydo		48
Same, in bottles over 2.89 ounces capacity, in proportion Catheters—		
Rubberdozen	1. 861	31
Liebig's beef extractdo  Rings— Galvanic		48
Rubber or bone	, .	31
Rubber— Cushions, in general		31
Sugar—		. 34
Ferruginous, Chanteauddo	4. 967	48
Greve'sdo	1.03	48
Jason'sdo		48
Opodeldoc do		48
Poweldo		48
Sympatheticdo		48
Pure, in bottles up to 100 grams capacitydodo		48
Mantel's granulateddodo	5. 17	48
Medicinal, in generaldodo		48
Armenian, Albert's, or othersdozen boxes Trusses—	4. 967	48
Fine and medium, for mendozen	8. 27	31
Same, for boysdo	4. 14	31
Same, double, for mendo	12.41	31
Same, for boysdo	6. 20	31

# SECCIÓN NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES PARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Bragueros—Continúa.	Petot.	Por
los idem, ordinarios, para hombredocena	4.00	31
los idem, idem, para niñodocena.:	2. 50	31
umbilicados, para adultosdocena	6.00	31
idem, para niñosdocena.	3.00	31
Bujías—	ی. حد	٦.
de Reynal ú otros autoresdocena cajas.	8. 00	48
Cajas—		1
cartón, de cualquier clasegruesa	I. 20	31
de virutagruesa	. 30	31
de madera, cualquier clasedocena	. 15	3I
Cánulos—		1
de goma, rectos ó curvosdocena	I. 20	31
de hueso, para jeringasdocena	. 50	31
Cápsulas—		1
de alquitrán, copaiba, cubeba y aceite de bacalaodocena	1.50	48
de apiol	2.40	48
de máticodocena	3.00	48
de Raquindocena frascos	4.00	48
de sándalodocena cajas	4. 20	48
Viale, en frascosdocena	3.60	48
de otras clases, medicinales, en cajasdocena	2.00	48
de porcelana, de todo tamañodocena	6, 00	31
Carbón—		] -
Bellocdocena frascos	3, 60	48
Chanteauddocena frascos	3.00	48
Carminativo		1
de Jayne ó Dalvidocena frascos	3.00	48
Cataplasma—		1
Hamiltondocena	3.60	48
Cigarros—		1
de Espic, Grimault y Andreudocena	3, 60	48
de huesogruesa	4. 50	31
Cimiento—	4-5-	J-
Jahsondocena	. 80	48
Citrato—		1
de magnesia, Curling y semejantesdocena cajas	3.00	48
Cloridina—	<b>J</b>	4-
en frascos de 15 gramosdocena	2. 50	48
en idem de 30 gramosdocena	4.00	48
Coal-tar—	4.00	7
de Lebeufdocena	3.60	48
Color—	J	, ,
líquido, para queso, en botellas hasta I litrodocena	3.60	96
Collares—	<b>J</b>	, ,-
de ámbardocena	4.00	31
de liriodocena	I. 20	31
de ébano ú otras clasesdocena	2.40	31
Conserva—	40	)
de peptonadocena	6.00	48
Copas—	5.50	1
de cuasiadocena	3. 60	48

URUGUAY.

## WINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES.— Continued.

Articles.	Valuation,	Duty.
Trusses—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Ordinary, for mendozen	4. 14	31
Same, for boysdo	2. 585	31.
Umbilical, for adults	6. 20	31
Same, for childrendo	3. 10	31
Bougies—		l
Reynal's or other makesdozcn boxes	8. 27	48
Roxes—	-	
Pasteboard, any kindgross	1, 241	31
Thin wood or chipdodo	. 31	31
Wooden, any kinddozen	. 155	31
Syringe pipes—	1	
Rubber, straight or curveddo	7 247	27
Bonedodo	1. 241	31
	. 517	31
Capsules—		
Tar, copabia, cubeb, and cod liver oildo	1.551	48
Celerydo	2.482	48
Matico	3. 10	48
Raquin'sdozen bottles	4. 14	48-
Sandaldozen boxes	4. 347	48
Viale's, in bottlesdo	3. 722	48
Other kinds, medicinal, in boxesdo	2. 07	48
Porcelain, all sizesdo	6. 20	31
Charcoal—	0.20	J-
Belloc'sdozen bottles	3. 722	48
Chanteaud'sdodo	3. 10	48.
Carminative—	3. 10	40.
Jayne's or Dalvi'sdo		
	3. 10	48
Plasters—		
Hamilton'sdozen	3. 722	48
Cigarettes—		
Espic, Grimault & Andreudo	3. 722	48
Bonegross	4.657	31
Cement—		
Jahson'sdozen	. 827	48
Citrate of magnesia—	•	
Curling's and similardozen boxes	3. 10	48
Chloridine— .		
In bottles of .48 ounce capacitydozen	2. 585	48
In bottles of .96 ounce capacitydo	4. 14	48
in comes of 190 values capacity 111111111111111111111111111111111111	44	40
Coal tar, Lebeuf'sdo	3. 722	48
Liquid, for cheese, in bottles up to I quart capacitydo	3. 722	96.
Necklaces—	3. /22	90.
Amberdo		
Irisdodo	4. 14	31
	1. 241	31
Ebony and othersdo	2. 482	31
Conserves, peptonedo	6. 20	48
Quassiado	0 700	48
Class for supplier	3. 722	
Glass, for cuppingdo	1, 241	] 3L

#### SECCIÓN NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES FARMACEUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Copas—Continua.	Pesos.	Por
de idem, para la vistadocena	. 80	, 3I
Crema—		1
de bismuto, de Grimaultdocena	5. 50	48
de Quesmevilledocena	8.00	48
Cuajo—		
Íiquido, en botellas hasta 1 litro	6. 00	48
de vidrio ó loza	• •	
Descubrimiento—	1. 50	31
de oro de Piercedocena frascos	6.00	48
Elixir—	0.00	40
antiflemático, de Guillié, 200 gramos de contenido,		ļ
docena ½ botellas	4. 80	48
otros autoresdocena botellas	3.60	48
de Cazenavedocena	8.00	48
pancreático, de Defresnedocena	5, 00	48
de pepsina, en generaldocena	5.00	48
Embudos—		l
de vidrio, de todo tamaño docena	1. 50	31
de porcelanadocena	3. 60	31
de guta-perchadocena	2.40	31
Emplastos—		١.
porosos, de cualquier clasegruesa	10.00	48
de tapsiadocena rollos	3.60	48
de Albespeyredocena rollos	4.80	43
para callos	. 80	48
pancreática, de Defresnedocena frascos	6,00	48
Scott, en frascos	6.00	48
idem idem, ½ frascosdocena	4.00	48
Ergótina—	4. 00	•
(Mog.) de Bonjeandocena	15.00	48
Esencia—	-3	1
maravillosa, y gratia probatumdocena	. 50	48
Espátulas—	•	1
en generaldocena	3.00	31
Espectorarte—		1
de Jaynedocena.	6.00	48
Esponja—		
filinametro.	3.00	31
Extracto—		
de tamarindo, de Erba y otros fabricantesdocena frascos.	2. 40	48
Fajas—	-0	1
elásticasdocena	18.00	31
umbilicales, para niños	3.00	31 48
Fosfato—	3. 60	40
de cal Chanteauddocena frascos.	3. 60	48
de hierro Lerásdocena frascos	4.00	48
	T- 30	, 7-

NINTH SECTION.—PHARMAGEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DEUGGISTS SUNDRIES—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Gogglesdozen	Dollars.	Per cent. 31
Cream— Of bismuth, Grimault'sdo	5. 687	48
Quesmeville'sdo		48
Rennet-		,
Liquid, in bottles, up to 1 quartdo	6. 20	48
Glass or porcelaindo	1. 551	31
Pierce's golden discoverydozen vials	6. 20	48
Antiphlegmatic, Guillie's, 6.43 ounces capacity,	1	}
dozen 1/2 bottles	4. 967	48
Other makesdozen bottles		48
Cazenave'sdo		48
Pancreatic, Defresne'sdo		48
Of pepsin, in generaldo	5. 17	48
Funnels— Glass all sizesdozen		
Porcelaindodo.	1. 551 3. 722	31 31
Gutta perchadodo	2, 482	31
Plasters—	2.402	32
Porous, any kindgross	10. 34	48
Thapsiadozen rolls	3. 722	48
Albespeyre'sdo	4. 967	48
Corndozen boxes	. 827	48
Pancreatic, Defresne'sdozen vials	6, 20	48
Scott's, in vialsdozen	6. 20	48
Scott's, in half vialsdo	4. 14	48
Ergotine, Bonjean'sdo	15. 51	48
Marvelous and Gratia Probatumdo	. 517	48
Spatulas, in generaldo	3. 10	31
Jayne's expectorantdo	6. 20	48
Spongeopilineyard	2.837	31
Erba's, and other makesdozen vials	2. 482	48
Elasticdozen	18.61	31
Umbilical, for childrendo	3. 10	31
Floridinedozen vials	3. 722	48
Phosphate—	1	_
Of lime, Chanteaud'sdo	3. 722	48
Of iron, Lerasdodo	4. 14	48

Bull. 61-21

# SECCIÓN NOVERA.—ESPECIALIDADES FARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA—Continúa.

. Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
'rascos—	Pesas.	Por ciento.
de vidrios, vacíos, paro despachokilo	. IO	Libre
de idem, idem, para idem, esmeriladoskilo	. 20	Libre
de idem, idem, para idem, esmemadoskno		Libre
de idem, idem, mayor contenido de 500 gramoskilo	. 40	
ó conservas, de porcelanadocena	10.00	3
ó idem, de lozadocena Fruta— .	6.00	3
Juliendocena frascos Gasógenos—	3.00	4
de dos botellas de contenido, para sodadocena	24.00	3
de tres idem de idem, para idemdocena	30.00	3
de cuatro idem de idem, para idemdocena	36.00	3
mayores		
homeopáticoskilo	4.00	4
Gotas—		Ι.
Thompsondocena	9.00	4
Japonesasdocena	2. 40	4
de Rabuteaudocena frascos	4.00	4
de Bonjeandocena frascos	5.00	4
de idem, en ½ frascosdocena ½ frascos	3.00	4
de bromuro de alcanfordocena frascos	4. 80	4
de cubebinadocena frascos	4. 20	4
de quinina y sus salesdocena frascos	6.∞	4
de otras clasesdocena frascosGranos—	3. 60	4
de salud, de Francdocena cajas	2.40	4
de idem, de idem (10 gramos incluso la caja)docena ½ cajas Gránulos—	1. 50	4
de Homollie, Quevenne y otros fabricantesdocena frascos	2. 50	4
dosimétricos en cajas de 10 tubosdocena cajas		4
Hazelina—	5.00	
Dureldocena	2. 50	4
Helicina—		ł
Delamarredocena frascos Herpentina—	3. 20	4
Dureldocena	4.80	4
Larcadedocena	6.00	4
dializado, Formiguera y Quesadadocena	3,00	1
reducido por el hidrógenodocena frascos.	3, 60	4
dializado de Bravaisdocena frascos	_	4
idem de (30 gramos contenido) ½ frascodocena ½ frascos	5. 50	4
de Lebaignedocena frascos	3. 00 3. 60	4
Tilas—		İ
cortaskilo	.60	3
inglesas y largaskilo Hilo—	I. 20	3
		1

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## WINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES—Continued.

Articles,	Valuation.	Duty.
***		Per
Vials—	Dollars.	cent.
Glass, empty, for prescriptionspound	. 047	Free.
Glass, empty, polished, for samedo	. 094	Free.
Glass, over 16 ounces capacitydo		Free.
Preserve jars, porcelaindozen	10. 34	31
Stonedo	6, 20	31
Fruit, Julien'sdozen bottles	3. 10	48
Gas-generators—	24.00	
Of two bottles' capacity, for sodadozen	24. 82	31
Of three bottles' capacity, for sodado	31.02	31
Of four bottles' capacity, for sodado	37. 224	31
Larger	Proportion	31
Pellets, homeopathicpound	r. 88	48
Thompson'sdozen	9. 31	48
Japanesedo	2. 482	48
Sugar pills—	,	•
Rabuteau'sdozen vials	4. 14	48
Bonjean'sdo	5. 17	48
In half bottlesdozen half bottles	3. 10	48
Bromide of camphordozen vials	4. 967	48
Cubebdo	4. 347	48
Quinine and its saltsdo	6, 20	48
Öther kindsdo	3. 722	48
Grains of health—		
Franc'sdozen boxes	2, 482	48
Same, 154 grains, including the boxesdozen half boxes	1.551	48
Granules—		•
Homollie, Querenne, and other brandsdozen bottles	2. 585	48
"Dosimetricos," in boxes containing 10 tubesdozen boxes	5. 17	48
Hazelina, Dürel'sdozen	2. 585	48
Helicina, Delamarre'sdozen bottles	3. 309	48
Herpentina, Durel'sdozen	4. 967	48
•	4. 907	45
Iron— Larcade's	6, 20	
(Distinct) Forming and Owenda		48
(Dialized), Formiguera and Quesadado	3. 10	48
Reduced by hydrogendozen bottles		48
(Dialized), Bravais'sdo		48
(Dialized), of .96 ounce capacity, half bottlesdozen 1/2 bottles	3. 10	48
Lebaigne'sdozen bottles	3. 722	48
Shortpound	. 282	31
English, and longdo	. 564	31
Thread, apothecaries'do	. 376	31

#### SECCIÓN NOVENA.—REPECIALIDADES PARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA.— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Hule—	<b>1</b> 9esos.	Per ciente.
de sedametro	. 50	31
Inga—	• 50	] ]-
de la Indiadocena cajas	3.60	48
Inyección—	3.00	70
de Broudocena frascos	4.00	48
mático docena frascos	3.60	48
idem Pagliano y otros fabricantesdocena frascos	4.00	48
Jabones—	4.00	40
medicinales, envueltosdocena	7 50	48
	1. 50	40
Jarabe de Auberges y Barthédocena frascos		
de Chablé, Blancard, Dusart, Delabarre y Follet de Cloral,	5. 20	48
	. 0-	
del Bosque	4. 80	48
del Bosque	10.00	48
de Briant (200 gramos contenido), Milles y Wilson (90 gramos		
contenido)docena ½ frascos	3.60	48
de caroba, pepsina rábano iodadodocena frascos	6.00	48
de Brera, Sigile, Flon y Zeddocena frascos.	<b>4. 2</b> 0	48
Fellon en frascosdocena	6.00	48
idem idem ½ frascosdocena	4.00	48
H. Murre, Dufou y Blayndocena	6.00	48
Gibert, Declart, Wauquelin y Rebillóndocena	4. 80	48
de Despinoy y Chasaingdocena frascos	5. 20	48
de Larrose, á la corteza de naranjas amargasdocena frascos	5.00	48
del mismo autor, de ioduros ó bromurosdocena frascos	6.00	48
de Lerás, al fosfato de hierro y al de quina ferruginoso,		
docena frascos	4. 80	48
de Labononie (300 gramos contenido) docena 1/2 frascos	6.00	48
Nafédocena frascos	4.00	48
de Paglianodocena frascos	3.00	48
de Rabuteaudocena frascos	5.00	48
de savia de pinodocena frascos	4. 80	48
de hipofósfito de Grimaultdocena frascos	4. 20	48
de idem de Churchilldocena frascos	5. 20	48
Jarras—	_	1
para soda, L'Hotedocena	10.00	31
Jeringas—		_
de estaño, sueltas en generaldocena	3,00	31
las mismas, con cajasdocena	4.00	31
clisobombas, en cajas de latadocena	6.00	31
de goma, blancas, surtidas, en cajas de una docenadocena	3.00	31
de idem idem, del número o al 2 inclusivedocena	1.50	31
de idem idem, en cajas de una docena, del número 3 al 5 inclu-	30	J-
sivedocena.	2. 50	31
las mismas, del número 6 y mayor tamañodocena	4. 50	31
de goma, verdes, surtidas en cajas de una docenadocena	5.00	31
de goma, verdes, del número o al 2 inclusivedocena	2.00	31
de idem idem del número 3 al 6 idemdocena	4.00	31
de idem idem, del número 7 y mayoresdocena	6.00	31
para invecciones hipodérmicas (finas)docena	24.00	31
las mismas, regularesdocena	18.00	1
las idem, comunes		31
,,,,,,,,,	12.00	1 31

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# NINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUIICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES—Continued.

Articles,	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Rubber, silkyard	Dollars.	cent.
Inga, Indiandozen boxes	3. 722	48
Injection— Brou'sdozen vials		48
Maticodo		48
Pagliano's and other makes	4. 14	48
Medicinal, wrappeddozen Sirups—	1. 551	48
Auberges' and Barthé'sdozen bottles	5. 377	48
Chable, Blancard, Dusart, Delabarre, and Follet de Cloral. do	4. 967	48
Bosque's	10. 34	48
contentsdozen half bottles	3. 722	48
Carob, pepsin, radish, iodizeddozen bottles	6. 20	48
Bréra, Siglie, Flon, and Zeddo		48
Fellon's, in bottlesdozen	6. 20	48
Fellon's, in half bottlesdo		48
H. Murre, Dufou, and Blayndo	6. 20	48
Gibert, Declart, Wauquelin, and Rebillóndo		48
Despinoy and Chasaingdozen bottles		48
Larrose's, made from bitter-orange skinsdo	5. 17	48
Larrose's iodides or bromidesdo	6. 20	48
Leras, phosphate of iron and iron and quininedo		48
Labononie, 9.64 ounces contentsdozen half bottles	6, 20	48
Nafé'sdozen bottles	4. 14	48
Pagliano'sdo	3, 10	48
Rabuteau'sdo	5. 17	48
Pine-sapdo		48
Grimault's hypophosphitedo	4. 347	48
Churchill's hypophosphitedo	5. 377	48
Soda-water jars— L'Hôtedozen	10. 34	31
Syringes— Tin, loose, in generaldo	3. 10	31
Same, in boxesdo	4. 14	31
Clyster-pumps, in tin boxesdo	6. 20	31
White rubber, assorted, in boxes of I dozendo	3. 10	31
Same, from No. 0 to 2, inclusivedo	1.551	31
Same, in boxes of I dozen, from No. 3 to 5, inclusivedo	2. 585	31
Same, No. 6 and larger sizesdo	4. 657	31
Green rubber, assorted, in boxes of I dozendo		31
Same, from No. o to 2, inclusivedo	2.07	31
Same, from No. 3 to 6, inclusivedo		31
Same, from No. 7 and upwardsdo	6, 20	31
Hypodermic, finedo		31
Same, mediumdo	18.61	31
Same, commondo	12.41	31

# SECCIÓN NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES PARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA.— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Javinana Cantinta	_	Por
Jeringas—Continúa.	Pesos.	ciento.
de vidrio, para inyección uretraldocena	. 20	31
de idem, para idem vaginal y las para enemasdocena	1. 50	31
irrigadoras, sistema Eguisier, sin cajadocena	20.00	31
idem, idem idem, con caja docena	24. 00	31
idem, idem Heguizóndocena	6.00	31
Kalidor		1
de Rolanddocena	6.00	48
Kousso—		1
en frasquitosdocena	6, 00	48
Lámparas—		40
de alcoholdocena.	3, 60	31
Lápices—	3.00	34
medicinalesdocena	I. 20	48
de guifete de cobre		
de sulfato de cobredocena	. 60	48
Leche—		١ .
antifélicadocena frascos	5. ∞	48
Licor—	_	1
de bismutodocena frascos	4.80	
de alquitrándocena frascos	3.60	, 48
de Labarraquedocena botellas	3.60	48
de peptonadocena frascos	5. 20	48
de Raspail (800 gramos contenido)docena botellas	6,00	48
de Raspail (400 idem idem)docena 1/2 botellas	3, 60	48
de la Villedocena frascos	12,00	48
de Fellingdocena	2. 50	48
Linimento—	2. 50	40
Genoaudocena	4, 80	48
Ojea López		
	6.00	48
Magnesia—	_	
fluidadocena	2,00	48
calcinada de Henrydocena frascos	5.00	48
idem de otros autoresdocena frascos	2. 50	48
Maltinadocena frascos.	6.00	48
en ½ frascosdocena ½ frascos	4.00	48
Mamaderas-		1
chatas, de vidriodocena	1, 20	31
comunes, con tubo de gomadocena	1.80	31
las mismas, finasdocena	2.40	31
Mata-dolor-	40	, ,,,
de Perry Davisdocena frascos	3, 60	48
los mismos, en ½ frascos (50 gramos contenido),	3. 00	40
	9 90	48
Medias—	2. 20	40
elásticas, finasdocena pares	24.00	31
idem, ordinariasdocena pares	18.00	31
Medidas—		
de vidrio, graduadoskilo	1.00	31
Morteros—		
de vidrio, porcelana ú otra composición, á excepción de los		1
de metalkilo	. 50	1 31

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# NINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS SUMDRIES—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Syringes—Continued.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Glass, for urethral injectionsdozen	. 207	31
Same, vaginal, and for enemasdo	1. 551	31
Irrigators, Eguisier's system, without boxdo	20.68	31
Same, with boxdo	24. 82	31
Irrigators, Heguizón'sdo	6. 20	31
Kalidor—		] ]-
Roland'sdo	6. 20	48
Kousso— In small vials		
	6, 20	48
Lamps—		
Alcoholdo	3. 722	31
Pencils—		ه. ا
Medicinaldo		48
Sulphate of copperdodo	. 62	48
Antibiliousdozen vials	5. 17	48
Spirits—	1	, ,
Of bismuth	4.967	48
Of tar	3. 722	48
Labarraque'sdozen bottles	3. 722	48
Of peptonedozen vials		48
Raspail's, 25.72 ounces contentsdozen bottles		48
Same, 12.86 ounces contentsdozen half bottles		48
De la Ville'sdozen vials		48
Felling'sdozen		48
Liniment-		1
Genoau'sdo	4.967	48
Ojea Lopezdo		48
Magnésia—		`
Fluiddo		48
Calcined, Henry'sdozen vials	5. 17	48
Other brandsdodo	2. 585	48
Maltinedo	6. 20	48
In half bottlesdozen half vials	4. 14	48
Nursing bottles—		1
Flat, glassdozen	1. 241	31
Common, rubber tubedo	1.861	31
Fine	2. 482	31
Pain-killer-	i i	
Perry Davis'sdozen vials	3. 722	48
Same, in half vials of 1.61 ounces contentsdozen half vials	2. 275	48
	1	
Stockings—	_	İ
Elastic, finedozen pairs.	24. 82	31
Ordinarydo	18.61	31
Measures—		1
Glass, graduatedpound.	.47	31
Mortars—		
Glass, porcelain, or other composition, excepting metal. pound	.235	1 31

# SECCIÓN NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES PARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaluo.	Dere- cho.
Moscas—		Por
1 36114	Pesas.	ciento.
Panacea—	1. 50	48
de Suwaindocena frascos	8.00	ه ا
	8.00	48
Pancreatina— de Defresnedocena frascos	6	
	6.00	48
Papel—		
de Albespeyredocena cajas	2.00	48
de Smith, cajas de 12 hojascaja	3. 60	48
de Fayarddocena ½ rollos	1. 20	48
antiasmático, de Ricouddocena cajas.	6.00	48
mata-moscas	. 50	48
para reactivo, en cajas de 12 libritosdocena cajas	3. 60	48
Rigollot, en cajas de 10 hojasdocena cajas	2.00	48
idem, en idem de 25 idemdocena cajas	<b>3. 6</b> 0	48
idem, en idem de mayor cantidad100 hojas	1. 20	1 18
Wilsidocena cajas	3. 20	48
Andreu	3.60	48
Pasta—	•	1
de Abergier, Brera y Zeddocena cajas	2, 40	48
de Nafédocena cajas	2. 40	48
de idem, en medias cajas (80 gramos contenido),	2.40	1
	I. 20	48
de Reynauddocena cajas	3.00	48
de Andreu (110 gramos con envase)docena ½ cajas.	•	48
	2. 40	
para matar ratones (90 gramos contenido)docena frascos	2. 40	48
para idem idem (60 idem idem)docena 1/2 frascos.	1. 50	48
medicinales en generaldocena cajas	2. 40	48
Pastillas—		٠.
de Brou y Buru Duboisoudocena cajas	2. 40	48
de Chasaingdocena cajas	2. 40	18
de clorato de potasa, comprimidasdocena cajas	I. 20	48
de carbón Bellocdocena cajas	3.00	48
de Dethan (cajas ó frascos)docena	3. 20	48
de Erbadocena frascos	2.40	48
de Kemp y Vichydocena frascos	2, 00	48
de lechugadocena cajas	3. 20	48
de idem (en ½ cajas de 95 gramos de contenido),	•	i.
docena ½ cajas	1.80	48
de pepsinadocena cajas	3. 60	48
de savia de pinodocena cajas	3. 20	48
de savia de pino (en ½ cajas de 95 gramos de contenido),		١.
docena ½ cajas.	1.80	48
Pectoral—		ì.,
de anacahuitadocena frascos.	4. 80	48
de Jaynes y Ayerdocena frascos	6.00	48
Jakondocena	2.00	48
Pepsina—		
de Grimaultdocena frascos	<b>4. 8</b> 0	48
de Boudolt (en frascos de 30 gramos)docena frascos .	6.00	48
de idem en idem (de 15 gramos)docena frascos	3. 50	48
Perlas—		· .
de Clertan y semejantesdocena frascos	3, 60	48

NINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALITIES AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Flies, Milangross	Dollars. I. 551	cent. 48
Swain's panaceadozen vials	8. 27	48
Pancratine, Defresne'sdo	6, 20	48
Albespeyre'sdozen boxes	2.07	48
Smith's, boxes of 12 leavesbox	3. 722	48
Fayard'sdozen half rolls	1. 241	48
Ricoud's antiasthmaticdozen boxes	6. 20	48
Fly100 leaves	. 517	. 48
(Reactive) in boxes of 12 booksdozen boxes	3. 722	48
Rigollot's, in boxes of 10 sheetsdo	2.07	48
Same, in boxes of 25 sheetsdo	3. 722	48
Same, in boxes of over 25 sheets	1. 241	48
Wilsi'sdozen boxes	3. 309	48
_ Andrew'sdozen	3. 722	48
Paste—		•
Abergier, Brera & Zeddozen boxes	2.482	48
Nafé'sdo	2.482	48
Same, in half boxes of 2.57 ounces contentsdozen half boxes	1. 241	48
Reynaud'sdozen boxes	3. 10	48
Andreu's (3.53 ounces with the vessel)dozen half boxes	2, 482	48
Rat poison, 2.89 ounces contentsdozen vials		48
Rat poison, 1.92 ounces contentsdozen half vials	1.551	• -
Medicinal in generaldozen boxes	2. 482	48
Pastilles—		-
Brou and Buru Duboisondo	2, 482	48
Chasaing'sdo	2. 482	48
Chlorate of potash, compresseddo		48
Belloc's charcoaldo	3. 10	48
Dethan's (boxes or vials)dozen	3. 309	48
Erbadozen vials	2. 482	48
Kemp & Vichydo	2. 07	48
Lettucedozen boxes		48
Same, in half boxes of 3.05 ounces capacitydozen half boxes	1.861	48
Pepsin dozen boxes	3. 722	48
Pine sapdo	3. 300	48
Same, in half boxes of 3.05 ounces capacitydozen half boxes	1.861	48
_		
Pectoral— Anacahuitadozen vials	4.06=	48
Jaynes' and Ayer'sdodo	4. 967 6. 20	48
Jakondozen	2. 07	48
Grimault'sdozen vials	4. 967	48
Bondolt's, in vials of .96 ouncedodo		48
Bondolt's, in vials of .48 ouncedodo		48
Pearls—	3.019	"
	3, 722	

### SECCIÓN HOVENA.—ESPECÍALIDADES PARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Pesarios—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de gomadocena	2.00	
Pesoneras—	2.00	31
comunes de vidriodocena	. 80	
de goma y madera, con piédocena	I. 20	31
de marfil y cristaldocena	2.00	
Pildoras—	2.00	; ,
de Andersondocena cajas	2.40	4
de Brandreth	15.00	4
de Bristol y Radwaygruesa cajas	18.00	4
de Blancard y Cazenavedocena frascos	4. 80	4
de idem idem en ½ frascos (55 gramos de contenido)	4.00	1 *
de idem idem idem en /2 hascos (55 gramos de contenido)	2, 80	4
de Blanddocena 72 frascos	3, 60	4
de brea lactifugasdocena frascos	•	1 4
de Defresne	2. 40 3. 20	4
de Hautdocena frascos	6,00	4
de idem en 1/2 cajas (15 gramos contenido)docena 1/2 cajas		. 4
de Guillié	3.00	4
de Hogg (70 gramos contenido)docena frascos	3.60	
	5. 20	4
de idem, en medios frascosdocena ½ frascos	3,00	
de Holloway (55 gramos de contenido)docena cajas	8.00	4
de idem, en medias cajas (35 idem idem idem).docena ½ cajas	5.00	4
de idem, en cajas chicas (25 idem idem idem)docena cajas	2,00	! 4
de Jaynedocena frascos	2, 60	1 4
de Pierce, de mostacilladocena frascos	2,00	4
de pepsina de Grimaultdocena frascos	4. 20	4
de Erbadocena frascos	2, 50	4
de Boudoltdocena frascos	4. 20	4
de idem, en 1/2 frascos (85 gramos contenido).docena 1/2 frascos	2. 50	4
de Vallet (55 gramos de contenido)docena frascos	4.00	4
de Vallet, en ½ frascosdocena ½ frascos	2.40	4
de otros autoresdocena frascos	2. 40	4
Pildoreros—		_
de 36 canaletasuno	4. 00	3
de 25 idemuno	3.00	. 3
Piricticos—		! .
salinosdocena frascos	6.00	4
Placas—		١.
gelatinadas, incluso la cajakilo	. 40	4
Polvos—		!
de pepsina de Chapoteaud	5. 20	1 4
de Paglianodocena cajas	2.00	4
de Paulinia, en caja de 10 tomasdocena cajas	3. 60	4
de idem, en idem de 5 idemdocena cajas	2.00	4
de Pollinidocena frascos	12.00	4
de Gambierdocena	4, 20	4
de Cloegdocena	4.80	4
de Keatindocena	2, 00	4
de Hiusoddocena	4.00	' 4

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# WINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES—Continued.

_ Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
		Fer
Pessaries, rubberdozen	Dollars.	cent.
Breast pumps—	2.07	31
Common, glassdo	. 827	31
Rubber and wood, with feetdo	1, 241	31
Ivory and crystaldo	2. 07	31
Pills—	1	1
Anderson'sdozen boxes	2. 482	48
Brandreth'sone gross boxes	15. 51	48
Bristol and Radwaydo	18.61	48
Blancard's and Cazenaredozen vials		48
Same, half vials, 1.76 ounces capacitydozen half vials	2. 895	48
Bland'sdozen vials	3. 722	48
Tar, lactifuge		48
Same, Defresne'sdo		48
Haut's'do		48
Same, in half boxes of .48 ounce capacity dozen half vials		48
Guillie'sdozen vials		48
Hogg's, 2.25 ounces capacitydodo		48
Same, in half vialsdozen half vials	3. 10	48
Holloway's, 1.76 ounces capacitydozen boxes	8. 27	48
Same, in half boxes of .80 ounce capacity dozen half boxes		48
In small boxes, .80 ounce capacitydozen boxes	2.07	48
Jayne'sdozen vials		48
Pierce's small pillsdo	2. 07	48
Pepsin, Grimault'sdo	4.347	48
Erba'sdo		48
Boudolt'sdo	4. 347	48
Same, in half bottles, 2.73 ounces capacitydozen half vials	2. 585	48
Vallet's, 1.76 ounces capacitydozen vials	4. 14	48
Same, in half vialsdozen half vials	2, 482	48
Other than those specifieddozen vials		48
Pill-rollers—	1	•
With 36 divisionseach	4. 14	31
With 25 divisionsdo	3. 10	31
Saline pyritesdozen vials	6. 20	48
Gelatin, including boxpound	. 188	48
Powders—	1	-
Chapoteaud's pepsindozen vials	5.377	48
Pagliano'sdozen boxes	2.07	48
Paulinia, in boxes, with 10 doses	3. 722	48
Same, in boxes, with 5 dosesdo	2. 07	48
Pollini'sdozen vialsdozen vialsdozen	12.41	48
	4. 347	48
Cloeg'sdodododo	4. 967	48
	2. 07	48
Hiusoddo	4. 14	48

### SECCION NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES PARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avaluo.	Dere- cho.
Pomada	Pesas.	Por ciento.
de Galopandocena	I. 20	
		48
de la viuda Farnierdocena tarros	4. 80	48
de Chable, antihemorroidaldocena tarros	4. 20	48
Pronto alivio	2. 50	48
para el pecho, de todas clasesdocena Pulverizadores—	6.00	31
de Richardson, N.º Iuno	. 80	31
2uno	1. 20	31
3uno	2.00	31
		31
mayor tamañouno	3. 40	
de Galante, N.º 1uno	1.00	31
2uno	1. 20	31
3uno	<b>2</b> . 50	31
4uno	4. 50	31
5uno	1. 8o	31
Purgante—		ł
de Roger y semejantesdocena frascos	3, 60	48
de Le Roydocena frascos	8.00	48
Pheol— en medios frascosdocena	4. 20	48
Racahout— de los árabes (225 gramos de contenido)docena ¼ frascos	6.00	48
Receta—		
favorita de Piercedocena frascos Resolutivo—	5.00	. 48
Radway	6, 00	48
Dubarrydocena frascos	4.00	48
Rob— de Lafecteur	6.00	48
Saca-leche— de vidrio, ordinariosdocena	1. 8o	31
de idem, inglesesdocena	2.40	31
de bombadocena	5.00	31
Sal— de Vichydocena frascos	4. 80	48
de Carlsbad		1
	7. 20	
de Ems	3. 00	48
docena ½ frascos	4.00	48
de frutadocena frascos Seda—	4. 80	48
de Lister, en ovillosdocena	1.80	48
Sedlitz— de Chanteauddocena frascos	4. 20	48
Soda	-	
purgantedocena cajas	2. 40	48
refrescantedocena cajas Solución—	2.00	48
Coire	3.60	48
	3.00	
Clindocena	4. 80	40

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# WINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Pomade—	<b>.</b>	Per
	Dollars.	cent.
Galopan'sdozen	1. 241	48
Widow Farnierdozen pots	4. 967	48
Chable's antihemorrhoidaldo	4. 347	48
Ready reliefdozen vials.	2. 585	48
Chest protectors, all kindsdozen	6. 20	48-
Pulverizers—	ا	
Richardson's, No. 1each	. 827	31
Same, No. 2do	1. 241	31
Same, No. 3do	2.07	31
Same, larger than No. 3do	3.516	31
Galante's, No. 1do	1.03	31
Same, No. 2do	1. 241	31
Same, No. 3do		31
Same, No. 4dodo		31
Same, No. 5dodo		31
Purgatives—	Ì	34
Rogers' and othersdozen vials	3. 722	48
Le Roy'sdo	8. 27	48
Phenol, in half vialsdozen	4- 347	48
Arabian, 7.22 ounces capacitydozen half vials	6. 20	48
Pierce's favorite remeddozen vials	5. 17	48
Radway's resolventdo	6. 20	48
Dubarry's "revalenta" do	4. 14	48
Lafecteur's rob or fruit juicedozen bottles	6. 20	48
Cupping glasses— For drawing milkdozen	1.861	31
English		31
Pumpdo	5. 17	31
Salts—		3.
Vichydozen vials	4.967	48
Carlsbaddodo		48
Ems		48
Carlsbad, in half vials, 4 ounces capacitydozen half vials		48
	1	40
Fruit		48
Lister's, skeinsdozen	1	48
Chanteaud'sdozen vials	1	48
Purgativedozen boxes	2, 482	48
Waterdo		48
Solution—         Coire's	J	48 48

# SECCIÓN NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES FARMACÉUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA.— Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Suspensorios—	Pesos.	Por ciento.
de algodóndocena	1.00	31
de idem, elásticosdocena	1.50	31
de sedadocena	3.00	31
de idem, elásticodocena	4.00	31
Tafetán	•	48
Tarros—	2.00	40
de loza, sin tapa, para despacho, hasta 200 gramos de contenido,		
gruesa	3.00	
los mismos de mayor contenido, hasta 500 gramos docena	. 40	31
los idem, de idem idem, hasta 100 gramosdocena	1.00	31
para cold cream y semejantesdocena	. 50	31
Chambarddocena cajas	3. ∞	48
Suizodocena cajas Termómetros—	. 80	48
clínicosdocena Tetas—	4.00	6
de vacadocena	. 60	
		31
de goma ó chuponesdocena Tópico—	. 25	31
Indianodocena	3.60	48
Orientaldocena	6.00	48
Tubos—		l
Levaseurdocena	3.60	48
Vauquelindocena	2.00	48
dranaje Listerdocena	3. 60	48
de goma, en generalkilo	3.00	31
de idem, para irrigadores docena	4.00	31
de idem, para jeringasdocena	1.50	31
de vidrio, para ensayos de químicadocena	. 10	31
de idem, en generalkilo	. 20	31
de idem, para homeopatíamillar	5,00	
Ungüento—	5.00	31
de James y Seigeldocena	2, 00	48
de Holloway (450 gramos con envase)docena tarros	8.00	
de idem en ½ tarros (200 idem con idem)docena ½ tarros	5.00	48 48
de idem en tarros chicos (40 idem con idem)docena tarros	2, 00	i ! <b>48</b>
Untura—		
de Jaynedocena frascos Vendas—	3. ∞	48
de Lister, en cajas hasta 16 vendascaja	1, 00	48
elásticaskilo Vermifugo	3.00	31
de Jaynedocena frascos Vino—	3. 60	48
de Arauddocena botellas	4. 80	48
de Bugeaud, Chasaing y Dusartdocena botellas	5.00	48
de Chevrierdocena botellas	5. 20	48
de Chapoteautdocena botellas	6,00	48

WINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES—Continued.

Articles,	Valuation.	Duty.
		Per
Suspensories—	Dollars.	cent.
Cottondozen	1. 03	31
Elastic	1. 551	31
Silkdo	3. 10	31
Silk elasticdo	4. 14	31
Court plastergross	2.07	48
Jars— Earthen, without tops, for dispensing, up to 6.42 ounces ca-		ļ
pacitygross	3. 10	31
Same, greater capacity, up to 16.07 ouncesdozen	. 414	31
Same, up to 32.14 ounces capacitydo	1.03	31
For cold cream, etcdo	. 517	31
Tea-		1
Chambard'sdozen boxes	3. 10	48
Swissdo	. 827	48
Thermometers, clinicaldozen	4. 14	6
Cow teatsdo	. 62	31
Rubber teats or nipplesdo	. 258	31
Plasters—		1
Indian	3. 722	48
Orientaldo	6. 20	48
Tubes—		
Levaseur'sdo	3.722	48
Vauquelin'sdo	2.07	48
Drainage, Lister'sdo		48
Rubber, in generalpound	1.41	31
Rubber, for irrigatorsdozen	4. 14	31
Syringedo	1. 551	31
Glass, for chemical experimentsdo	. 103	31
Glass, in generalpound	.094	31
Glass, for homeopathythousand	5. 17	31
Ointment— James and Seigel'sdozen		
	2.07	48
Holloway's, 14.47 ounces, with wrapperdozen jars Holloway's, in half jars, 6.42 ounces, with wrapper,	8. 27	48
Holloway's, in small jars of 1.28 ounces, with wrapper,	5. 17	48
dozen jars	2.07	48
Liniment, Jayne'sdozen vials	3. 10	48
Bandages— Lister's, in boxes up to 16 bandagesbox	1.03	48
Elasticpound	1.03	31
Vermifuge, Jayne'sdozen vials	3. 722	48
Wine— Araud'sdozen bottles	4.06-	48
Bugeaud's, Chasaing's, and Dusart'sdozen bottles		48
Chevrierdodo	5. 17	48
Cheatlet	5· 377 <b>6. 20</b>	48

URUGUAY.

#### SECCIÓN NOVENA.—ESPECIALIDADES FARMACEUTICAS Y ARTÍCULOS DE BOTICA— Continua,

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Vino—Continua.	Pesos.	Por Ciento.
de Dandurantdocena botellas	10.00	48
de Defresne (pancreático)docena botellas	5. 50	48
de peptonadocena botellas.	6.00	48
Despinoydocena botellas.	5. 50	48
Grimault, ferruginosodocena botellas	6.00	48
de idem idem (220 gramos contenido)docena ½ botellas	4.00	48
de pepsina Boudeaultdocena botellas	6.00	48
de quinium Labarraque	9.00	48
de idem idem (300 gramos contenido)docena ½ botellas.	,	48
de Larochedocena 5/2 botellas	5.00	
de idem (200 gramos contenido)docena 5/2 botellas.	6.00	48
Fournier	4.00	48
	7. 20	48
de Leconte y Lecouxdocena botellas.	5.00	48
de otras clasesdocena botellas	. 5.00	48
Vomitivo—		
Le Roydocena frascos	3, 60	48
Zarza-ca'badocena frascos	8.00	48
Zarzaparrilla—		١ _
de Ayer y Albertdocena frascos	7.00	48
de Bristol y otrosdocena frascos	8.00	1 48

Nota.—Se consideran medios frascos, medias botellas y medias cajas solamente las determinadas por

Nota.—Se consideran medios frascos, medias potenas y la tarifa.

Nota.—Taras y rebajos por envases, mermas y roturas.

Aguas min rales, en frascos ó botellas, 4 por ciento.

Artículos de vidrio, cristal ó loza, 4 por ciento.

Frascos vacios para despacho, 35 por ciento.

Líquidos y sólidos en latas, 20 por ciento.

Idem é idem en tambores de hierro, 25 por ciento.

#### SECCIÓN DÉCIMA.—PERFUMERÍA.

Aceite—		
de olor, fino, en frascos hasta 70 gramos contenido,		
docena frascos.	3.60	51
de olor, regular y ordinariolitro	1, 25	51
en latas, incluso la latakilo	. 8ŏ	51
Agua—	'	
de Lubin, para el cutis, en frascos, hasta 100 gramos de con-		
tenido	2. 50	51
de idem, de mayor contenido, hasta 280 gramosdocena	7.00	51
de Colonia, fina, en frascos hasta 150 gramos de contenido,	1	
	3.00	51
de mayor contenido, hasta 250 gramosdocena	4. 50	51
de idem idem, hasta 360 gramosdocena	7.00	51
la misma, en botellas ó frascos de cristal ó vidrio tallado, de	- 1	
480 á 600 gramos de contenidodocena	13.00	51
la misma, en botellas comunes ó cualquier otro envase (á ex-	- 1	
cepción de las especificadas)litro	1.50	51
la idem, regular y ordinarialitro	1.00	51
·		
dentrifica, en frascos, hasta 60 gramos contenidodocena:	2.00	51
la misma, de mayor contenido hasta 120 gramosdocena	. 4.00	51

URUGUAY.

# MINTH SECTION.—PHARMACEUTICAL SPECIALTIES AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.— Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
With Carlot		Per
Wine—Continued.	Dollars.	cent.
Dandurantdozen bottles	10. 34	48
Defresne's pancreaticdo	5. 687	48
Peptonedo	6. 20	48
Despinoydo	5. 687	48
Of iron, Grimault'sdo	6, 20	48
Of iron, Grimault's, 6.43 ounces capacitydozen half bottles	4. 14	48
Of pepsin, Bodeault'sdozen bottles	6, 20	48
Quinium, Labarraque'sdo	9. 31	48
Quinium, Labarraque's, 9,64 ounces capacity. dozen half bottles.		48
Larrochedozen bottles	6.20	48
Larroche, 6.43 ounces capacitydozen half bottles	4. 14	48
Fournierdozen	7. 447	48
Leconte and Lecouxdozen bottles	5. 17	48
Others not specifieddo	5. 17	48
Others not specified	3. 1/	40
Emetic, LeRoy'sdozen vials	3. 722	48
Zarza-ca' badodo		40
	8. 27	48
Sarsaparilla—		٠.
Ayer's and Albert'sdo	7. 24	48
Bristol's and othersdo	8. 27	48

Norg.—Half jars, half bottles, and half boxes are such as are determined by the tariff.
Norg.—Wear and tear, shrinkage and breakage.
Mineral water, in flasks or bottles, 4 per cent.
Glissware, crystal or porcelain, 4 per cent.
Empty flasks for filling, 35 per cent.
Liquids and solids, in tins, 10 per cent.
Liquids and solids, in iron, 25 per cent.

#### TENTH SECTION .- PERFUMERY.

	T	
Oil—		
Perfumed, fine, in bottles up to 2.24 ounces capacity,		
dozen vials	3. 722	51
Same, medium and ordinaryquart	1. 292	51
In tins, including the tinpound	. 376	51
Lubin's face wash—		
In bottles up to 3.21 ounces capacitydozen	2. 585	51
Over 100 grams and up to 9 ouncesdo	7. 24	51
Cologne water—		
Fine, in vials up to 4.82 ounces capacitydo	3. 10	51
In vials of over 4.82 and up to 8 ounces capacitydozen	4.657	51
In vials up to 11.57 ounces capacitydo	7. 24	51
In vials, or glass vials, or fancy glass bottles, from 15.43 ounces		
to 19.29 ounces capacitydozen	13.44	51
In common bottles, or in any other vessel with exception of		
those specifiedquart	1.551	51
Medium and ordinarydo	1.03	51
Tooth wash—		
In vials up to 1,92 ounces capacitydozen.	2. 07	51
In vials up to 3.84 ounces capacitydo	4. 14	51
Bull. 61——22	-	_

URUGUAY.

# SECCIÓN DÉCIMA.—PERFUNERÍA—Contiuúa.

Artículos.	Avaluo.	Dere- cho.
Agua—Continúa.	Peses.	Por ciento.
la idem, idem idem idem 200 idemdocena	7.00	51
la idem, Florida, Duquesa, Divina y Kanangadocena	2.00	51
de lavanda, hasta 120 gramos de contenidodocena	2. 50	51
la misma, mayor contenido, hasta 250 gramos docena para el cabello, en general, en frascos, hasta 250 gramos de con-	4. 50	51
tenidodocena	3.00	51
la misma, en botellas comuneslitro	1.00	51
para teñir el cabello, en cajas de 2 6 3 frascosdocena cajas	10.00	. 51
la misma, en frascos sueltosdocena frascos	5. 50	51
Brillantina— Guerlaindocena tarros		
Pinaud v otros fabricantesdocena tarros	8.00	51
Cintas—	<b>5.</b> 50	51
para sahumar, en cajas ó paquetesdocena.	2,00	51
común, en tarrosdocena	I. 50	51
vaselinadocena	2. 50	51
Cosméticos— en general, incluso la cajakilo	1. 50	51
Cremas—	_	
ó blanquetes, líquidos, ó en pasta, tarros ó frascos docena	4.00	51
Extractos— de olor, finos, en frascos hasta 35 gramos contenidodocena	3.00	51
de olor, finos, en frascos de mayor contenido, hasta 50 gramos,	3.00	3-
docena	5.00	51
los mismos, en frascos de idem idem, hasta 80 gramos.docena	7.50	51
ordinarioslitro	1.00	51
Jabón— de olor, finodocena	2, 00	
de glicerina, finokilo	1.00	51
de idem, ordinario, y Windsor, con el envase interiorkilo	• 35	51
otras clases, ordinariokilo	. 50	51
en polvokilo	. 60	51
en pasta para la barba, en tarros ó cajasdocena.	2, 00	51
Papel—		
para sahumar, en cajas ó paquetesdocena Pastas—	1. 50	5,1
dentríficas en general, tarros ó cajasdocena	2.00	51
Pastillas—		
para sahumar, en cajitasdocena	2.00	51
dentríficos, en tarros ó cajasdocena	2, 00	51
de arroz, finos, en cajas ó paqueteskilo	1. 50	51
de idem ordinarios, en idem 6 idemkilo	. 50	51
de velutina en cajas, con cisnesdocena	5.00	51
de idem en idem, sin cisnesdocena	4.00	51
Pomada—		
para el cabello en generaldocena	2. 50	5,
llenos, para carnaval, incluso el envase interiorkilo	1.00	51

### TENTH SECTION.—PERFUMERY—Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Therefore A. Court and		Per
Tooth wash—Continued.	Dollars.	cent.
In larger vials up to 6.42 ounces capacitydozen	7. 24	51
Water— Florida, Duchess, Divina, and Kanangado	2.07	
Lavender, in bottles, up to 3.84 ounces capacitydo	2. 585	51 51
In larger vials up to 8 ouncesdodo	4. 657	51
Hair wash—	4.05/	3*
In general, in vials up to 8 ounces capacitydo	3. 10	51
In common bottlesquart		51
Hair dye—		
In boxes of 2 or 3 vialsdozen boxes	10. 34	51
In vials, separatedozen vials	5. 687	51
Briliantine—	1 .	
Guerlain'sdozen pots	8. 27	5 E
Pinaud's and other brands	5. 687	5 F
Ribbons for fumigating—	i .	1
In boxes or packagesdozen	2.07	51
Cold cream—		j
Common, in potsdo	1.551	51
Vaselinedo	2. 585	51
Cosmetics—		1
In general, including boxpound	. 705	51:
Creams—		İ
Cosmetics, liquid or paste, in pots or vialsdozen	4. 14	5 L
Extracts—		
Perfumed, fine, in vials, up to 1.17 ounces capacitydo	_	51
Same, fine, larger vials, up to 1.60 ouncesdo	5. 17	51
Same, in larger vials up to 2.57 ounces		
Commonquart		51
Soap	1.03	51
Perfumed, finedozen	2. 07	51
Glycerine, finepound	.47	51
Same, common, and Windsor, with interior wrapperdo	. 164	51
Other kinds, ordinarydo		51
Soap powderdo		51
Shaving soap, in pots or boxesdozen	2.07	51
Paper—	,	] ]-
Fumigating, in boxes or packagesdo	1. 551	51
Tooth pastes—	1	•
In general, pots or boxesdo	2.07	51
Pastilles—	•	
Fumigating, in boxesdo	2.07	51
Powders—	·	_
Tooth, in pots or boxes:do		51
Rice, fine, in boxes or packagespound		51
Common, in boxes or packagesdo	,	51
Velutina, in boxes, with puffsdozen	5. 17	51
In boxes without puffsdo	4. 14	51
Pomade, hair—		
In generaldo	2. 585	SI
Perfume boxes or balls—	l	<b>!</b>
Filled, for carnival, including the interior wrappingpound	ı •47	1 5I

# SECCIÓN DÉCIMA.—PERFUMERÍA—Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Tónico— Oriental	6. ∞	Por ciento. 51 51 51

Nota.—Todo frasco, botella ó caja de las perfumerías indicadas que no sea su envase común, sufrirá un recargo de un 40 por ciento, cada uno, en su clase respectiva.

#### TARIFA DE EXPORTACIÓN.

#### [Derechos específicos.]

Artículos.	Derecho.
	Peres.
Lana en general	1.30
Pieles lanares	. 80
Cerda	1.70
Grasa y sebo	. 50
Aceites vacunos y yeguarizos	
Carne tasajo	.40
Carne v lenguas conservadas	1.00
Garras	. 25
Guano animal	
Cueros vacunos salados	
Id. id. secos	
Id. yeguarizos saladôs	
Id. id. secos	
Id. de becerro y nonatos secos	
Id. de lobo	1.00 - 16
Astas millar	2, 50
Extracto de carnekilo	
Ceniza y huesos	.60

#### [Derecho ad valorem.]

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
	Peses.	Por
Bueyesuno		8
Novillosuno		8
Vacasuna	6.00	8
Terneros y ternerasuno	3.00	8
Carneros y ovejasuno		8
Mulasuna		i 9

### TENTH SECTION .- PERFUMERY-Continued.

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Tonic— Oriental	Dollars. 2. 07 2. 585	Per cent.
Ayer's hair vigor. do  Aromatic vinegar— In general do	6. 20 2. 585	51

NOTE—All vials, bottles, or boxes of perfumery mentioned which are not the ordinary container will be assessed 40 per cent additional in their respective classes.

### EXPORT DUTIES,

#### [Specific duties.]

Articles.	Dut <b>y</b> .
Mool, in general	Duty.  Dollars 611 . 376 . 799 . 235 . 235 . 188 . 47 . 117 . 282 . 258 . 124
Same, dry	. 124 . 062 . 47 . 165 2. 585 . 047 . 282

#### [Duty ad valorem.]

Articles.	Valuation.	Duty.
Oxeneach.	Dollars.	Per cent.
Oxeneach	9. 31	8
Steersdo		1 8
Cowsdo		8
Calves, male and femaledo		8
Sheep, male and femaledo	. 517	8
Mulesdo	8. 27	8

URUGUAY.

### TARIFA DE EXPORTACIÓN-Continúa.

Artículos.	Avalúo.	Dere- cho.
Caballos         uno           Yeguas y potros         uno           Potrillos y potrancas         uno           Cabras         una           Cerdos         uno           Piedra bruta ó sin labrar         1,000 kilos           Arena         1,000 kilos	Peses. 7. 00 3. 00 3. 00 2. 00 3. 00 1. 00	Porciento. 88 88 88 88

Nota.—El ganado en pié que se exporte por los puertos de mar para "fuera de cabos" es libre de derecho.

Los otros productos naturales, les frutes y los artículos manufacturados en el país son libres de derechos de exportación.

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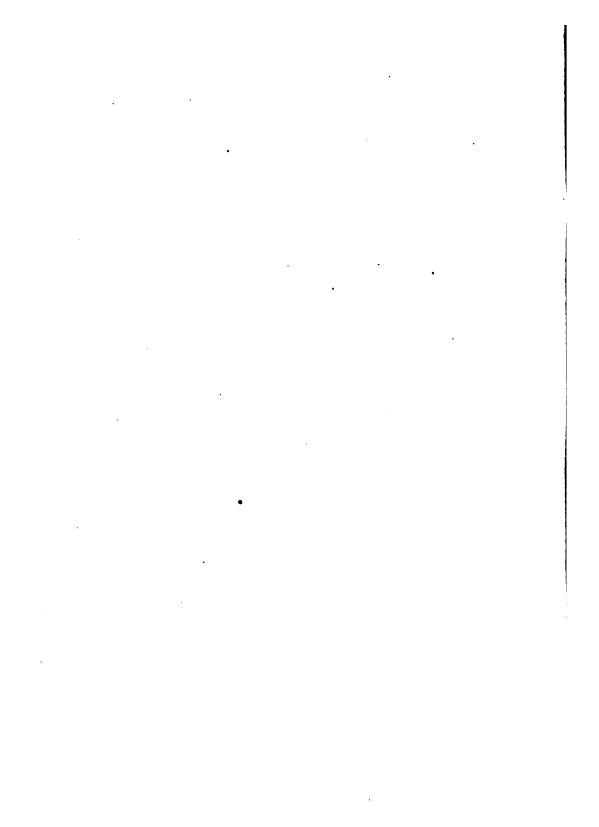
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